

SAP.C_HCMPAY2203.v2023-09-06.q56

□□□□:	C_HCMPAY2203
□□□□:	SAP Certified Application Associate - SAP HCM Payroll with ERP 6.0 EHP7
□□□:	SAP
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□□:	v2023-09-06
# □□ □:	603
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https://www.krdump.com/SAP.C_HCMPAY2203.v2023-09-06.q56.html	

NEW QUESTION: 1

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- A. GENPS
- B. □□
- C. WPBP
- D. □□

Answer: C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 2

□□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □□/□□□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□?

- A. □□/□□
- B. PGM/ABR
- C. □□/□□
- D. □□/ABR

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 3

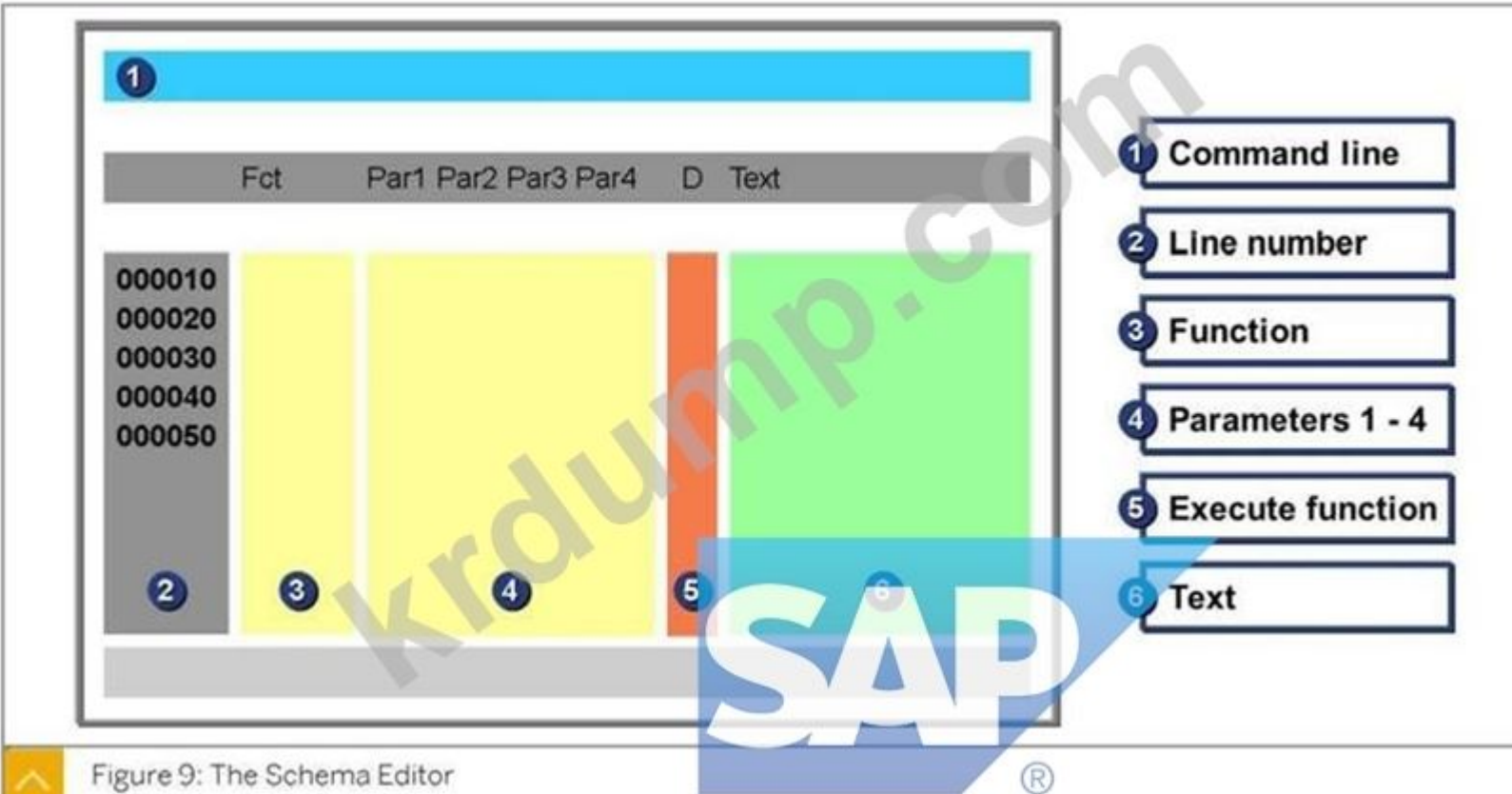
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- A. □□ □□
- B. □□
- C. □□□□
- D. □□
- E. □□

Answer: B,C,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

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□□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□

The Schema Editor



NEW QUESTION: 4

□□ □□(IT)□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ Z123□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□. □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□
□ □□□□ □□□. □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□?

- A.** PIT Z123 GEN <□□>
B. PIT Z123 <□□> NOAB
C. PIT Z123 <□□> <□□>
D. PIT Z123 GEN NOAB

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 5

□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□?

- A.** X000
B. XT00
C. X010
D. XPPF

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 6

XAL9 □□□ □ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.

- ### A. XPPF

- B. 000
- C. X015
- D. X020

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

00
000 000 00000, 000, 000000 00 00 00

Display Schema : X015							
SAP							
Cmmnd							
Line	Func.	Par1	Par2	Par3	Par4	D	Text
000010	COM						Monthly factoring and storage INTERNAT.
000020	BLOCK	BEG					Factoring and storage
000030	IF		SPRN				If period is special run
000040	ELSE						Else: period is not special run
000050	GEN/8	16					Create wage types /801 to /816 in IT
000060	PIT	XPPF		NOAB			Determine monthly factors
000070	PIT	XCM0	P31				Monthly lump sums for cost accounting
000080	PIT	XVAL	P10				Valuate pay elements
000090	ACTIO	XCH0	A				Hourly rates for cost accounting
000100	ENDIF						End if period is special run
000110	COPY	XWM0				*	Edit wage maintenance data
000120	PIT	X023	P20	NOAB			Gross input and storage
000130	BLOCK	END					Factoring and storage

NEW QUESTION: 7

000 000 0000 00 00 00 000 00 00 /0010 00000 0000. 00 0000 00 00 00 0000 00000?

- A. 1
- B. 10
- C. 15
- D. 99

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

00
000 000 00000, 000, 000000, 000 00 00 00



You need to assign all wage types in the *Basic Pay* infotype (0008) to processing class 01. The specification of this processing class determines the valuation bases used for the wage types (secondary wage types /0).

NEW QUESTION: 8

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- A. □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.
- B. □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- C. □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- D. □□ □□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 9

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- A. AP
- B. AU
- C. □
- D. SA

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 10

□□ Z123□ □□□□ □□ □□□(RT)□□ □□ □□ 1200□ □□□□□ □□□. □□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□. □□□ □□□ □□□□?

- A. PRT Z123 <□□> <□□>
- B. PRT Z123 <□□> NOAB
- C. PRT Z123 GEN NOAB
- D. PRT Z123 1200 <□□>

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 11

□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. PIT X015 GEN

B. X016

C. □□□

D. MEANV

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 12

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A. MODIF 2 □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ XMOD

B. MODIF W □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ TMOD

C. MODIF A □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ XMOD

D. MODIF T □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ TMOD

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 13

SAP Payroll□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 3□□□□.

A. □□□ □□□ □□□□

B. □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □

C. □□□ □□□□ □□ □□

D. □□□ □□□□ □□ □□

E. □□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□ □□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

□□

□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□

If an employee's absence spans over several payroll periods, valuation can occur in one of the following ways

- In the payroll period in which the absence begins
- In the payroll period in which the absence ends
- On a pro rata basis in each payroll period affected

NEW QUESTION: 14

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A. □□ □□

B. □□ □□

C. □□ □□□ □□ PCR

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□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

[illegible]

OM	Payroll schema:	INTERNATIONAL
OM		Gross wage calculation
OM		and transfer
OPY	XIN0	Initialization of payroll
OPY	XBD0	Edit basic data
OPY	XLR0	Import last payroll result
OPY	XT00	Gross remuneration (Time Management)
OPY	XAP0	Import additional payments/deductions
OPY	XAL9	Partial period factoring and storage
OPY	XNA9	Cumulate net amount/form payment
OPY	XRR0	Retroactive Accounting

NEW QUESTION: 16

infotypes □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.

A. ☐ ☐

B. WPBP

C. COM

Answer: A,B (LEAVE A REPLY)

11

□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

The function **PIT** processes each wage type stored in the internal table **IT** by accessing the personnel calculation rule defined in the first parameter. When doing so, the employee subgroup grouping for personnel calculation rules in the wage type is not taken into account. If there is no processing for the wage type in the personnel calculation rule, the wage type is written to the table **OT** without being changed.

If there is no processing for the wage type in the personnel calculation rule, the wage type is written to the table OT without being changed.

□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

8. The **WPBP** function fills the internal table **WPBP** with the master data, work center data, and basic pay data valid for the payroll period.

Determine whether this statement is true or false.

☒ True

☐ False



C_HCMPAY2203 □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ DumpTop □□ □□□□ □□□ C_HCMPAY2203 □□! DumpTop □ □□
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(80 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF** Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 17

MULTI RAA □□□ □□□ □□□?

- A. □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□.
- B. □□□□ □□ □□□ 2□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□.
- C. number □□□ □□ amount □□□ □□ □□□ rate □□□ □□□□□.
- D. rate □□□ □□ amount □□□ □□ □□□ □ □□□ amount □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 18

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- A. □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- B. □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□.
- C. □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- D. □□□ □□□ □□□□□□□.

Answer: A,B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

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basic pay, recurring payments, or additional payments. Factoring only covers the events that occur in the current period.

During the payroll run, the system evaluates changes relevant to factoring in the following infotypes:

- Personnel Actions (0000)
- Organizational Assignment (0001)
- Planned Working Time (0007)
- Basic Pay (0008)
- Recurring Payments/Deductions (0014)
- Additional Payments (0015)
- Absences (2001)

If a situation arises during the payroll run that triggers factoring, the current factor is calculated and then multiplied by the wage type assigned.

NEW QUESTION: 19

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A. TG

B. 2

C. □□

D. 1

Answer: A,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 20

TIP □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. PZL

B. DAYPR

C. □□□

D. GWT

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

□□

□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□

SAP

Start	End	Proc. type	Number
08.0000	17.0000	S	9.0000
17.0000	19.0000	M	2.0000



Rules for selecting time wage types (V_T510S)

□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

- Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)**

□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□□□?

- Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

11

ADDWT *	Transfer wage type to output table OT
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ADDWT (Add wage type to subsequent wage type):

Task:

The system transfers the wage type affected to internal table OT.

NEW QUESTION: 23

"□□□ □□ □□ □□"(MODIF W)□ □□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

- A.** ☐☐☐☐
B. TMOD
C. X013
D. X015

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

You use function MOD in personnel calculation rule TMOD. This function is used to determine the **time wage type** selection rule group that the time evaluation driver should use to access the entries for an employee in the **Time Wage Type Selection** table.

NEW QUESTION: 24

□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ ?

- A. X016**
B. MEANV
C. PIT X015 GEN
D. □□□

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

22

The **AVERA** function selects the wage types that are to be evaluated in accordance with the new average calculation procedure.

☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐



NEW QUESTION: 25

"□□□ □□ □□ □□"(MODIF W)□ □□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. X013
 - B. TMOD
 - C. □□□□
 - D. X015
- Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 26
□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□. rate □ number □□□ □□ 0□□ □□□ □□ □□□. □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?
A. □□ ANR |□□=N |□□=A
B. □□ ARN |□□=N |□□=A
C. □□ RNA |□□=N |□□=R
D. □□ RNA |□□□=N |□□□=N
Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

MULTI NRA	Multiply the value in number field by the value in the rate field and put the result in the amount field
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NEW QUESTION: 27
□□ XPPF□□ PPPAR □□□ □□□ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.
A. □□ □□ □□ □□
B. □□ □□□
C. □□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□
D. □□ □□ □□
Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 28
□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.
A. X015
B. X013
C. X012
D. X010
Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 29
□□□ □□□□ □□ MODIF A□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□?
A. WPBP
B. PAB
C. □
D. P2001
Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 30

□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.

A. □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

B. □□ □□□□ □□□□.

C. □□ □□□ □□□□.

D. □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

□□

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You define a payroll area to group employees for whom payroll is run at the same time, and who are paid on the same date. You also define a payroll area to set the dates for the payroll period. A period parameter and a date modifier are assigned to each payroll area.

Payroll periods

You define a payroll period to represent the period for which a regular payroll is run.

Payroll periods must be generated for each combination of period parameters and date modifiers assigned to a payroll area. A payroll period is identified by a period number and a year. The start and end dates for each period are defined; and the payday is calculated using a rule entered as a parameter. Each period parameter is assigned to a time unit. The values for time units are defined as monthly, semi-monthly, weekly, bi-weekly, every four weeks, and annually.

Control records

You create a control record for every payroll area to control the individual stages of the

NEW QUESTION: 31

□□ □□ □□□ X000□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. XBD0 □□ □□□ □□ |XT00 □ □□(□□ □□)|XAL9 □□□ □ □□|XEND □□ □□

B. XBD0 □□ □□□ □□|XAL9 □□□ □ □□|XT00 □ □□(□□ □□)|XEND □□ □□

C. XT00 □ □□(□□ □□) |XBD0 □□ □□□ □□ |XAL9 □□□ □ □□ |XEND □□ □□

D. XEND □□ □□ |XBD0 □□ □□□ □□ |XT00 □ □□(□□ □□)

|XAL9 □□□□ □ □□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

C_HCMPAY2203 □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ DumpTop □□ □□□□ □□□ C_HCMPAY2203 □□! DumpTop □ □□

C_HCMPAY2203 □□ □□□ □□□□□□, DumpTop C_HCMPAY2203 □□ □□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□. □□□□

□ □□□ □□□□ □□ DumpTop C_HCMPAY2203 □□□ □□□□□. https://www.dumptop.com/SAP/C_HCMPAY2203-dump.html

(80 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF** Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 32

□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ 8(□□ □□)□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□?

- A. □
- B. PRZNT
- C. ARBPL
- D. □□□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

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□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□

PRZNT:- calculates certain wage types as a percentage of other wage types. It is based on how you set up the base wage type valuation table T539J. □ Variant B- we have to mention the base wage type in infotype 8 on which the value of third wage type needs to be indirectly evaluated along with the %

NEW QUESTION: 33

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- A. □□ □□□ □□ □□□
- B. □□ □□
- C. □□□ □□ □□□
- D. □□ □□ □□

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

You need to post payroll results to FI after a payroll run. Posting of payroll results needs to be done once for each payroll period. When the payroll results have been posted to FI, all posting information is selected from the payroll results, summarized, formatted, and posted to the integrated FI component.

NEW QUESTION: 34

□□ □□□ □□□ 10% □□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ PIT(IT □□□ □□) □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□(PCR)□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. AMT* 0.90 |ADDWT *
- B. AMT* 0.10 |ADDWTI*
- C. AMT* 0.90 |ADDWTI*
- D. AMT* 0.10 |ADDWT *

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 35

PC_PAYRESULT □□□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □ □□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.

- A. □□□(RT)

- B. □□ □□□(IT)
- C. □□ □□□(OT)
- D. □□ □□(BT)

Answer: A,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 36

□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□?

- A. □□ □□ 3
- B. □□ □□□ 6
- C. □□ □□ 20
- D. □□ □□ 10

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

P.Class 10 is for factoring which is used salary prorate when an employee joins or leaves in the middle of the month or when an employee is on unpaid absence.

NEW QUESTION: 37

□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. XT00
- B. □□
- C. XIN0
- D. XBD0

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 38

□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 3□□□□.

- A. □□ □□
- B. □□ □□
- C. □□□ □□□
- D. □□ □□ □□

Answer: A,B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 39

□□□ DZL□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. P2002
- B. □□□
- C. GWT
- D. □□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

□□

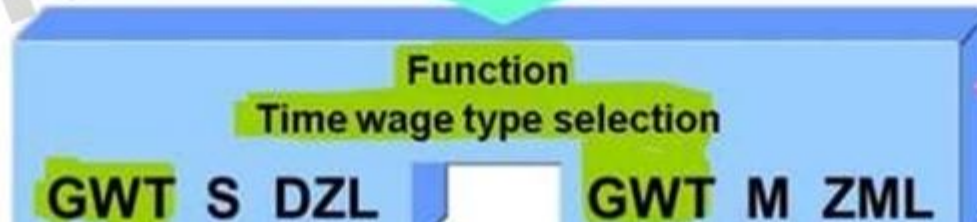
□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□

Time Wage Type Selection Rules

SAP

TIP

Start	End	Proc. type	Number
08.0000	17.0000	S	9.0000
17.0000	19.0000	M	2.0000



Rules for selecting
time wage types
(V_T510S)

NEW QUESTION: 40

□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□ 2□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. /840 ~ /845

B. /001 ~ /002

C. /801 ~ /816

D. /201 ~ /232

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 41

□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. /101

B. /001

C. /552

D. /801

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

□□

□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□

- **Secondary wage types:** The payroll program creates the secondary wage types during the payroll run. For example, all amounts to be paid are cumulated into the secondary wage type, Total Gross (101) during the payroll run. SAP delivers secondary wage types identified by a name starting with

NEW QUESTION: 42

Which of the following are secondary wage types in SAP?

- A. WPBP
- B. 101
- C. 102
- D. GENPS

Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

101

The WPBP function performs the following actions:

- It fills the internal table WPBP with the master data, work center data, and basic pay data valid for the payroll period.

Which of the following are functions that edit wage types using personnel calculation rules?

- Functions that edit wage types using personnel calculation rules:
- PIT Process input table

NEW QUESTION: 43

Which of the following is the correct syntax for the PIT Z123 GEN NOAB command?

- A. PIT Z123 GEN <101>
- B. PIT Z123 <101> <101>
- C. PIT Z123 GEN NOAB
- D. PIT Z123 <101> NOAB

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

101

Which of the following are the correct syntaxes for the PIT Z123 GEN NOAB command?

Syntax

Par1	nnnn	Personnel calculation rule Table T52CE
Par2		Type of access
	GEN	Generic access of personnel calculation rule Personnel calculation rule is accessed irrespective of the wage/salary type.
	*	Effect See Par2 (GEN)
	Pnn	Processing class For each wage/salary type and specification of a processing class (nn), the personnel
calculation		rule performs a certain sequence of operations. Table Wage Type Valuation (T512W)
	Enn	Evaluation class See Pnn
	blank	Personnel calculation rule is accessed by wage type.
Par3		Access with ABART?
rule		Employee subgroup grouping personnel calculation from the table employee group/employee subgroup (T503).
	NOAB	Without payroll type

NEW QUESTION: 44

□□ PIT□ □□ □□□□ 2□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.

A. NOAB

B. □

C. P10

D. PRT

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 45

□□ □□ □□ □□(IT0003)□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□

A. $\square\square 2$

B. ☐ ☐ T

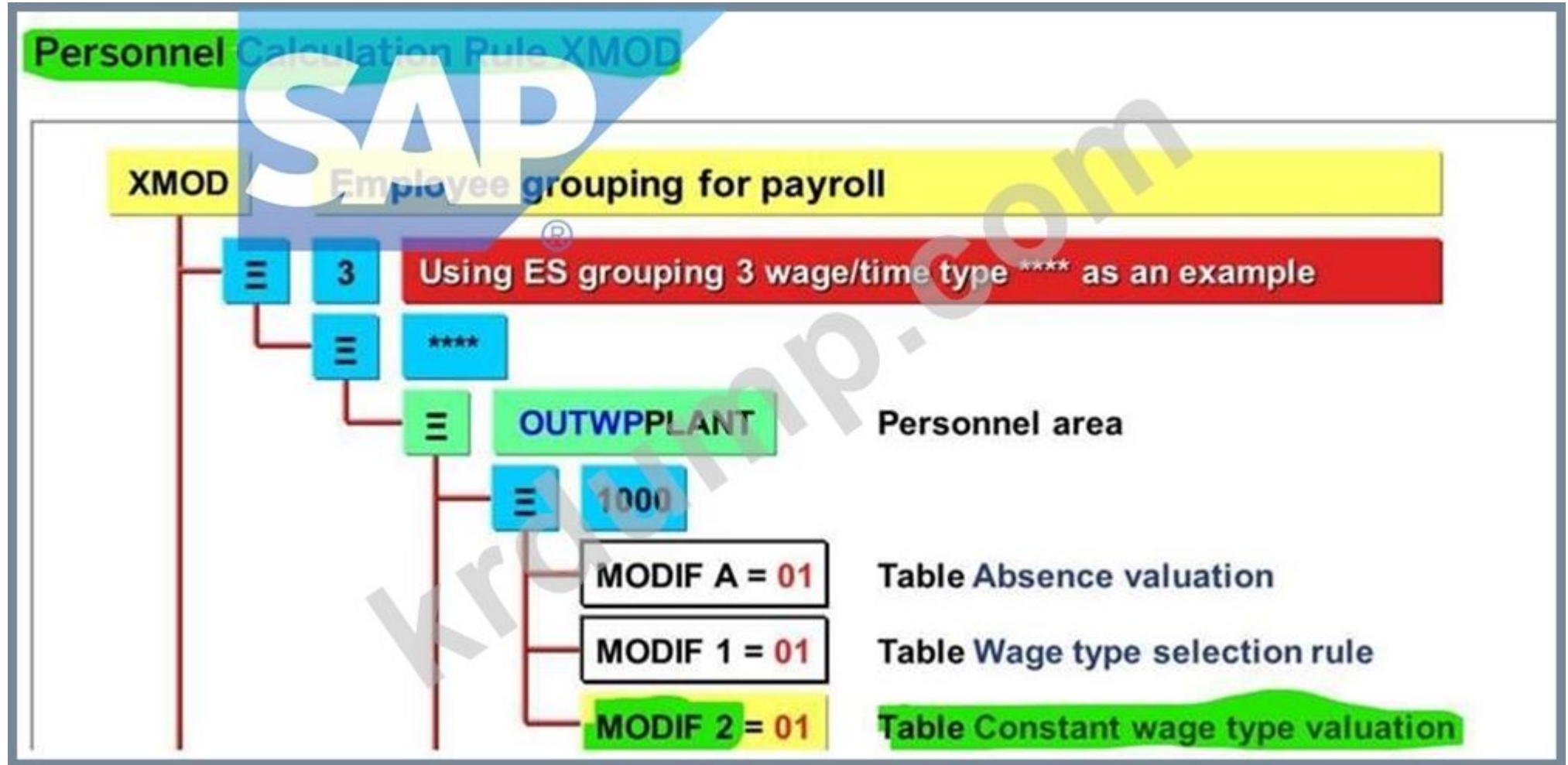
C. □□ 1

D. MODIF D

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

11

☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐



NEW QUESTION: 48

□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □ □□□□?

A. □□□ □□□□□. | □□□ □□□□□. | □□□ □□□□□□.

B. □□□ □□□□□. | □□□ □□□□□. | □□□ □□□□□.

C. □□□ □□□□□. | □□ □□. | □□□ □□□□□.

D. □□□ □□□□□. | □□□ □□□□□. | □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

11

□□□ □□□ □□□□□, □□□, □□□□□□ □□ □□ □□

1. The steps involved in running a payroll process are (1) Start Payroll, (2) Release Payroll, (3) Exit Payroll, (4) Check Result, and (5) Corrections. Identify the correct sequence.

Choose the correct answer.

- ☐ A (1), (2), (5), (4), (3)
- ☐ B (2), (4), (2), (1), (3)
- ☒ C (4), (1), (2), (3), (5)
- ☒ D (2), (1), (4), (5), (3)

NEW QUESTION: 49

□□ □ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□?

- A. X010
- B. XT00
- C. XPPF
- D. X000

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

□□

□□□ □□□ □□□□□, □□□□□□ □□ □□ □□

Display Schema : X000



Cmmnd

Line	Func.	Par1	Par2	Par3	Par4	Text
000010	COM					Payroll schema: INTERNATIONAL

NEW QUESTION: 50

□□ □ WPBP □□□□ □□□□ infotype□ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 3□□□□.

- A. 8
- B. 1
- C. 7
- D. 2001

<□>: 15

Answer: A,B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 51

□□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. □□□□

B. X018

C. X015

D. □□□

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 52

□□ XPPF□□ PPPAR □□□ □□□ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.

A. □□ □□ □□ □□

B. □□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□

C. □□ □□ □□

D. □□ □□□

Answer: A,B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

□□

□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□

3. Using the personnel calculation rule xPPF the system determines the partial period factor for each partial period.

If the employee worked in the payroll period, the system determines whether he was also absent and using this information calculates the partial period factor. The RTE field (rate) is updated in the input table (IT) for each secondary wage type /8<nn>.

NEW QUESTION: 53

□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□. □□ PIT□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□ 3
□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□?

A. □□

B. <□□>

C. □□□

D. □

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

If you have not differentiated employee subgroup groupings in a customer personnel calculation rule, you must call the rule using **NOAB** in parameter 3.

NEW QUESTION: 54

ADDWTE* □□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□?

A. □□□ □□□□(WPBP)

- B. □□□(RT)
 - C. □□ □□ □□□(TIP)
 - D. □□ □□□(OT)
- Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

□□
□□□ □□□ □□□□□, □□□ □□ □□ □□

ADDWTE*	Add the current wage type to the results table RT
---------	---

- NEW QUESTION: 55
- □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?□□: □ □□□ □□ □□□ 2□□□□.
- A. /002
 - B. /001
 - C. /802
 - D. /801
- Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

The valuation bases for employees who are not paid by the hour are divided by the flat-rate number of hours in a period. This results in an hourly rate that is stored in the *RTE* (rate) field for wage types /001 and /002.

- NEW QUESTION: 56
- □□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?
- A. □□ □□□ □□ TM04 □□ □□
 - B. TC00 □□ □□□ □□, WT □□
 - C. XIN0 □□ □□□(INTERNATIONAL)
 - D. □□ □□□ □□□ TM00 □□ □□
- Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

C_HCMPAY2203 □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ DumpTop □□ □□□□ □□□ C_HCMPAY2203 □□! DumpTop □ □□
C_HCMPAY2203 □□ □□□ □□□□□□, DumpTop C_HCMPAY2203 □□ □□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□. □□□
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