

(docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/remoteVCNpeering.htm#cross-tenancy).

NEW QUESTION: 5

OCI . IPv6 OCI . FastConnect OCI VCN . IPv6 , OCI . IPv6 . IPv6 IPv6 ping . ?

- A. OCI IPv6 . OCI ULA .
- B. VCN NAT IPv6 (::/0) .
- C. (::/0) VCN (IGW) .
- D. (::/0) VCN .

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

* : IPv6 FastConnect IPv6 IPv6 ping .

* A: OCI IPv6 BYOIP(Bring Your Own IP) .

* B: NAT IPv4 , IPv6 .

* C: IPv6 FastConnect IPv6 (::/0) (IGW) . IPv6 .

* D: OCI , IPv6 .

* : C IPv6 .

Oracle .

* " IPv6 VCN :: .

/0. OCI IPv6 BYOIP .

OCI IPv6 - Oracle (docs.oracle.com/en-

us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/managingIPv6.htm).

NEW QUESTION: 6

Which command is used to create a local VCN peering connection, and what is the output of the command?

- A. `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`
- B. `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`
- C. `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`
- D. `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

- * Option A: `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`
- * Option B: `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`
- * Option C: `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`
- * Option D: `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`
- * Option E: `oci network create-local-vcn-peering --group-name <group_name> --target-tenancy-ocid <target_tenancy_ocid>`

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Network

"OCI Network Tasks" is a collection of tasks that help you manage your OCI Network resources. For more information, see the OCI Network Tasks page on the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) website: <https://docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/localVCNpeering.htm>.

NEW QUESTION: 7

Which OCI service is used to create a private peering connection between two VCNs in different tenancies?

- A. OCI VPN
- B. OCI IPsec
- C. OCI FastConnect Private Peering
- D. OCI Dynamic Routing Gateway (DRG)

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

- * Option A: OCI VPN is used to create a private peering connection between two VCNs in the same tenancy.
- * Option B: OCI IPsec is used to create a private peering connection between two VCNs in the same tenancy.
- * Option C: OCI FastConnect Private Peering is used to create a private peering connection between two VCNs in different tenancies.
- * Option D: OCI Dynamic Routing Gateway (DRG) is used to create a private peering connection between two VCNs in the same tenancy.

* **Q:** How can I connect my on-premise network to OCI?

Oracle Cloud Service Gateway.

* "FastConnect Private Peering Service Gateway Object Storage." **Q:** How can I connect my on-premise network to OCI?

A: FastConnect Service Gateway - Oracle Cloud (docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/fastconnect).

htm#servicegateway).

NEW QUESTION: 8

Zero Trust Network Architecture (ZTNA) is a security model that uses OCI VCN to provide secure access to OCI resources. Which of the following is a requirement for ZTNA?

- A. A single IP address for all resources.
- B. A single VCN for all resources.
- C. A separate VCN for each resource.
- D. A separate VCN for each resource and a separate VCN for each resource.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

* **Q:** Zero Trust Network Architecture (ZTNA) is a security model that uses OCI VCN to provide secure access to OCI resources. Which of the following is a requirement for ZTNA?

* **A:** A single IP address for all resources.

* **B:** A single VCN for all resources.

* **C:** A separate VCN for each resource.

* **D:** A separate VCN for each resource and a separate VCN for each resource.

* **Q:** How can I connect my on-premise network to OCI?

Oracle Cloud Service Gateway.

* "NSG for OCI VCN." **Q:** How can I connect my on-premise network to OCI?

A: OCI Zero Trust - Oracle Cloud (docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Concepts/zerotrust.htm).

NEW QUESTION: 9

OCI VCN is a virtual cloud network that provides a secure and isolated network environment for OCI resources. Which of the following is a requirement for OCI VCN?

- A. A single IP address for all resources.

- B. □□ IP □□□ NAT □□□□□ IP □□□ □□□□ DROP□□□.
- C. □□ IP □□□ 0.0.0.0/0□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- D. □□ IP □□□ □□□ □□□□□ IP □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

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 - * □□ A: ALLOW□ 0.0.0.0/0□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □.
 - * □□ B: NAT □□□□□ IP□ □□ DROP□ NAT □□□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□, □ □□□ □□□(□:)□ □□□□ □□□□. □□: NAT□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□).
 - * □□ C: REJECT□ 0.0.0.0/0□□ □□□□ □□ IP□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ ICMP □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□.
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- Oracle□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□□.
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NEW QUESTION: 10

- □□ OCI □□□□ DRG□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ VCN □ □□□ □□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□?
- A. □ VCN□ LPG□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□□.
 - B. □ VCN□ □□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□□□.
 - C. □ VCN□ □□□ DRG□ □□□□ DRG□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
 - D. □ VCN□ □□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ IP □□□ □□□□□□.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

- * □□ □□: DRG□ □□ □□ □□ OCI □□□□ VCN □ □□ □□.
- * □□ A: LPG□ □□ □□ VCN □□□□ □□ □□□, □□ □ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □ □□□□.
- * □□ B: □□□ □□□□□□□ OCI □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ VCN-VCN □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□. □□□□□□□□.
- * □□ C: □ VCN□ □□ DRG□ □□□□(□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□□) □□ □□ □□ □□□□ OCI □□□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□□□□□. □□ □□ □□□□□□.
- * □□ D: □□□ □□□□□□□ □□ IP□ □□□□□□, □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □. □□ □□□□□□.

* **QUESTION:** How can you connect two VCNs in different regions?

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure provides several options.

* "You can connect two VCNs in different regions using Remote VCN Peering. This allows you to connect two VCNs in different regions, and they can communicate as if they were in the same region. VCN CIDR blocks must not overlap. DRG is not required for Remote VCN Peering." Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) provides Remote VCN Peering. **QUESTION:** VCN peering is supported between VCNs in different regions.

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas)

/cloud-networking/remotevcnpeering.htm).

NEW QUESTION: 11

You are designing a multi-region OCI architecture. You have two VCNs in different regions. You want to connect these VCNs so that they can communicate as if they were in the same region. Which of the following options is the most appropriate?

- A. Create a peering connection between the two VCNs in the same region.
- B. Create a peering connection between the two VCNs in different regions.
- C. Create a Network Security Group (NSG) in each region and connect the two NSGs.
- D. VCNs in different regions cannot be connected.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

* **QUESTION:** How can you connect two VCNs in different regions?

* **QUESTION:**

* **QUESTION:** How can you connect two VCNs in different regions, and they can communicate as if they were in the same region?

* B: VCNs in different regions cannot be connected.

* C: NSG in each region and connect the two NSGs.

* D: VCNs in different regions cannot be connected.

* NSG in each region and connect the two NSGs.

* **QUESTION:** NSG in each region and connect the two NSGs.

NSG in each region and connect the two NSGs. Oracle Networking Professional **QUESTION:** How can you connect two VCNs in different regions, and they can communicate as if they were in the same region?

"You can connect two VCNs in different regions using Remote VCN Peering. This allows you to connect two VCNs in different regions, and they can communicate as if they were in the same region. VCN CIDR blocks must not overlap. DRG is not required for Remote VCN Peering." (OCI Cloud Infrastructure, **QUESTION:** VCN peering is supported between VCNs in different regions.)

NEW QUESTION: 12

You are designing a multi-region OCI architecture. You have two VCNs in different regions. You want to connect these VCNs so that they can communicate as if they were in the same region. Which of the following options is the most appropriate?

- A. OCI □□ □□ AS □□□ □□□ ASN□□□.
- B. □□□□□ □□ □□ AS □□□ OCI □□ □□□ ASN□□□.
- C. □□□□□ □□ OCI □□ BGP □□□□ □□ □□ IP □□ □□□ □□□ DRG□□□.
- D. □□□□□ □□ OCI □□ □□□ ASN□ □□□□□□ OCI □ □□□□ BGP □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ IP □□ □□□□□.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

- * □□: □□ FastConnect □□□□ □□ □□ BGP □□.
 - * □□ A: □□ ASN□ □□□ □□□, □□□ ASN□ □□□□ □□□□.
 - * □□ B: □□ ASN□ □□□□□ IP□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
 - * □□ C: □□ □□□□□ □□ IP□ □□□□ □□□□. □□ □□□□□.
 - * □□ D: □□□ ASN(□□ □□ □□□)□ □□□ □□ □□ IP□ BGP□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□.
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- * "FastConnect □□ □□□□ □□ BGP□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ ASN(□□ □□ □□)□ □□□ □□ IP □□□ □□□□□□." □□ □□ D□ □□□□□. □□: FastConnect BGP □□
- Oracle □□□ □□(docs.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Network/Tasks/fastconnect.htm#BGP).

NEW QUESTION: 13

OCI□□ □□□□ □ □□□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□ □□ □□□ □□□(AD)□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ VCN□ □□□□□□. □□□□ IPv6 □□ □□□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□□□ IPv6 □□□□ □□□□□ □□□. □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□ □ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ IPv6 □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. VCN□ /48 IPv6 ULA □□□□ □□□□□. □□ □□ □□□ IPv4 □ IPv6 □□ □□□ □ □□□□□ □□□□□. □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ IPv4 □ IPv6 □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□.
- NSG□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- B. Oracle□□ □□ □□ IPv6 CIDR □□□□□ VCN□ □□□□□. □□ □□□□ IPv4 □ IPv6 □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□. □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ IPv4 □ IPv6 □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.
- C. VCN□ /48 IPv6 ULA □□□□ □□□□□. □□ □□ □□□ IPv4□□□□ □□□□, □ □□ □□□□□ IPv4□ IPv6 □□□□ □□□□□ IPv6 □□□□□□□ NAT□ □□□□□ □ □□□□.
- D. Oracle□□ □□ □□ IPv6 CIDR □□□□□ VCN□ □□□□□. □□ □□ □□□ IPv4□ □□□□, □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ IPv4□ IPv6 □□ □□□□□ IPv6 □□□□□□□ NAT□ □□□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

B. OCI IPsec VPNs are not supported, so you cannot use IPsec VPNs to connect to OCI. AES-256 is not supported for IPsec VPNs.

C. OCI does not support IPsec VPNs.

D. OCI does not support IPsec VPNs. You can use VPNs to connect to OCI, but you cannot use FastConnect to connect to OCI.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

* **A:** AES-GCM is supported for DRG VPNs and FastConnect connections.

* **B:** AES-256 is not supported for IPsec VPNs.

* **C:** DRG VPNs do not support FastConnect connections.

* **D:** OCI does not support IPsec VPNs.

* **E:** OCI does not support IPsec VPNs.

* **F:** OCI does not support IPsec VPNs.

* **G:** OCI does not support IPsec VPNs.

* **A:** AES-GCM is supported for DRG VPNs and FastConnect connections.

* **B:** AES-256 is not supported for IPsec VPNs.

* **C:** DRG VPNs do not support FastConnect connections.

* **D:** OCI does not support IPsec VPNs.

* **E:** OCI does not support IPsec VPNs.

OCI DRG does not support FastConnect connections. Oracle Networking Professional does not support IPsec VPNs.

DRG does not support FastConnect connections. VPNs support AES-GCM encryption. (OCI does not support IPsec VPNs, so:

VPN does not support FastConnect). OCI does not support IPsec VPNs.

NEW QUESTION: 16

OCI VCNs do not support Object Storage buckets. VCNs do not support Object Storage buckets. NSG rules do not apply to Object Storage buckets.

OCI VCNs do not support Object Storage buckets. OCI does not support Object Storage buckets. Oracle does not support Object Storage buckets. OCI does not support Object Storage buckets.

A. OCI VCNs do not support Object Storage buckets. CIDR blocks are not supported.

B. OCI VCNs do not support Object Storage buckets.

* MTU □□: □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□.

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* C:Ethernet MTU□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□. □□□□□□□.

* D:DRG □□□ □□□ □□ MTU□□ □□□□□□□. □□□□ □□□□.

* □□: □□ MTU□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□.

IPSec□ □□□ □□ MTU□ □□□□. Oracle Networking Professional □□ □□□□□□□

"FastConnect□ □□ IPSec□ □□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ MTU□□□."□□ □□□□□□

(OCI Networking □□, □□: FastConnect□ □□ IPSec). □□ MTU □□□ □□□□□.

NEW QUESTION: 18

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A. □□ API□ IP □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

B. □□ API□ IP □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ NAT □□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□.

C. □□ API□ IP □□□ □□□□ □□□ CIDR □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□□ □.

D. FastConnect □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□(DRG)□, □□□ □□□□ □□ API □ IP □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

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* □□ A: □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□.

* □□ B: NAT □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□. □□ □□□ API IP□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□.

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