

Oracle.1z0-082-KR.v2026-06-10.q81

□□□□:	1z0-082-KR
□□□□:	Oracle Database Administration I (1z0-082 Korean Version)
□□□:	Oracle
□□ □□ □□□:	81
□□:	v2026-06-10
# □□ □:	104
# □□ □□□:	810
https://www.krdump.com/Oracle.1z0-082-KR.v2026-06-10.q81.html	

NEW QUESTION: 1

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- A. □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ COMMIT □□ □□□ □□
- B. DBA□ □□□□ SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATE □□ □□□□ □□□□ COMMIT□ □□□ □□
- C. □□□ □□□□ CREATE TABLE AS SELECT □ □□□ □□□ □□
- D. □□□ □□□□ CREATE INDEX □□ □□□□□ □□□ □□
- E. □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□
- F. DBA□ □□□□ SHUTDOWN TRANSACTIONAL □□ □□□□ □□□□ COMMIT□ □□□ □□

Answer: D,E,F ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 2

Oracle □□□□□□□ Deferred Segment Creation□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□?

- A. □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□ SYS □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□.
- B. □□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□□□□.
- C. □□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- D. □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□ IOT(Index Organized Tables)□ □□ □□□□□.
- E. □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

Answer: B,C,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 3

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```

LSNRCTL> start LISTENER_1

Listening Endpoints Summary...
  (DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=tcp)(HOST=host01.abc.com)(PORT=1562)))
Services Summary...
Service "DB01.abc.com" has 1 instance(s).
  Instance "DB01", status UNKNOWN, has 1 handler(s) for this service...
The command completed successfully

```

- DB01.abc.com □□□□ □ □ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□?
- A. LOCAL_LISTENER □□□□□□ □□□□□ LISTENER_1□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.
 - B. SID_LIST_LISTENER □□□ LISTENER.ORA □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□.
 - C. □□□ DB01.abc.com□ □□□□ □□□□□.
 - D. □□□ DB01.abc.com□ □□□□ □□□□□□□.
 - E. □□□□ □□ □□ 1521□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 4

BOOKS □□□□ □□□ □□□□□□.

Name	Null?	Type
TRANSACTION_ID	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (6)
TRANSACTION_DATE		DATE
AMOUNT		NUMBER (10, 2)
CUSTOMER_ID		VARCHAR2 (6)

- 100□□ □□ □□□□.
- □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□.
- INSERT INTO books VALUES('ADV112', 'Adventures of Tom Sawyer', NULL, NULL); □□□ a; □□□ □ □; □□□□□□□ □□ □□; □□ □ □□□ □□□□□? (□ □□□ □□□□□.)
- A. □ □□ ROLLBACK □□□ □□□ 101□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□.
 - B. □ □□ ROLLBACK □□□ □□□ 101□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□.
 - C. □ □□ ROLLBACK □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
 - D. □ □□ ROLLBACK □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
 - E. □ □□ ROLLBACK □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 5

NOMOUNT □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□. □□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- B. □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.
- C. SYS□ □□□□□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□.
- D. □□□□ SG1□ □□□□□.
- E. □□ □□□ □□□□.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 6

EMPLOYEES □□□□□ □□□ □□□ NUMBER□ EMP_ID □□ □□□ □□□ DATE□ HIRE_DATE □□ □□□□.

□□ □ 6□□□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

□□□□ NLS_TERRITORY □□□□□ AMERICA□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □ □□ □ □□ □□ □□.

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- A. SELECT emp_id, ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), NEXT_DAY('MONDAY') FROM employees;
- B. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), 1) FROM employees;
- C. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(ADD_MONTHS(hire_date, 6), 'MONDAY') FROM employees;
- D. SELECT emp_id, NEXT_DAY(MONTHS_BETWEEN(hire_date, SYSDATE), 6) FROM □□;

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 7

sales □□□□□ □□ □□□ prod_id□ quantity_sold □□ □□□□. □ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□□?

- A. SELECT prod_id FROM sales WHERE quantity_sold > 55000 AND COUNT(-) > 10 GROUP BY prod_id HAVING COUNT(-) > 10;
- B. SELECT COUNT|prod_id> FROM sales WHERE quantity_sold > 55000 GROUP BY prod_id;
- C. SELECT prod_id FROM sales WHERE quantity_sold > 55000 GROUP BY prod_id HAVING COUNT(-) > 10;
- D. SELECT COUNT|prod_id> FROM sales GROUP BY prod_id WHERE quantity_Sold > 55000;
- E. SELECT prod_id FROM sales WHERE quantity_sold > 55000 AND COUNT(-) > 10 GROUP BY COUNT(-) > 10;

Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 8

□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□? (3□□ □□□□□.)

- A. □□ □□□□ COMMIT OR ROLLBACK □ □□ □ □ □□ DML(Data Manipulation Language) □ □ □□
- B. □□ □□□□ SELECT□□ □□□ □ CREATE TABLE□□ □□□ □□

- C. CREATE TABLE AS SELECT SELECT FOR UPDATE
- D. DML DML
- E. CREATE TABLE CREATE INDEX
- F. SELECT TRUNCATE

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 9

PROMO_BEGIN_DATE DD-MON-RR

PROMO_BEGIN_DATE

- A. PROMO_BEGIN_DATE - sysdate
- B. PROMO_BEGIN_DATE - sysdate
- C. TO_date(PROMO_BEGIN_DATE * 5)
- D. PROMO_BEGIN_DATE - 5
- E. to_number(promo_begin_date) - s

Answer: A,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 10

HR HRMGR
 1531
 HR/HRMGR@orcl
 ORCL

- A. HR
- B. tnsnames.ora
- C. tnsnames.ora
- D. HR
- E. SERVICE_NAMES

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 11

Name	Null?	Type
PROMO_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (6)
PROMO_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (30)
PROMO_CATEGORY	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (30)
PROMO_COST	NOT NULL	NUMBER (10,2)

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- A. SELECT DISTINCT promo_category || ` has ` || promo_cost AS COSTS FROM promotions ORDER BY 1;
- B. SELECT promo_category, DISTINCT promo_cost FROM promotions ORDER BY 2;
- C. SELECT promo_cost, promo_category FROM promotions ORDER BY by 1;
- D. SELECT DISTINCT promo_cost || ' in ` || DISTINCT promo_category FROM promotions ORDER BY 1;
- E. SELECT DISTINCT promo_category, promo_cost FROM promotions ORDER BY 1;

Answer: B,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 12

NOMOUNT □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. □□□ □□
- B. □□□ □□□□ □□
- C. □□ □□
- D. □□ □□
- E. □□□ □□ □□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 13

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- A. □□□□ □□
- B. □□□□ □□
- C. □□□□ □□□□ SCN□□
- D. □□□□ □□
- E. □□□□ □□□□□□

Answer: A,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 14

Oracle □□□□□□□□ □□ □ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□? (3□□ □□ □□□.)

- A. UNUSED□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ 1000□ □ □□□ □□□□□.
- B. UNUSED □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- C. CASCADE □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- D. □□□ □ □□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- E. DROP COLUMN □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- F. UNUSED □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A,C,F ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 15

Exhibit□ □□ COSTS □ PROMOTIONS □□□□ □□□ □□□□□.

□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ PROD_ID □□□□ □□ PROD_IDS□ □□□□□ □□□.

□□ SQL □□ □□□□□.

```
SELECT prod_id
FROM costs
WHERE promo_id IN
  (SELECT promo_id
   FROM promotions
   WHERE promo_cost < ALL
     (SELECT MAX(promo_cost)
      FROM promotions
      GROUP BY (promo_end_date - promo_begin_date)));
```

□□ 1.

Table COSTS		
Name	Null?	Type
PROD_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
TIME_ID	NOT NULL	DATE
PROMO_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
CHANNEL_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
UNIT_COST	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10,2)
UNIT_PRICE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10,2)

□□ 2.

Table PROMOTIONS		
Name	Null?	Type
PROMO_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(6)
PROMO_NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PROMO_SUBCATEGORY	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PROMO_SUBCATEGORY_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
PROMO_CATEGORY	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
PROMO_CATEGORY_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER
PROMO_COST	NOT NULL	NUMBER(10,2)
PROMO_BEGIN_DATE	NOT NULL	DATE
PROMO_END_DATE	NOT NULL	DATE

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- A. GROUP BY □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- B. ALL □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- C. □□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- D. □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 16

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- A. □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□
- B. □ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□
- C. □□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□
- D. □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□
- E. □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□
- F. □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

1z0-082-KR □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ DumpTop □□ □□□□ □□□ 1z0-082-KR □□!
DumpTop □ □□ 1z0-082-KR □□ □□□ □□□□□□, DumpTop 1z0-082-KR □□ □□□ □□□
□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□. □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ DumpTop 1z0-082-KR □□□ □
□□□□. <https://www.dumptop.com/Oracle/1z0-082-KR-dump.html> (165 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF**
Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 17

Oracle Data Dictionary□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□?

- A. □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- B. □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- C. □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- D. □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- E. sys □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Answer: D,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 18

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- A. COLUMN STORE □□ □□
- B. □ □□□ □□ □□
- C. □ □□□ □□ □□
- D. COLUMN STORE □□ □□

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 24

Oracle Database □ □□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□? (3□□ □□□□□.)

- A. □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□.
- B. □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□.
- C. □□□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□ □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- D. □□□ □ □□□ □□ □□□□□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- E. □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□(DBA)□ □□□□ □□□□.
- F. □□□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 25

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- A. UNIQUE □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- B. □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□ □ □□□□.
- C. □ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □ □□□□.
- D. □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□□.
- E. SELECT □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□.
- F. □□□□ □□□□ RECYCLE BIN□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□.

Answer: A,D,F ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 26

Oracle □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□ □ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□? (□ □□□ □□□□□.)

- A. □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □ □□ □□
- B. □□□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□
- C. □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □
- D. □□□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□
- E. □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ CPU □□
- F. □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□ □ □
- G. □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□ □□

Answer: B,C,D,F ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 27

CUSTOMERS □□□□□ □□□ □□□ NUMBER□ CUST_CREDIT_LIMIT □□ □□□□.

Which of the following SQL statements will return the same result as the following query? (Choose two.)

- A. SELECT NVL(cust_credit_limit * .15, 'Not Available') FROM customers;
- B. SELECT NVL2(cust_credit_limit, TO_CHAR(cust_credit_limit * .15), 'Not Available') FROM customers;
- C. SELECT NVL2(cust_credit_limit * .15, 'Not Available') FROM customers;
- D. SELECT NVL(TO_CHAR(cust_credit_limit * .15), 'Not Available') FROM customers;
- E. SELECT TO_CHAR(NVL(cust_credit_limit * .15, 'Not Available')) FROM customers;

Answer: C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 28

Which of the following SQL statements will return the same result as the following query? (Choose two.)

- A. SET ROLE NONE; SELECT * FROM emp;
- B. SET ROLE NONE; SELECT * FROM emp; SET ROLE NONE;
- C. SET ROLE NONE; SELECT * FROM emp; SET ROLE NONE; SET ROLE NONE;
- D. SET ROLE NONE; SELECT * FROM emp;
- E. SET ROLE NONE; SELECT * FROM emp; SET ROLE NONE;
- F. SET ROLE NONE; SELECT * FROM emp; SET ROLE NONE;

Answer: C,E,F ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 29

Which of the following SQL statements will return the same result as the following query? (Choose three.)

- A. PL/SQL block that inserts the values into the table.
- B. INSERT INTO emp VALUES (100, 'SCOTT', 'TJW');
- C. SEQUENCE emp_seq VALUES (100, 'SCOTT', 'TJW');
- D. INSERT INTO emp VALUES (100, 'SCOTT', 'TJW');
- E. INSERT INTO emp VALUES (100, 'SCOTT', 'TJW');

Answer: B,C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B19306_01/server.102/b14200/statements_7001.htm

NEW QUESTION: 30

Which of the following SQL statements will return the same result as the following query? (Choose two.)

- A. SELECT * FROM emp;
- B. SELECT * FROM emp;
- C. SELECT * FROM emp(NIC) emp;
- D. SELECT * FROM emp;
- E. SELECT * FROM emp;

Answer: A,B,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 31

Which of the following SQL statements will return the same result as the following query? (Choose two.)

- A. SELECT * FROM emp;

- B. □□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- C. □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- D. □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □ □ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□.
- E. □□ □□ □□□□□ SMALLFILE □□□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□.
- F. □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- G. □□ □□ □□□□□□ □□ 3□□ □□□□□ □□□□.

Answer: B,C,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 34

- □□□ □□ □□ □ □□ □□ □□□□□? (□ □□□ □□□□□.)
- A. □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ ALTER USER □□ □□□□ □□□.
 - B. □□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□.
 - C. SET ROLE □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□.
 - D. SET ROLE □□ □□□ □ □□ □□□ □ □□□□.
 - E. □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□□.

Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 35

- DESCRIBE □□□ □□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□? (3□□ □□□□□.)
- A. SQL Developer□□ □□ □□
 - B. □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□□ □ □□□□.
 - C. SQL*Plus□□□ □□ □□
 - D. □ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
 - E. □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ NOT NULL □□ □□□ □□□□□.
 - F. PRIMARY KEY □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ PRIMARY KEY □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B,C,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 36

- □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□□□? (□ □□□ □□□□□□.)
- A. □□□□ □□□□□ □□(NIC) □□
 - B. □□□ □□□□ □□
 - C. □□ □□
 - D. □□ □□
 - E. □□□ □□

Answer: B,C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 37

□□ □□□ □□□□□□.

```

[oracle@host01 ~]$ sqlplus u1/oracle
SQL> SELECT * FROM emp;
ENO          ENAME          DN
-----
1          Alan          2
2          Ben          2

SQL> exit
[oracle@host01 ~]$ cat emp.dat

3,Curl,4
4,Bob,4

[oracle@host01 ~]$ sqlldr u1/oracle TABLE=emp

```

sqlldr □□□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□□□? (□ □□□ □□□□□.)

- A. EMP□ □□□□ EMP.DAT□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- B. EMP.DAT□□ EMP□ □□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□ SQL □□□□□ □□□□□.
- C. □□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- D. EMP.DAT□□ EMP□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- E. □□ SQL*Loader □□□ □□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 38

SQL □□□ intersect□ □□ SET □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□?

- A. □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□ □□ □□ varchar2 □
- B. □□ □□□ □ □□ □□□□ □ □□ □□ □
- C. □□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□□ □ □□ □
- D. □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□ □
- E. □□ □□□ □ □□ □□□□ □ □□ varchar2 □

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 39

□□ □ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□? (□ □□□ □□□□□.)

- A. □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□□□.
- B. □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□□□ □□ □□ □ □□□□.
- C. □□ □ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□.

- D. □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□□□.
- E. □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- F. □ □ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □ □ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- G. □ □ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □ □□□□.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 40

TABLE □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ SQL*Loader□□ □□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□? (3□ □□□□□.)

- A. □□ □□
- B. □□ □□
- C. □□ □□
- D. □□□ □□
- E. □□ □□

Answer: B,D,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 41

□□ SQL □□ □□□□□.
 SELECT cust_id, cust_last_name "□"
 □□□□□□
 WHERE country_id = 10
 □□ □□
 cust_id CUST_NO, cust_last_name □□
 □□□□□□
 WHERE country_id = 30
 □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □ □□ □ □□ ORDER BY □□ □□□□□. (3□□ □□□□□.)

- A. ORDER BY 2, cust_id
- B. 2, 1□ □□
- C. "CUST_NO"□ □□
- D. CUST_NO □□
- E. "□"□□ □□

Answer: A,B,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 42

□□□□□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□
 □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□□. □□ □□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□.
 □□ □ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. DBA_DATA_FILES□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- B. V\$DATAFILE□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□□□.
- C. DBA_DATA_FILES□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□.
- D. DBA_DATA_FILES□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□□□.

NEW QUESTION: 60

Which two statements are true about the PCTFREE parameter in an Oracle tablespace? (Choose two.)

- A. PCTFREE is a percentage of the block size that is reserved for free space.
- B. PCTFREE is a percentage of the block size that is reserved for free space.
- C. PCTFREE is a percentage of the block size that is reserved for free space.
- D. PCTFREE is a percentage of the block size that is reserved for free space.
- E. ASSM is a type of space management that is supported in Oracle 11g.

Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 61

Which two statements are true about the RMAN backup of a database? (Choose two.)

- A. RMAN backup of a database is performed by the RMAN client.
- B. RMAN backup of a database is performed by the RMAN client.
- C. Oracle Data Guard is supported for RMAN backup.
- D. RMAN backup of a database is performed by the RMAN client.
- E. RMAN backup of a database is performed by the RMAN client.

Answer: B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

1z0-082-KR Oracle 1z0-082-KR DumpTop Oracle 1z0-082-KR!
 DumpTop Oracle **1z0-082-KR** Oracle 1z0-082-KR, DumpTop 1z0-082-KR Oracle
 Oracle 1z0-082-KR. Oracle 1z0-082-KR DumpTop 1z0-082-KR Oracle
 Oracle. <https://www.dumptop.com/Oracle/1z0-082-KR-dump.html> (165 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF**
Special Discount: KrDump)

NEW QUESTION: 62

Which two statements are true about the SQL> ALTER TABLE ORDERS SHRINK SPACE COMPACT command? (Choose two.)

- A. The command is used to shrink the space used by the table.
- B. The command is used to shrink the space used by the table.
- C. The command is used to shrink the space used by the table.
- D. The command is used to shrink the space used by the table.
- E. The command is used to shrink the space used by the table.
- F. The command is used to shrink the space used by the table.

Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 63

PRODUCT_STATUS □□□□ □□□ □□□□□□.

Name	Null?	Type
PROD_ID	NOT NULL	NUMBER(2)
STATUS	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)

□□ □□□ □ □□ □□ '□□ □□' □□ '□□ □□' □□ □□□□□.

□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□?

- A. product_status WHERE status = 'OUT OF STOCK' □□ prod_id || q' (*s not available)' "CURRENT AVAILABILITY" □□
- B. product_status □□ prod_id || q"s not available" □ □□□□□. □□□ status = 'OUT OF STOCK';
- C. SELECT prod_id || q' ('s not available)' * 'CURRENT AVAILABILITY' FROM product_status WHERE status = 'OUT OF STOCK'
- D. SELECT prod_id || q'l's not available)' FROM product_status WHERE status = 'OUT OF STOCK';
- E. SELECT prod_id q's not available" FROM product_status WHERE status = 'OUT OF STOCK*';
- F. SELECT prod_id "CURRENT AVAILABILITY" || q'<'s not available)' FROM product_status WHERE status = 'OUT OF STOCK

Answer: A,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 64

Oracle □□□□□□□ □□□, □□ □□□ □□ □ □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□? (3□□ □□□□□.)

- A. CURRENT_TIMESTAMP □□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- B. TIMESTAMP □□□ □□ □□□ □□, □, □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- C. A TIMESTAMP WITH LOCAL TIMEZONE □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□.
- D. SESSIONTIMEZONE □□□ UTC(Universal Coordinated Time)□□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□□.
- E. DBTIMEZONE □□□ UTC(Universal Coordinated Time)□□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□□.

Answer: A,D,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 65

□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□□□? (□ □□□ □□□□□.)

- A. □□□ □□ IOT(Index Organized Tables)□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- B. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□.
- C. □□□□ □□□□□ PRIMARY KEY □□ □□□ □□□ □□□.
- D. □□□□ □□□□□ UNIQUE KEY □□ □□□ □□□ □□□.
- E. □□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□.
- F. ASSM(Automatic Segment Space Management)□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□.

Answer: C,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B19306_01/server.102/b14200/statements_3001.htm

NEW QUESTION: 66

□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□ □ □□□ WHERE □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□, □□□ □
 □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□.
 □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□.
 □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□?

- A. SELECT &col1, &col2
FROM "&table"
WHERE &condition;
- B. SELECT &col1, &col2
FROM &&table
WHERE &condition;
- C. SELECT &&col1, &&col2
FROM &table
WHERE &&condition;
- D. SELECT `&&col1`, `&&col2`
FROM &table
WHERE `&&condition` = `&cond`;
- E. SELECT &&col1, &&col2
FROM &table
WHERE &&condition = &&cond;

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 67

Oracle Database □□□□□ □□□□ □□ Oracle Net□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □
 □ □□ □□□□□? (3□□ □□□□□.)

- A. Connect Time Failover□ TAF(Transparent Application Failover)□ □□□□ □□□.
- B. □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- C. □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□(CMAN)□ □□□ □
□□□ □□□.
- D. □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □ □□□□.
- E. □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- F. Connect Time Failover□ □□ □□□□ 2□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11882_01/network.112/e41945/advcfg.htm#NETAG013

NEW QUESTION: 68

□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ DATE □□□ □□□ START_DATE □□ □□□□.
 START_DATE□ □□ 25□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□. □□ where □□ □□□ □ □
 □□□□?

- A. WHERE TO_XUMBER(□□□ - SYSDATE) <= 25
- B. WHERE ADD_MONTHS<□□□, 25) <= SYSDATE
- C. WHERE MON'THS_BETWEEN(SYSDATE, □□ □□) <= 25

D. WHERE MON'THS_BETWEEN(□□ □□, SYSDATE) <= 25

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 69

□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□□.

□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

1. □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□.

□□ □□

2. □□ 10□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

3. □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

□□ □□□□ □□□□□

□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?

A. □□□□ □□□ □□□□□

B. □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□

C. □□(□) - □

D. □□□□□

E. □□ □ □ □

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 70

INVOICE □□□□□ □□□ □□□ NUMBER□ QTY_SOLD □□ □□□ □□□ DATE□

INVOICE_DATE □□ □□□□.

NLS_DATE_FORMAT□ DD-MON-RR□ □□□□ □□□□.

□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □ □ □□□ □□□□□.

(□ □□ □□□□□.)

A. CONCAT(□□□, □□ □□) : □□□ □□□ □□□□□

B. qty_sold = '0554982'□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

C. invoice_date = '2019□ 3□ 15□' : □□□ □□□ □□□□□

D. □□ □□□ `101`□ `110` □□□ □□: □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

E. □□ □□ > '01-02-2019' : □□□ □□□ □□□□□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 71

ORCL □□□□□□□□□ UNDOTBS1□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□□□□□□.1.

100MB

□ □□

2. □□ □□□ □□ □□□□.

3. UNDO_RETENTION□ 15□□□□ □□□

4. □□ □□□ □□□□.

UNDOTBS1□ □□□□□□□□ □□ □ 10□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

□□□□□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□?

- A. UNDOTBS1 is the default undo tablespace.
- B. undo is a synonym for SYSAUX.
- C. Undo is a synonym for SYSTEM.
- D. The error message "ORA-30036: Undo tablespace 'UNDOTBS1' is full" is generated when the undo tablespace is full.
- E. The undo tablespace is not a permanent tablespace.

Answer: E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 72

ORCL has a tablespace named RESUMABLE with a RESUMABLE__TIMEOUT of 7200 seconds.

The tablespace is currently in the RESUMABLE state.

The tablespace is currently in the RESUMABLE state.

U1 is a tablespace in the RESUMABLE state.

SQL> CREATE TABLE t1 AS

(SELECT * FROM dba_objects WHERE object_name = 'U1');

dba_objects is a table in the SYSTEM tablespace.

U1 is a tablespace in the RESUMABLE state.

The tablespace is currently in the RESUMABLE state.

2017-03-06 12:15:17 (UTC) 183438+05:30

ORA-01536: tablespace 'U1(136)' is full

ORA-01536: tablespace 'U1(136)' is full

'U1'

DBA is a table in the SYSTEM tablespace. (The tablespace is currently in the RESUMABLE state.)

- A. DATA is a tablespace in the RESUMABLE state.
- B. DATA is a tablespace in the RESUMABLE state.
- C. DEFERRED_SEGMENT_CREATION is TRUE.
- D. DATA is a tablespace in the RESUMABLE state.
- E. DATA is a tablespace in the RESUMABLE state.
- F. U1 is a tablespace in the RESUMABLE state.

Answer: C,D,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 73

Which of the following is a valid SQL statement?

- A. SELECT * FROM table1 INTERSECT table2 WHERE table3 = 1;
- B. INTERSECT UNION UNION ALL table1 table2 table3;
- C. NULL table1 table2;
- D. SELECT * FROM table1 INTERSECT table2 WHERE table3 = 1;

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 74

□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ vstransaction□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□.

```

Executing:
SELECT xid, status FROM vstransaction;
in your session returns:
XID          STATUS
-----
0A0007000A070000  ACTIVE

```

□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □ □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ XID□ □□ □ □ □ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. truncate □□ DML □□ □□□□□ □□□ □
- B. □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □ select □□ □□□
- C. □□□ DML □□ □□ DML □□ □□□□□ □□□ □
- D. create table □□ create index □□ □□□□□ □□□ □
- E. DML □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □
- F. create table as select □□ select for update □□ □□□□□ □□□ □

Answer: A,E,F (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 75

SQL*Plus □□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

- A. □ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- B. SQL □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
- C. SQL □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□.
- D. □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□(GUI)□ □□ □□□□.
- E. OTN(Oracle Technology Network)□□ □□□□□□ □□□.
- F. □□ □□□(RMAN) □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

Answer: B,C,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 76

SET VERIFY ON □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□? (□ □□□ □□□□□.)

- A. SQL*Plus□□□ □□ □□
- B. □□□□ &&□ □□□ □□ □□□□□.
- C. □□□ WHERE □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□□.
- D. SQL Developer □ SQL*Plus□□ □□ □□
- E. DEFINE □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□.

Answer: A,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 77

Which two are valid options for the `ALTER TABLE` command?

- A. `ALTER TABLE table_name ADD CONSTRAINT constraint_name`
- B. `ALTER TABLE table_name SET UNUSED column_name`
- C. `ALTER TABLE table_name SET UNUSED table_name`
- D. `ALTER TABLE table_name SET UNUSED column_name`
- E. `ALTER TABLE table_name SET UNUSED table_name`
- F. `ALTER TABLE table_name SET UNUSED column_name`

Answer: B,D,F ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 78

Which two are valid options for the `UNION` command?

- A. `SELECT column_name FROM table_name`
- B. `NULLS`
- C. `UNION ALL`
- D. `UNION ALL`
- E. `SELECT column_name FROM table_name`

Answer: B,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 79

Which two are valid options for the `OS` command?

- 1. `DBA`
- 2. `(OS)`
- `os_authen_prefix`

```
SHOW PARAMETER OS_AUTHENT_PREFIX
NAME                                TYPE                                VALUE
-----                                -                                -
os_authen_prefix                    string                               ORACLE
```

Which two are valid options for the `OS` command?

- A. `KING`
- B. `OS_AUTHENT_PREFIX`
- C. `KING`
- D. `OS`
- E. `REMOTE_LOGIN_PASSWORDFILE`

Answer: E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

