

Microsoft.PL-300-KR.v2026-03-19.q203

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□□□□:	Microsoft Power BI Data Analyst (PL-300 Korean Version)
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□□:	v2026-03-19
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https://www.krdump.com/Microsoft.PL-300-KR.v2026-03-19.q203.html	

NEW QUESTION: 1

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- A. □□□ JSON □□□ □□□ Power BI Desktop□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- B. Power BI Desktop□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- C. Power BI Desktop□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- D. PBIVIZ □□□ □□□ □□□ Power BI Desktop□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 2

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A. □

B. □□□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 3

Power BI Desktop 可以连接到 Power BI 服务。以下哪项是 Power BI 服务的功能？

Power BI 服务可以连接到 Power BI 桌面。Power BI 服务可以连接到 Power BI 桌面。Power BI 服务可以连接到 Power BI 桌面。Power BI 服务可以连接到 Power BI 桌面。Power BI 服务可以连接到 Power BI 桌面。

A. Q&A

B. 数据流

C. 数据流

D. 数据流

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 4

Power Query Editor 可以连接到 API。以下哪项是 API 的功能？

API 可以连接到 JSON。API 可以连接到 JSON。API 可以连接到 JSON。API 可以连接到 JSON。API 可以连接到 JSON。

API 可以连接到 JSON。API 可以连接到 JSON。API 可以连接到 JSON。API 可以连接到 JSON。API 可以连接到 JSON。

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API: 可以连接到 100000。

Answer Area



Microsoft

Data source:

Web
Dataflows
JSON
OData
Web

Authentication:

Basic
Anonymous
Basic
Organizational account
Web API

Answer:

Answer Area



Microsoft

Data source:

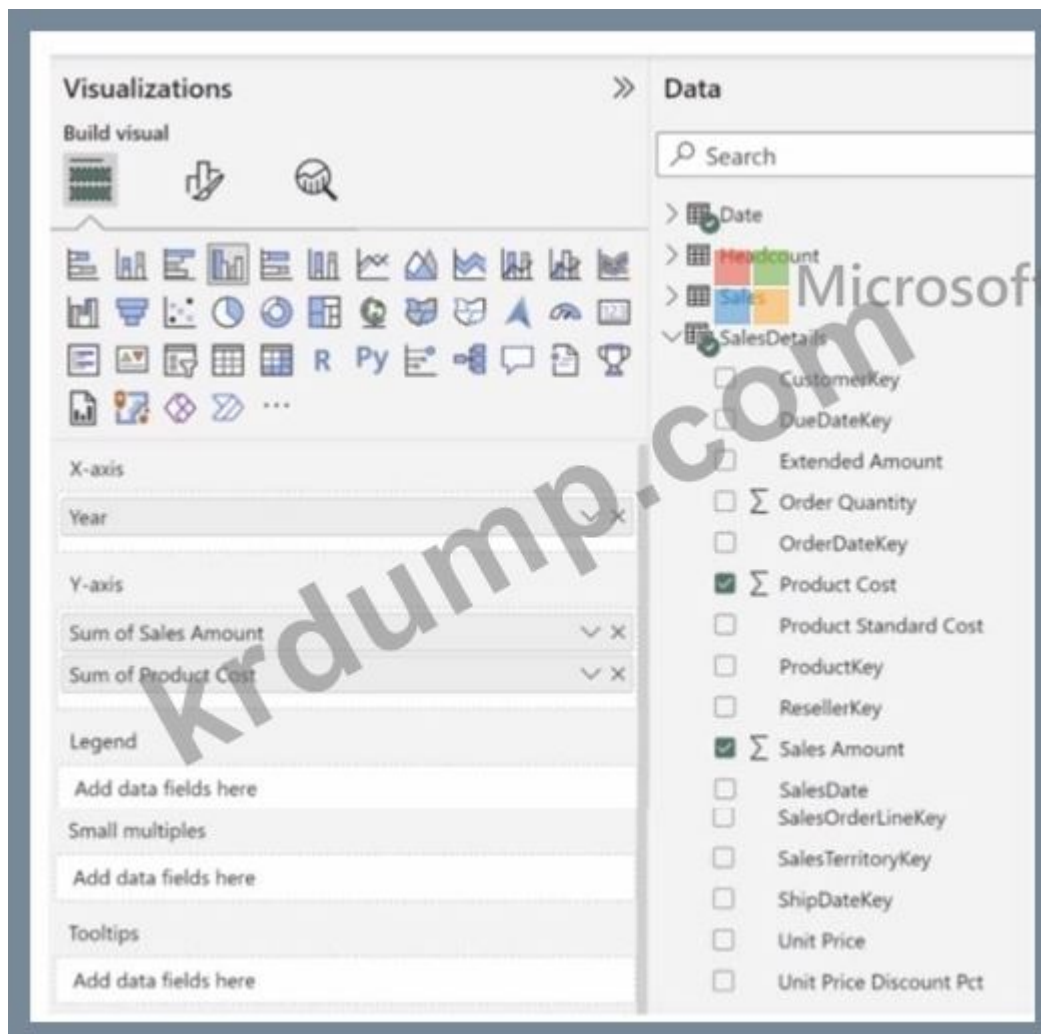
- Web
- Dataflows
- JSON
- OData
- Web

Authentication:

- Basic
- Anonymous
- Basic
- Organizational account
- Web API

NEW QUESTION: 5

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Answer Area

To replace all the implicit DAX measures used in the visual, [answer choice] must be created.

To change how the Product Cost field is aggregated in additional visuals, you must change the [answer choice].

Microsoft

two explicit measures
one explicit measure
two explicit measures
three explicit measures

data category
data category
data type
DAX expression
Summarization setting

Answer:

Answer Area

To replace all the implicit DAX measures used in the visual, [answer choice] must be created.

To change how the Product Cost field is aggregated in additional visuals, you must change the [answer choice].

Microsoft

two explicit measures
one explicit measure
two explicit measures
three explicit measures

data category
data category
data type
DAX expression
Summarization setting

NEW QUESTION: 6

Microsoft Power BI allows you to subscribe to reports, dashboards, and paginated reports that matter most to you. Power BI e-mail subscriptions allow you to:

Decide how often you want to receive the emails: daily, weekly, hourly, monthly, or once a day after the initial data refresh.

Choose the time you want to receive the email, if you choose daily, weekly, hourly, or monthly.

Note: Email subscriptions don't support most custom visuals. The one exception is those custom visuals that have been certified.

Email subscriptions don't support R-powered custom visuals at this time.

A. Set data alerts to notify you when data in your dashboards changes beyond limits you set.

B. Set data alerts to notify you when data in your dashboards changes beyond limits you set.

C. Set data alerts to notify you when data in your dashboards changes beyond limits you set.

D. Set data alerts to notify you when data in your dashboards changes beyond limits you set.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

You can subscribe yourself and your colleagues to the report pages, dashboards, and paginated reports that matter most to you. Power BI e-mail subscriptions allow you to:

Decide how often you want to receive the emails: daily, weekly, hourly, monthly, or once a day after the initial data refresh.

Choose the time you want to receive the email, if you choose daily, weekly, hourly, or monthly.

Note: Email subscriptions don't support most custom visuals. The one exception is those custom visuals that have been certified.

Email subscriptions don't support R-powered custom visuals at this time.

Incorrect Answers:

A: Set data alerts to notify you when data in your dashboards changes beyond limits you set.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/collaborate-share/service-report-subscribe>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/create-reports/service-set-data-alerts>

NEW QUESTION: 7

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Type	Horizontal coordinate	Vertical coordinate
Table	300	200
Clustered column chart	700	200
Slicer	20	100

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A. □ □□

B. □□□ □□

C. □□

D. □□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 8

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Name	Description	Sample value
ID	A unique value that represents a sale	10253
Sale_Date	Sales date A column to extract the date of the sale	2021-11-23T09:53:00
Customer_ID	Represents a unique customer ID number	13158
Delivery_Time	Elapsed delivery time in hours Can contain null values	51.52
Status	Sales status Contains only the following two values: Finished and Canceled	Finished
Canceled_Date	Cancellation date and time Can contain null values	2021-11-24T14:11:23

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A. □□ □□□ □□ [Delivery_Time]□ Integer□ □□□□□.

B. □□ [□□] □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□.

C. □□ [Sale_Date]□ □□□ □□ □ □□ □□ □□□□□.

D. (□□□ □□)□ □□□□□.

E. □□ [Sales_Date]□ □□□□□.

Answer: B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 9

Microsoft Excel

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Actions

Select **Use Headers as First Row.**

Select Department and Product and **Unpivot Other Columns.**

Select **Use First Rows as Headers.**

Rename the third column as Year and the fourth column as Revenue.

Select Department and Product and **Unpivot Columns.**

Rename the third column as Revenue and the fourth column as Year.

Answer Area

Microsoft

Answer Area  Microsoft

Select Use Header as First Row.
Step 1: Select Use Header as First Row.

2 - Step 1: Select Use Header as First Row.

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/unpivot-columns-power-query-0f7bad4b-9ea1-49c1-9d95-f588221c7098>

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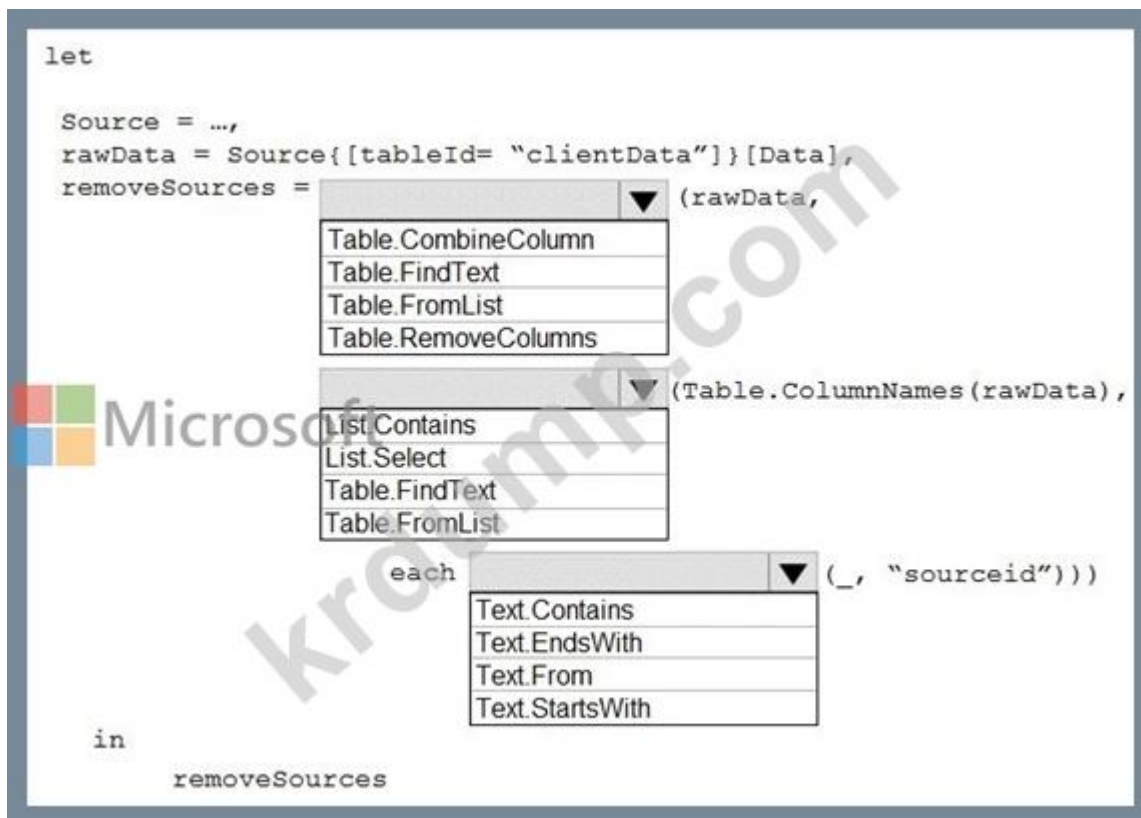
(FactTransaction,
FactTransaction[Customer ID],
"Sales",
SUM(FactTransaction[Sales])),
[Sales],

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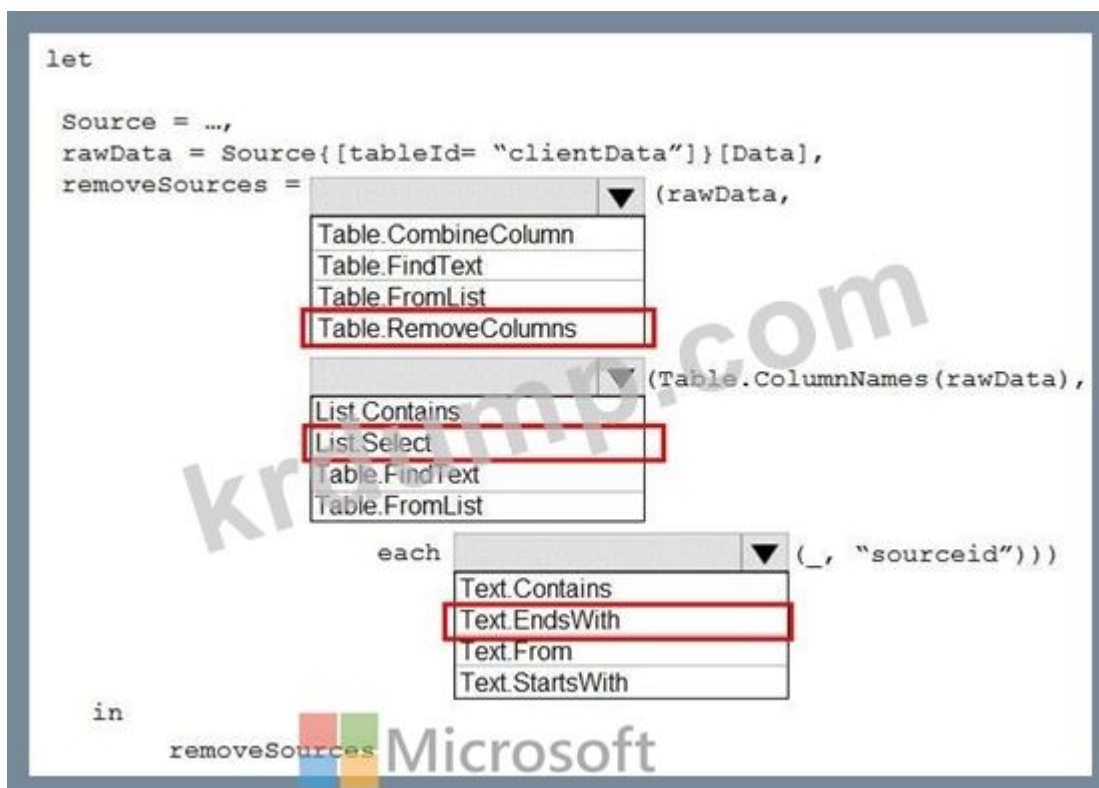
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Answer:

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Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 12

Power BI □□□□ □□□□.

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A. □

B. □□□

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Creating two additional tables in Power Query can be a possible solution:

Remove any inactive relationships.

Consider renaming the role-playing dimension-type table to better describe its role. In the example, the Airport table is related to the ArrivalAirport column of the Flight table, so it's renamed as Arrival Airport.

Create a copy of the role-playing table, providing it with a name that reflects its role. If it's an Import table, we recommend defining a calculated table. If it's a DirectQuery table, you can duplicate the Power Query query.

In the example, the Departure Airport table was created by using the following calculated table definition.

NEW QUESTION: 16

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Answer Area

Option to use to combine the Customer tables:

Append Queries

Append Queries as New

Merge Queries

Merge Queries as New

Action to perform on the original two SQL database queries:

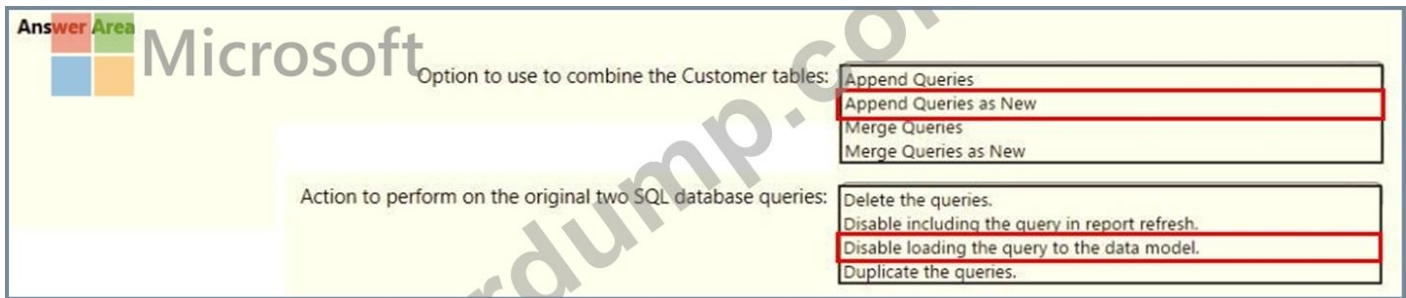
Delete the queries.

Disable including the query in report refresh.

Disable loading the query to the data model.

Duplicate the queries.

Answer:



Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-query/append-queries>

<https://community.powerbi.com/t5/Power-Query/Append-vs-Append-as-new-for-performance/td-p/1822710>

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 KR ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐☐. <https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/PL-300-KR-dump.html> (515 Q&As
 Dumps, **30%OFF** Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 17

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A. ☐☐☐
 B. ☐☐ ☐☐
 C. ☐☐☐ ☐☐
 D. ☐☐☐

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 18

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Actions

Pin items from the reports to the dashboard.

Rearrange, resize, or remove items from the phone view.

Change the dashboard view to **Phone view**.

Open the dashboard.

Create a phone layout for the existing reports.

Answer Area



Answer:

Answer Area
Pin items from report to Dashboard.
Open Dashboard.
Change the dashboard view to Phone view.
Rearrange, resize the visuals.

- 1 - Pin items from report to Dashboard.
- 2 - Open Dashboard.
- 3 - Change the dashboard view to Phone view.
- 4 - Rearrange, resize the visuals.

NEW QUESTION: 19

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Answer Area
Minimum number of bookmarks: 1 Property: Data Display Current page

Answer:



Minimum number of bookmarks:

2

Property:

Data

Display

 Current page

[illegible]

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Table name	Column name	Data type
Sales_Region	region_id	Integer
	name	Varchar
Region_Manager	region_id	Integer
	manager_id	Integer
Sales_Manager	sales_manager_id	Integer
	name	Varchar
	region_id	Integer
Manager	manager_id	Integer
	name	Varchar

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Actions

Merge [Region Manager] and [Manager] by using an inner join.

Merge [Sales Manager] and [Sales Region] by using a left join.

Merge [Sales Region] and [Sales Manager] by using an inner join.

Merge [Sales_Region] and [Sales_Manager] by using an inner join as a new query named [Sales Region and Manager].

Merge [Sales_Region] and [Region_Manager] by using a right join as a new query named [Sales Region and Region Manager].

Merge [Sales_Region] and [Region_Manager] by using an inner join.

Answer Area

Answer:

Answer Area

1 - Merge [Region Manager] and [Manager] by using an inner join.

- 2 - Merge [Sales_Region] and [Sales_Manager] by using an inner join.
- 3 - Merge [Sales_Region] and [Region_Manager] by using an inner join.

NEW QUESTION: 23

Which of the following is a valid Azure SQL query to retrieve the list of all roles in the database? The query should return the role name, the role type, and the role permissions.

Power Query is a tool that can be used to connect to and query data from various sources.

Power Query is a tool that can be used to connect to and query data from various sources.

A. `SELECT * FROM sys.roles`

B. `SELECT * FROM sys.roles`

C. `SELECT * FROM sys.roles`

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 24

Which of the following is a valid Azure SQL query to retrieve the list of all roles in the database? The query should return the role name, the role type, and the role permissions.

Sales is a role in the database. The query should return the role name, the role type, and the role permissions.

Power Query is a tool that can be used to connect to and query data from various sources.

Power Query is a tool that can be used to connect to and query data from various sources.

Power Query is a tool that can be used to connect to and query data from various sources.

Power Query is a tool that can be used to connect to and query data from various sources.

Power Query is a tool that can be used to connect to and query data from various sources.

A. `SELECT * FROM sys.roles`

B. `SELECT * FROM sys.roles`

C. `SELECT * FROM sys.roles`

D. `SELECT * FROM sys.roles`

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Validate the roles within Power BI Desktop

After you've created your roles, test the results of the roles within Power BI Desktop.

From the Modeling tab, select View as.



Select a role you created, and then select OK to apply that role.

The report renders the data relevant for that role.



Select OK.

The report renders based on what that user can see.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/admin/service-admin-rls>

NEW QUESTION: 25

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Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Add synonyms to tables and columns: This step applies specifically to Q&A (and not to Power BI reports in general). Users often have a variety of terms they use to refer to the same thing, such

as total sales, net sales, total net sales. You can add these synonyms to tables and columns in the Power BI model.

This step can be important. Even with straightforward table and column names, users of Q&A ask questions using the vocabulary that first comes to them. They're not choosing from a predefined list of columns. The more sensible synonyms you add, the better your users' experience is with your report.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/natural-language/q-and-a-best-practices>

NEW QUESTION: 26

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Table name	Column name	Data type
Sales	sales_id	Integer
	sales_date	Datetime
	Customer_id	Integer
	sales_amount	Floating
	employee_id	Integer
	sales_ship_date	Datetime
	store_id	Varchar(100)
Employee	employee_id	Integer
	first_name	Varchar(100)
	last_name	Varchar(100)
	employee_photo	Binary

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Answer Area

Employee_id:

Change Type
Delete
Hide
Sort

Employee_photo:

Change Type
Delete
Hide
Sort

Answer:



Reference:

<https://tessellationtech.io/optimizing-power-bi-reports/>

NEW QUESTION: 27

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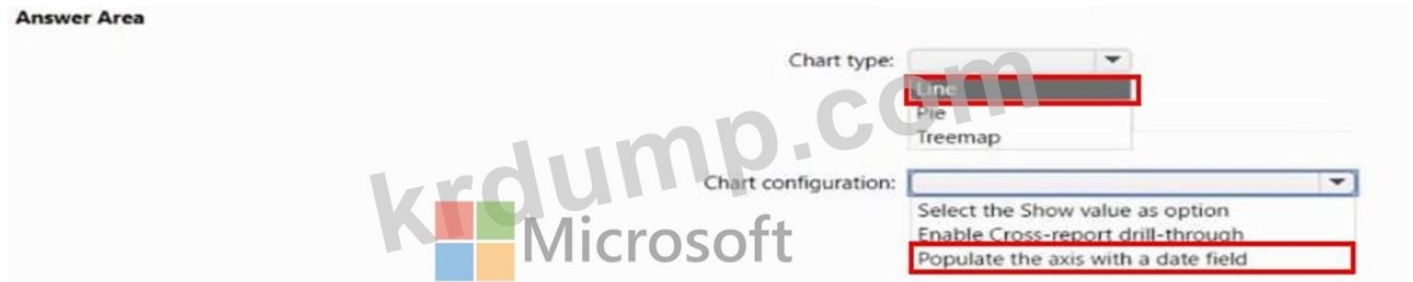
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Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 28

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Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 29

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Answer Area		Yes	No
Statements			
	You need an on-premises data gateway to refresh the semantic model.	☐	☐
	You need to configure a scheduled refresh of the semantic model.	☐	☐
	You can use Basic authentication on the semantic model to connect to the data.	☐	☐

Answer:

Answer Area		Yes	No
Statements			
	You need an on-premises data gateway to refresh the semantic model.	☒	☐
	You need to configure a scheduled refresh of the semantic model.	☒	☐
	You can use Basic authentication on the semantic model to connect to the data.	☐	☒

NEW QUESTION: 30

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Table name	Column name
Transactions	TransactionDate
	ItemsOrdered
	Amount
	TransactionID
Affiliate	AffiliateID
	Name

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Revenue Last 50 Transactions =



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CONCATENATEX
SUM
SUMX
TOPN

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TransactionID]
[Amount],
[ItemsOrdered],
[TransactionDate],

DESC)

)

Answer:

Revenue Last 50 Transactions =

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CALCULATE
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SUM
SUMX
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CALCULATE
CONCATENATEX
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SUMX
TOPN

▼ (50, Transactions, Transactions
CALCULATE
CONCATENATEX
SUM
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TOPN

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TransactionID]
[Amount],
[ItemsOrdered],
[TransactionDate],

DESC)

)



Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dax/topn-function-dax>

NEW QUESTION: 31

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Report name	Data displayed	Data characteristic
Sales Data1	Sales from the start of 2013 to the end of 2015	The company was owned by another company named Contoso, Ltd. from 2013 to 2015
Sales Data2	Sales from the start of 2011 to the end of 2016	The company changed the line of products sold frequently from 2011 to 2016
Sales Data3	Sales from the start of 2016 to the end of 2017	The company hired new management that started in 2016
Sales Data4	Sales from the start of 2011 to the end of 2014	The company was being sued by a competitor from 2011 to 2014

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- B. □□□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- C. □□□ □□□ □□□□ Q&A □ Cortana □□□ □□□□□.
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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

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 Dumps, **30%OFF** Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 32

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Table name	Column name	Description	Data type
Date	Date	Calendar date	Date
	Month	Calendar month	Text
	Year	Calendar year	Integer
Sales	Sale	Sales value	Decimal number
	Date	Calendar date	Date

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 □ □□ = SUM(□□[□□])

Which of the following DAX functions can be used to calculate the number of days between two dates?

- A. `DATE < [Start Date], PARALLELPERIOD([End Date], 1, DAY))`
- B. `TOTALQTD([Start Date], Date[End Date])`
- C. `DATE < [Start Date], DATEADD([End Date], -1, DAY))`
- D. `DATE([Start Date], DATESQTD([End Date]))`

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 33

Phone numbers are stored in a table. The phone numbers are in the format nnn-nnn-nnnn. You need to add a column to the table that contains the phone numbers in the format (nnn) nnn-nnnn. Which of the following DAX formulas can be used to achieve this goal?

```
= Table.AddColumn("#Previous Step", "Custom", each Text.
```

▼
Insert
Remove
Replace
ReplaceRange

```
(Text. ([Phone], 12), " ", "-"))
```

▼
At
End
Middle
Range

Answer:

```
= Table.AddColumn("#Previous Step", "Custom", each Text.
```

▼
Insert
Remove
Replace
ReplaceRange

```
(Text. ([Phone], 12), " ", "-"))
```

▼
At
End
Middle
Range

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerquery-m/text-replace>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerquery-m/text-end>

NEW QUESTION: 34

Azure SQL Database is a fully managed relational database service. It is a cloud-based version of Microsoft SQL Server. It is a fully managed service that allows you to create, manage, and scale your database in the cloud. It is a fully managed service that allows you to create, manage, and scale your database in the cloud.

* Which of the following is a feature of Azure SQL Database?

* ☐ ☐ ☐

* ☐ ☐ ☐

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A. ☐ ☐ ☐

B. ☐

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 35

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User1□ □□□ □□ SharePoint Online□ □ □ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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B. Power BI ☐ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

C. ☐ □□□□□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.

D. ☐ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 36

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Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 37

Power BI. Power BI is a data visualization tool that allows you to create interactive reports and dashboards. It can connect to a variety of data sources, including databases, cloud storage, and web services. Power BI is easy to use and can be used by people with no programming background.

Table name	Source	Description	Column name
Posts	Blog RSS feed	An XML representation of all the blog posts from your company's website	- Publish Date - URL - Title - Full Text - Summary
Traffic	Website logs	Activity data from your company's entire website	- DateTime - URL Visited - IP Address - Browser Agent - Referring URL

URL is a string of text that identifies the location of a resource on the Internet. It is typically written in a standard format, such as `http://www.example.com/`. The URL is used by web browsers to retrieve the resource from the Internet.

Name	Used field	Filter
Top 10 blog posts of all time	Posts[Title] Traffic[DateTime]	None
Top 10 blog posts from the last seven days	Posts[Title] Traffic[DateTime]	Traffic[DateTime] is in the last 7 days
Blog visits over time	Traffic[DateTime] Traffic[URL Visited]	Traffic[URL Visited] contains "blog"
Blog visits over time	Traffic[DateTime] Traffic[URL Visited]	Traffic[URL Visited] contains "blog"
Top 10 external referrals to the blog of all time	Traffic[Referring URL]	Traffic[URL Visited] contains "blog" AND Traffic[Referring URL] does not start with "/"

Power BI is a data visualization tool that allows you to create interactive reports and dashboards. It can connect to a variety of data sources, including databases, cloud storage, and web services. Power BI is easy to use and can be used by people with no programming background.

- A. Traffic [URL] "/" Traffic [URL]
- B. [IP], () [URL]
- C. [] 7 [] []
- D. [] [] []
- E. [URL] "blog" [] [] [] []

Answer: D,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 38

Power BI is a data visualization tool that allows you to create interactive reports and dashboards. It can connect to a variety of data sources, including databases, cloud storage, and web services. Power BI is easy to use and can be used by people with no programming background.

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Country	City
USA	Seattle
USA	New York
USA	Denver
UK	Manchester
UK	London
Japan	Tokyo
Brazil	Rio
Brazil	Sao Paulo

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Answer: A,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

To create a dimension table for Country from your source data, you need to perform these two actions³⁴:

Delete the City column. You don't need this column for your Country dimension, as it is not a descriptive attribute of Country. You can create another dimension table for City if you want to use it in your analysis.

Remove duplicates from the Country column. You want to have a list of unique countries in your dimension table, so you need to remove any duplicate values from this column.

NEW QUESTION: 39

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Answer: A,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

Slicers are another way of filtering. They narrow the portion of the dataset that is shown in the other report visualizations.

By default, slicers on report pages affect all the other visualizations on that page, including each other. Use visual interactions to exclude some page visualizations from being affected by others.

Reference:

NEW QUESTION: 40

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Table name	Column name	Description	Data type
Date	Date	Calendar date	Date
	Month	Calendar month	Text
	Year	Calendar year	Integer
Sales	Sale	Sales value	Decimal number
	Date	Calendar date	Date

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Answer Area

SalesSummary =

ROLLUP (Sales, SUM (Sales[Sales]))

Date[Date]
Date[Year]
Sales[Date]

Answer:

SalesSummary =

ROLLUP (Sales, SUM (Sales[Sales]))

Date[Date]
Date[Year]
Sales[Date]

NEW QUESTION: 41

Microsoft Power Query Desktop□□ PBiX □□□ □□□ □□ Power Query Editor□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.

DataSource. □□: D:\Data.txt □□□ □□ □ □□□□.

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A. □□ □□□ CSV□ □□□□□.

B. □□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□.

C. DataM□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

D. □□□□□ □□□□□ Microsoft OLE DB Provider □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□□□□.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 42

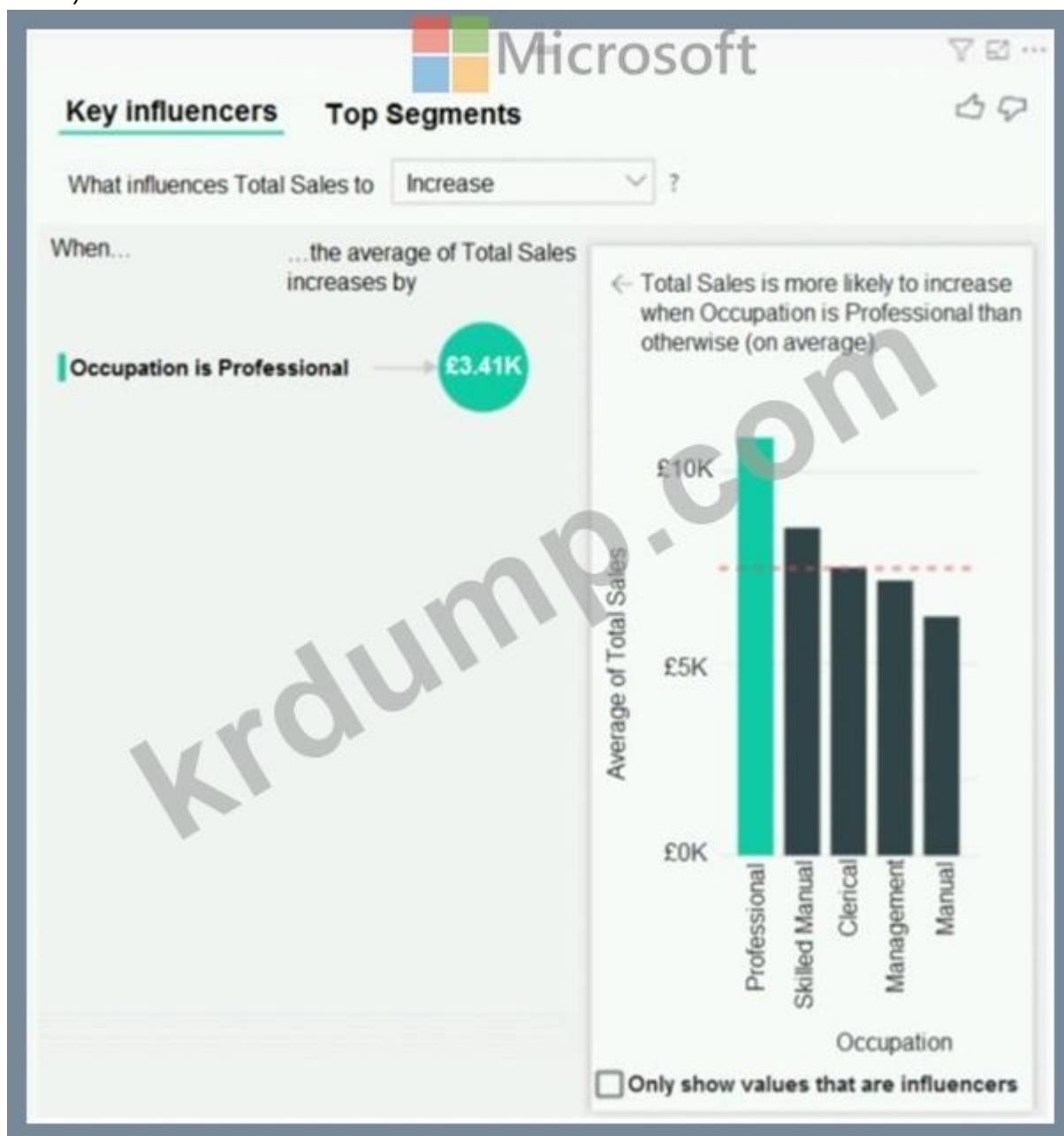
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Analyze: ▼

City
Occupation
Total Sales

Explain by: ▼

City
Occupation
Total Sales

Expand by: ▼

City
Occupation
Total Sales

Answer:

Analyze: ▼

City
Occupation
Total Sales

Explain by: ▼

City
Occupation
Total Sales

Expand by: ▼

City
Occupation
Total Sales

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/visuals/power-bi-visualization-influencers>

NEW QUESTION: 43

Power BI □□□□ □□□□.

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Name	Description
Balances	The table contains daily records of closing balances for every active bank account. The closing balances appear for every day the account is live, including the last day.
Date	The table contains a record per day for the calendar years of 2000 to 2025. There is a hierarchy for financial year, quarter, month, and day.

□□□ □□ DAX □□□□ □□□□.

Accounts :=
CALCULATE (

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
A table visual that displays the date hierarchy at the year level and the [Accounts] measure will show the total number of accounts that were live throughout the year.	☐	☐
A table visual that displays the date hierarchy at the month level and the [Accounts] measure will show the total number of accounts that were live throughout the month.	☐	☐
A table visual that displays the date hierarchy at the day level and the [Accounts] measure will show the total number of accounts that were live that day.	☐	☐

Answer:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
A table visual that displays the date hierarchy at the year level and the [Accounts] measure will show the total number of accounts that were live throughout the year.	☐	☒
A table visual that displays the date hierarchy at the month level and the [Accounts] measure will show the total number of accounts that were live throughout the month.	☐	☒
A table visual that displays the date hierarchy at the day level and the [Accounts] measure will show the total number of accounts that were live that day.	☒	☐

xplanation:

NEW QUESTION: 44

BI Finance□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ BI Data□□ Power BI □□ □□□ □□□□.

81 Finance □□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□. BI

Finance□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.

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A. Power BI Desktop□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□

B. Power BI □□□□□ DirectQuery□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□.

C. Power BI Desktop□□ Dataverse □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

D. Power BI □□□□□ □ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 45

□□ □□ □□□ Power BI □□ □□□ □□□□.

Name	Storage mode	Related table
Date	DirectQuery	Sales, Survey Response
Sales	DirectQuery	Date, Customer
Survey Response	Import	Date, Customer
Customer	DirectQuery	Sales, Survey Response
Geography	DirectQuery	Customer

Which table is the source of the data for the Customer table?

Options: A. Sales B. Survey Response C. Date D. Customer

Correct answer: B. Survey Response

Explanation: The Customer table is a DirectQuery table, which means it does not store data in the data model. Instead, it queries the source data directly. The source data for the Customer table is the Survey Response table, as indicated in the 'Related table' column of the table above.

Answer: B. Survey Response

Answer Area

Customer:

Geography:

Answer:

Answer Area

Customer:

Geography:

NEW QUESTION: 46

Which DAX formula calculates the sum of sales amount for all sales records where the sales amount is greater than 0?

A. `SUMX(FILTER('Sales', 'Sales'[sales_amount] > 0), [Sales Amount])`

B. `IF(ISBLANK(Sales[sales_amount]),0, (Sales[sales_amount]))`

C. `SUM(Sales[sales_amount])`

D. `ABS(Sales[sales_amount])`

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

PL-300-KR         DumpTop                 

NEW QUESTION: 47

9		Utah	15871	221236
10	Mid Atlantic	Maryland	161399	250716
11		New Jersey	76077	351063
12	Midwest	Kansas	75837	278442
13		Missouri	403898	19499
14		Nebraska	62773	71883
15	Pacific	Washington	299344	405026
16		Oregon	197197	191106
17		California	385586	39890

[illegible]

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A screenshot of the Power Query 'Column' dropdown menu. The menu is open, showing a list of columns: 'Jan-24', 'Region', and 'State'. 'Jan-24' is currently selected and highlighted in blue. The dropdown is located in the 'Column' field of the 'Action' pane. The 'Action' pane also shows a list of actions: 'Fill down', 'Fill up', 'Replace the values', and 'Unpivot the column'.

Answer:

Answer Area

Microsoft

Column:

Jan-24
Region
State

Action:

Fill down.
Fill up.
Replace the values.
Unpivot the column.

NEW QUESTION: 48

Power Query ☐☐☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐.

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- A. □□ □□
- B. □□ □□□
- C. □ □□
- D. □□ □□

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Column quality: In this section, we can easily see valid, Error and Empty percentage of data values associated with the Selected table.

Note: In Power Query Editor, Under View tab in Data Preview Section we can see the following data profiling functionalities:

Column quality

Column distribution

Column profile

Reference:

<https://community.powerbi.com/t5/Community-Blog/Data-Profiling-in-Power-BI-Power-BI-Update-April-2019/ba-p/674555>

NEW QUESTION: 49

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- A. Weekly.Returns □□□□□ yyymmdd □□□ date-id□□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □
□ □□□□ Date □□□□□ □□□ □□□□.
- B. □□ DAX □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- C. date-id□ □□□ Date □□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□ Weekly_Return□ □□ □□
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Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Scenario: Region managers require a visual to analyze weekly sales and returns.

To relate the two tables we need a common column.

NEW QUESTION: 50

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- A. □□ □□
- B. □□ □□
- C. □□□ □□□□
- D. Q&A

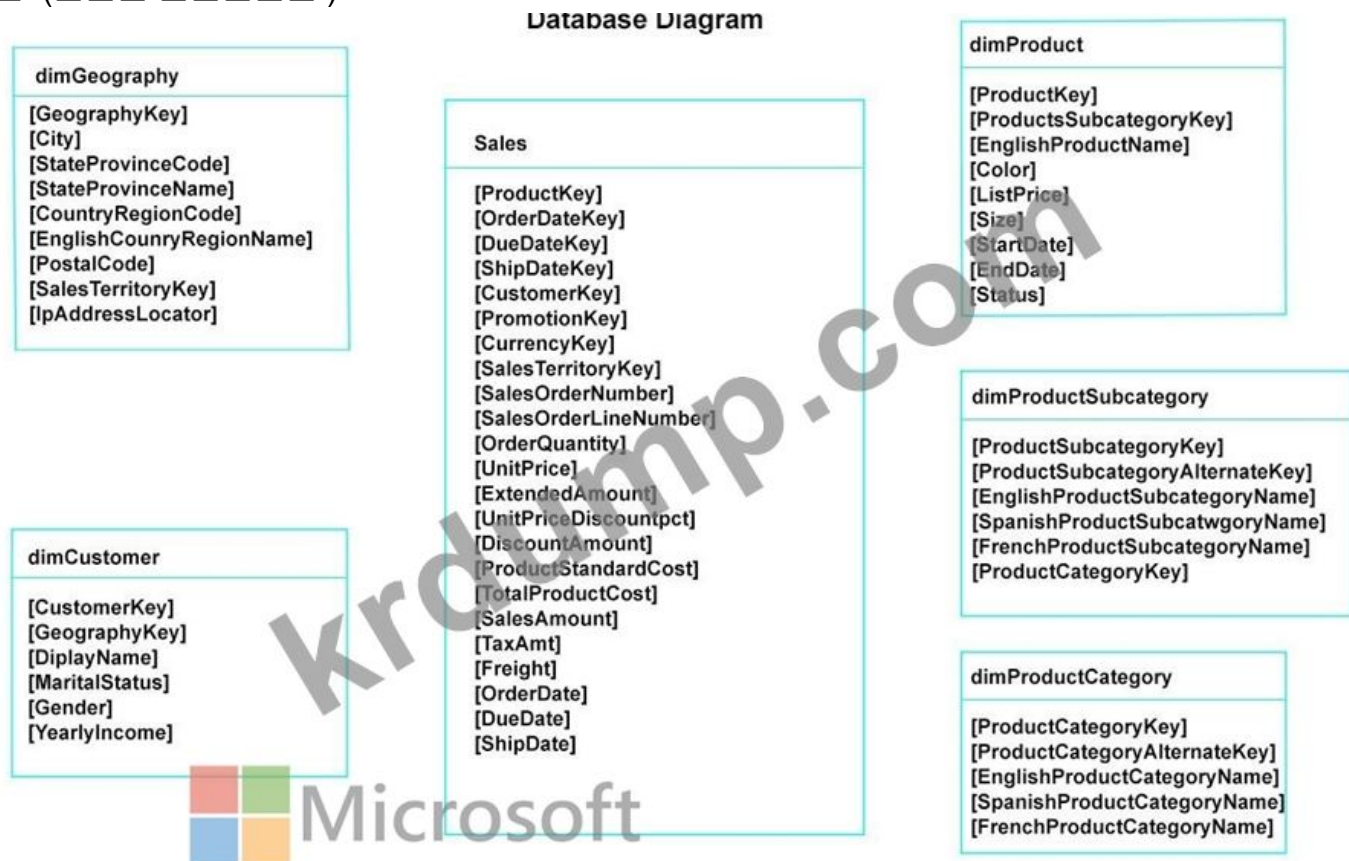
Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 51

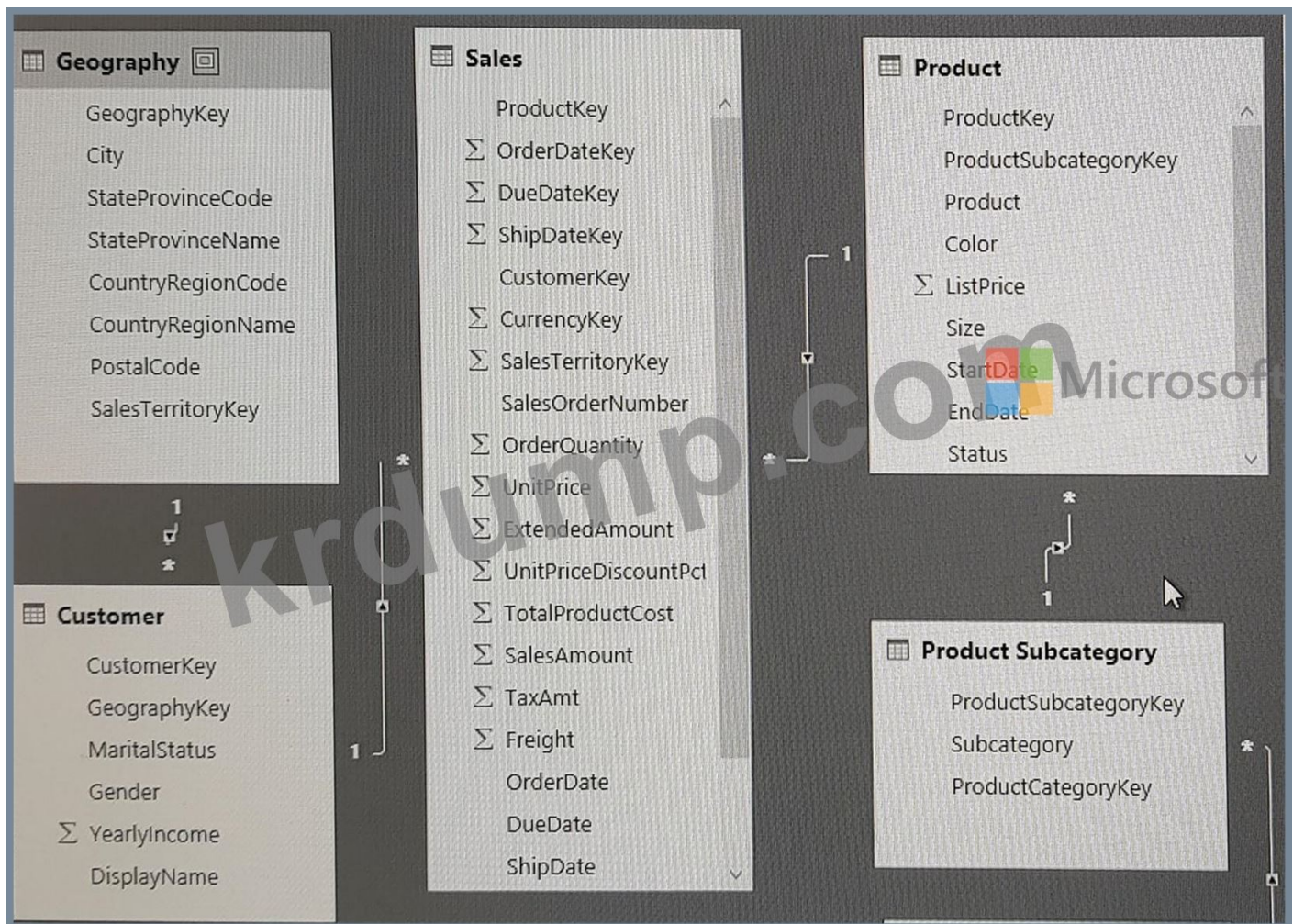
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Power BI 2013 2015 .

[] NULL .

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Power BI .

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Rank	Product	SalesAmount
1	Product3	13,0000
1	Product2	13,0000
2	Product1	12,0000
3	Product5	10,000
3	Product4	10,000

DAX ?

A. = RANKX(ALL, (''), [], , DESC, Dense)

B. = RANKX([], [], , DESC,)

C. = RANKX(ALL, (''), [], , DESC,)

D. = RANKX(ALL(''), [], , Asc, Dense)

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 52

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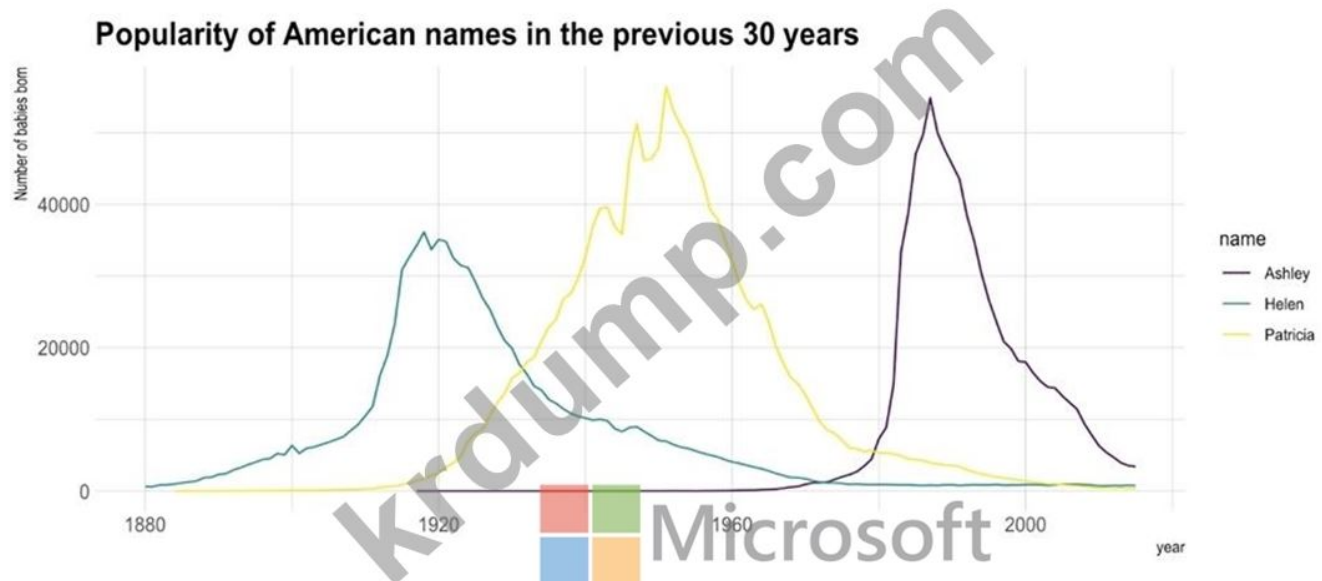
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- A.** □ □ □ □ □ □
- B.** □ □ □ □
- C.** □ □ □ □
- D.** □ □ □ □ □ □

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

A line chart or line graph displays the evolution of one or several numeric variables. Data points are connected by straight line segments. A line chart is often used to visualize a trend in data over intervals of time - a time series - thus the line is often drawn chronologically.

Example:



Incorrect Answers:

A: Stacked area charts are not appropriate to study the evolution of each individual group: it is very hard to subtract the height of other groups at each time point.

Note: A stacked area chart is the extension of a basic area chart. It displays the evolution of the value of several groups on the same graphic. The values of each group are displayed on top of each other, what allows to check on the same figure the evolution of both the total of a numeric variable, and the importance of each group.

Reference:

<https://www.data-to-viz.com/graph/line.html>

NEW QUESTION: 53

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Power Query □□□□ □□□□ Products□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□. Products□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.

ProductCategory	ProductIDList
Bikes	1,2,3,5,7
Components	4,6,8,10
Clothing	9,11,12,13,14

□ □□ ProductCategory□ ProductID□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□. ProductIDList □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□. □□: □□ □□□ 1□□□□.

Answer Area
Microsoft

Split column: By delimiter
By delimiter
By positions
By number of characters

Advanced options: Set Split into to Rows.
Set Split into to Columns.
Set Split into to Rows.
Set Quote character to None.
Set Number of columns to split into to 5.

Answer:
Answer Area

Split column: By delimiter
By delimiter
By positions
By number of characters

Advanced options: Set Split into to Rows.
Set Split into to Columns.
Set Split into to Rows.
Set Quote character to None.
Set Number of columns to split into to 5.

Microsoft

NEW QUESTION: 56

□□ □□□ Power BI □□□ □□□ □□□□□.



Table Filter DAX Expression

[Country] = "USA"

[Email] = userprincipalname()

[Manager] = "CFO"

False()

True()

Answer Area

Human Resources: DAX Expression

Country: DAX Expression

Answer:

Table Filter DAX Expression

[Country] = "USA"

[Email] = userprincipalname()

[Manager] = "CFO"

False()

True()

Answer Area

Human Resources: [Manager] = "CFO"

Country: True()

NEW QUESTION: 57

Power BI Desktop Customer Contacts .
Customer .

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* ID

* .

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* ID

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A. .

B. .

C. .

D. .

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 58

Power BI□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.

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□ □□□□□.

	Column1	Column2	Column3	Column4	Column5	Column6
1	Measure	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
2	Revenue	0.5	0.6	0.55	0.61	0.42
3	Overheads	0.11	0.330410907	0.167055779	0.360178153	0.183179995
4	Cost of Goods	0.204388253	0.165848321	0.25	0.17	0.109073918

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[illegible]

ACTIONS

Rename the Attribute column as Year

Rename the Measure column as Year

Use the first row as headers

Use headers as the first row

Unpivot all the columns other than Measure

Transpose the table

Change the data type of the Year column to Date

Answer Area

Answer:

Answer Area

Use first row as header

Unpivot all columns other than "Measure"

Rename "Attribute" to "Year"

Change data type of "Year" to date (Date > Year)

- 1 - Use first row as header
- 2 - Unpivot all columns other than "Measure"
- 3 - Rename "Attribute" to "Year"
- 4 - Change data type of "Year" to date (Date > Year)

NEW QUESTION: 59

Microsoft Excel

	A	B	C
1	SKU	price	discount
2	P00001	100	0.08
3	P00002	150	0.03
4	P00003	130	#DIV/0!
5	P00004	200	0.06
6	P00005	80	#NAME?
7	P00006	350	#N/A
8	P00007	100	#NULL!
9	P00008	200	0.05
10	P00009	135	#NUM!
11	P00010	90	#REF!
12	P00011	120	#VALUE!

Power Query

* 0.05

*

*

Power Query

A.

B.

C.

D.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 60

Power BI

A.

- D. ☐☐ DirectQuery ☐☐☐ ☐☐**

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 61

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Performance analyzer

Start recording

Refresh visuals

Stop

Clear

Export

Name	Duration (ms)
Recording started (2/5/2024 7:16:11 PM)	-
Refreshed visual	-
Mobility Button	176
Visual display	138
Other	37
Copy query	

Answer Area

The visual that has the slowest load time is [answer choice].

[Answer choice] waits the longest for other visuals to load.

Adoption Button

Exec Sum Selected

August 2024 Active User %

August 2024 Active and Enabled Users

Adoption Button

Exec Sum Selected

August 2024 Active User %

August 2024 Active and Enabled Users

Answer:

Answer Area

The visual that has the slowest load time is [answer choice]

[Answer choice] waits the longest for other visuals to load.

PL-300-KR                         

NEW QUESTION: 62

Microsoft Teams□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□. □ □□ Microsoft Power Apps□ □□□□ □□□□□□□.

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A. □□□ □□

B. □□□□□

C. SQL Server □□□□□□

D. Microsoft Teams □□ □□

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 63

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Answer:

see the explanation for the answer

Explanation:

Answer as selected



NEW QUESTION: 64

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A. □□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□.

B. □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

C. □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□.

D. □ □□ □□□□ □□ Power BI □□□ □□□□ Excel□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ Microsoft OneDrive□ □□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#)**)**

NEW QUESTION: 65

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Answer:

See the answer as below in explanation

Explanation:

Answer as below



NEW QUESTION: 66

Sales Date □□ □ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□. Sales □□□□ Date □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□. Sales □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□.

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□□ DAX □□□□ □□□□ □□□?

A. CALCULATE(SUM(Sales[SalesAmount]), DATEADD(Date[Date], -36, DAY))

B. CALCULATE(SUM(Sales[SalesAmount]), DATESBETWEEN(Date[Date], Max('Date'[Date])-36, Max('Date'[Date])))

C. CALCULATE(SUM(Sales[SalesAmount]), DATESMTD(Date[Date]))

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

[illegible]

- Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ DAX □□□□ □□□□ □□□?

- Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))**

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dax/datesqtd-function-dax>

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Power BI □□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.



There [answer choice] only once.

- are 20 values that occur
- are 365 values that occur
- are 277,329 values that occur
- is one value that occurs

Ash, Green
Crabapple, Flowering
Elm, American
Spruce, Blue

Answer Area



There [answer choice] only once.

- are 20 values that occur
- are 365 values that occur
- are 277,329 values that occur
- is one value that occurs

Ash, Green
Crabapple, Flowering
Elm, American
Spruce, Blue

Power B1□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□
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A. ☐☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐

C. ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

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Microsoft Power BI □ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□□ □□□ 1□ □ □□ □ □□□□ □□ Order□□ □□ Microsoft SQL Server □□□□□□.

□□ □□□□ □□ Order □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

□□ □□: FILTER □□□ □□□□ DAX □□ □□□□□.

□□□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. □

B. □□□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

The filter is applied after the data is imported.

Instead add a WHERE clause to the SQL statement.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/connect-data/service-gateway-sql-tutorial>

NEW QUESTION: 73

□□□ □□□□ □□ Power 81 □□□ □□□ □□□□.

Date, Product, Inventor/□□ □ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□. Inventor/ □□□□ Date □

Product □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□.

Inventor) □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□. □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□. □□□□ □□, □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ DAX □□□□ □□□□ □□□.

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Answer Area

Microsoft

Last Inventory Count =

Calculate

AllSelected

Calculate

CalculateTable

SUM ('Inventory'[QuantityAvailable]),

LastDate

LastDate

LastNonBlankValue

Max

('Date'[Date]))

Answer:

Answer Area



Microsoft

krdump.com

Last Inventory Count =

Calculate (AllSelected) Calculate CalculateTable

SUM ('Inventory'[QuantityAvailable]),

LastDate ('Date'[Date])

LastDate LastNonBlankValue Max

NEW QUESTION: 74

□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?

A. a calculated column that uses the following formula: `IF( ISBLANK(Sales[sales_amount]),0, (Sales[sales_amount]))`

B. a measure that uses the following formula: `SUM(Sales[sales_amount])`

C. a measure that uses the following formula: `SUMX(FILTER('Sales', 'Sales'[sales_amount] > 0)),[sales_amount])`

D. a calculated column that uses the following formula: `ABS(Sales[sales_amount])`

A. □□ B

B. □□ A

C. □□ D

D. □□ C

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 75

□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ Power BI □□□□ □□□□. □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□ □□ □□□?

A. Power BI Desktop□ Canvas □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

B. Power BI Desktop□ Canvas □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

C. Power BI Desktop□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.

D. Power BI □□□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□□.

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 76

Power BI Desktop□ □□□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□. □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□.

SQL Server database

Server ⓘ

mydb.database.windows.net

Database (optional)

db1

Data Connectivity mode ⓘ

☒ Import

☐ DirectQuery

Advanced options

Command timeout in minutes (optional)

Microsoft

SQL statement (optional, requires database)

Microsoft

☒ Include relationship columns

☐ Navigate using full hierarchy

☐ Enable SQL Server Failover support

OK

Cancel

□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□
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The default timeout for the connection from Power BI Desktop to the database will be [answer choice].

unlimited
one minute
10 minutes

The Navigator will display [answer choice].

all the tables
only tables that contain data
only tables that contain hierarchies

Microsoft

Answer:

The default timeout for the connection from Power BI Desktop to the database will be [answer choice].

unlimited
one minute
10 minutes

The Navigator will display [answer choice].

all the tables
only tables that contain data
only tables that contain hierarchies

Microsoft

PL-300-KR □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ DumpTop □□ □□□□ □□□ PL-300-KR □□!
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KR □□□ □□□□□. <https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/PL-300-KR-dump.html> (515 Q&As
Dumps, **30%OFF** Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 77

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DashboardA□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□
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A. □□□□A□□ JSON □□□ □□□□□□.

B. Microsoft Power BI □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□A□ □□□□□.

C. ReportA□ Power BI□ □□□□□.

D. □□□□A□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□.

E. ReportA□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 78

□□ □□□□ □ □ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□.

Quick measures



Calculation

Rolling average ▼

Calculate the average of base value over a certain number of periods before and/or after each date.
[Learn more](#)

Base value ⓘ

Add data fields here

Date ⓘ

Add data fields here

Period ⓘ

Days ▼

Periods before ⓘ

1

Periods after ⓘ

0

Fields

Search

- Customer
- Product
- Sales
 - Date
 - Gross Margin
 - Month
 - MonthNumberOfYear
 - Quarter
 - Sales_SRC
- Time Intelligence
 - Total Cost
 - Total Order Qty
 - Total Sales
 - Total Sales rolling average
 - Unit Price
 - Year

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Answer Area



Base value:

Month
Total Cost
Total Order Qty
Total Sales
Year

Date:

Date
Month
Total Sales
Year

Period:

Days
Months
Quarters
Years

Answer:

Answer Area

Base value:

Month
Total Cost
Total Order Qty
Total Sales
Year

Date:

Date
Month
Total Sales
Year

Period:

Days
Months
Quarters
Years

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/transform-model/desktop-quick-measures>

NEW QUESTION: 79

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* □□(□□_ID, □□_□□)

* □□(□□_ID, □□_□□, □□_ID, □□_□□_ID, □□_□□)

* □□□□(□□□□_ID, □□□□_□□, □□)

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Measure1 = DISTINCTCOUNT(□□[□□ID])

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Name	Data type
Class ID	Bigint
Class Name	Varchar(200)
Class Subject	Varchar(100)
Teacher ID	Int
Teacher First Name	Varchar(100)
Teacher Last Name	Varchar(100)
Period Number	Tinyint
School Year	Varchar(50)
Period Start Time	Time
Period End Time	Time

□□ □□□ ID □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

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□□ □□(First Name)□ □□ □□(Time Number) □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□

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Answer Area

Teacher First Name:

Period Number:

Attendance fact
Class dimension
Teacher dimension
Teacher fact

Attendance fact
Class dimension
Period dimension
Period fact

Answer:

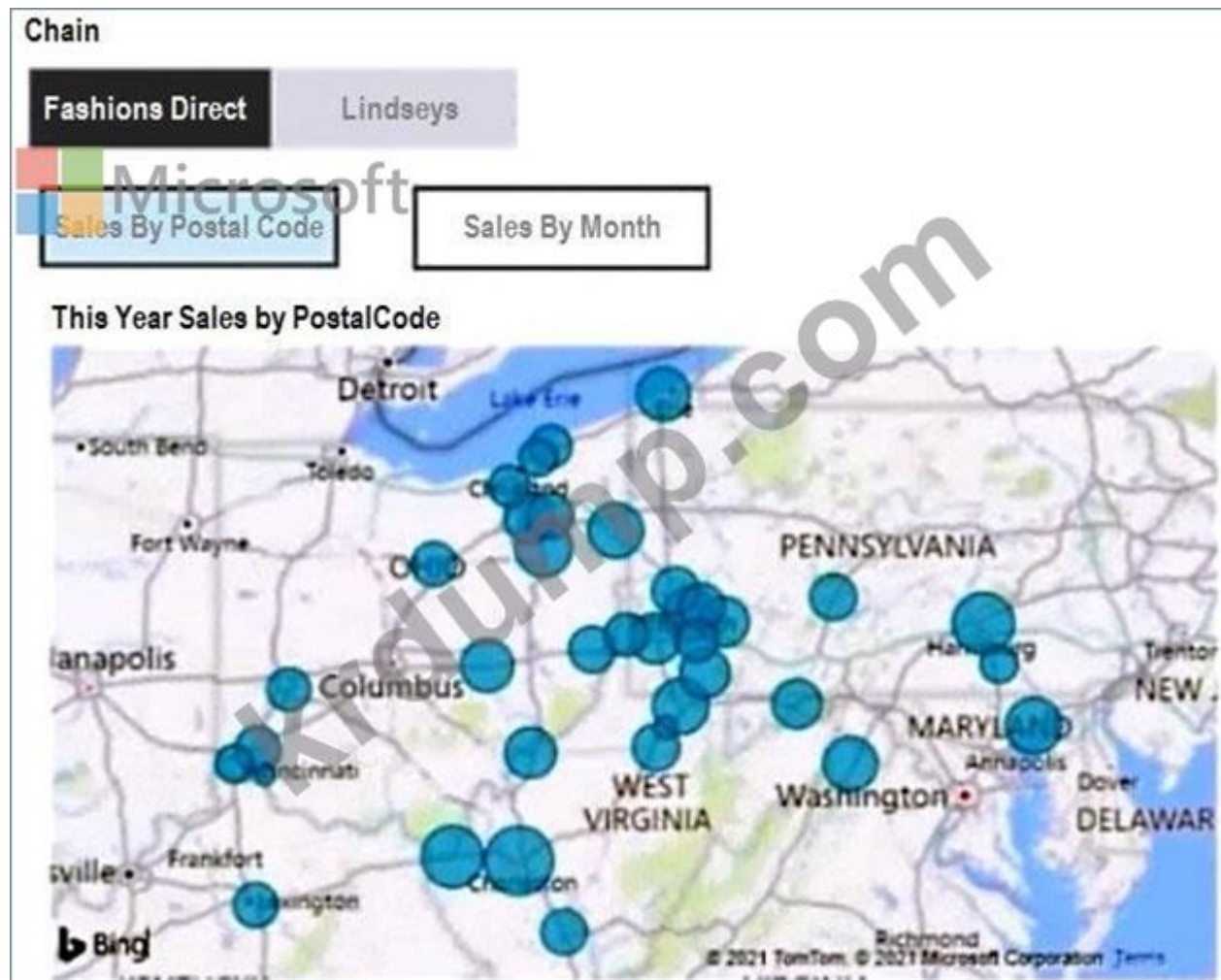
Power BI □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □ □□□□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □
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[illegible]

Chain

Fashions Direct Lindseys  Microsoft

Lindseys

Sales By Month

\$3M



\$0M

Jan

Feb

Mar

Apr

May

Jun

Jul

Aug

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Answer Area

Minimum number of bookmarks:

1
2
3
4

Property:

Date

1

2

3

4

Property:

Data

Display

Current page

Answer:

Minimum number of bookmarks:

1
2
3
4

Property:

Data
Display
Current page

NEW QUESTION: 82

You are working on a Power BI report. The report has four pages. The first page is the home page. The second page is a filter page. The third page is a table page. The fourth page is a chart page. You want to add a report-level filter to filter an entire report. The filter should be applied to all pages in the report. Which property should you set for the filter?

- A. Data
- B. Display
- C. Current page
- D. All pages
- E. All reports

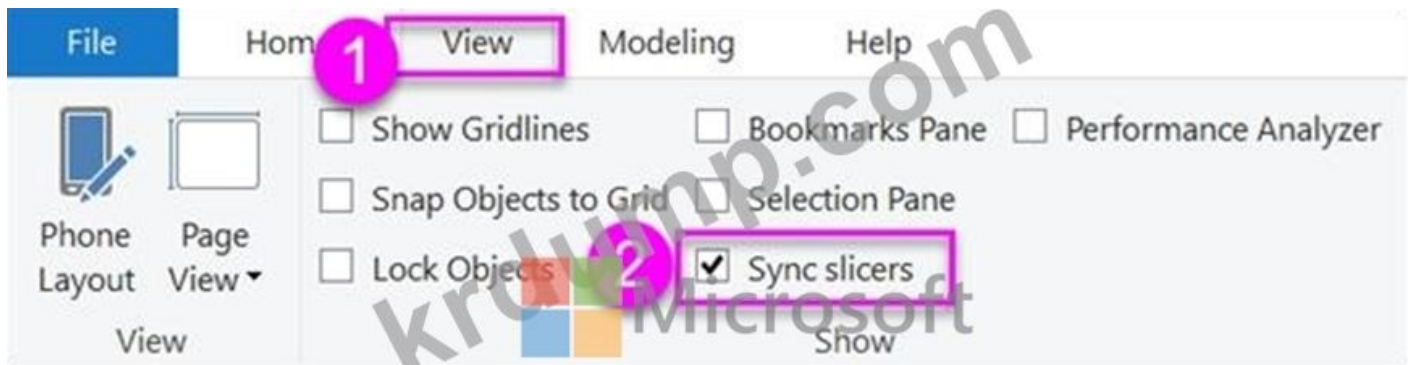
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Add a report-level filter to filter an entire report.

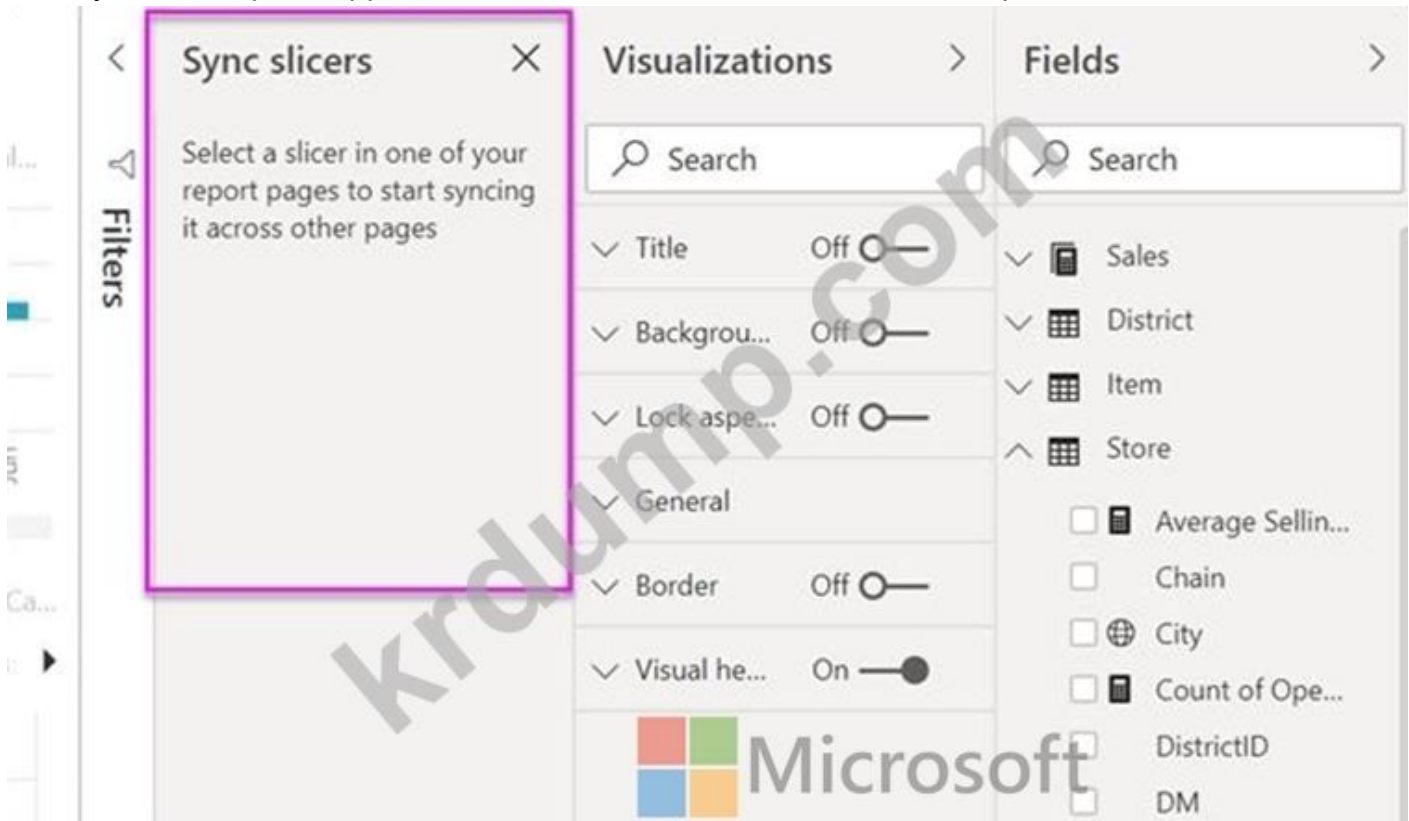
The visuals on the active page, and on all pages in the report, change to reflect the new filter.

You can sync a slicer and use it on any or all pages in a report.

1. On the Power BI Desktop View menu, select Sync slicers.



The Sync slicers pane appears between the Filters and Visualizations panes.



Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/create-reports/power-bi-report-add-filter>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/visuals/power-bi-visualization-slicers>

NEW QUESTION: 83

Sales, Product, Date [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] Microsoft Power BI [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 Sales [Blank] [Blank] Sales [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Total Sales] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 [Blank] ProductCategoryName [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 [Blank] ProductCategoryName [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank]. [Blank] [Blank], ProductCategoryName [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 [Blank] [Blank], ProductCategoryName [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] 100% [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank]? [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 [Blank] [Blank] [Blank], [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] [Blank].
 [Blank]: [Blank] [Blank] [Blank] 1 [Blank] [Blank].

Values

ALL

ALLSELECTED

CALCULATE

CALCULATETABLE

CURRENTGROUP

DIVIDE

SUMMARIZE

TOPN

Answer Area

Product Category % of Total 2 =

([Total Sales],

([Total Sales] ,

(

Product[ProductCategoryName])))

Answer:

Values

ALL

ALLSELECTED

CALCULATE

CALCULATETABLE

CURRENTGROUP

DIVIDE

SUMMARIZE

TOPN

Answer Area

Product Category % of Total 2 =

DIVIDE ([Total Sales],

CALCULATE ([Total Sales] ,

ALLSELECTED (

Product[ProductCategoryName])))

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dax/allselected-function-dax>

NEW QUESTION: 84

Microsoft Stream

Microsoft Power BI ☐☐☐☐☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐☐☐ ☐☐.

☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐?

A. ☐☐☐

B. ☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐

C. ☐☐ ☐☐

D. ☐ ☐☐☐

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/stream/portal-embed-video>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/create-reports/service-dashboard-add-widget#add-web-content>

NEW QUESTION: 85

☐☐ ☐ ☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐. Power BI Desktop ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐?

A. ☐ ☐☐☐ ☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐. Orders ☐☐☐ OrderDate ☐ ☐ ☐☐ ☐☐
☐, Orders ☐☐☐ ShippedDate ☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐.

B. Power Query ☐☐ Orders ☐☐☐ ☐ ☐☐☐ OrderDate ☐ ☐☐ ☐ ☐☐☐.

C. Power BI Desktop ☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐.

D. Power Query ☐☐ DAX ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ Orders ☐☐☐ ☐ ☐☐☐ OrderDate ☐ ☐
☐ ☐, OrderDate ☐ ☐ ☐, ShippedDate ☐ ☐ ☐, ShippedDate ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐
☐.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#)**)**

NEW QUESTION: 86

Power BI ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐.

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B. ☐☐☐ ☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐ ☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐.

C. ☐☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐.

D. ☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐.

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 87

☐☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐ ☐ ☐ ☐☐ ☐☐ DAX ☐☐☐ ☐☐
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The screenshot shows a DAX formula editor with a 'Values' pane on the left and an 'Answer Area' on the right. The 'Values' pane contains buttons for AND, IF, ISFILTERED, KEEPFILTERS, SUM, and SUMX. The 'Answer Area' contains the following formula:

```
Total Projected Revenue =
    Value (
        NOT (
            Value ( 'Date'[Date] ) ),
        Value ( Projection[Revenue Projection] )
    )
```

Answer:

The screenshot shows a DAX formula editor with a 'Values' pane on the left and an 'Answer Area' on the right. The 'Values' pane contains buttons for AND, IF, ISFILTERED, KEEPFILTERS, SUM, and SUMX. The 'Answer Area' contains the following formula:

```
Total Projected Revenue =
    IF
        NOT ( ISFILTERED ( 'Date'[Date] ) ),
        SUM ( Projection[Revenue Projection] )
```

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dax/isfiltered-function-dax>

NEW QUESTION: 88

Customer□ Address□□ □ □□ Microsoft Excel □□□□ Power Query□ □□□□□.

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Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 89

Power 81 Desktop□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□
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Power Query □□□□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□
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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 90

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□□ □□: SQL □□ WHERE □□ □□□□□.

□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ ?

- A. ☐ ☐ ☐
- B. ☐

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 91

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Answer Area

Changing the [answer choke] setting of the relationships will improve report query performance.

▼
Cardinality
Cross filter direction
Assume Referential Integrity

The data model is organized into a [answer choice].

▼
star schema
snowflake schema
denormalized table



NEW QUESTION: 94

Q: I have a Power BI report that uses a data source connected to a Microsoft Excel file. The report is slow to load. I want to improve the performance of the report. Which of the following settings should I change?

Microsoft Excel data source settings: DataSourceExcel, MaxConnections, MaxQueryLength, MaxQueryTimeout.

A. MaxConnections. B. MaxQueryLength. C. MaxQueryTimeout. D. DataSourceExcel.

Q: I have a Power BI report that uses a data source connected to a Microsoft Excel file. The report is slow to load. I want to improve the performance of the report. Which of the following settings should I change?

A. MaxConnections. B. MaxQueryLength. C. MaxQueryTimeout. D. DataSourceExcel.

A. MaxConnections

B. MaxQueryLength

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

Instead modify the source step of the queries to use DataSourceExcel as the file path.

Note: Parameterising a Data Source could be used in many different use cases. From connecting to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

Reference:

<https://www.biinsight.com/power-bi-desktop-query-parameters-part-1/>

NEW QUESTION: 95

Q: I have a Power BI report that uses a data source connected to a Microsoft Excel file. The report is slow to load. I want to improve the performance of the report. Which of the following settings should I change?

A. sales.regionjd Weekly>Returns DAX B. Region Sales.Region C. MaxConnections D. MaxQueryLength

B. Region Sales.Region

C. MaxConnections

D. MaxQueryLength

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 96

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□□ □□: SQL □□ WHERE □□ □□□□□.

□□□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. □

B. □□□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

The WHERE clause has its effects before the data is imported.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/connect-data/service-gateway-sql-tutorial>

NEW QUESTION: 97

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ACTIONS

From powerbi.com, assign the analysts the Contributor role to the workspace.

From powerbi.com, add role members to the roles.

From Power BI Desktop, add a Table Filter DAX Expression to the roles.

From Power BI Desktop, create four roles.

From Power BI Desktop, publish the dataset to powerbi.com.

Answer Area

Microsoft

Answer:

Answer Area

Microsoft

From Power BI Desktop, publish the dataset to powerbi.com.

From Power BI Desktop, create four roles.

From Power BI Desktop, add a Table Filter DAX....

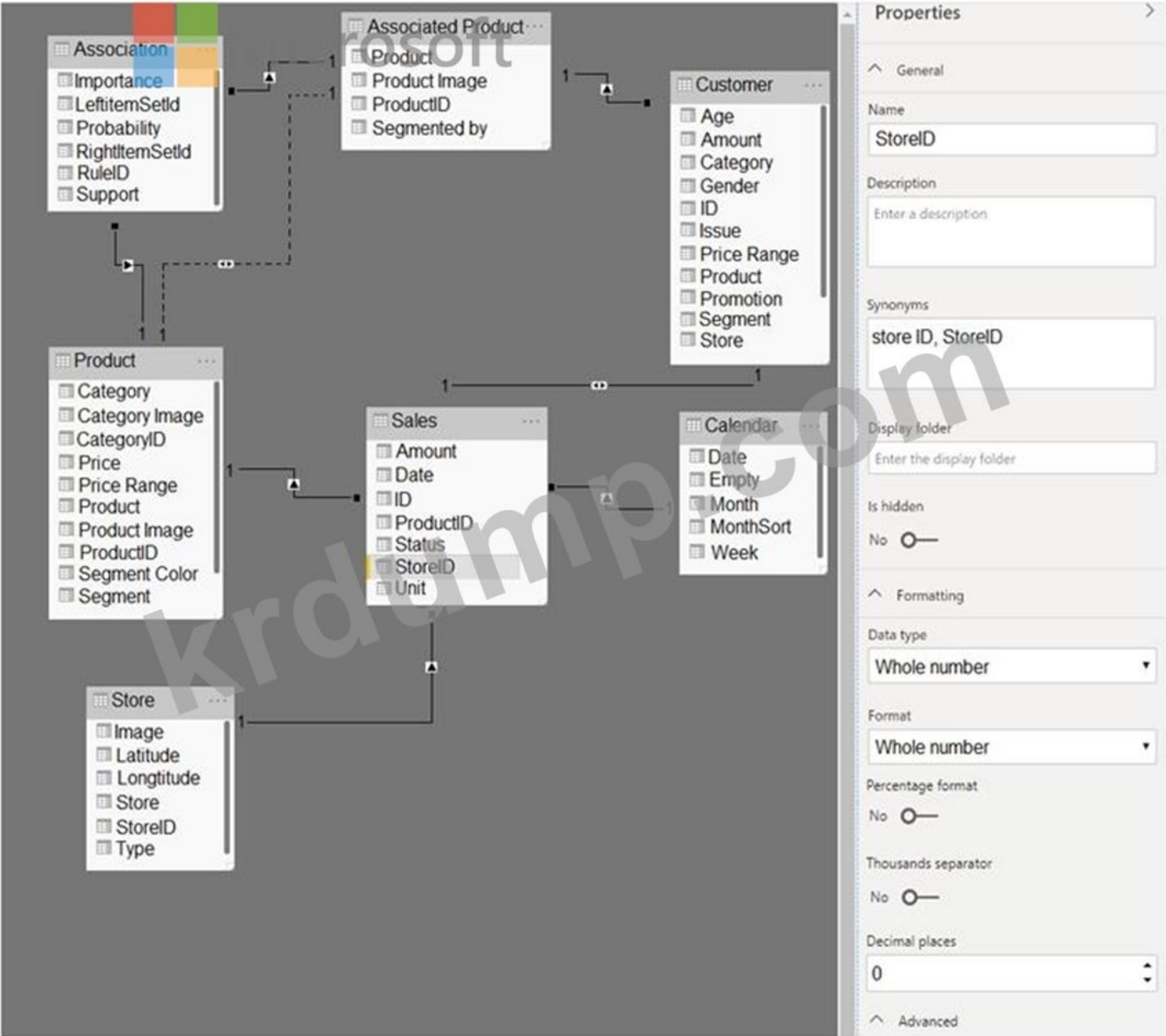
From powerbi.com, add role members to the roles

1 - From Power BI Desktop, publish the dataset to powerbi.com.

- 2 - From Power BI Desktop, create four roles.
- 3 - From Power BI Desktop, add a Table Filter DAX....
- 4 - From powerbi.com, add role memebers to the roles

NEW QUESTION: 98

□□ □□□ Power BI □□□ □□□ □□□□□.



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When a table visual is added to a blank report page and populated by using the StoreID field from the Sales table, a [answer choice] is displayed.

- distinct count of the StoreID values
- list of all the StoreID values
- list of the distinct StoreID values
- sum of the StoreID values

Adding a page filter of Sales[StoreID] = 1 will filter the values displayed on the page from [answer choice].



- all the tables related to the Sales table
- only the Sales table
- only the Store table
- the Sales table and the Customer table

Answer:

When a table visual is added to a blank report page and populated by using the StoreID field from the Sales table, a [answer choice] is displayed.

- distinct count of the StoreID values
- list of all the StoreID values
- list of the distinct StoreID values
- sum of the StoreID values

Adding a page filter of Sales[StoreID] = 1 will filter the values displayed on the page from [answer choice].



- all the tables related to the Sales table
- only the Sales table
- only the Store table
- the Sales table and the Customer table

NEW QUESTION: 99

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- A. □□ □□
- B. □□□□□
- C. □□

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

HIGHLIGHT as the question required us to "you see which portion of the total sales for the month belongs to the customer segment" -- in order to see WHICH portion, you need to still see the whole visual, highlight is most appropriate. If the requirement stated to ONLY SEE THE PORTION IT RELATES TO then filter would be appropriate.

NEW QUESTION: 100

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- A.** ☐☐ ☐☐
- B.** ☐☐ ☐☐
- C.** ☐☐☐
- D.** ☐☐ ☐☐

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Outliers are those data points that lie outside the overall pattern of distribution & the easiest way to detect outliers is through graphs. Box plots, Scatter plots can help detect them easily.

Reference:

<https://towardsdatascience.com/this-article-is-about-identifying-outliers-through-funnel-plots-using-the-microsoft-power-bi-d7ad16ac9ccc>

NEW QUESTION: 101

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- A.** Sales[region_id] □ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- B.** Sales □□□□ sum(sales_amount) □ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- C.** sales[sales_id] □ □□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.
- D.** □□ [region_id] □ □□□ □□□ 10□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Scenario: Executives require a visual that shows sales by region.

Need to change the sales_id column from Varchar to Whole Number (Integer).

Topic 3, Northwind Traders

Overview

This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all question included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other question on this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question on this case study, click the Next button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirements, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an All Information tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the Question button to return to the question.

Overview. General Overview

Northwind Traders is a specialty food import company.

The company recently implemented Power BI to better understand its top customers, products, and suppliers.

Overview. Business Issues

The sales department relies on the IT department to generate reports in Microsoft SQL Server Reporting Services (SSRS). The IT department takes too long to generate the reports and often misunderstands the report requirements.

Existing Environment. Data Sources

Northwind Traders uses the data sources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Data size
Source1	Azure SQL database	2 GB
Source2	Microsoft Excel spreadsheet	5 MB

Source2 is exported daily from a third-party system and stored in Microsoft SharePoint Online.

Existing Environment. Customer Worksheet

Source2 contains a single worksheet named Customer Details. The first 11 rows of the worksheet are shown in the following table.

CustomerID	CustomerCRMID	CompanyName	Address	City	Region	PostalCode	Country	Phone
1	ALFKI	Alfreds Futterkiste	Obere Str. 57	Berlin	DE	12209	Germany	030-0074321
2	ANATR	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Avda. de la Constitución 2222	México D.F.	MX	5021	Mexico	(5) 555-4729
3	ANTON	Antonio Moreno Taquería	Mataderos 2312	México D.F.	MX	5023	Mexico	(5) 555-3932
4	AROUT	Around the Horn	120 Hanover Sq.	London	UK	WA1 1DP	UK	(171) 555-7788
5	BERGS	Berglunds snabbköp	Berguvsvägen 8	Luleå	SWE	S-958 22	Sweden	0921-12 34 65
6	BLAUS	Blauer See Delikatessen	Forsterstr. 57	Mannheim	DE	68306	Germany	0621-08460
7	BLONP	Blondel's père et fils	24, place Kléber	Strasbourg	FRA	67000	France	88.60.15.31
8	BOLID	Bólido Comidas preparadas	C/ Araquil, 67	Madrid	SPN	28023	Spain	(91) 555 22 82
9	BONAP	Bon app'	12, rue des Bouchers	Marseille	FRA	13008	France	91.24.45.40
10	BOTTM	Bottom-Dollar Markets	23 Tsawassen Blvd.	Tsawassen	BC	T2F 8M4	Canada	(604) 555-4729

All the fields in Source2 are mandatory.

The Address column in Customer Details is the billing address, which can differ from the shipping address.

Existing Environment. Azure SQL Database

Source1 contains the following table:

Orders

Products

Suppliers

Categories

Order Details

Sales Employees

The Orders table contains the following columns.

Name	Is nullable	Data type	Example value	Key
OrderID	No	Int	10248	Primary key
CustomerID	Yes	NCHAR	VINET	Not applicable
OrderDate	Yes	Date	2021-01-04	Not applicable
RequiredDate	Yes	Date	2021-02-01	Not applicable
ShippedDate	Yes	Date	2021-01-16	Not applicable
Freight	Yes	Decimal	32.38	Not applicable
ShipName	Yes	NVARCHAR	Vins et alcools Chevalier	Not applicable
ShipAddress	Yes	NVARCHAR	59 rue de l'Abbaye	Not applicable
ShipCity	Yes	NVARCHAR	Reims	Not applicable
ShipRegion	Yes	NVARCHAR	FRA	Not applicable
ShipPostalCode	Yes	NVARCHAR	511000	Not applicable
ShipCountry	Yes	NVARCHAR	France	Not applicable

The Order Details table contains the following columns.

Name	Is nullable	Data type	Example value	Key
ProductID	No	Int	11	Primary key
ProductName	No	NVARCHAR	Queso Cabrales	Not applicable
SupplierID	Yes	Int	5	Foreign key to Suppliers
CategoryID	Yes	Int	4	Foreign key to Categories
QuantityPerUnit	Yes	NVARCHAR	1 kg pkg.	Not applicable
Discontinued	No	Bit	0	Not applicable

The address in the Orders table is the shipping address, which can differ from the billing address.

The Products table contains the following columns.

Name	Is nullable	Data type	Example value	Key
ProductID	No	Int	11	Primary key
ProductName	No	NVARCHAR	Queso Cabrales	Not applicable
SupplierID	Yes	Int	5	Foreign key to Suppliers
CategoryID	Yes	Int	4	Foreign key to Categories
QuantityPerUnit	Yes	NVARCHAR	1 kg pkg.	Not applicable
Discontinued	No	Bit	0	Not applicable

The Categories table contains the following columns.

Name	Is nullable	Data type	Example value	Key
CategoryID	No	int	4	Primary key
CategoryName	No	nvarchar	Dairy Products	Not applicable
Description	Yes	nvarchar	Cheeses	Not applicable

The Suppliers table contains the following columns.

Name	Is nullable	Data type	Example value	Key
SupplierID	No	Int	5	Primary key
CompanyName	No	NVARCHAR	Cooperativa de Quesos 'Las Cabras'	Not applicable
Address	Yes	NVARCHAR	Calle del Rosal 4	Not applicable
City	Yes	NVARCHAR	Oviedo	Not applicable
Region	Yes	NVARCHAR	Asturias	Not applicable
PostalCode	Yes	NVARCHAR	33007	Not applicable
Country	Yes	NVARCHAR	Spain	Not applicable
Phone	Yes	NVARCHAR	(98) 598 76 54	Not applicable

The Sales Employees table contains the following columns.

Name	Is nullable	Data type	Example value	Key
EmployeeID	No	Int	1	Primary key
LastName	No	NVARCHAR	Davolio	Not applicable
FirstName	No	NVARCHAR	Nancy	Not applicable
Title	Yes	NVARCHAR	Sales Representative	Not applicable
HireDate	Yes	Date	2015-02-01	Not applicable
Region	Yes	NVARCHAR	WA	Not applicable
Country	Yes	NVARCHAR	USA	Not applicable
EmailAddress	No	NVARCHAR	ndavolio@northwindtraders.com	Not applicable

Each employee in the Sales Employees table is assigned to one sales region. Multiple employees can be assigned to each region.

Requirements. Report Requirements

Northwind Traders requires the following reports:

Top Products

Top Customers

On-Time Shipping

The Top Customers report will show the top 20 customers based on the highest sales amounts in a selected order month or quarter, product category, and sales region.

The Top Products report will show the top 20 products based on the highest sales amounts sold in a selected order month or quarter, sales region, and product category. The report must also show which suppliers provide the top products.

The On-Time Shipping report will show the following metrics for a selected shipping month or quarter:

The percentage of orders that were shipped late by country and shipping region
Customers that had multiple late shipments during the last quarter
Northwind Traders defines late orders as those shipped after the required shipping date.

The warehouse shipping department must be notified if the percentage of late orders within the current month exceeds 5%.

The reports must show historical data for the current calendar year and the last three calendar years.

Requirements. Technical Requirements

Northwind Traders identifies the following technical requirements:

A single dataset must support all three reports.

The reports must be stored in a single Power BI workspace.

Report data must be current as of 7 AM Pacific Time each day.

The reports must provide fast response times when users interact with a visualization.

The data model must minimize the size of the dataset as much as possible, while meeting the report requirements and the technical requirements.

Requirements. Security Requirements

Access to the reports must be granted to Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) security groups only.

An Azure AD security group exists for each department.

The sales department must be able to perform the following tasks in Power BI:

Create, edit, and delete content in the reports.

Manage permissions for workspaces, datasets, and report.

Publish, unpublish, update, and change the permissions for an app.

Assign Azure AD groups role-based access to the reports workspace.

Users in the sales department must be able to access only the data of the sales region to which they are assigned in the Sales Employees table.

Power BI has the following row-level security (RLS) Table filter DAX expression for the Sales Employees table.

[EmailAddress] = USERNAME()

RLS will be applied only to the sales department users. Users in all other departments must be able to view all the data.

NEW QUESTION: 102

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- A. DAX □□ □
- B. Power Query □□□
- C. □□ □□□
- D. □□ □□

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 103

Azure DevOps□ Analytics□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □□ Power BI Desktop□ □□□ □□□□□. Power BI Desktop□□ Azure DevOps□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. * Analytics □□ □□□□□. * □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□. □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□?

- A. OData □□
- B. Azure DevOps(□□ □□)
- C. OData □□
- D. Azure DevOps Server(□□ □□)

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 104

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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 105

Microsoft Power Query Desktop□ □□□□ Power Query □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□. □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□□.

- C. CustomerKey □ ProductKey □□ □□□□□.
- D. SalesOrderNumber□ □□□ □□□ 10□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A,B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 108

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Answer Area

You used [answer choice] on the Date table.

Configuring the Mark as date table setting for the Date table will remove [answer choice].

the Date table

the MonthEndDate date hierarchy from the Date table

the MonthStartDate column

Answer:

Answer Area

You used [answer choice] on the Date table.

Configuring the Mark as date table setting for the Date table will remove [answer choice].

the Date table

the MonthEndDate date hierarchy from the Date table

the MonthStartDate column

NEW QUESTION: 109

- Azure Blob □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
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- B. □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□□.
- C. □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□.
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Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

The Power BI service partitions data based on date range. This is what enables only certain partitions to be refreshed incrementally. To make this work, the partition filter conditions are

pushed down to the source system by including them in the queries. Using Power Query terminology, this is called "query folding". It is not recommended that incremental refresh is used when the required query folding cannot take place.

Reference:

<https://powerbi.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/incremental-refresh-query-folding/>

NEW QUESTION: 110

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B. □

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 111

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Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

R visuals in the Power BI service have a few limitations including:

Data size limitations - data used by the R visual for plotting is limited to 150,000 rows. If more than 150,000 rows are selected, only the top 150,000 rows are used and a message is displayed on the image. Additionally, the input data has a limit of 250 MB.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/visuals/service-r-visuals>

NEW QUESTION: 112

Microsoft Power BI □□□□ □□□□. PBIX □□ □□□ 550MB□□□. □ □□□□

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C. □□□ □□□ □□□ DirectQuery□ □□□□□.

D. □□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

DirectQuery: No data is imported or copied into Power BI Desktop.

Import: The selected tables and columns are imported into Power BI Desktop. As you create or interact with a visualization, Power BI Desktop uses the imported data.

Benefits of using DirectQuery

There are a few benefits to using DirectQuery:

DirectQuery lets you build visualizations over very large datasets, where it would otherwise be unfeasible to first import all the data with pre-aggregation.

Underlying data changes can require a refresh of data. For some reports, the need to display current data can require large data transfers, making reimporting data unfeasible. By contrast, DirectQuery reports always use current data.

The 1-GB dataset limitation doesn't apply to DirectQuery.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/connect-data/desktop-use-directquery>

NEW QUESTION: 113

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Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 114

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Sales =

CALCULATE
CALCULATETABLE
MAX
SUM

[Sales],

CROSSFILTER
FILTER
ISFILTERED
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('Unit'[Color] = "blue")



Answer:

Sales =

CALCULATE
CALCULATETABLE
MAX
SUM

[Sales],

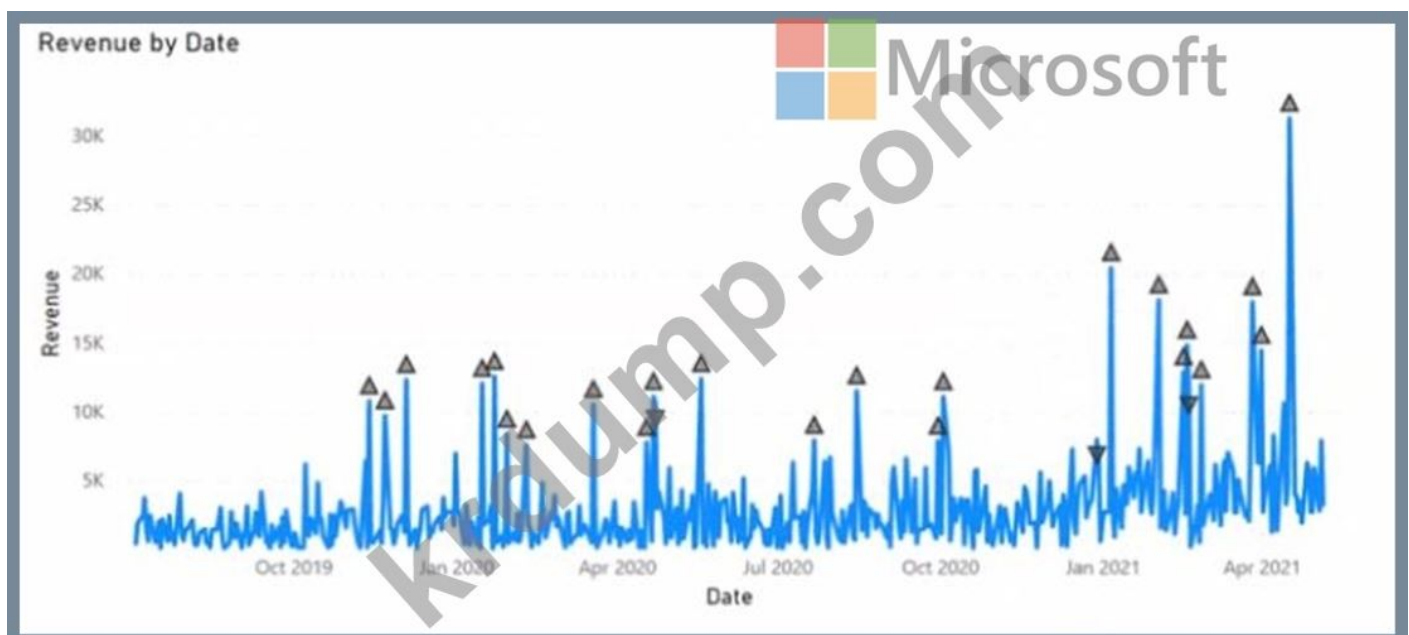
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('Unit'[Color] = "blue")



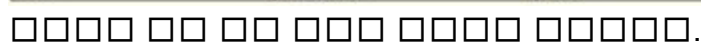
NEW QUESTION: 115

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Answer:

Answer Area



State (Sales)	Type	Sales
CA	Internet	60
CA	Store	80
TX	Store	400
WA	Internet	150
WA	Store	100

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Answer Area

Statements

In the Sales table, you can write a DAX expression that uses the RELATED() function to get data from the CityData table. ☐ Yes ☐ No

A DAX expression of sales_total = CALCULATE(SUM(Sales[Sales]), ALL(Sales)) will produce the correct total sales value for each state, based on the data model. ☐ Yes ☐ No

A table visualization that uses CityData[State] and Sales[Sales] will contain sales from the state of TX. ☐ Yes ☐ No

Answer:

Answer Area

Statements

In the Sales table, you can write a DAX expression that uses the RELATED() function to get data from the CityData table. ☒ Yes ☐ No

A DAX expression of sales_total = CALCULATE(SUM(Sales[Sales]), ALL(Sales)) will produce the correct total sales value for each state, based on the data model. ☒ Yes ☐ No

A table visualization that uses CityData[State] and Sales[Sales] will contain sales from the state of TX. ☐ Yes ☒ No

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dax/related-function-dax>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dax/calculate-function-dax>

NEW QUESTION: 118

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Answer:

See the explanatio for answer

Explanation:

Answer is as below:

Indicator: Sales[sales_amount] ▼

Trend axis: Date[month] ▼

Target goals: Targets[sales_target] ▼

NEW QUESTION: 119

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- A.** □ □□□□□ Microsoft Office 2016□ □□□□□ □□□□□.
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D. Power BI □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 120

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Microsoft Power BI Desktop□□ □□□ □□ □□□?

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- B.** SharePoint Online □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ URL□ □□□□□. □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□.
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Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

We have to import Excel files from SharePoint, so we need the connector SharePoint folder which is used to get access to the files stored in the library. SharePoint list is a collection of content that has rows and columns (like a table) and is used for task lists, calendars, etc. Since we have to filter only on manufacturing reports, we have to select Transform and then filter by the corresponding folder path.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-query/connectors/sharepointlist>

NEW QUESTION: 121

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- A.** ShipDate□□ □□ □□ □□□, Sales[sales_date_id]□□ Date[date_id]□□ □□□ □□, Sales[sales_ship_date_id]□□ ShipDate[date_id]□□ □□□ □□
- B.** ShipDate□□ □□ □□ □□□, Sales[sales_date_id]□□ Date[date_id]□□ □□□ □□, Sales[sales_ship_date_id]□□ ShipDate[date_id]□□ □□□ □□
- C.** Date[date_id]□□ Sales[sales_date_id]□□□ □□□ □□ □ Date[date_id]□□ Weekly_Returns[week_id]□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□
- D.** Sales[sales_date_id]□□ Date[date_id]□□ □□□ □□ □ Sales[sales_ship_date_id]□□ Date[date_id]□□ □□□ □□
- E.** Date[date_id]□□ Sales[sales_date_id]□□ □□□ □□□ Date[date_id]□□ Sales[sales_ship_date_id]□□ □ □□ □□□ □□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Scenario: The customer service department requires a visual that can be filtered by both sales month and ship month independently.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/transform-model/desktop-relationships-understand>

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NEW QUESTION: 122

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Table name	Column name
Customer	CustomerID (primary key)
	Name
	State
	Email
Transaction	TransactionID (primary key)
	CustomerID (foreign key)
	Date
	Amount

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Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Each customer can have many transactions.

For each transaction there is exactly one customer.

NEW QUESTION: 123

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C. □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

D. □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

E. □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A,B,C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

You can create a custom tooltip page that shows more details about the selected category, such as this:

To create a custom tooltip page and prepare it for use, you need to perform these three actions³⁴:

* Add and configure visuals on the tooltip page. You can add any visuals, images, or other items that you want to show on the tooltip page. You can also format them as you like.

- * For the tooltip page, set Allow use as tooltip to On. This will enable Power BI to recognize this page as a tooltip page. You can also change the Page size to Tooltip to fit your content better.
- * For the target visual, set Tooltip type to Report page. This will allow you to select which report page you want to use as a custom tooltip for your visual. You can also filter your tooltip by fields from your target visual.

NEW QUESTION: 124

Q: Which of the following is a valid use case for parameterising a data source in Power BI? (Select all that apply.)

A. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

B. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

C. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

D. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

Microsoft Excel is a data source that can be parameterised in Power BI. Which of the following is a valid use case for parameterising a data source in Power BI?

A. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

B. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

C. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

D. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

A. ☐

B. ☐

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Parameterising a Data Source could be used in many different use cases. From connecting to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

Reference:

<https://www.biinsight.com/power-bi-desktop-query-parameters-part-1/>

NEW QUESTION: 125

Q: Which of the following is a valid use case for parameterising a data source in Power BI? (Select all that apply.)

A. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

B. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

C. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

D. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

Azure SQL is a data source that can be parameterised in Power BI. Which of the following is a valid use case for parameterising a data source in Power BI?

A. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

B. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

C. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

D. To connect to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

A. ☐

B. ☐

NEW QUESTION: 128

Power BI 100% 100% 100% 100%.

date 100% sales 100% 100% financials 100% 100% 100%.

100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%.

100% 100% 100% 100%? 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%.

100: 100 100% 100%.

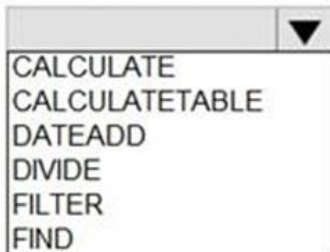
Answer Area



Sales QoQ% =

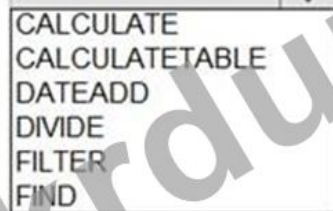
IF (

```
ISFILTERED('financials' [Date]),  
ERROR("Uh oh."),  
VAR PREV_QUARTER =
```



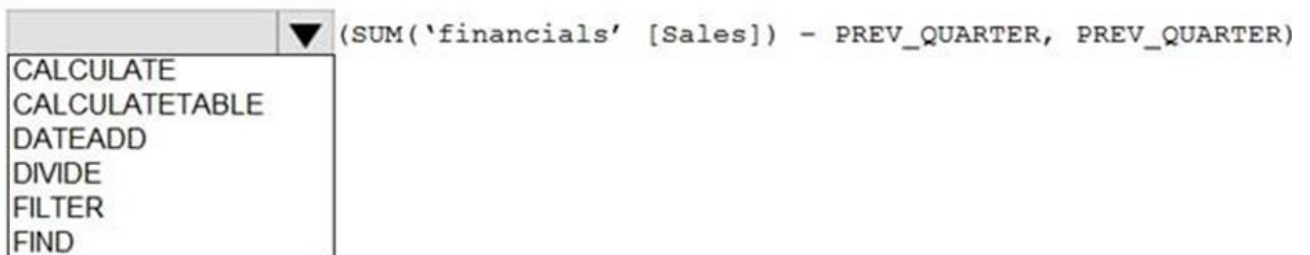
```
SUM('financials' [Sales]),
```

```
(SUM('financials' [Date].[Date], -1, QUARTER)
```



```
)
```

```
RETURN
```



```
(SUM('financials' [Sales]) - PREV_QUARTER, PREV_QUARTER)
```

```
)
```

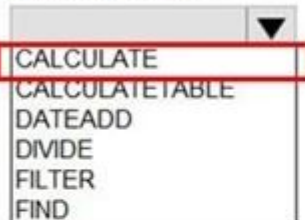
Answer:

RETURN

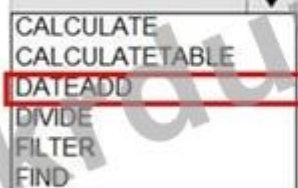
ales QoQ% =

F (

```
ISFILTERED('financials' [Date]),  
ERROR("Uh oh."),  
VAR PREV_QUARTER =
```



```
SUM('financials' [Sales]),  
(('financials' [Date].[Date], -1, QUARTER)
```



)

RETURN



Reference:

<https://community.powerbi.com/t5/Desktop/Error-calculating-QOQ-using-quick-measure/m-p/547054>

NEW QUESTION: 129

□□ □□□ □□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□□ □□□□. □□□□□□□□ □□ □□□□□□□□. □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□□□ □ 5□ □□ □ □□□□□ □□□.

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- A. SQL □□ □□□□□□.
- B. □□□ □□ □□□ DirectQuery□ □□□□□□.
- C. □□ □□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□□□.
- D. □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

With Power BI Desktop, when you connect to your data source, it's always possible to import a copy of the data into the Power BI Desktop. For some data sources, an alternative approach is available: connect directly to the data source using DirectQuery.

DirectQuery: No data is imported or copied into Power BI Desktop. For relational sources, the selected tables and columns appear in the Fields list. For multi-dimensional sources like SAP Business Warehouse, the dimensions and measures of the selected cube appear in the Fields list. As you create or interact with a visualization, Power BI Desktop queries the underlying data source, so you're always viewing current data.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/connect-data/desktop-use-directquery>

NEW QUESTION: 130

DAX _____ Power BI _____ _____.

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Sales Filter =



VAR startyear =

STARTOFYEAR (PREVIOUSYEAR ('Date' [Date]))

VAR enddate =

LASTDATE (Sales[Date]) - 365

RETURN

	▼ (Sales[Sales]),
CALCULATE (	
DATESBETWEEN (	
SAMEPERIODLASTYEAR (	
SLIM (	

	▼ ('Calendar' [Date], startyear, enddate)
CALCULATE	
DATESBETWEEN	
SAMEPERIODLASTYEAR	
SLIM	

Answer:

```

Sales PYTD =

VAR startyear =

    STARTOFYEAR ( PREVIOUSYEAR ( 'Date' [Date] ) )

VAR enddate =

    LASTDATE ( Sales[Date] ) - 365

RETURN

    ( Sales[Sales] ),
    CALCULATE (
        DATESBETWEEN (
            SAMEPERIODLASTYEAR (
                SLIM (
                    ( 'Calendar' [Date], startyear, enddate )
                )
            )
        )
    )

```



Reference:

<https://www.kasperonbi.com/get-the-ytd-of-the-same-period-last-year/>

NEW QUESTION: 131

□□□ DAX □□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□. □□□□□ RELATED □
 RELATEDTABLE □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
 RELATED □ RELATEDTABLE □□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.
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- A. □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- B. □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□.
- C. □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
- D. □□□.

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Combining data means connecting to two or more data sources, shaping them as needed, then consolidating them into a useful query.

When you have one or more columns that you'd like to add to another query, you merge the queries.

Note: The RELATEDTABLE function is a shortcut for CALCULATETABLE function with no logical expression.

CALCULATETABLE evaluates a table expression in a modified filter context and returns A table of values.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/connect-data/desktop-shape-and-combine-data>

NEW QUESTION: 132

Which statement is true regarding the Orders table in the Power BI data model?

* Summarizing Orders by the CustomerID, OrderID, and OrderDate columns will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

* Removing the CustomerID column from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

* Removing the UnitPrice and Discount columns from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

Which statement is true regarding the Orders table in the Power BI data model?

Statements	Yes	No
Summarizing Orders by the CustomerID, OrderID, and OrderDate columns will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.	☐	☐
Removing the CustomerID column from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.	☐	☐
Removing the UnitPrice and Discount columns from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.	☐	☐

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
Summarizing Orders by the CustomerID, OrderID, and OrderDate columns will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.	☐	☒
Removing the CustomerID column from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.	☐	☒
Removing the UnitPrice and Discount columns from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.	☒	☐

NEW QUESTION: 133

Which statement is true regarding the Orders table in the Power BI data model?

* Summarizing Orders by the CustomerID, OrderID, and OrderDate columns will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

* Removing the CustomerID column from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

* Removing the UnitPrice and Discount columns from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

A. Summarizing Orders by the CustomerID, OrderID, and OrderDate columns will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

B. Removing the CustomerID column from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

C. Removing the UnitPrice and Discount columns from Orders will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

D. Summarizing Orders by the CustomerID, OrderID, and OrderDate columns will reduce the model size while still supporting the current analysis.

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 134

- Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)**

NEW QUESTION: 137

9	Sep	9	552	357
10	Oct	10	7838	24214
11	Nov	11	83544	257
12	Dec	12	32455	389

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Actions

- Rename the Attribute column as Year and the Value column as Sales.
- Select the 2019, 2020, and 2021 columns.
- Select **Transpose**.
- Select the Month and MonthNumber columns.
- Select **Unpivot other columns**.

Answer Area
Select Transpose.
Select the Month and MonthNumber columns.
Select Unpivot other columns.

- 1 - Select Transpose.
- 2 - Select the Month and MonthNumber columns.
- 3 - Select Unpivot other columns.

NEW QUESTION: 138

□□ □□□ Power BI □□□ □□□ □□□□□.



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Statements

Removing the LastUpdated column from the Sales table reduces the model size while still supporting the required analysis.

Yes

☐

No

☐

Removing the ProductID column from the Sales table reduces the model size while still supporting the required analysis.

☐
☐

Removing the ShipDate column from the Sales table reduces the model size while still

☐
☐

Answer:

Statements

Removing the LastUpdated column from the Sales table reduces the model size while still supporting the required analysis.

Yes

☒

No

☐

Removing the ProductID column from the Sales table reduces the model size while still supporting the required analysis.

☒
☐

Removing the ShipDate column from the Sales table reduces the model size while still

☐
☒

NEW QUESTION: 139

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Answer Area

Create a one-to-many relationship between the Sales Employees table and the Customer Details worksheet

Answer:

See the answer as below in explanation

Explanation:

Answer as below

Answer Area

Create a one-to-many relationship between the Sales Employees table and the Customer Details worksheet

NEW QUESTION: 140

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- D. DAX □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□.

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 141

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- A. □ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
- B. □ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 142

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DataSourceExcel□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□.

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- A. □
- B. □□□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Instead modify the source step of the queries to use DataSourceExcel as the file path.

Note: Parameterising a Data Source could be used in many different use cases. From connecting to different data sources defined in Query Parameters to load different combinations of columns.

Reference:

<https://www.biinsight.com/power-bi-desktop-query-parameters-part-1/>

NEW QUESTION: 143

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Actions

- From Power BI Desktop, get the Word Cloud visual from Microsoft AppSource.
- From a web browser, download the PBIVIZ file for the Word Cloud visual from Microsoft AppSource.
- Format the data colors and title.
- Populate the drillthrough fields.
- Populate the Category, Value, and Excludes fields.

Answer Area

Answer:

Answer Area

From a web browser, download the PBIVIZ file for the Word Cloud visual from...

Populate the drillthrough fields.

Format the data colors and title.

- 1 - From a web browser, download the PBIVIZ file for the Word Cloud visual from...
- 2 - Populate the drillthrough fields.
- 3 - Format the data colors and title.

NEW QUESTION: 145

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- A. DepartmentID□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□.
- B. □ □□□ □□ □ □□ □□(RLS) □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.
- C. Departments □□□□ □□□□□ □□ DepartmentID □□□□□ □□□□□.
- D. ConfidentialData □□□□ currentgroup DAX □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 146

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- A. □□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□□.
- B. □□□ □□□ Microsoft Excel □ □□□□□.
- C. Power BI □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□.
- D. Power BI □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.
- E. PowerShell□□ get-powerbireport cmdlet□ □□□□□.

Answer: C,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

After two months of inactivity, scheduled refresh on your dataset is paused. A dataset is considered inactive when no user has visited any dashboard or report built on the dataset. At that time, the dataset owner is sent an email indicating the scheduled refresh is paused. The refresh schedule for the dataset is then displayed as disabled. To resume scheduled refresh, simply revisit any dashboard or report built on the dataset. <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/connect-data/refresh-scheduled-refresh#scheduled-refresh>

NEW QUESTION: 147

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Answer Area

Access a published Power BI app:  ☐ ☐

Power BI (free)
Power BI PRO

Modify report in an app workspace: ☐ ☐

Power BI (free)
Power BI PRO

Share dashboards created in My Workspace: ☐ ☐

Power BI (free)
Power BI PRO

Answer:

Answer Area

Access a published Power BI app: ☐ ☒

Power BI (free)
Power BI PRO

Modify report in an app workspace: ☐ ☒

Power BI (free)
Power BI PRO

Share dashboards created in My Workspace: ☐ ☒

Power BI (free)
Power BI PRO

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/service-create-distribute-apps>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/service-collaborate-power-bi-workspace>

NEW QUESTION: 148

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Actions

From Excel, format the data in Excel1 as a table.

From powerbi.com, pin a range from Excel1 to DashboardA.

From Excel, create a named range by using the data in Excel1.

From powerbi.com, upload Excel1.

From powerbi.com, import Excel1 as a dataset.

From powerbi.com, add a tile for the Excel1 dataset to DashboardA.

Answer Area

Answer Area

From powerbi.com, upload Excel1

From powerbi.com, import Excel1 as a dataset.

From powerbi.com, add a tile or the Excel1 dataset to DashboardA.

- 1 - From powerbi.com, upload Excel1.
- 2 - From powerbi.com, import Excel1 as a dataset.
- 3 - From powerbi.com, add a tile or the Excel1 dataset to DashboardA.

NEW QUESTION: 149

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In Power BI Desktop you can find out how each of your report elements, such as visuals and DAX formulas, are performing. Using the Performance Analyzer, you can see and record logs that measure how each of your report elements performs when users interact with them, and which aspects of their performance are most (or least) resource intensive.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/create-reports/desktop-performance-analyzer>

NEW QUESTION: 151

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Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

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NEW QUESTION: 152

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Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 153

Sales, Customer, Date, Product□□ □ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□. Sales □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Microsoft recommends defining active relationships whenever possible. They widen the scope and potential of how your model can be used by report authors, and users working with Q&A.

Refactoring methodology (example): Here's a methodology to refactor a model from a single role-playing dimension-type table, to a design with one table per role.

Remove any inactive relationships.

Consider renaming the role-playing dimension-type table to better describe its role. In the example, the Airport table is related to the ArrivalAirport column of the Flight table, so it's renamed as Arrival Airport.

Create a copy of the role-playing table, providing it with a name that reflects its role. If it's an Import table, we recommend defining a calculated table. If it's a DirectQuery table, you can duplicate the Power Query query.

Only one relationship can be active.

Note: If you query two or more tables at the same time, when the data is loaded, Power BI Desktop attempts to find and create relationships for you. The relationship options Cardinality, Cross filter direction, and Make this relationship active are automatically set.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/transform-model/desktop-create-and-manage-relationships>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/guidance/relationships-active-inactive>

NEW QUESTION: 154

Microsoft recommends defining active relationships whenever possible. They widen the scope and potential of how your model can be used by report authors, and users working with Q&A.

Name	Contents	Used to generate
Sales	Sales targets Sales data Employee salary data	Daily performance reports Quarterly reports used to calculate bonuses
Operations	Environmental sensor data	Reports that show average sensor readings over time
Finance	Financial transaction data	Budget planning reports Monthly board reports

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Answer Area		Statements	Yes	No
		The Sales semantic model requires a sensitivity label.	☐	☐
		The Operations semantic model requires a sensitivity label and must be certified.	☐	☐
		The Finance semantic model requires a sensitivity label and must be	☐	☐

Answer:

Answer Area

Answer Area		Statements	Yes	No
		The Sales semantic model requires a sensitivity label.	☒	☐
		The Operations semantic model requires a sensitivity label and must be certified.	☐	☒
		The Finance semantic model requires a sensitivity label and must be	☒	☐

NEW QUESTION: 155

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Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 156

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Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 157

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Answer: C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 158

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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 159

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The CONTOSO dataset is consumed directly by the

- CONTOSO BIKES report
- CONTOSO dashboard
- Realtime dashboard

The Realtime dashboard depends on

- one dataset
- two datasets
- three datasets
- four datasets

Answer:

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Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

The key influencers visual helps you understand the factors that drive a metric you're interested in. It analyzes your data, ranks the factors that matter, and displays them as key influencers.

The key influencers visual is a great choice if you want to:

See which factors affect the metric being analyzed.

Contrast the relative importance of these factors. For example, do short-term contracts have more impact on churn than long-term contracts?

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/visuals/power-bi-visualization-influencers>

NEW QUESTION: 163

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Name	Sample data
ProductDescription	Bikes > Adventure Works > Mountain Bikes > Super Carbon Bike > 26in wheels 42in frame
ProductCategory	Bikes
Manufacturer	Adventure Works
ProductSubcategory	Mountain Bikes
ProductSpecification	26in wheels 42in frame

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Actions

Create a product hierarchy of Manufacturer, ProductSpecifications, ProductName, ProductSubcategory, and ProductCategory.

Replace the use of ProductDescription in the report with the product hierarchy.

Transform the ProductDescription column to contain only the text between the first and fourth > symbol.

Add the product hierarchy as an extra field in visuals where ProductDescription is used.

Add a column named ProductName that contains only the text between the third and fourth > symbol in the ProductDescription column.

Add a column named ProductName that contains all the text after the third > symbol in the ProductDescription column.

Create a product hierarchy of ProductCategory, ProductSubcategory, Manufacturer, ProductName, and ProductSpecifications.

Answer Area

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Answer:

Answer Area

Add a column named ProdcutName that contains only the text between...

Create a product hierarchy of ProductCategory,...

Replace the use of ProductDescription in the report with the product hierarchy.

- 1 - Add a column named ProdcutName that contains only the text between...
- 2 - Create a product hierarchy of ProductCategory,...
- 3 - Replace the use of ProductDescription in the report with the product hierarchy.

NEW QUESTION: 164

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Name	Type	Description
Group1	Microsoft 365 group	Contains all consultants
Group2	Mail-enabled group	Contains all consultants
Team1	Microsoft Teams org-wide team	Contains all employees and consultants
Sales reports	Power BI workspace	Consultants are assigned the Viewer role for Sales report

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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 165

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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 166

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C. Group1□ Workspace1□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

D. Group1□ Workspace□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

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NEW QUESTION: 167

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Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 168

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Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 169

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Name	Product ID	Product Name
DimProduct	1	Product A
	2	Product B
	3	Product C

Name	Sale date	Amount	Product ID
FactSales	January 1, 2024	5.00	1
	January 2, 2024	10.00	2
	February 10, 2024	5.00	1
	March 3, 2024	15.00	3

FactSales□ DimProduct □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ DAX □□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□.

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Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 170

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C. Q&A□ □□□□ □□□□□□.

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E. □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Answer: C,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 171

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Tasks

Add the Country field to the filters on all the pages

Configure the Country slicer to sync across all the pages

Configure the Country slicer to sync only on the second and third pages

Hide the Country slicer on the second and third pages

Answer Area

When a user selects a country on the first page, the report must filter the other pages.

The second and third pages must display only the filtered results:



Answer:

Tasks

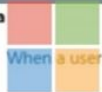
Add the Country field to the filters on all the pages

Configure the Country slicer to sync across all the pages

Configure the Country slicer to sync only on the second and third pages

Hide the Country slicer on the second and third pages

Answer Area



selects a country on the first page, the report must filter the other pages:

The second and third pages must display only the filtered results:

Configure the Country slicer to sync across all the pages

Add the Country field to the filters on all the pages

NEW QUESTION: 172

[illegible]

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[illegible]

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Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 173

Model 1000 Power BI 100 1000 1000 100 10000 100 10000 100000.
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100 100 1000 1000 1000? 100 1000 1000 10000 100000.

100: 100 1000 100000.

- A. 100 1000 1000 1000000.
- B. 100 100 100(RLS)100 100000.
- C. 1000 100 100 1000 1000 1000 100000.
- D. 100 10000 100000.
- E. Power BI 1000000 1000000000.

Answer: A,D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 174

Power BI Desktop100 1000 1000 1000 10000 100000 10000 1000 10000.

Power BI 10000 10000 1000 10000 100 10000 100000 100000 1000 1000
100 10000 10000 10000 100 1000. 1000 100 1000?

- A. Power BI Desktop100 100 1000 100 1000 100 1000 100000.
- B. Power BI 100000 1000 100 1000 100000.
- C. Power BI Desktop100 100 1000 100 1000 1000 100000.
- D. Power BI Desktop100 1000 100 1000 100000.

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

[https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/visuals/power-bi-visualization-export-data?](https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/visuals/power-bi-visualization-export-data?tabs=powerbi-desktop)

tabs=powerbi-desktop The export functionality can be disabled on several levels. First, Power BI Service admins can disable this functionality on tenant level. With that, nobody will be able to export the data. More about that later. Second, as a dataset owner you can decide if you allow your users to export the data. This is managed in dataset settings, but only changeable in Power BI desktop.

No matter what settings are applied in Power BI desktop, the tenant settings will overrule this. In the end the Power BI Service admin decides what options are possible to use.

<https://data-marc.com/2020/04/13/power-bi-governance-why-you-should-consider-to-disable-export-to-excel/>

NEW QUESTION: 175

Power BI 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000 10000. 100 10000 100 10000 1000
100.

Name	Description
Date	Contains one row for each day from the last five years: Each row contains attributes for the year, quarter, month, week of the year, and day of the week. Date is the unique identifier of a row.
Patient	Contains one row per patient: Each row contains attributes for the patient key, patient source ID, first name, last name, date of birth, gender, address, city, state, and country. Patient key is the unique identifier of a row.
Test	Contains one row per test: Each row contains attributes for the test key, test source ID, type, and name. The test key is the unique identifier of a row.
Test Result	Contains one row per administered test: Each row contains attributes for the date the test was administered, test key, patient key, result value, and comments.

Which of the following is a fact table? Patient, Date, Test, Test Result.
 Which of the following is a surrogate key? Date of birth, Last name, Patient key, Patient source ID.
 Answer: Patient, Date of birth.

Answer Area

Fact table: Patient

Surrogate key: Date of birth

Answer:

Answer Area

Fact table: Patient

Surrogate key: Date of birth

NEW QUESTION: 176

Which of the following is a fact table? Employee, Salary, Employee, Salary.
 Which of the following is a surrogate key? Employee key, Salary key, Employee source ID, Salary source ID.
 Answer: Employee, Salary.

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□□□: Salary □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ 50%□ □□□□□.

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A. □

B. □□□

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

The 50th percentile is also known as the median or middle value where 50 percent of observations fall below.

Reference:

https://dash-intel.com/powerbi/statistical_functions_percentile.php

NEW QUESTION: 177

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Answer Area

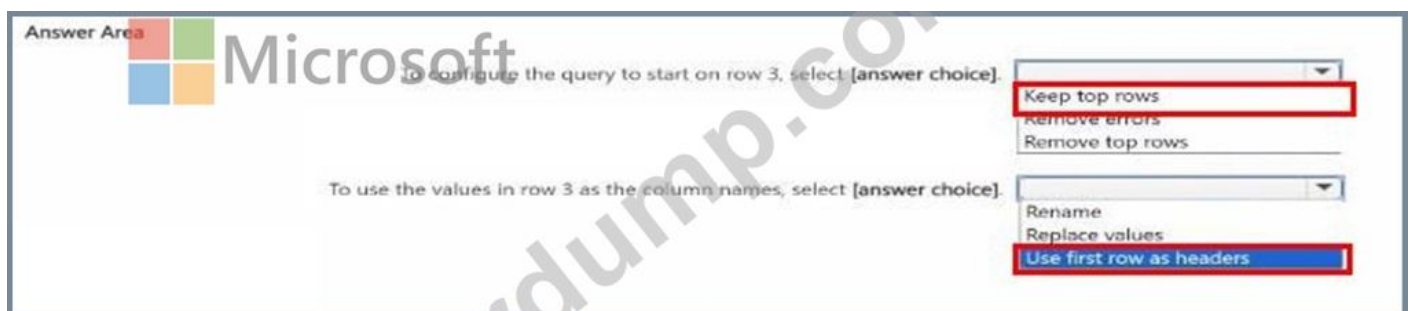
To configure the query to start on row 3, select [answer choice].

- Keep top rows
- Remove errors
- Remove top rows

To use the values in row 3 as the column names, select [answer choice].

- Rename
- Replace values
- Use first row as headers

Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 178

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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/create-reports/desktop-custom-tooltips>

<https://technovids.com/power-bi-filters/>

NEW QUESTION: 179

Microsoft Power BI 是一个由微软开发的商业智能工具，用于数据可视化、数据分析和报告生成。它可以帮助用户从各种数据源中提取数据，并将其转换为易于理解的图表和仪表板。Power BI 具有强大的数据连接能力，支持多种数据源，如 Excel、SQL 数据库、Azure 数据湖等。它还提供了丰富的可视化选项，包括柱状图、折线图、饼图、地图等，并且支持交互式分析。此外，Power BI 还支持移动设备访问，用户可以通过手机或平板电脑查看和交互数据。Power BI 的集成生态系统使其能够与微软的其他产品和服务无缝集成，如 Azure、Office 365 等。总的来说，Power BI 是一个功能强大且易于使用的商业智能工具，适用于各种规模的企业。

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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 180

[illegible]

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D. HR □□□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Note: Row-level security (RLS) with Power BI can be used to restrict data access for given users. Filters restrict data access at the row level, and you can define filters within roles. In the Power BI service, members of a workspace have access to datasets in the workspace. RLS doesn't restrict this data access.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/admin/service-admin-rls>

NEW QUESTION: 181

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Actions

From Power Query Editor, remove the Attributes column.

From Power Query Editor, remove the Content column.

From Power BI Desktop, select Get Data, and then select Text/CSV.

From Power BI Desktop, select **Get Data**, and then select Folder.

From Power Query Editor, expand the Attributes column.

From Power Query Editor, combine the Content column.

Answer Area

Microsoft

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Answer:

Answer Area

From Power BI Desktop, select Get Data, and then select Folder.

From Power Query Editor, remove the Content column.

From Power Query Editor, expand the Attributes column.

1 - From Power BI Desktop, select Get Data, and then select Folder.

2 - From Power Query Editor, remove the Content column.

3 - From Power Query Editor, expand the Attributes column.

NEW QUESTION: 184

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Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 185

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B. USEROBJECTID DAX □□□ □□□□ Country[Manager_Email]□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□□□□□.

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Answer: A,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

In Power BI Service the username and userprincipalname both return the email address, it's only in Power BI Desktop that username is domain/username rather than the email address. So I agree that userprincipalname is better generally as you always get the same value, the answer is correct and you can use username as your RLS since the role will be applied in the Service. See <https://community.powerbi.com/t5/Community-Blog/USERNAME-v-s-USERPRINCIPALNAME-in-RLS-for-Power-BI-Embedded/ba-p/1867670> for more information.

NEW QUESTION: 186

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City	Sales Profit
Abbotsburg	\$173,947
Absecon	\$129,358
Accomac	\$157,768
Aceitunas	\$119,283
Airport Drive	\$162,500
Akhiok	\$259,554
Alcester	\$127,040
Alden Bridge	\$152,138
Alstead	\$106,147
Amado	\$136,718
Amanda Park	\$117,444
Andrix	\$130,710
Annamoriah	\$139,499
Antares	\$147,562
Antonio	\$113,056
Total	\$85,729,181

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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

calculated column will return "Not in Top 10". In the visual, replace Sales Profit with the calculated column.

Explanation:

Power BI Top N Filters are useful to display the top performing records, and Bottom N filters are helpful to display the least performing records. For example, we can display top or bottom 10 products by orders or sales.

Note:

Select the Column you want to display the Top Sales Profit

Then change the Filter Type of that Column to Top N

Fill in Top / Bottom number field

And lastly drag to the By Value field your Sales Profit

Reference:

<https://www.tutorialgateway.org/power-bi-top-10-filters/>

NEW QUESTION: 187

Microsoft Power BI □□□□□ □□□□.

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Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/consumer/end-user-comment>

NEW QUESTION: 188

Microsoft Power BI□ □□□□ SalesDetail□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□.

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Answer:

Answer Area

Create a blank query as a data source.

Specify the following query, then lose and apply.
-Table. Profile (#"SalesDetail")

Create a visual for the query table.

- 1 - Create a blank query as a data source.
- 2 - Specify the following query, then lose and apply. -Table. Profile (#"SalesDetail")
- 3 - Create a visual for the query table.

NEW QUESTION: 189

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Answer Area

Sales Previous Year =

(
 CALCULATE
 EVALUATE
 SUM
 SUMX
)

[Total Sales],

(
 DATESMTD
 PARALLELPERIOD
 SAMEPERIODLASTYEAR
 TOTALMTD
)

[Date]
 'Date'[Date]
 'Date'[Month]
)

Answer:

Answer Area

Sales Previous Year =

(
 CALCULATE
 EVALUATE
 SUM
 SUMX
)

[Total Sales],

(
 DATESMTD
 PARALLELPERIOD
 SAMEPERIODLASTYEAR
 TOTALMTD
)

[Date]
 'Date'[Date]
 'Date'[Month]
)

NEW QUESTION: 190

Power Query ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ Sales Data ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐.

Name	Data type
Sale date	Date
Product ID	Whole number
Product name	Text
Product category	Text
Customer ID	Whole number

Which of the following are valid DAX functions? (Select all that apply.)

1. AVERAGE

2. COUNT

3. SUM

4. MAX

5. MIN

6. STDEV

7. VAR

Answer: B,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 191

Employees table has columns: EmployeeID, Name, Title, Department, and Salary. Which of the following DAX formulas will return the average salary of employees in the Sales department?

* A. AVERAGE(Sales[EmployeeID])

* B. AVERAGE(Sales[Salary])

* C. AVERAGE(Sales[Department])

* D. AVERAGE(Sales[Title])

* E. AVERAGE(Sales[Salary], Sales[Department])

Which of the following DAX formulas will return the average salary of employees in the Sales department?

A. AVERAGE(Sales[Salary])

B. AVERAGE(Sales[Salary], Sales[Department])

C. AVERAGE(Sales[Salary], Sales[Department], Sales[Title])

D. AVERAGE(Sales[Salary], Sales[Department], Sales[Title], Sales[EmployeeID])

E. AVERAGE(Sales[Salary], Sales[Department], Sales[Title], Sales[EmployeeID], Sales[Salary])

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 192

Which of the following are valid DAX functions? (Select all that apply.)

1. AVERAGE

2. COUNT

3. SUM

4. MAX

5. MIN

6. STDEV

7. VAR

8. AVERAGEIF

9. AVERAGEIFS

10. AVERAGEA

11. AVERAGEAGG

12. AVERAGEALPHA

13. AVERAGEARITH

14. AVERAGEGEOM

Answer:

Answer Area

Open powerbi.com

Select sales report

Pin the page

Microsoft

- 1 - Open powerbi.com
- 2 - Select sales report
- 3 - Pin the page

NEW QUESTION: 193

Country is a column in the DimCountries table. Which of the following is a valid DAX expression to filter the DimCountries table by Country?

Country
Afghanistan
afghanistan
Albania
Algeria
American Samoa
Andorra
andorra
Antarctica
Argentina

Which of the following is a valid DAX expression to filter the DimCountries table by Country?

DimCountries[Country] = "Afghanistan"

DimCountries[Country] = "afghanistan"

DimCountries[Country] = "Afghanistan"

A. DimCountries[Country] = "Afghanistan"

B. DimCountries[Country] = "afghanistan"

C. DimCountries[Country] = "Afghanistan"

D. DimCountries[Country] = "afghanistan"

E. DimCountries[Country] = "Afghanistan"

Answer: D,E ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 194

Which of the following is a valid DAX expression to filter the DimCountries table by Country?

DimCountries[Country] = "Afghanistan"

DateKey[Country] = "Afghanistan"

DimCountries[Country] = "afghanistan"

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Specify the settings for each file. [Learn more](#)

First file

1252: Western European (Windows) ▾

Comma ▼

Based on entire dataset

ID	Date	CustomerID	Amount
1	01/01/2018 08:00:00	5	28.99
2	01/01/2018 18:00:00	10	31.88
3	02/01/2018 08:00:00	15	22.99
4	02/01/2018 18:00:00	25	14.25
5	03/01/2018 08:00:00	35	85
6	03/01/2018 18:00:00	45	47.24
7	04/01/2018 08:00:00	55	76.66
8	04/01/2018 18:00:00	51	99.99
9	05/01/2018 08:00:00	52	10.99
10	05/01/2018 18:00:00	58	85

☒ Skip files with errors

OK

Cancel

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Statements

Yes

No

The resulting query will contain all the columns from the 2018 transactions.

0

0

The resulting query will contain all the columns from the 2019 transactions.

Setting Data Type Detection to **Based on first 200 rows** will improve import times.

0

○

Answer:

Statements

Yes

No

The resulting query will contain all the columns from the 2018 transactions.

○

The resulting query will contain all the columns from the 2019 transactions.

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Setting Data Type Detection to **Based on first 200 rows** will improve import times.

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Which of the following is a valid relationship type in a data model?
A. One-to-one
B. One-to-many
C. Many-to-one
D. Many-to-many

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 199

Which of the following is a valid relationship type in a data model?

A. One-to-one
B. One-to-many
C. Many-to-one
D. Many-to-many

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 200

Which of the following is a valid relationship type in a data model?

A. One-to-one
B. One-to-many
C. Many-to-one
D. Many-to-many

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Create a relationship between the Sales Employees table and the

one-to-one
one-to-many
many-to-one
many-to-many

Orders table
Suppliers table
Order Details table
Customer Details worksheet

Answer:

Create a relationship between the Sales Employees table and the

one-to-one
one-to-many
many-to-one
many-to-many

Orders table
Suppliers table
Order Details table
Customer Details worksheet

NEW QUESTION: 200

Power BI is a data visualization tool.

Power Query is a data transformation tool.

Power Query is a data transformation tool.

Power Query is a data transformation tool.

Power Query is a data transformation tool.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Answer Area

To gain insight, select:

Column distribution
Column quality
Formula Bar
Monospaced

To resolve the errors, select:

Keep Errors
Remove Duplicates
Remove Empty
Replace Errors

Answer:

Answer Area



Microsoft

To gain insight, select:

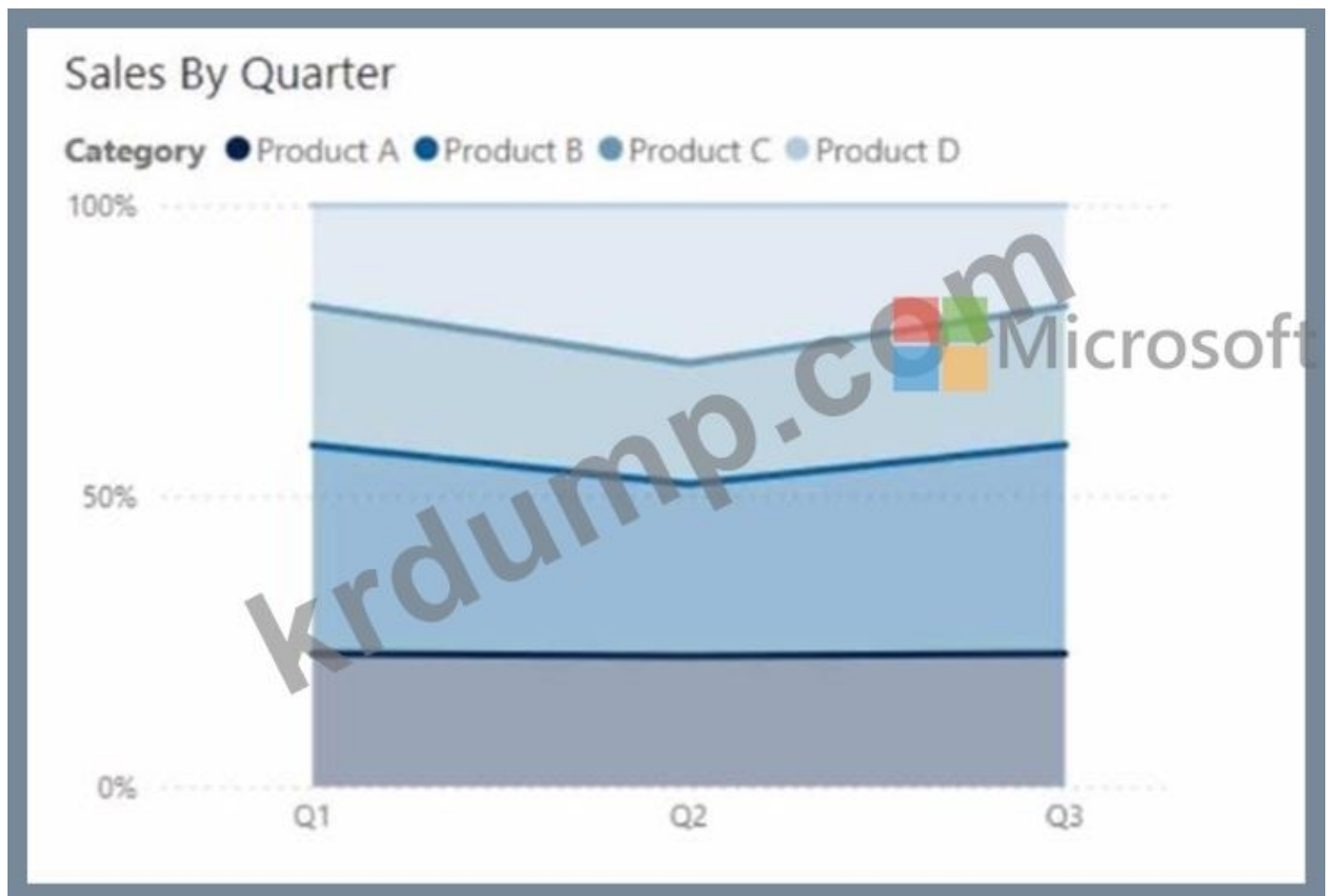
Column distribution
Column quality
Formula bar
Monospaced

To resolve the errors, select:

Keep Errors
Remove Duplicates
Remove Empty
Replace Errors

NEW QUESTION: 201

Sales by Quarter is a table in the Model! database. Power BI has a data model with the following relationships:
1. Sales by Quarter is related to DAX by a one-to-many relationship.
2. Sales by Quarter is related to Product by a one-to-many relationship.



What is the total percentage of sales for Product A in Q1?
What is the total percentage of sales for Product A in Q2?

- A. 25%
- B. 100%
- C. 25%
- D. 25%

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 202

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OrderDate	Total Sales	Total Cost
01-Oct-22	10.75	8.06
03-Oct-22	98.50	73.88
07-Oct-22	43.00	32.25
11-Oct-22	25.99	19.49
12-Oct-22	156.00	117.00
15-Oct-22	40.80	30.60



Type: Matrix

Format: Set Rows subtotals to Off.
Set Stepped layout to Off.
Set Switch values to rows to On.

Answer:

Answer Area

Microsoft

Type:

- Matrix
- Multi-row card
- Table

Format:

- Set Rows subtotals to Off
- Set Stepped layout to Off
- Set Switch values to rows to On

NEW QUESTION: 203

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A. □□□

B. □

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

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Dumps, **30%OFF** Special Discount: **KrDump**)