

Microsoft.AZ-305.v2023-10-10.q218

□□□□:	AZ-305
□□□□:	Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions
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□□ □□ □□□:	218
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# □□ □:	1194
# □□ □□□:	2180
https://www.krdump.com/Microsoft.AZ-305.v2023-10-10.q218.html	

NEW QUESTION: 1

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Associated items Delete Save Discard

Backup frequency

Daily 6:00 PM (UTC) Coordinated Universal Time

Retention range

Retention of daily backup point.

At 6:00 PM For 90 Day(s)



Retention of weekly backup point.

On Sunday At 6:00 PM For 26 Week(s)

Retention of monthly backup point.

Week Based Day Based

On First Day Sunday At 6:00 PM For 36 Month(s)

Retention of yearly backup point.

Not Confiaured

Grid of empty boxes for configuration

Save Discard Delete



Diagnostics

Archive to a storage account

Storage account

csa14d260928e42x4ea7xb77

Stream to an event hub

Send to Log Analytics

Log Analytics

fabrikamproductionworkspace

LOG

SQLInsights

Retention (days)



90

AutomaticTuning

Retention (days)



30

QueryStoreRuntimeStatistics

Retention (days)



0

QueryStoreWaitStatistics

Retention (days)



0

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Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 4

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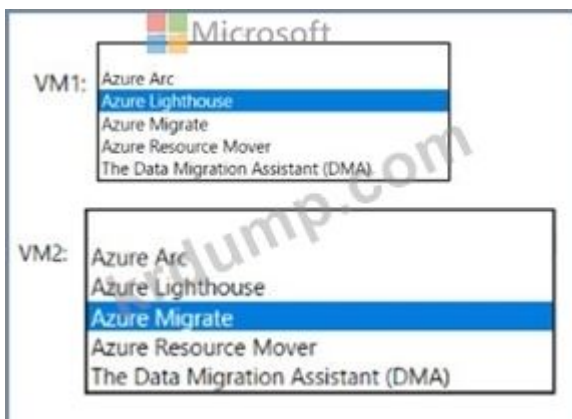
Name	Type	Resource group
VM1	Azure virtual machine	RG1
VM2	On-premises virtual machine	Not applicable

Azure□□ RG2□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□□.

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Answer:

VM1:

- Azure Arc
- Azure Lighthouse**
- Azure Migrate
- Azure Resource Mover
- The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

VM2:

- Azure Arc
- Azure Lighthouse
- Azure Migrate**
- Azure Resource Mover
- The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

NEW QUESTION: 5

Which of the following Azure RBAC roles can be assigned to a user to manage Azure Lighthouse resources? (Select all that apply.)

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 5
- D. 10

<A>: 15

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

15

Which of the following Azure RBAC roles can be assigned to a user to manage Azure Lighthouse resources? (Select all that apply.)

RBAC roles that can be assigned to a user to manage Azure Lighthouse resources are:

NEW QUESTION: 6

Which of the following Azure App Service environments can be used to host a containerized application? (Select all that apply.)

- A. Azure App Service Environment
- B. Azure App Service Environment
- C. Azure App Service Environment (ASE)
- D. Azure App Service Environment (ASE)

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 7

Azure Cosmos DB provides a REST API for creating, updating, and deleting documents. Which of the following REST APIs does not exist in the Azure Cosmos DB REST API?

- A. Azure Cosmos DB
- B. Azure Blob
- C. Azure Storage
- D. Azure Cosmos DB

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

Service Bus provides a REST API for creating, updating, and deleting queues, topics, and subscriptions. Which of the following REST APIs does not exist in the Service Bus REST API?

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-transactions>
" Service Bus provides a REST API for creating, updating, and deleting queues, topics, and subscriptions. ... "Service Bus provides AMQP 1.0 and HTTP/REST APIs." <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-messaging-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 8

5000 employees want to migrate from Microsoft SQL Server on-premise to Azure SQL Managed Instance. Which of the following migration tools does not exist in the Azure ecosystem?

- A. SSMA(SQL Server Migration Assistant)
- B. Azure Migrate
- C. Azure Data Migration Assistant (DMA)
- D. Azure Database Migration Service (DMS)

Answer: D ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Azure Migrate is a cloud migration service that helps migrate on-premises servers, virtual machines, and databases to Azure. Azure Database Migration Service (DMS) is a service that helps migrate on-premises databases to Azure SQL Database, Azure SQL Managed Instance, or Azure Cosmos DB. Azure Data Migration Assistant (DMA) is a tool that helps migrate data from on-premises databases to Azure SQL Database, Azure SQL Managed Instance, or Azure Cosmos DB. SSMA (SQL Server Migration Assistant) is a tool that helps migrate data from on-premises SQL Server to Azure SQL Database, Azure SQL Managed Instance, or Azure Cosmos DB.

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/migration-guides/managed-instance/sql-server-to-managed-instance-overview?view=azuresql#compare-migration-options>

NEW QUESTION: 9

App1 is a multi-region application that uses Azure Traffic Manager and Azure Application Gateway.

App1 is deployed to three regions: East US, West US, and South Central US. The application is configured to use Azure Traffic Manager for DNS resolution and Azure Application Gateway for routing traffic to the application endpoints.

App1 is configured to use the following endpoints:

Microsoft

Azure Traffic Manager:

Azure Application Gateway:

Answer:

Answer Area

Azure Traffic Manager:

Azure Application Gateway:

Microsoft

□□

Answer Area

Microsoft

Azure Traffic Manager: ▼

Azure Application Gateway: ▼

NEW QUESTION: 10

AS1 and CDB1 are Azure resources in the same subscription.

Name	Type
AS1	Azure Synapse Analytics instance
CDB1	Azure Cosmos DB SQL API account

CDB1 is located in the East US region and AS1 is located in the West US region. AS1 is configured to use CDB1 as the database for its analytics engine.

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- A. PolyBase □□□ □□□ □□□□ Azure Synapse Analytics
- B. Azure Cosmos DB □ Azure Synapse Analytics □□□□ □□ Azure Data Factory
- C. Azure Cosmos DB □□ □□

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 11

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Host virtual machine	Azure Availability Zone	Azure region
USDB1	1	US East
USDB2	2	US East
USDB3	3	US East
EUDB1	1	West Europe
EUDB2	2	West Europe
EUDB3	3	West Europe

□□□□□ □□ □□□□□ db.contoso.com □ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□.

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Global load balancing service:  Microsoft ▼

Azure Application Gateway
Azure Front Door
Azure Load Balancer
Azure Traffic Manager

Availability Zone load balancing service: Microsoft ▼

Azure Application Gateway
Azure Front Door
Azure Load Balancer
Azure Traffic Manager

Answer:

Global load balancing service:

- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Front Door
- Azure Load Balancer
- Azure Traffic Manager**



Availability Zone load balancing service:

- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Front Door
- Azure Load Balancer**
- Azure Traffic Manager

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/guide/technology-choices/load-balancing-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 12

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Division	Azure subscription	Azure AD tenant
East	Sub1	Contoso.com
West	Sub2	Fabrikam.com

Sub1□□ App1□□□ Azure App Service □□□ □□□□ □□□□. Appl□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ Azure AD□ □□□□□. contoso.com□ □□□□ App1□ □□□ □ □□□□. fabrikam.com □□□□ □□□□ App1□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□□ □ □□□ □□□?

- A. Azure AD □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- B. Azure AD PIM(Privileged Identity Management)□ □□□□ fabnkam.com □□□□ □□ □□ □ □□□□□.
- C. Azure AD □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
- D. Azure AD □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 13

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From Server1: Install an Azure File Sync agent
Install a self-hosted integration runtime
Install the File Server Resource Manager role service

From the data factory: Create a pipeline
Create an import/export job
Provision an Azure-SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) integration runtime

Answer:

From Server1: Install an Azure File Sync agent
Install a self-hosted integration runtime
Install the File Server Resource Manager role service

From the data factory: Create a pipeline
Create an import/export job
Provision an Azure-SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) integration runtime

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-sql-azure-adf>

NEW QUESTION: 14

Azure RBAC □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.

Role1□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□□ □□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□□□□.

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Answer Area



Microsoft

Network Contributor: 1
2
15

Role1: 1

Answer:

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

▼
90 days
26 weeks
36 months
45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

▼
1 hour
1 day
1 week
1 month
1 year



Answer:

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

▼
90 days
26 weeks
36 months
45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

▼
1 hour
1 day
1 week
1 month
1 year

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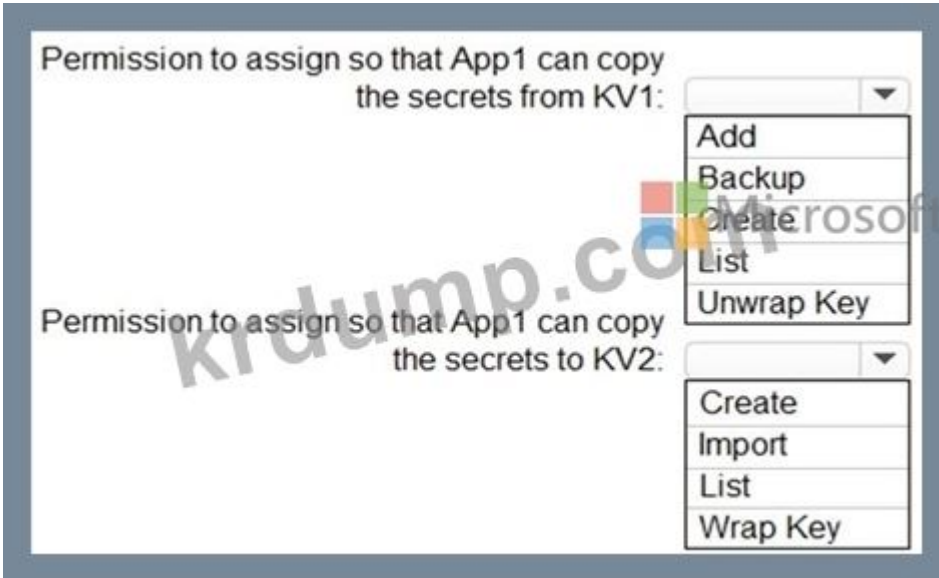
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/backup/backup-azure-vm-backup-faq#what-s-the-minimum-rpo-and-rto-for-vm-backups-in-> □□□ □□

NEW QUESTION: 16

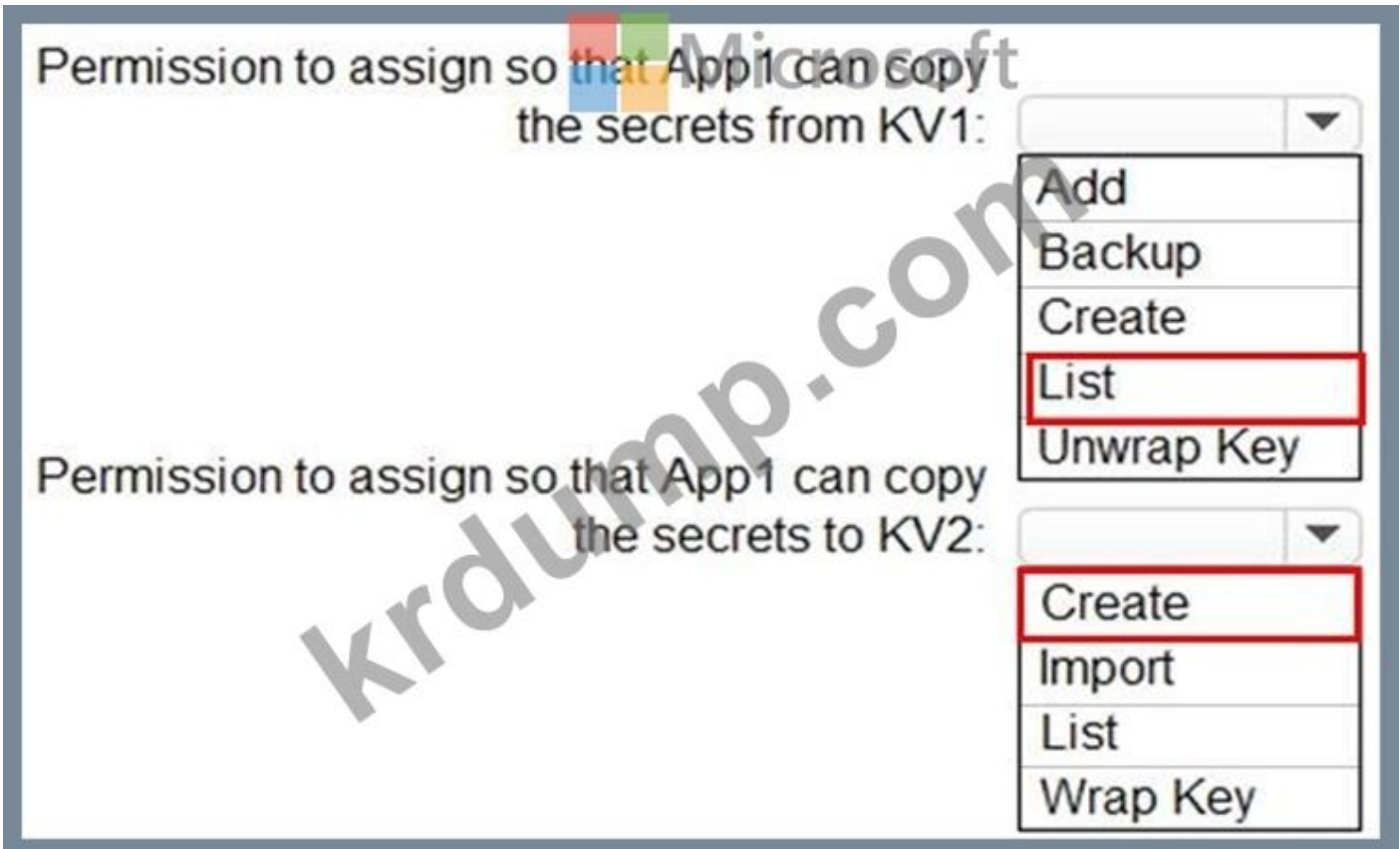
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Name	Type	Location
ASP-RG1	App Service plan	East US
KV1	Azure Key Vault	East US
KV2	Azure Key Vault	West Europe
App1	Azure Logic Apps	West US

App1 KV1 KV2 ... App1 KV1 ...
 App1 ... ? ...
 ...



Answer:



...:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/rest/api/keyvault/>

AZ-305 www.dumpst.com DumpTop www.dumpst.com AZ-305 www.dumpst.com! DumpTop www.dumpst.com **AZ-305** www.dumpst.com www.dumpst.com, DumpTop AZ-305 www.dumpst.com www.dumpst.com www.dumpst.com www.dumpst.com. www.dumpst.com www.dumpst.com www.dumpst.com www.dumpst.com DumpTop AZ-305 www.dumpst.com www.dumpst.com. [https://www.dumpst.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-dump.html](https://www.dumpst.com) (316 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF Special Discount: KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 17

Which Azure storage account type is used for storing large amounts of unstructured data, such as log files, backups, and streaming video?

IT professionals are planning to store 1PB of unstructured data in the cloud. The data will be accessed infrequently. Which Azure storage account type is most appropriate for this scenario?

* Blob storage Premium Storage

* Blob storage Standard Storage

* Blob storage Premium Storage

* Blob storage Standard Storage (ACL)

- Which Azure storage account type is used for storing large amounts of unstructured data, such as log files, backups, and streaming video?
- IT professionals are planning to store 1PB of unstructured data in the cloud. The data will be accessed infrequently. Which Azure storage account type is most appropriate for this scenario?
- A. Blob storage Premium Storage
 - B. Blob storage Standard Storage v2
 - C. Blob storage Premium Storage
 - D. Blob storage Standard Storage Premium Storage

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

Microsoft Azure storage accounts are used to store data in the cloud. There are four types of storage accounts: Blob storage, File storage, Data Lake storage, and StorageV2. Blob storage is used for storing unstructured data, such as log files, backups, and streaming video. File storage is used for storing structured data, such as documents and images. Data Lake storage is used for storing large amounts of unstructured data, such as log files, backups, and streaming video. StorageV2 is used for storing structured data, such as documents and images.

IT professionals are planning to store 1PB of unstructured data in the cloud. The data will be accessed infrequently. Which Azure storage account type is most appropriate for this scenario?

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview>
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/data-lake-storage-namespaces>

NEW QUESTION: 18

Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) is a cloud-based identity and access management solution. It allows you to manage users and groups in your organization and control access to your resources. Azure Monitor is a cloud-based monitoring and management solution. It allows you to monitor the health and performance of your Azure resources. Which Azure service is used for monitoring the health and performance of your Azure resources?

IT professionals are planning to monitor the health and performance of their Azure resources. Which Azure service is most appropriate for this scenario?

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

Send Azure AD logs to:

- An Azure event hub
- An Azure Log Analytics workspace
- An Azure Storage account

Signal type to use for triggering the alerts:

- Activity log
- Log
- Metric

Answer:

Send Azure AD logs to:

- An Azure event hub
- An Azure Log Analytics workspace
- An Azure Storage account

Signal type to use for triggering the alerts:

- Activity log
- Log
- Metric

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<https://4sysops.com/archives/how-to-create-an-azure-ad-admin-login-alert/>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/alerts-log>

NEW QUESTION: 19

Windows Server 2016 □ □□□□ 300□□ Azure □□ □□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□. □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□. □□: □ □□□ □□□ 1□□ □□□ □□□□.

Resource to create in Azure:

- An event hub
- A Log Analytics workspace
- A search service
- A storage account

Configuration to perform on the virtual machines:

- Create event subscriptions
- Configure Continuous delivery
- Install the Microsoft Monitoring Agent
- Modify the membership of the Event Log Readers Groups

Answer:

Resource to create in Azure:

	▼
An event hub	
A Log Analytics workspace	
A search service	
A storage account	

Configuration to perform on the virtual machines:

	Microsoft	▼
Create event subscriptions		
Configure Continuous delivery		
Install the Microsoft Monitoring Agent		
Modify the membership of the Event Log Readers Groups		

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/data-sources-windows-events>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/agent-windows>

NEW QUESTION: 20

□□□□ Microsoft SQL Server □□□□□□□ Azure □□□□□□□ □□□□□.

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Azure □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□□. □□□□ □□□□ □□□□

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Deployment solution:	<table border="1"> <tr> <td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure SQL Managed Instance SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines An Azure SQL Database single database </td> </tr> </table>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure SQL Managed Instance SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines An Azure SQL Database single database
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure SQL Managed Instance SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines An Azure SQL Database single database 		
Resiliency solution:	<table border="1"> <tr> <td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Auto-failover group Active geo-replication Zone-redundant deployment </td> </tr> </table>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Auto-failover group Active geo-replication Zone-redundant deployment
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Auto-failover group Active geo-replication Zone-redundant deployment 		

Answer:

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□□ Azure Data Lake Storage □□□ Databricks □□ □□□□ □□□□□□. □□□ □□ □□□
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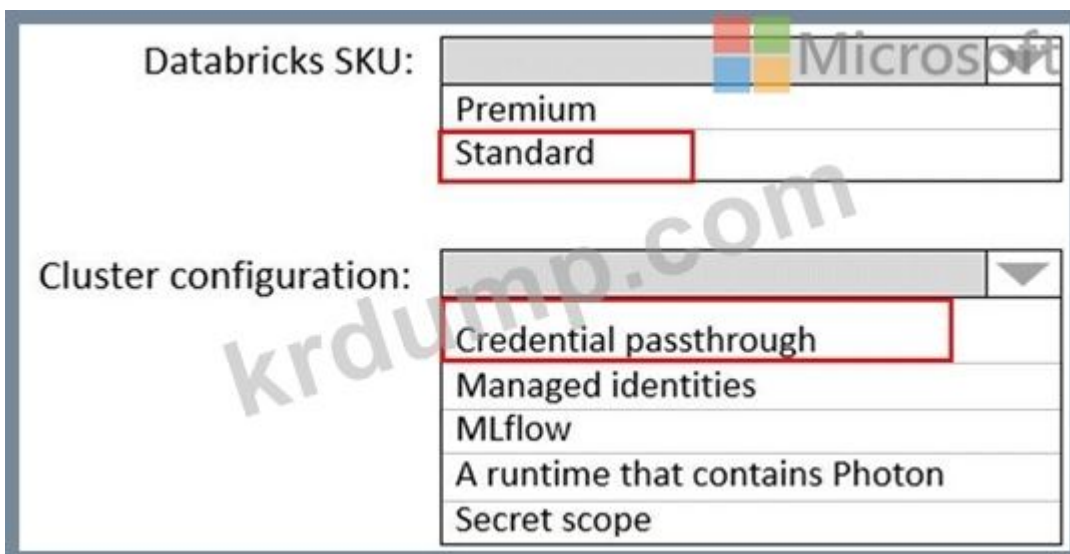
Databricks SKU:

	▼
Premium	
Standard	

 Cluster configuration:

	▼
Credential passthrough	
Managed identities	
MLflow	
A runtime that contains Photon	
Secret scope	

Answer:



Databricks SKU:

	▼
Premium	
Standard	

Cluster configuration:

	▼
Credential passthrough	
Managed identities	
MLflow	
A runtime that contains Photon	
Secret scope	

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/security/credential-passthrough/adls-passthrough>

NEW QUESTION: 26

App1 Azure 100000000000000.

App1 100 10000 10000 10000 1000. 10000 1000 10 1000 10000 1000.

10000 1000 10000 1000? 100000 10 10000 1000 1000 10000000.

100: 1 1000 1000 1000 1000 10000.

Number of host groups:

	▼
1	
2	
3	
6	



Number of virtual machine scale sets:

	▼
0	
1	
3	

Answer:

Number of host groups: 3

Number of virtual machine scale sets: 1

100:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/dedicated-hosts>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machine-scale-sets/virtual-machine-scale-sets-autoscale-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 27

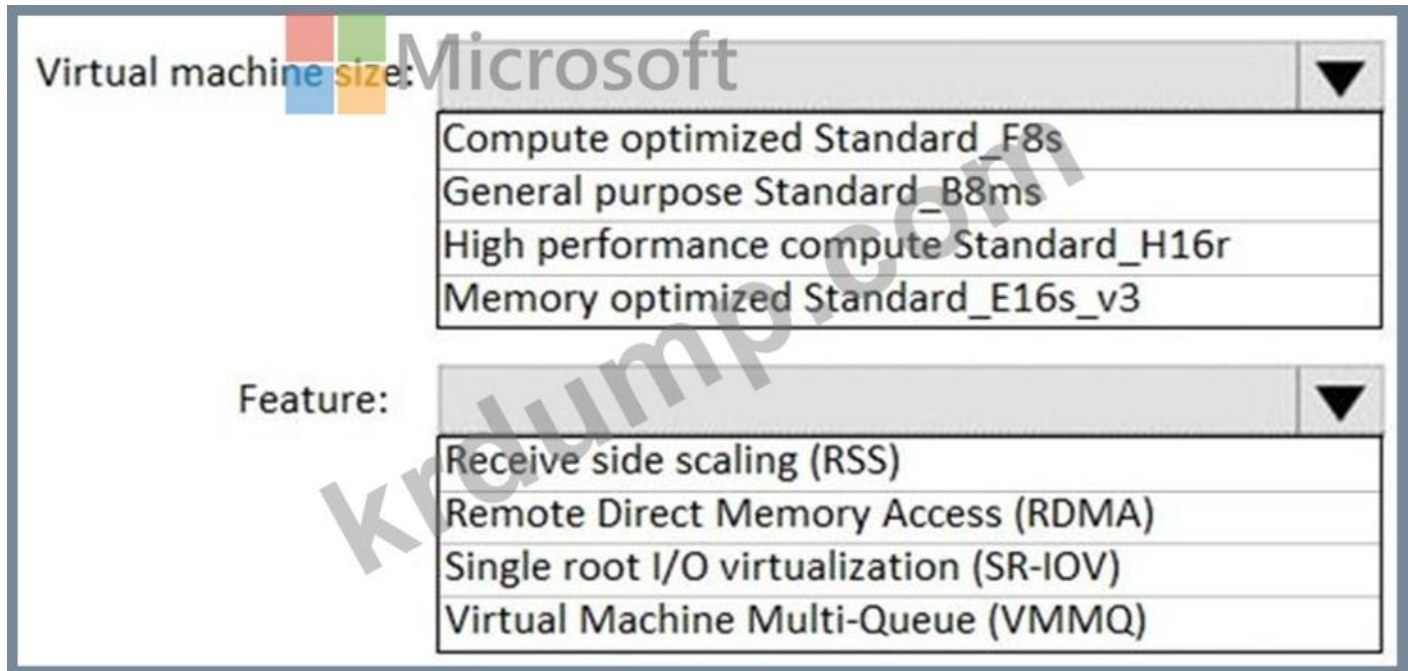
□□□□ □□□. SAML SSO(Single Sign-On) □ □□□□ □ □ □□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□
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- A. Azure AD □□□□□□ □□□□□□□
- B. □□□ □□□ □□
- C. Azure AD ID □□
- D. Azure AD PIM(Privileged Identity Management)
- E. Azure □□□□□□ □□□□□□

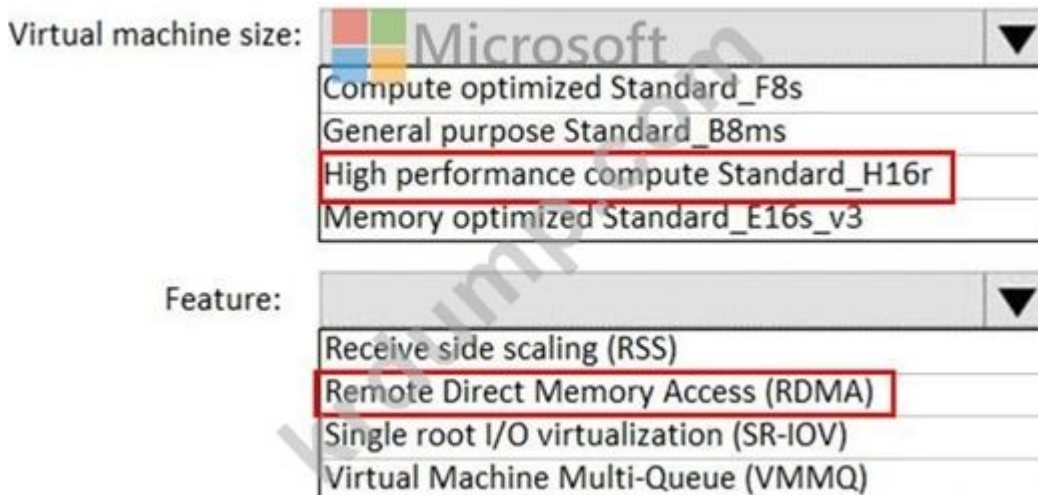
Answer: A,B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 29

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Answer:



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/sizes-hpc#h-series>

NEW QUESTION: 30

□□□ SQL □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□. □ □□□□□ □□ 20GB□□ □□ □□□ □□□ 20□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□. □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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- A. Azure □□ □□□□ □□□□ Microsoft SQL □□□ □□□□□□□ 20□
- B. Azure SQL Database □□□□ □□□□ 20□
- C. □□□ □□□ Azure □□ □□□□ □□□□ Microsoft SQL □□□ □□□□□□□ 20□
- D. 20□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□□ □□□ □□□ □

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

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Azure SQL Database □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□□□ □ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□□□. □□□ □□ □□□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□. Azure SQL Database□ □□□ □□ □□□□ SaaS □□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □ □□□□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

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- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/elastic-pool-overview>
- <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/sql-database/elastic/>
- <https://www.azure.cn/en-us/support/sla/virtual-machines/>
- <https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql/optimize-price-performance-with-compute-auto-scaling-in-azu>

NEW QUESTION: 31

Applicability of Azure SQL Managed Instance. Applications that require SQL 11.x compatibility level must be migrated to Azure SQL Managed Instance. Which of the following is a requirement for migrating an application to Azure SQL Managed Instance?

- A. Azure Active Directory (CON)
- B. Azure Synapse Analytics
- C. Redis Cache
- D. Azure Data Lake Storage

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

AZ-305 questions and answers are available at DumpTop. AZ-305! DumpTop is a leading provider of AZ-305 dumps, DumpTop AZ-305 questions and answers, DumpTop AZ-305 practice tests, and more. Visit <https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-dump.html> (316 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF Special Discount: KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 32

Azure Storage accounts can be configured for geo-redundant storage. Which of the following storage configurations is not supported for Azure Storage accounts? Azure Blob storage accounts can be configured for geo-redundant storage. Which of the following storage configurations is not supported for Azure Blob storage accounts?

- A. Locally redundant storage (GRS)
- B. Read-optimized geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)
- C. Azure Storage Sync
- D. Zone-redundant storage (DFS)

Answer: B ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 33

Which of the following is not a supported configuration for Azure App Service Premium? Azure App Service Premium can be configured for geo-redundant storage. Which of the following is not a supported configuration for Azure App Service Premium?

Which of the following is a valid Azure Resource ID for a virtual machine?
A. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/vm1
B. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/virtualMachines/vm1
C. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/vm1
D. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/virtualMachines/vm1

- A. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/vm1
- B. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/virtualMachines/vm1
- C. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/vm1
- D. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/virtualMachines/vm1

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 34

Which of the following is a valid Azure Resource ID for a virtual machine?
A. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/vm1
B. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/virtualMachines/vm1
C. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/vm1
D. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/virtualMachines/vm1

Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION: 35

Which of the following is a valid Azure Resource ID for a virtual machine?
A. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/vm1
B. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/virtualMachines/vm1
C. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/providers/Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/vm1
D. /subscriptions/12345678-9012-3456-7890-123456789012/resourceGroups/rg1/virtualMachines/vm1

Name	Type	Location
ASP-RG1	App Service plan	East US
KV1	Azure Key Vault	East US
KV2	Azure Key Vault	West Europe
App1	Azure Logic Apps	West US

App1 is connected to KV1 and KV2. App1 is connected to KV1 and KV2.

KV1 is connected to App1. KV1 is connected to App1.

App1 is connected to KV1 and KV2. App1 is connected to KV1 and KV2.

App1 is connected to KV1 and KV2. App1 is connected to KV1 and KV2.

Answer:

Permission to **assign** so that App1 can copy the secrets from KV1:

▼
Add
Backup
Create
List
Unwrap Key

Permission to assign so that App1 can copy the secrets to KV2:

▼
Create
Import
List
Wrap Key

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/rest/api/keyvault/>

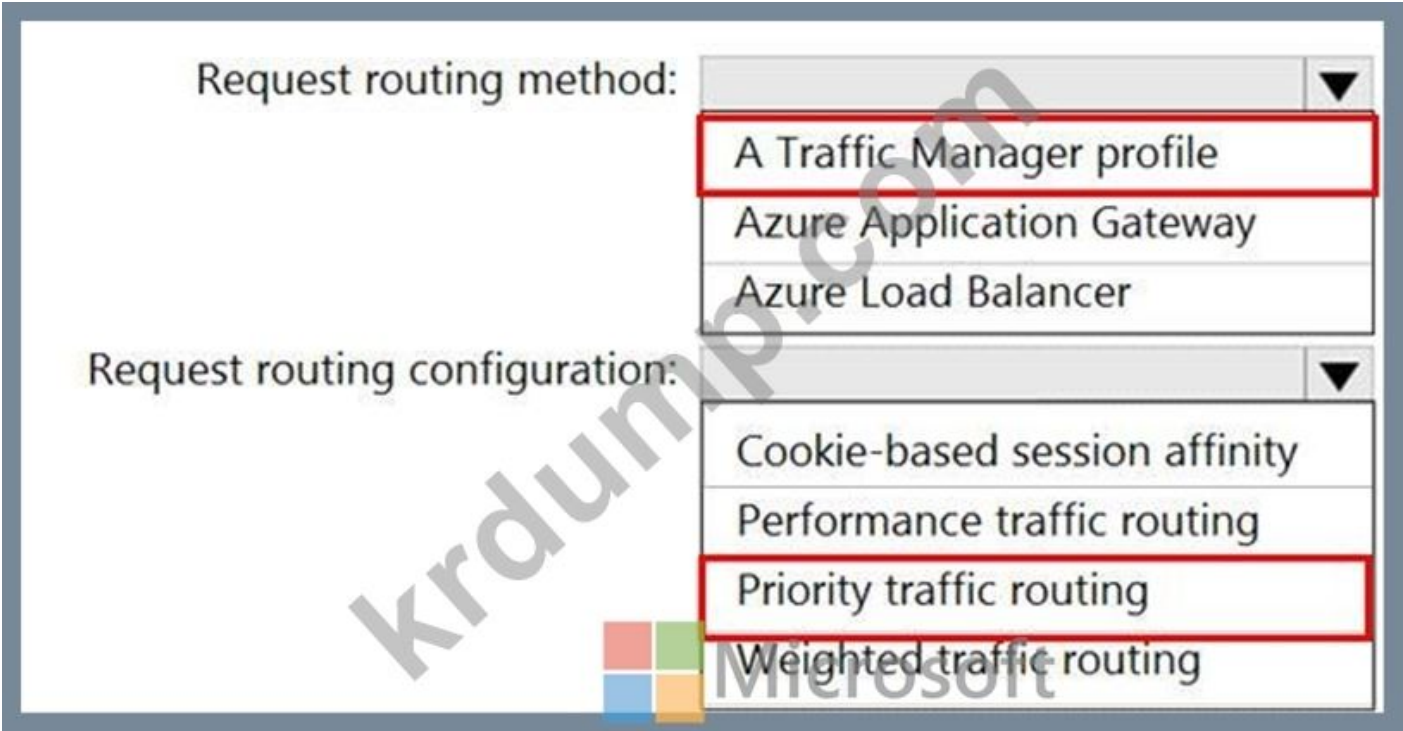
NEW QUESTION: 36

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- A. Azure □□□□ □□□
- B. □□ □□
- C. □□ □□ □□□ □□ SendGrid □□
- D. Azure AD □□ □□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/hybrid/how-to-connect-health-operations>
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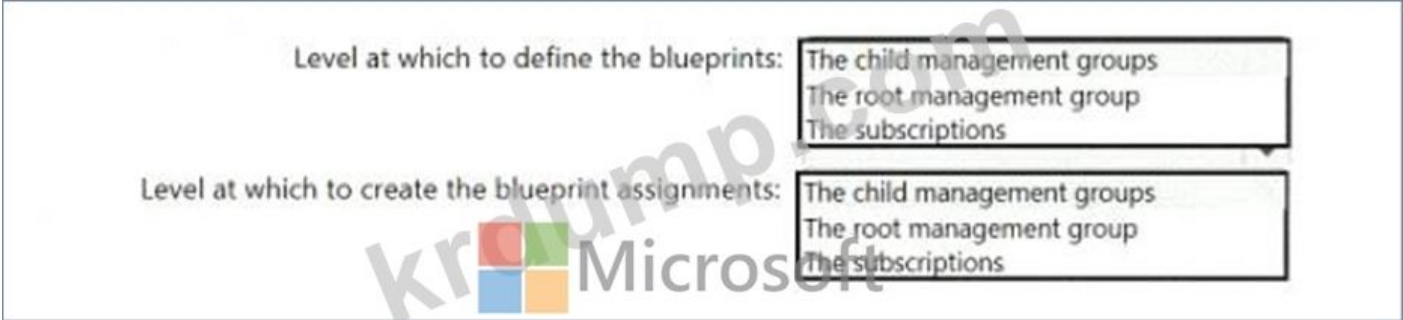
NEW QUESTION: 38

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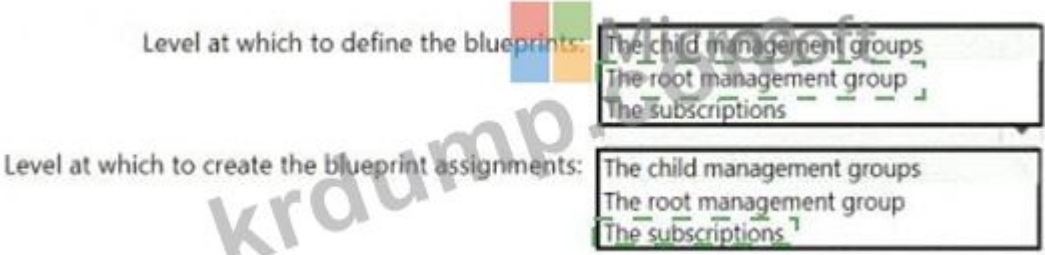
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Answer:



To protect against brute force attacks:

- ▼
- Azure AD Password Protection
- Conditional access policies
- Pass-through authentication
- Smart lockout

To block legacy authentication attempts:

- ▼
- Azure AD Application Proxy
- Azure AD Password Protection
- Conditional access policies
- Enable Security defaults



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To protect against brute force attacks:

- ▼
- Azure AD Password Protection
- Conditional access policies
- Pass-through authentication
- Smart lockout

To block legacy authentication attempts:

- ▼
- Azure AD Application Proxy
- Azure AD Password Protection
- Conditional access policies
- Enable Security defaults

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https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/howto-password-smart-lockout

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/block-legacy-authentication

NEW QUESTION: 40

App1 is an Azure Functions application that uses Azure Queue Storage for message queuing.

App1 is also an AKS (Azure Kubernetes Service) application that uses Kubernetes for container orchestration.

App1 is currently running on AKS. You need to ensure that App1 can continue to run if the AKS cluster becomes unavailable.

* Which of the following options can you use to ensure that App1 can continue to run if the AKS cluster becomes unavailable?

* Kubernetes Azure CNI (Container Network Interface) is a network plugin for Kubernetes that uses Azure CNI.

Which of the following options can you use to ensure that App1 can continue to run if the AKS cluster becomes unavailable? (Select two)

- A. Kubelet
- B. Kubernetes KEDA (Event Driven Autoscaling)
- C. Horizontal Pod Autoscaler
- D. Horizontal Pod Autoscaler
- E. AKS

Answer: D,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 41

VM1 and VM2 are virtual machines in a resource group.

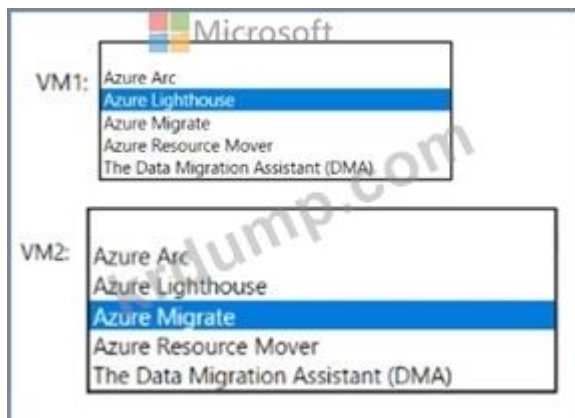
Name	Type	Resource group
VM1	Azure virtual machine	RG1
VM2	On-premises virtual machine	Not applicable

Azure Resource Group (RG) is a logical container for Azure resources.

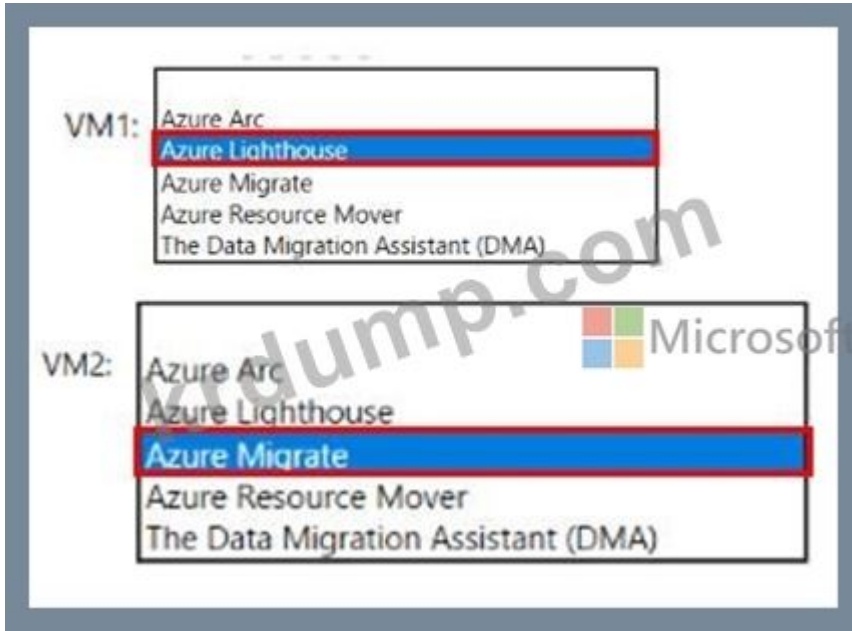
Which of the following options can you use to ensure that VM1 and VM2 are in the same resource group?

Which of the following options can you use to ensure that VM1 and VM2 are in the same resource group? (Select two)

Which of the following options can you use to ensure that VM1 and VM2 are in the same resource group? (Select two)



Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 42

172.16.0.0/16 IP address space is divided into 25 subnets. 25 subnets are used for Azure services and resources.

Subnet1 is used for Azure services and resources.

- * Subnet1 is used for Azure services and resources.
- * Subnet1 is used for Azure services and resources.
- * Subnet1 is used for Azure services and resources.

Subnet1 is used for Azure services and resources.

Subnet1 is used for Azure services and resources.

Subnet1 is used for Azure services and resources.

A screenshot of a network configuration interface. On the left, under 'Network Addresses', there is a list of IP address ranges: 172.16.0.0/16, 172.16.1.0/28, 192.168.0.0/24, and 192.168.1.0/28. On the right, under 'Answer Area', there are two input fields. The first is labeled 'Subnet1:' and the second is labeled 'Gateway subnet:'. Both fields have a 'Network address' button next to them. There are also navigation arrows (back and forward) between the two input fields.

Answer:

Network Addresses

- 172.16.0.0/16
- 172.16.1.0/28
- 192.168.0.0/24
- 192.168.1.0/28

Answer Area



Subnet1:

192.168.0.0/24

Gateway subnet:

192.168.1.0/28

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Subnet1: 192.168.0.0/24

Gateway subnet: 192.168.1.0/28

NEW QUESTION: 43

□□ □□ □□□ SQL □□□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□.

Name	Resource group	Location
SQLsvr1	RG1	East US
SQLsvr2	RG2	West US

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Name	Resource group	Location	Account kind
storage1	RG1	East US	StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
storage2	RG2	Central US	BlobStorage

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Name	Resource group	Server	Pricing tier
SQLdb1	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb2	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb3	RG2	SQLsvr2	Premium

Answer Area Microsoft

Statements	Yes	No
When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Answer Area Microsoft

Statements	Yes	No
When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>
[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340\(v=azure.100\)?
 redirectedfrom=MSDN](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340(v=azure.100)?redirectedfrom=MSDN)

NEW QUESTION: 44

□□ Azure □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□. □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□, □□, □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□□ □.

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- A. Azure □□□ □□□
- B. Azure Queue Storage
- C. Azure □□ □□
- D. Azure □□□ □□□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 45

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□□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□ Azure App Service □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□. App Service □□□□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□.

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□□ □□: Azure Security Center □□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□.

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- A. □
- B. □□□

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

Azure Security Center □ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

To where will KV1 fail over?

Microsoft

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

A server in the same Availability Set
A server in the same fault domain
A server in the same paired region
A virtual machine in a scale set

Backup
Decrypt
Delete
Encrypt
Get
List
Unwrap
Wrap

Answer:

To where will KV1 fail over?

A server in the same Availability Set
A server in the same fault domain
A server in the same paired region
A virtual machine in a scale set

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

Backup
Decrypt
Delete
Encrypt
Get
List
Unwrap
Wrap

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/disaster-recovery-guidance>



□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-routing-methods#priority-traffic-routing-method>

NEW QUESTION: 48

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Division	Azure subscription	Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant
East	Sub1, Sub2	East.contoso.com
West	Sub3, Sub4	West.contoso.com

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Azure □□

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Azure Cosmos DB □□

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Management groups: ▼

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

Blueprint definitions: ▼

-  1
- 2
- 3
- 4

Blueprint assignments: ▼

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

Answer:

Management groups:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

Blueprint definitions:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

Blueprint assignments:

- 1 Microsoft
- 2
- 3
- 4

NEW QUESTION: 49

Azure SQL TDE Azure . .

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Actions

Answer Area

- Create an Azure policy definition that uses the deployIfNotExists effect.
- Create a user-assigned managed identity.
- Invoke a remediation task.
- Create an Azure policy assignment.
- Create an Azure policy definition that uses the Modify effect.



Answer Area

Storage account type: Premium file shares
Premium page blobs
Standard general-purpose v2

Data redundancy: Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

Networking: Azure Route Server
A private endpoint
A service endpoint

NEW QUESTION: 51

_____ _____ _____ Azure _____ _____ _____.

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Virtual machine size: Compute optimized Standard_F8s
General purpose Standard_B8ms
High performance compute Standard_H16r
Memory optimized Standard_E16s_v3

Feature: Receive side scaling (RSS)
Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA)
Single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV)
Virtual Machine Multi-Queue (VMMQ)

Answer:

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RBAC: Azure RBAC(Azure □□ □□ □□□ □□)□ Azure □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□□. □□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□, □□, □□□ □□ □□ □□ ID□ □□□ □□□□□. Azure PowerShell □□ Azure CLI□ □□□□ □ □□□ Azure Resource Manager □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□. □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□. Azure Resource Manager □□□□□ □□ □□ □ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/blueprints/overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/microsoft-resources-move-regions>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/role-assignments-template>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/template-description>

NEW QUESTION: 54

App1□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□ □ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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Authenticate App1 by using:

- A certificate
- A service principal
- A system-assigned managed identity
- A user-assigned managed identity



Authorize App1 to retrieve Key Vault secrets by using:

- An access policy
- A connected service
- A private link
- A role assignment

Answer:



Authenticate App1 by using:

	▼
A certificate	
A service principal	
A system-assigned managed identity	
A user-assigned managed identity	

Authorize App1 to retrieve Key Vault secrets by using:

	▼
An access policy	
A connected service	
A private link	
A role assignment	

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/authentication>

NEW QUESTION: 55

□□□□ Microsoft SQL Server □□□□□□□ Azure□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□.

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Deployment solution:

Azure SQL Managed Instance
SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines
An Azure SQL Database single database

Resiliency solution:

Auto-failover group
Active geo-replication
Zone-redundant deployment

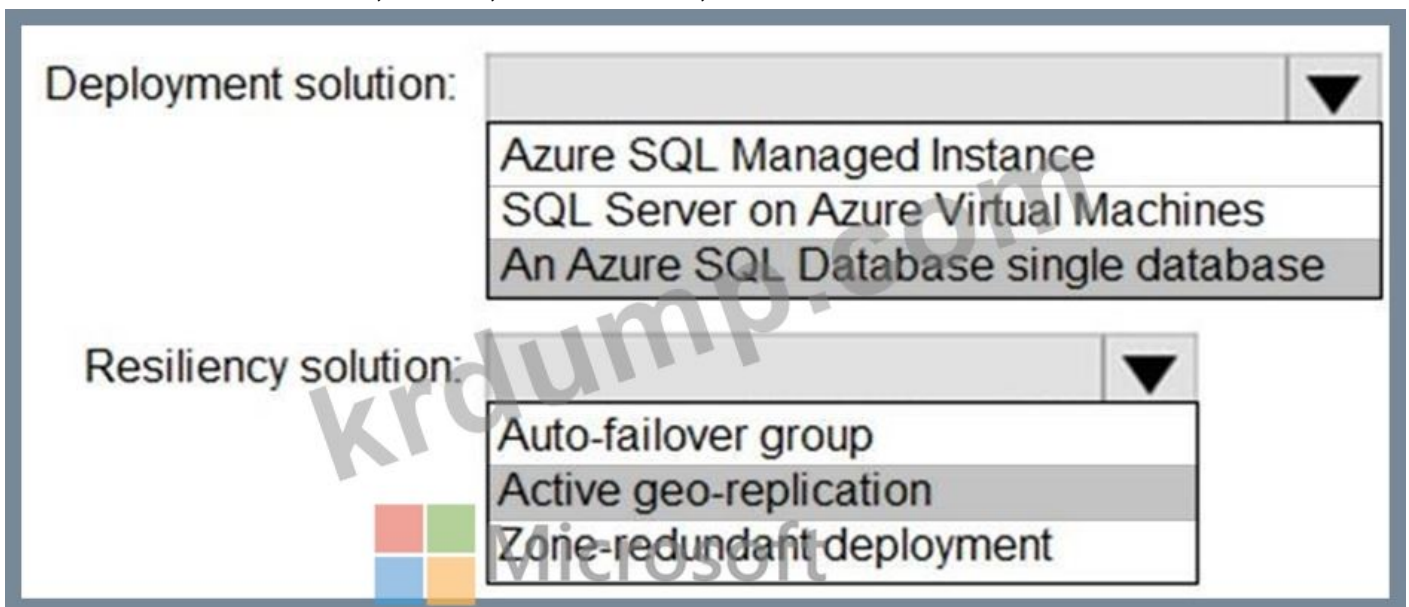


Answer:



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□□ 1: Azure SQL Database □□ □□□□□□.

SQL Server □□□ □□□□□ SQL Server □□ □□ □□

□□ □□ □□□ Azure SQL Managed Instance□□ □□□□ □□□□.

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/active-geo-replication-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 56

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Name	Type	Kind	Location
storage1	Azure Storage account	Storage	East US
storage2	Azure Storage account	StorageV2	East US
Workspace1	Azure Log Analytics workspace	Not applicable	East US
Workspace2	Azure Log Analytics workspace	Not applicable	East US
Hub1	Azure event hub	Not applicable	East US

DB1 Azure SQL DB1 Settings1 SQLInsights storage1 SQLInsights Workspace1 Hub1.

Statements	Yes	No
You can add a new diagnostic setting that archives SQLInsights logs to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Workspace2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Hub1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
You can add a new diagnostic setting that archives SQLInsights logs to storage2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Workspace2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Hub1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

1:

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Azure SQL DB1 Settings1 SQLInsights storage1 SQLInsights Workspace1 Hub1.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/metrics-diagnostic-telemetry-logging-streaming-export>

NEW QUESTION: 57

App1 Azure Key Vault KV1 Azure Key Vault.

App1 KV1 Settings1 SQLInsights storage1 SQLInsights Workspace1 Hub1.

App1 KV1 Settings1 SQLInsights storage1 SQLInsights Workspace1 Hub1.

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KV1□ □□□□□ Azure □□□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□.

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To where will KV1 fail over?

Microsoft ▾

- A server in the same Availability Set
- A server in the same fault domain
- A server in the same paired region
- A virtual machine in a scale set

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

- Backup
- Decrypt
- Delete
- Encrypt
- Get
- List
- Unwrap
- Wrap

Answer:

To where will KV1 fail over?

Microsoft

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

A server in the same Availability Set

A server in the same fault domain

A server in the same paired region

A virtual machine in a scale set

Backup

Decrypt

Delete

Encrypt

Get

List

Unwrap

Wrap

1: A server in the same Availability Set

150 A server in the same paired region.

2: A server in the same paired region.

- * A server in the same Availability Set
- * A server in the same fault domain
- * A server in the same paired region
- * A virtual machine in a scale set
- * Backup
- * Decrypt
- * Encrypt
- * Get
- * List
- * Unwrap
- * Wrap

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NEW QUESTION: 58

App2 is a .NET application that runs on a Windows Server. You need to migrate App2 to Azure. You plan to use Azure File Sync to migrate App2. Which Azure service should you use to store the files that App2 generates? (Select two.)

Services	Answer Area
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Blob Storage	Azure subscription: <input type="text" value="Service"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Data Box	On-premises network: <input type="text" value="Service"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Data Box Gateway	
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Data Lake Storage	
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure File Sync	
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Files	

Answer:

Services	Answer Area
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Azure Blob Storage	Azure subscription: <input checked="" type="text" value="Azure Files"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Azure Data Box	On-premises network: <input checked="" type="text" value="Azure File Sync"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Data Box Gateway	
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Data Lake Storage	
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure File Sync	
<input type="checkbox"/> Azure Files	

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NEW QUESTION: 59

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Host virtual machine	Azure Availability Zone	Azure region
USDB1	1	US East
USDB2	2	US East
USDB3	3	US East
EUDB1	1	West Europe
EUDB2	2	West Europe
EUDB3	3	West Europe

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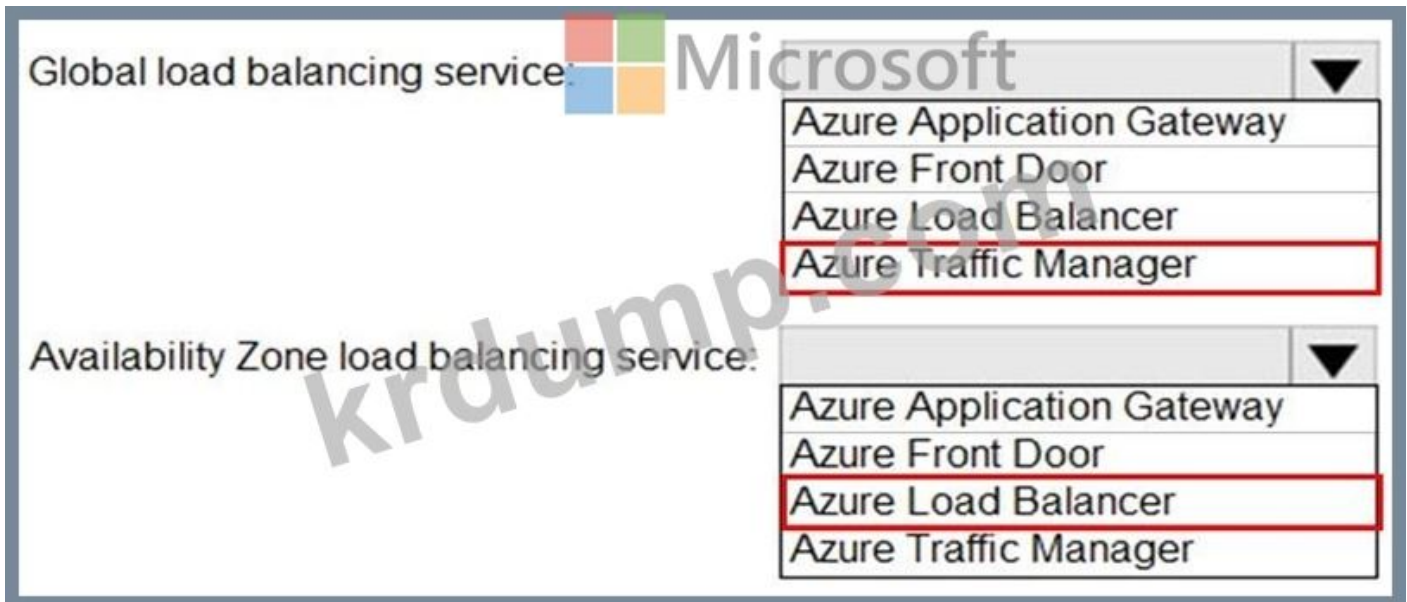
Global load balancing service:  Microsoft ▼

Azure Application Gateway
Azure Front Door
Azure Load Balancer
Azure Traffic Manager

Availability Zone load balancing service: ▼

Azure Application Gateway
Azure Front Door
Azure Load Balancer
Azure Traffic Manager

Answer:



□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/guide/technology-choices/load-balancing-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 60

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B. □□□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

NEW QUESTION: 61

SQL Azure .

Name	Resource group	Location
SQLsvr1	RG1	East US
SQLsvr2	RG2	West US

.
Storage account .

Name	Resource group	Location	Account kind
storage1	RG1	East US	StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
storage2	RG2	Central US	BlobStorage

Azure SQL .

Name	Resource group	Server	Pricing tier
SQLdb1	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb2	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb3	RG2	SQLsvr2	Premium

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>

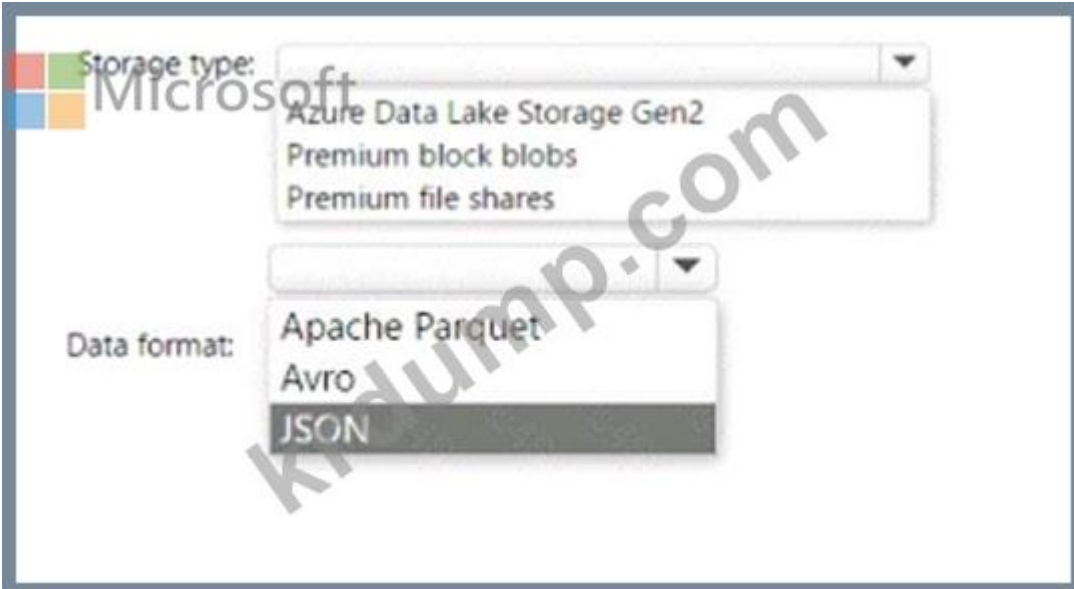
[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340\(v=azure.100\)?](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340(v=azure.100)?)

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AZ-305 DumpTop AZ-305! DumpTop AZ-305, DumpTop AZ-305 . DumpTop AZ-305 .
<https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-dump.html> (316 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF** Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 62

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Answer:



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Storage type:  Microsoft

- Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2
- Premium block blobs**
- Premium file shares

Data format: 

- Apache Parquet
- Avro**
- JSON

NEW QUESTION: 63

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Policy1

Associated items Delete Save Discard

Backup frequency

Daily 6:00 PM (UTC) Coordinated Universal Time

Retention range

Retention of daily backup point.

* At 6:00 PM For 90 Day(s)

Retention of weekly backup point.


* On Sunday * At 6:00 PM For 26 Week(s)

Retention of monthly backup point.

Week Based Day Based

* On First * Day Sunday * At 6:00 PM For 36 Month(s)

Retention of yearly backup point.

Not Configured  Microsoft

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Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

	▼
90 days	
26 weeks	
36 months	
45 months	

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

	▼
1 hour	
1 day	
1 week	
1 month	
1 year	

Answer:

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

	▼
90 days	
26 weeks	
36 months	
45 months	

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

	▼
1 hour	
1 day	
1 week	
1 month	
1 year	

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Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

▼
90 days
26 weeks
36 months
45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

▼
1 hour
1 day
1 week
1 month
1 year



NEW QUESTION: 64

- □□□□ □□ Azure Storage □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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Storage account type:

▼
General purpose v2 with Archive access tier for blobs
General purpose v2 with Cool access tier for blobs
General purpose v2 with Hot access tier for blobs

Configuration to prevent modifications and deletions:

▼
Container access level
Container access policy
Storage account resource lock

Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 66

Microsoft SQL Server App1. App1 consists of four databases.

Name	Size
DB1	450 GB
DB2	250 GB
DB3	300 GB
DB4	50 GB

App1 is hosted on a single virtual machine. The virtual machine is 3% CPU utilization.

App1 is hosted on Azure. The virtual machine is hosted on Azure. The virtual machine is hosted on Azure.

Azure SQL Database is hosted on Azure. The virtual machine is hosted on Azure. The virtual machine is hosted on Azure.

- A. vCore 4 vCores
- B. vCore 2 vCores
- C. DTU 100 DTUs
- D. DTU 10 DTUs

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

DTU is a unit of measurement for the performance of a database. DTU is a unit of measurement for the performance of a database. DTU is a unit of measurement for the performance of a database.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/service-tiers-dtu>

NEW QUESTION: 67

Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure. Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure. Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure.

- A. Azure Resource Manager
- B. Azure Monitor
- C. Azure
- D. Azure Monitor

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure. Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure. Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure.

Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure. Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure. Azure Resource Manager is a management tool for Azure.

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/view-activity-logs>

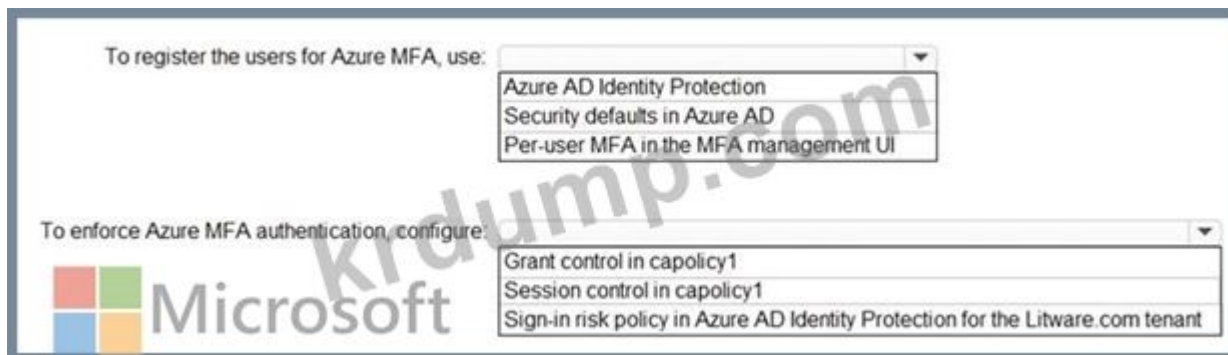
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/change-tracking>

NEW QUESTION: 68

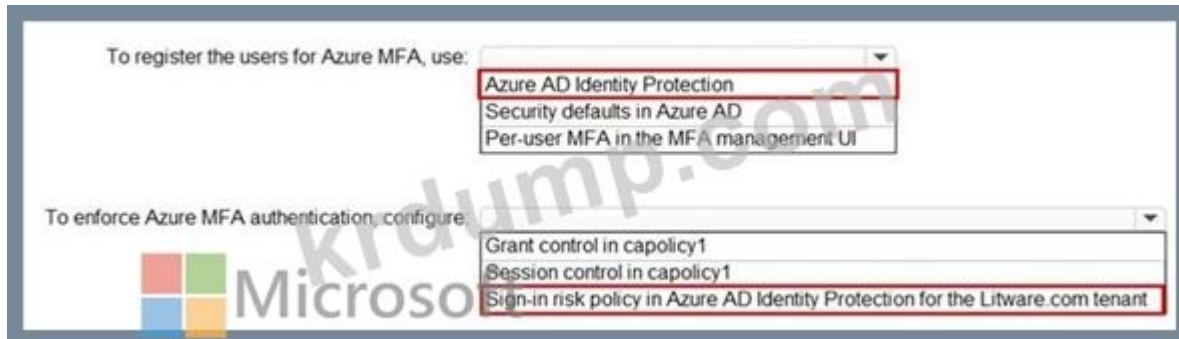
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Answer:



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-mfa-policy>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-risk-policies>

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Litware.com Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) Litware.com Active Directory . Azure Active Directory Premium P2 .

Litware dev.Litware.com Azure AD .

Litware.com capolicy1 . Capolicy1 Azure Portal Azure AD .

Azure .

Litware Litware.com 10 Azure dev.Litware.com 5 Azure . EA(Enterprise Agreement) .

Litware.com Azure Storage Blob DataActions Role1 Azure RBAC(Azure) . .

Litware .

Name	Type	Configuration
SERVER1 SERVER2 SERVER3	Ubuntu 18.04 virtual machines hosted on Hyper-V	The virtual machines host a third-party app named App1. App1 uses an external storage solution that provides Apache Hadoop-compatible data storage. The data storage supports POSIX access control list (ACL) file-level permissions.
SERVER10	Server that runs Windows Server 2016	The server contains a Microsoft SQL Server instance that hosts two databases named DB1 and DB2.

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Litware Azure ExpressRoute .

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Litware .

DB1 DB2 Azure .

App1 Azure .

App1 Azure Azure .

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Litware .

Azure Portal Azure AD .

Azure MFA(Multi-Factor Authentication) . RBAC Azure .

Azure App1 ID .

Role1 Azure .

RBAC .

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NEW QUESTION: 69

Azure Storage □□□ □□□□□□□□ □□ Azure□□ □□□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□.

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Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Statements	Yes	No
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION: 70

App1 and App2 are running on Azure Virtual Machines. App1 uses a SQL Server database and App2 uses an Azure Storage account for content storage. App1 and App2 are both running on the same virtual machine. Which of the following is the best way to ensure that App1 and App2 can access each other's data?

- A. Create a storage account and mount it to both virtual machines.
- B. Create a storage account and mount it to App1's virtual machine. Create a storage account and mount it to App2's virtual machine.
- C. Create a storage account and mount it to App1's virtual machine. Create a storage account and mount it to App2's virtual machine. Create a storage account and mount it to the virtual machine that runs both App1 and App2.
- D. Create a storage account and mount it to App1's virtual machine. Create a storage account and mount it to App2's virtual machine. Create a storage account and mount it to the virtual machine that runs both App1 and App2. Create a storage account and mount it to the virtual machine that runs both App1 and App2.

- A. Create an Azure Service Bus queue.
- B. Create an Azure Service Bus topic.
- C. Create an Azure Data Factory pipeline.
- D. Create an Azure Data Lake Storage account.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

The correct answer is B. Create a storage account and mount it to App1's virtual machine. Create a storage account and mount it to App2's virtual machine. This is the best way to ensure that App1 and App2 can access each other's data. Option A is incorrect because it requires creating a single storage account and mounting it to both virtual machines, which is not possible. Option C is incorrect because it requires creating three storage accounts and mounting them to the virtual machines, which is unnecessary. Option D is incorrect because it requires creating two storage accounts and mounting them to the virtual machines, which is also unnecessary.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-queues-topics-subscriptions>

NEW QUESTION: 71

Azure Virtual Machines SQL Server Standard Edition is configured with 15,000 IOPS. Which of the following is the best way to ensure that the virtual machine can handle the workload?

- * 15,000 IOPS SR-IOV.
- * SR-IOV.

Answer:

Network Addresses	Answer Area
172.16.0.0/16	Subnet1: 192.168.0.0/24
172.16.1.0/27	Gateway subnet: 192.168.1.0/27
192.168.0.0/24	
192.168.1.0/27	

NEW QUESTION: 73

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Azure Storage account kind:

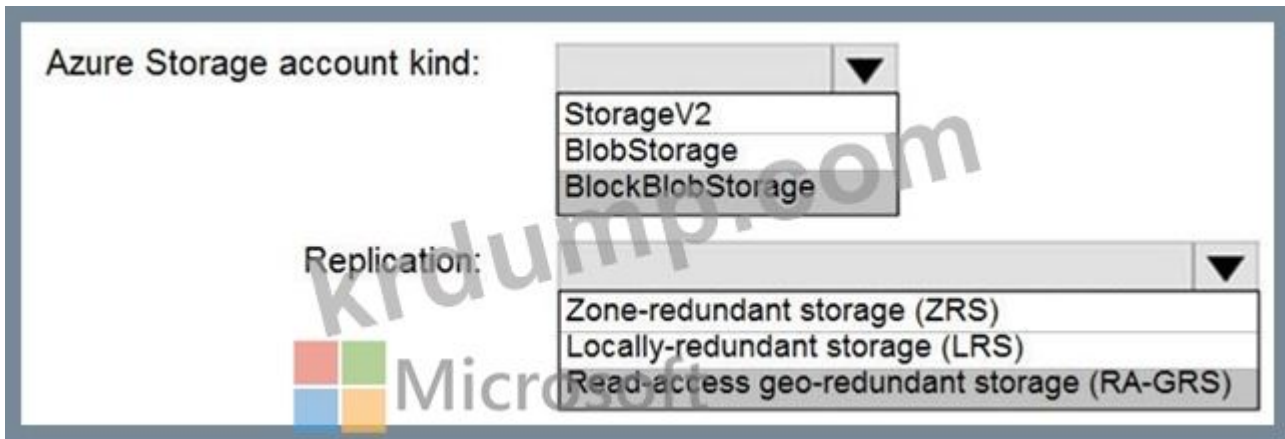
Replication:

Answer:

Azure Storage account kind:

Replication:

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview>

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy?
toc=/azure/storage/blobs/toc.json](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy?toc=/azure/storage/blobs/toc.json)

NEW QUESTION: 74

□□ □□□ □□ API Management□□ OAuth2 □□□ □□□□□.



Add OAuth2 service

API Management service

✕

Display name *

Id * ⓘ

Description

Authorization server description

Client registration page URL *

Authorization grant types

Authorization code

Implicit

Resource owner password

Client credentials


Authorization endpoint URL *

Support state parameter

Authorization request method

GET

POST



Token endpoint URL *

[Create](#)

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The selected authorization grant type is for [answer choice].

- Background services
- Headless device authentication
- Web applications

To enable custom data in the grant flow, select [answer choice].

- Client credentials
- Resource owner password
- Support state parameter

Answer:

The selected authorization grant type is for [answer choice].

- Background services
- Headless device authentication
- Web applications

To enable custom data in the grant flow, select [answer choice].

- Client credentials
- Resource owner password
- Support state parameter

□□:

- <https://developer.okta.com/blog/2018/04/10/oauth-authorization-code-grant-type>
- <https://connect2id.com/products/server/docs/guides/client-registration>

NEW QUESTION: 75

- Azure□ □□□□□□□□ □ □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□.
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Service:

- Azure SQL Database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- Azure Synapse Analytics
- SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines

Service tier:

- Basic
- Business Critical
- General Purpose
- Hyperscale
- Premium
- Standard

Answer:

Service:

- Azure SQL Database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- Azure Synapse Analytics
- SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines

Service tier:

- Basic
- Business Critical
- General Purpose
- Hyperscale
- Premium
- Standard

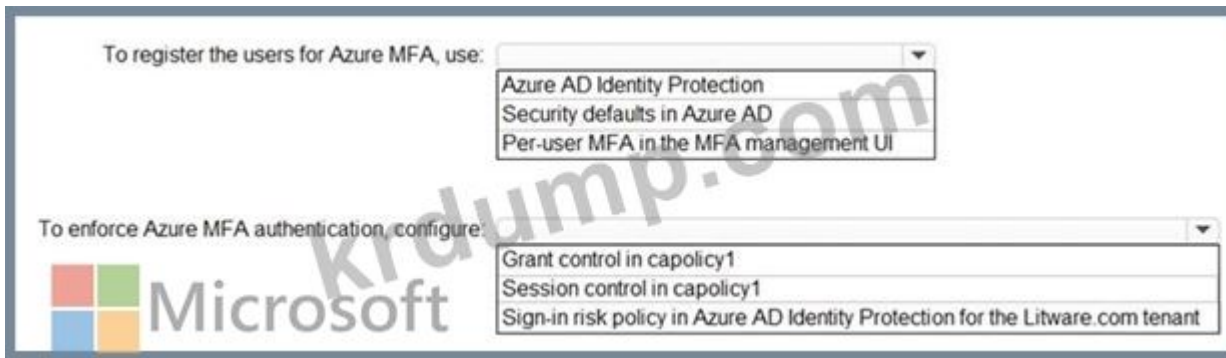
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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/active-geo-replication-overview>

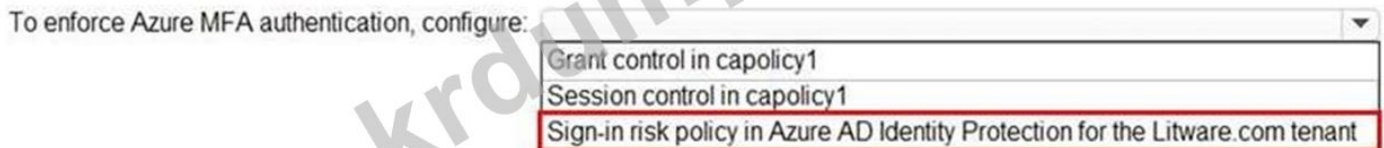
<https://medium.com/awesome-azure/azure-difference-between-azure-sql-database-and-sql-server-on-vm-comparison-azure-sql-vs-sql-server-vm-cf02578a1188>

NEW QUESTION: 76

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Answer:



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-mfa-policy>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-risk-policies>

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<https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-dump.html> (316 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF Special Discount: KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 77

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- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 5
- D. 10

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Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

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NEW QUESTION: 78

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API 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000.

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Topic

Value

Allowed authentication methods



▼
All methods
GET only
GET and POST only
GET, POST, and OPTIONS only

Authorization level

▼
Function
Anonymous
Admin

Answer:

Topic Microsoft

Allowed authentication methods

▼
All methods
GET only
GET and POST only
GET, POST, and OPTIONS only

Authorization level

▼
Function
Anonymous
Admin

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/overview-authentication-authorization>

NEW QUESTION: 79

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- A. Azure □□
- B. Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2
- C. Azure Blob □□□
- D. Azure SQL □□□□□□

Answer: C ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

Blob storage: HTTP or HTTPS... Blob storage... Blob Storage... 4.77TB.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/solution-ideas/articles/digital-media-video

NEW QUESTION: 80

... Linux or Windows VM(Azure) ... VM Azure VM ... Microsoft Dependency Agent or Microsoft Monitoring Agent ... Azure ExpressRoute ... VM ... Azure ...

Scenario

Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting internet access.

- Azure Network Watcher
- Azure ExpressRoute Monitor
- Azure Service Endpoint Monitor
- Azure DNS Analytics

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.



- Azure Service Map
- Azure Activity Log
- Azure Service Health
- Azure Advisor

Answer:



Scenario

Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting internet access.

- Azure Network Watcher
- Azure ExpressRoute Monitor
- Azure Service Endpoint Monitor
- Azure DNS Analytics

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.

- Azure Service Map
- Azure Activity Log
- Azure Service Health
- Azure Advisor

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Scenario

Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting internet access.

	▼
Azure Network Watcher	
Azure ExpressRoute Monitor	
Azure Service Endpoint Monitor	
Azure DNS Analytics	

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.

	▼
Azure Service Map	
Azure Activity Log	
Azure Service Health	
Azure Advisor	



Q1: Azure Traffic Analytics

Traffic Analytics is a feature of Azure Network Watcher that provides visibility into network traffic. It allows you to analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs and generate reports on traffic patterns. Azure Traffic Analytics is a cloud-based service that processes and analyzes network traffic data from NSG flow logs. It provides a user interface for viewing traffic reports and generating alerts. Traffic Analytics is available for Azure Virtual Machines (VMs) and Azure Cloud Services.

* Traffic Analytics, a feature of Azure Network Watcher, provides visibility into network traffic. It allows you to analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs and generate reports on traffic patterns.

* Azure Traffic Analytics is a cloud-based service that processes and analyzes network traffic data from NSG flow logs.

* Azure Traffic Analytics is a feature of Azure Network Watcher that provides visibility into network traffic. It allows you to analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs and generate reports on traffic patterns.

* Traffic Analytics, a feature of Azure Network Watcher, provides visibility into network traffic. It allows you to analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs and generate reports on traffic patterns.

Q2: Azure Service Map

Service Map is a feature of Azure Monitor that provides a visual representation of the dependencies between services in your environment. It shows the relationships between different services, such as Azure Virtual Machines (VMs), Azure Cloud Services, and external services. Service Map uses data from Azure Activity Log and Azure Service Health to generate a dependency graph. This graph shows the flow of traffic and dependencies between services, helping you understand the overall architecture of your environment. Service Map is available for Azure Virtual Machines (VMs) and Azure Cloud Services.

Q3:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

NEW QUESTION: 81

A company has a database named db1 in an Azure SQL Database. The database is used for storing customer information. The company wants to ensure that the database is always available and accessible. The company is considering using Azure Service Map to monitor the database and its dependencies. The company is also considering using Azure Traffic Analytics to analyze the database traffic. The company is asking for your advice on how to best monitor and analyze the database.

Virtual network: Off **External** Internal

LOCATION	VIRTUAL NETWORK	SUBNET
West Europe	VNet1	ProdSubnet

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Statements	Yes	No
The API is available to partners over the Internet.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The APIM instance can access real-time data from VM1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
A VPN gateway is required for partner access.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
The API is available to partners over the Internet.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The APIM instance can access real-time data from VM1.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
A VPN gateway is required for partner access.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-using-with-vnet>

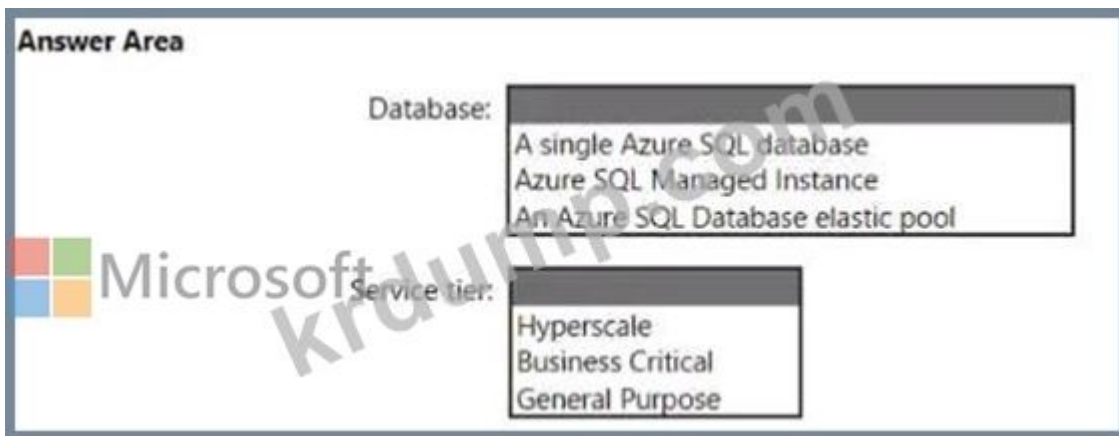
NEW QUESTION: 84

DB1 □ DB2□ Azure□ □□□□□□□□ □□□□□□.

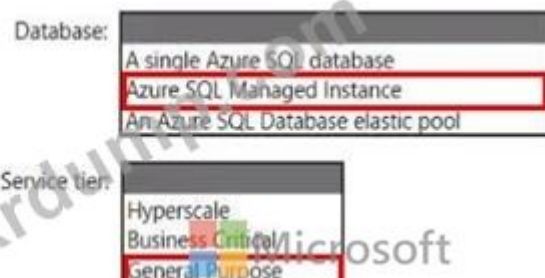
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Answer:
Answer Area



NEW QUESTION: 85

Fabrikam, Ltd. is a company that has a single application running on Azure. Fabrikam is using a single RBAV (Role Based Access Control) for all users. Microsoft 365 E5 is used for all users.

Fabrikam has a single application named Application1. The application is running on Azure. The application is using a single RBAV for all users.

* The application is using a single RBAV for all users.

* The application is using a single RBAV for all users.

* The application is using a single RBAV for all users.

Which of the following is the correct answer?

A. Azure AD(Active Directory) Privileged Identity Management for Application1 is used for all users.

B. Get-AzureADUserAppRoleAssignment cmdlet is used for all users.

C. Get-AzureRmRoleAssignment cmdlet is used for all users.

D. Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) for Application1 is used for all users.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/manage-user-access-with-access-reviews> Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) is used for all users. The application is using a single RBAV for all users. The application is using a single RBAV for all users. The application is using a single RBAV for all users. The application is using a single RBAV for all users. The application is using a single RBAV for all users.

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NEW QUESTION: 86

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Azure Container Registry □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□. Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) □ □□□□ □ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □. □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□?

- A. Azure □□□□ □□□□
- B. □□□□□ □□□□ Azure App Service □□□□
- C. AKS(Azure Kubernetes □□□)

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

AKS(Azure Kubernetes Service) □□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □ □□ □□□□ □ □ □□□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □ □□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□. □□□ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□.

Azure Container Registry □ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□□. Docker Swarm, DC/OS □ □□□ Azure Kubernetes □□□□ □□□□ Azure Container Service □ □□ □□□□□□□□ □ □□□□□.

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/cluster-autoscaler>
<https://medium.com/velotio-perspectives/continuous-deployment-with-azure-kubernetes-service-azurecontainer-registry-jenkins-ca337940151b>

NEW QUESTION: 87

Azure Storage □□□ □□□□□□□□ □□ Azure □□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□. □□ □ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□□. □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□. □□: □ □□□ □□□ 1□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Statements

Yes

No

You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.

You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.

You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.

Answer:

Statements

Yes

No

You must provision an Azure Storage account for the SQL Server database migration.

You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Web site content storage.

You must provision an Azure Storage account for the Database metric monitoring.

NEW QUESTION: 88

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The screenshot shows the configuration for a backup policy named "Policy1". The interface includes a Microsoft logo and navigation options: "Associated items", "Delete", "Save", and "Discard".

Backup frequency: Daily, 6:00 PM, (UTC) Coordinated Universal Time.

Retention range:

- Retention of daily backup point.
* At: 6:00 PM, For: 90 Day(s)
- Retention of weekly backup point.
* On: Sunday, * At: 6:00 PM, For: 26 Week(s)
- Retention of monthly backup point.
Week Based (selected) / Day Based
* On: First, * Day: Sunday, * At: 6:00 PM, For: 36 Month(s)
- Retention of yearly backup point.

Not Configured

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

- 90 days
- 26 weeks
- 36 months
- 45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

- 1 hour
- 1 day
- 1 week
- 1 month
- 1 year



Answer:

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

- 90 days
- 26 weeks
- 36 months
- 45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

- 1 hour
- 1 day
- 1 week
- 1 month
- 1 year

NEW QUESTION: 89

When you create a backup policy for Azure Storage, you can specify the backup retention period.

The retention period must be between 1 and 10 years.

You can specify the retention period in days, weeks, months, or years.

* The retention period must be between 1 and 10 years.

* The retention period must be between 1 and 10 years.

* The retention period must be between 1 and 10 years.

* The retention period must be between 1 and 10 years.

What is the maximum retention period for a backup policy for Azure Storage?

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Storage account type:

▼
General purpose v2 with Archive access tier for blobs
General purpose v2 with Cool access tier for blobs
General purpose v2 with Hot access tier for blobs

Configuration to prevent modifications and deletions:

▼
Container access level
Container access policy
Storage account resource lock

Answer:

Storage account type:	▼
General purpose v2 with Archive access tier for blobs	
General purpose v2 with Cool access tier for blobs	
General purpose v2 with Hot access tier for blobs	

Configuration to prevent modifications and deletions:	▼
Container access level	
Container access policy	
Storage account resource lock	

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

NEW QUESTION: 90

□□□ □□ □□ ID□ □□□□ Azure App Service □□□ □□□□.

□□ □□□ Azure Key Vault□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.

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ANSWER AREA

Key Vault integration method:

- Key Vault references in Application settings
- Key Vault references in Appsettings.json
- Key Vault references in Web.config
- Key Vault SDK

Key Vault permissions for the managed identity:

- Keys: Get
- Keys: List and Get
- Secrets: Get
- Secrets: List and Get

Answer:

Answer Area

Key Vault integration method:

- Key Vault references in Application settings
- Key Vault references in Appsettings.json
- Key Vault references in Web.config
- Key Vault SDK

Key Vault permissions for the managed identity:

- Keys: Get
- Keys: List and Get
- Secrets: Get
- Secrets: List and Get

□□

Answer Area

Key Vault integration method: Key Vault references in Web.config

Key Vault permissions for the managed identity: Secrets: Get

NEW QUESTION: 91

□□□□□ Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□. □□□□ □□ □ □□□□ □□□□□.

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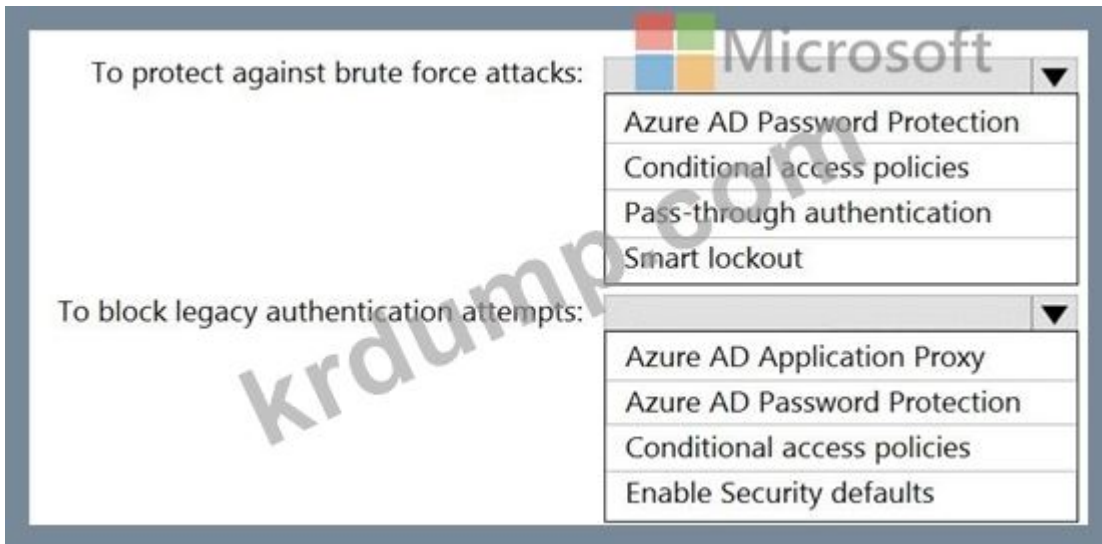
Azure AD □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ Active Directory □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□.

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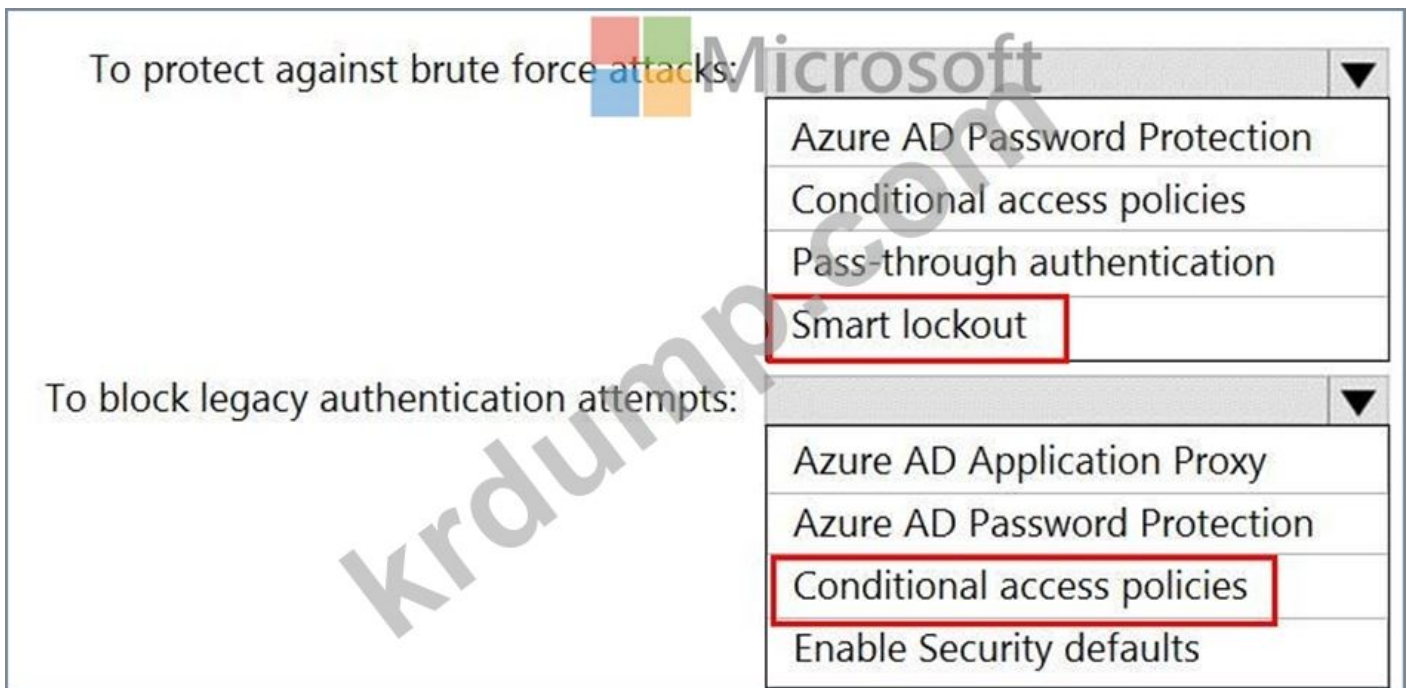
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Answer:



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/howto-password-smart-lockout>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/block-legacy-authentication>

AZ-305 □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ DumpTop □□ □□□□ □□□ AZ-305 □□! DumpTop
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<https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-dump.html> (316 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF Special**

Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 92

App1 is a .NET application that uses the Key Vault REST API to retrieve secrets. App1 is running on an Azure App Service. You need to configure App1 to retrieve secrets from Key Vault. What should you do?

Authenticate App1 by using:

	▼
A certificate	
A service principal	
A system-assigned managed identity	
A user-assigned managed identity	



Authorize App1 to retrieve Key Vault secrets by using:

	▼
An access policy	
A connected service	
A private link	
A role assignment	

Answer:

Authenticate App1 by using:

	▼
A certificate	
A service principal	
A system-assigned managed identity	
A user-assigned managed identity	



Authorize App1 to retrieve Key Vault secrets by using:

	▼
An access policy	
A connected service	
A private link	
A role assignment	

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/authentication>

NEW QUESTION: 93

2TB of data is stored in an Azure Blob storage account. You need to ensure that the data is encrypted at rest. What should you do?

1. Which of the following is not a valid Azure storage account type?
 A. Blob storage
 B. Storage (general purpose v1)
 C. StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
 D. Storage (general purpose v2)

Account type:

▼
Blob storage
Storage (general purpose v1)
StorageV2 (general purpose v2)

Replication solution:

▼
Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

Answer:

Account type:

▼
Blob storage
Storage (general purpose v1)
StorageV2 (general purpose v2)

Replication solution:

▼
Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

NEW QUESTION: 94

1. Which of the following is not a valid Azure storage account type?
 A. Blob storage
 B. Storage (general purpose v1)
 C. StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
 D. Storage (general purpose v2)

□□□ □□□□□ □ Azure□ □□ □□ □□□□□. ExpressRoute□ □□□□□□□
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□□□: Azure Network Watcher□□ Azure □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□
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A. □

B. □□□

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

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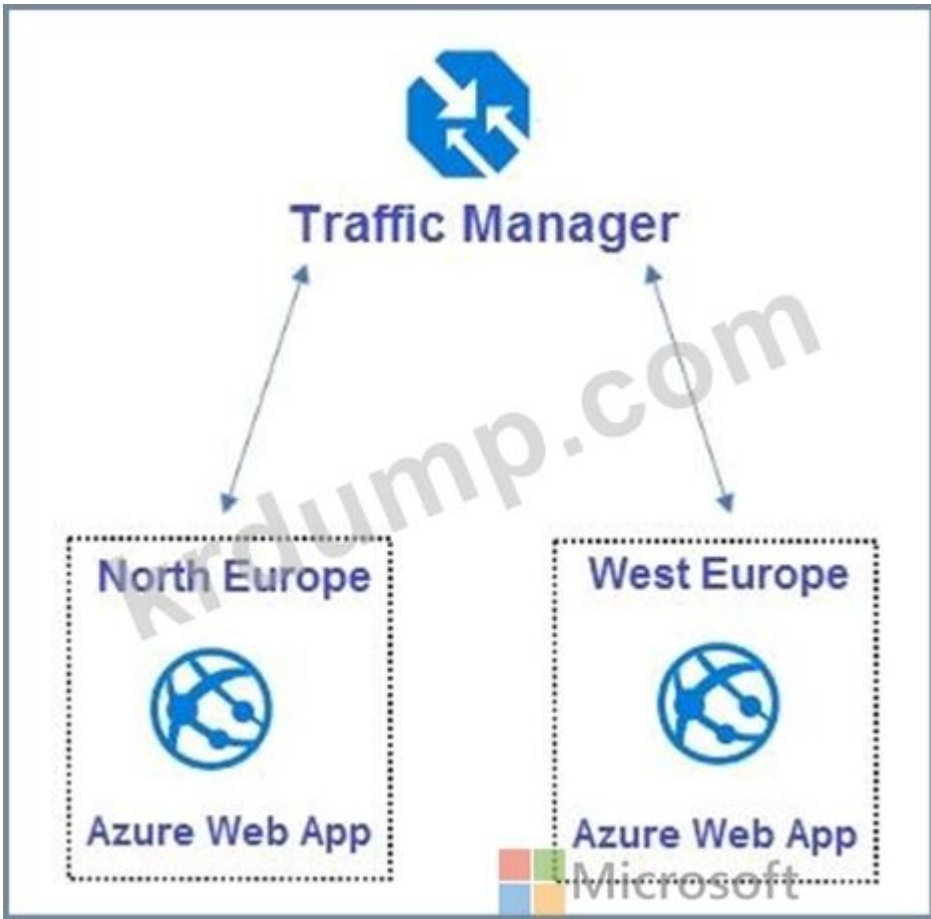
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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics>

NEW QUESTION: 95

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Statements	Yes	No
The design supports the technical requirements for redundancy.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design supports autoscaling.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design requires a manual configuration if an Azure region fails.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
The design supports the technical requirements for redundancy.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design supports autoscaling.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design requires a manual configuration if an Azure region fails.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-overview>
<https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/hsirtl/2017/07/03/autoscaling-azure-web-apps/>

NEW QUESTION: 96

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□□□□ Azure□ □□□□□□□□ □□□. □□□□ HDFS(Hadoop □□ □□ □□□)□ □□ □□ □□□.

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A. Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2

B. Azure □□□ □□

C. Azure NetApp □□

D. Azure □□□ □□□□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 97

□□□□ Windows Server 2019□ □□□□ □-□□□□ □□ □□ cbfserver□ □□□□.

Windows Admin Center□ □ □□□ □□□□□. □□□□ Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□

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□□□: Azure Recovery Services □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□. □□ □□ Azure

Backup □□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□. □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. □

B. □□□

Answer: A ([LEAVE A REPLY](#))

NEW QUESTION: 98

App1□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ Azure Traffic Manager □ Azure Application Gateway□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

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Answer Area

Azure Traffic Manager:

1
2
3
6

Azure Application Gateway:

1
2
3
6



Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 99

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Database:

	▼
A single Azure SQL database	
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
An Azure SOL Database elastic pool	



Service tier:

	▼
Hyperscale	
Business Critical	
General Purpose	

Answer:

Database:

	▼
A single Azure SQL database	
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
An Azure SQL Database elastic pool	

Service tier:

	▼
Hyperscale	
Business Critical	
General Purpose	



Microsoft

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/auto-failover-group-overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/sql-managed-instance-paas-overview>

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NEW QUESTION: 100

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The screenshot displays an "Answer Area" with two question prompts and their corresponding solution options:

- To provide access to virtual machines on VNET1, use:**
 - Azure Bastion
 - Just-in-time (JIT) VM access
 - Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) in Azure Front Door
- To enforce Azure MFA, use:**
 - An Azure Identity Governance access package
 - A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Azure Windows VM Sign-In
 - A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Microsoft Azure Management

Answer:

This screenshot is identical to the previous one but includes red and green highlights around the correct solution options:

- Under "To provide access to virtual machines on VNET1, use:", "Just-in-time (JIT) VM access" and "Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) in Azure Front Door" are highlighted in green.
- Under "To enforce Azure MFA, use:", "An Azure Identity Governance access package" is highlighted in red.

□□

A dropdown menu for the question "To provide access to virtual machines on VNET1, use:". The selected option is "Just-in-time (JIT) VM access". Below it, the MFA question is visible with the selected option "An Azure Identity Governance access package".

NEW QUESTION: 101

□□□□□ □□□□□□ 500GB □ □□□ □□□□ Server1 □□□ □ □□ □□□□.

Azure Data Factory □ □□□□ Server1 □□ Azure Storage □ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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From Server1: ▼

- Install an Azure File Sync agent
- Install a self-hosted integration runtime
- Install the File Server Resource Manager role service

From the data factory: ▼

- Create a pipeline
- Create an import/export job
- Provision an Azure-SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) integration runtime

Answer:

From Server1: ▼

- Install an Azure File Sync agent
- Install a self-hosted integration runtime
- Install the File Server Resource Manager role service

From the data factory: ▼

- Create a pipeline
- Create an import/export job
- Provision an Azure-SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) integration runtime

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-sql-azure-adf>

NEW QUESTION: 102

ID □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

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Service: Microsoft ▼

- Azure AD Identity Governance
- Azure AD Identity Protection
- Azure AD Privilege Access Management (PIM)
- Azure Automation

Feature: ▼

- Access packages
- Access reviews
- Approvals
- Runbooks


Answer:

Service:

	▼
Azure AD Identity Governance	
Azure AD Identity Protection	
Azure AD Privilege Access Management (PIM)	
Azure Automation	

Feature:

	▼
Access packages	
Access reviews	
Approvals	
Runbooks	



□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 103

Application1 □ Applications□□ □ □□□□□□□ □□ Azure Storage □□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□. □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

* Application1□ □□□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□.

* Application2□ □□□□□ GB□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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Answer Area



Application1:

- BlobStorage with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication
- BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication
- General purpose v1 with Premium performance and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication
- General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

Application2:

- BlobStorage with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Geo-redundant storage (GRS) replication
- BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication
- General purpose v1 with Standard performance and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication
- General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

Answer:

Answer Area

Application1:

- BlobStorage with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication
- BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication
- General purpose v1 with Premium performance and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication
- General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

Application2:

- BlobStorage with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Geo-redundant storage (GRS) replication
- BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication
- General purpose v1 with Standard performance and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication
- General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy>


NEW QUESTION: 104

□□□□ Azure□ VM(□□ □□)□□ □□□□ □□ □ □□□□□□□ □□□□.
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Values  **Answer Area**

Item	Value
Web Application Firewall (WAF)	
Azure Application Gateway	
Azure Load Balancer	
Azure Traffic Manager	
SSL offloading	
URL-based content routing	

Answer:

Values  **Answer Area**

Item	Value
Azure service	Azure Application Gateway
Feature	Web Application Firewall (WAF)

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Item	Value
Azure service	Azure Application Gateway
Feature	Web Application Firewall (WAF)



□□ 1: Azure □□□□□□ □□□□□

Azure Application Gateway □ ADC(Application Delivery Controller) □ □□□□ □□□□□. □□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□ 7 □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Q2: Application Gateway WAF

Application Gateway WAF (Application Gateway Web Application Firewall) is a cloud-based web application firewall that protects web applications from common attacks.

OWASP OWASP 3.0 2.2.9

SQL injection

Q:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/application-gateway-faq>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/waf-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 105

Q: A resource group RG1 contains the following resources:

Name	Type	Location
ASP-RG1	App Service plan	East US
KV1	Azure Key Vault	East US
KV2	Azure Key Vault	West Europe
App1	Azure Logic Apps	West US

App1 needs to copy secrets from KV1 to KV2.

What permissions should be assigned to App1?

Options: A. Secret Manager Contributor, B. Secret Manager Reader, C. Secret Manager Contributor, D. Secret Manager Reader

Q: A resource group RG1 contains the following resources:

App1 needs to copy secrets from KV1 to KV2.

the secrets from KV1:

- Add
- Backup
- Create
- List
- Unwrap Key

the secrets to KV2:

- Create
- Import
- List
- Wrap Key

Answer:

Permission to assign so that App1 can copy the secrets from KV1:

Dropdown menu

- Add
- Backup
- Create
- List
- Unwrap Key

Permission to assign so that App1 can copy the secrets to KV2:

Dropdown menu

- Create
- Import
- List
- Wrap Key

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/rest/api/keyvault/>

NEW QUESTION: 106

DB1 □ DB2□ Azure□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□.

Azure □□□□□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□.

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Answer Area

Database:

- A single Azure SQL database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- An Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Service tier:

- Hyperscale
- Business Critical
- General Purpose

Answer:

Answer Area

Database:

- A single Azure SQL database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- An Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Service tier:

- Hyperscale
- Business Critical
- General Purpose

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NEW QUESTION: 107

Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) □□□ □□□ Appl□□□ Azure □□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□□□ □□□□□ App1□ □□□□□□. □□ □□□□ Windows 10□ □□□□ Azure AD□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□. □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ App1□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□□□ App1□ □□□□ □ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□. □□: □ □□□ □□□ 1□□ □□□ □□□□.



Answer:



□□: <https://codingcanvas.com/using-azure-active-directory-authentication-in-your-web-application/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerapps/developer/data-platform/walkthrough-register-app-azure-active-directory#:~:text=Create%20an%20application%20registration%201%20Create%20an%20application,the%20options%20and%20click%20on%20Add%20permissions.%20>

NEW QUESTION: 108

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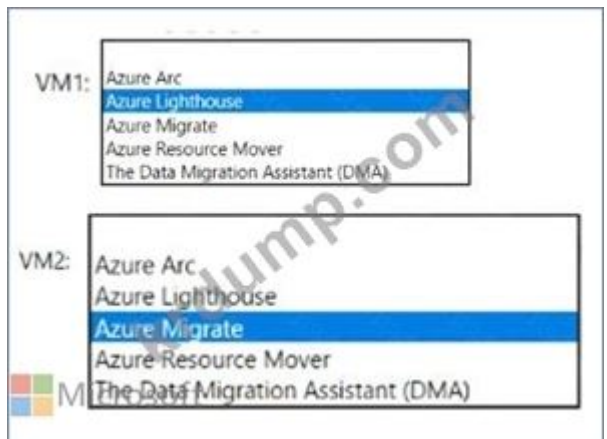
Name	Type	Resource group
VM1	Azure virtual machine	RG1
VM2	On-premises virtual machine	<i>Not applicable</i>

Azure□□ RG2□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□□.

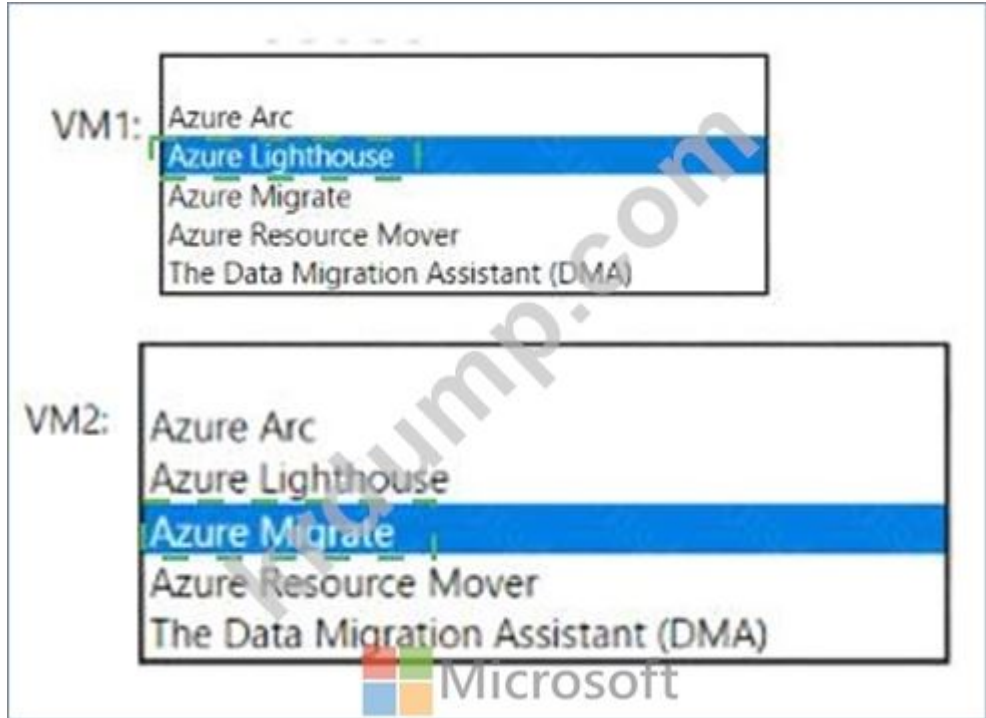
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Answer:



□□



NEW QUESTION: 109

Azure Event Grid is a fully managed, serverless eventing solution that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless eventing solution that makes it easy to build event-driven applications.

* Azure Event Grid is a fully managed, serverless eventing solution that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless eventing solution that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless eventing solution that makes it easy to build event-driven applications.

- A. Azure Logic Apps
- B. Dedicated Azure App Service Azure Functions
- C. Azure Logic Apps
- D. Azure Functions

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

□□

Azure Functions is a fully managed, serverless compute service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless compute service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless compute service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications.

VMs are fully managed, serverless compute services that make it easy to build event-driven applications. They are fully managed, serverless compute services that make it easy to build event-driven applications. They are fully managed, serverless compute services that make it easy to build event-driven applications.

Azure Functions is a fully managed, serverless compute service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless compute service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless compute service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless compute service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications.

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale>

<https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-functions/connect-to-private-endpoints-with-azure-functions/ba-p>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale#hosting-plans-comparison>

NEW QUESTION: 110

Microsoft SQL Server is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications.

Microsoft SQL Server is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications.

* Microsoft SQL Server

* Azure

* Microsoft SQL Server is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications.

Microsoft SQL Server is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications. It is a fully managed, serverless database service that makes it easy to build event-driven applications.

□□: 100

Deployment solution:

- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines
- An Azure SQL Database single database

Resiliency solution:

- Auto-failover group
- Active geo-replication
- Zone-redundant deployment

Answer:

Deployment solution:

- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines
- An Azure SQL Database single database

Resiliency solution:

- Auto-failover group
- Active geo-replication
- Zone-redundant deployment

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Deployment solution:

- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines
- An Azure SQL Database single database

Resiliency solution:

- Auto-failover group
- Active geo-replication
- Zone-redundant deployment

□□ 1: Azure SQL Database □□ □□□□□□.

SQL Server □□□ □□□□□ SQL Server □□ □□ □□

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NEW QUESTION: 112

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Database:

	▼
A single Azure SQL database	
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
An Azure SOL Database elastic pool	



krdump.com

Service tier:

	▼
Hyperscale	
Business Critical	
General Purpose	

Answer:

Database: ▼

- A single Azure SQL database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance**
- An Azure SQL Database elastic pool

Service tier: ▼

- Hyperscale
- Business Critical**
- General Purpose

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/auto-failover-group-overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/sql-managed-instance-paas-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 113

Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) □□□ □□□ App1□□□ Azure □□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□□□ □□□□□ App1□ □□□□□□. □□ □□□□ Windows 10□ □□□□ Azure AD□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□. □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ App1□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□□ App1□ □□□□ □ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□.

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The users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication:

- An Azure AD app registration
- An Azure AD managed identity
- Azure AD Application Proxy

The users can access App1 only from company-owned computers:

- A conditional access policy
- An Azure AD administrative unit
- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Blueprints
- Azure Policy

Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 115

App1 is a web application that uses Azure Traffic Manager and Azure Application Gateway.

App1 is deployed to a virtual machine scale set in a virtual network. The virtual network is connected to the Internet. The virtual machines in the scale set are configured with the following IP addresses:

10.10.10.10, 10.10.10.11, 10.10.10.12, 10.10.10.13, 10.10.10.14, 10.10.10.15, 10.10.10.16, 10.10.10.17, 10.10.10.18, 10.10.10.19, 10.10.10.20.

Answer Area

Azure Traffic Manager:

1
2
3
6

Azure Application Gateway:

1
2
3
6



Answer:
Answer Area

Azure Traffic Manager:

1
2
3
6

Azure Application Gateway:

1
2
3
6



4, HAB
3
HABInsurance 3
HABInsurance 3
Active Directory (main.habinsurance.com region.habinsurance.com)
HABInsurance IPS(Insurance Processing System)

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NEW QUESTION: 116

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Scenario	Azure Monitoring Service
Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Traffic Analytics Azure ExpressRoute Monitor Azure Service Endpoint Monitor Azure DNS Analytics
Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Service Map Azure Activity Log Azure Service Health Azure Advisor

Answer:

Scenario	Azure Monitoring Service
Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Traffic Analytics Azure ExpressRoute Monitor Azure Service Endpoint Monitor Azure DNS Analytics
Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Service Map Azure Activity Log Azure Service Health Azure Advisor

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

NEW QUESTION: 117

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Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	SrorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

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NEW QUESTION: 118

Which storage account type should you use to store the data for the Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Always On Availability Group on Azure SQL Server IaaS (SQLIaaSExtension)?

Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Always On Availability Group on Azure SQL Server IaaS (SQLIaaSExtension) uses the following storage account types:

SQL Server IaaS (SQLIaaSExtension) uses the following storage account types:

Data type	Storage priority
Operating system	Speed and availability
Databases and logs	Speed and availability
Backups	Lowest cost

Which storage account type should you use to store the data for the Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Always On Availability Group on Azure SQL Server IaaS (SQLIaaSExtension)?

Options: A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account, A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account, A premium managed disk, A standard managed disk.

Storage Types

Answer Area

- A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account
- A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account
- A premium managed disk
- A standard managed disk

Operating system:

Databases and logs:

Backups:

Answer:

Storage Types

Answer Area

- A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account
- A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account
- A premium managed disk
- A standard managed disk

Operating system:

Databases and logs:

Backups:

NEW QUESTION: 119

Which storage account type should you use to store the data for the Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Always On Availability Group on Azure SQL Server IaaS (SQLIaaSExtension)?

Options: A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account, A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account, A premium managed disk, A standard managed disk.

* A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account

* A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account

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Virtual machine size:

- ▼
- Compute optimized Standard_F8s
- General purpose Standard_B8ms
- High performance compute Standard_H16r
- Memory optimized Standard_E16s_v3

Feature:

- ▼
- Receive side scaling (RSS)
- Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA)
- Single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV)
- Virtual Machine Multi-Queue (VMMQ)



Microsoft

Answer:

Virtual machine size:

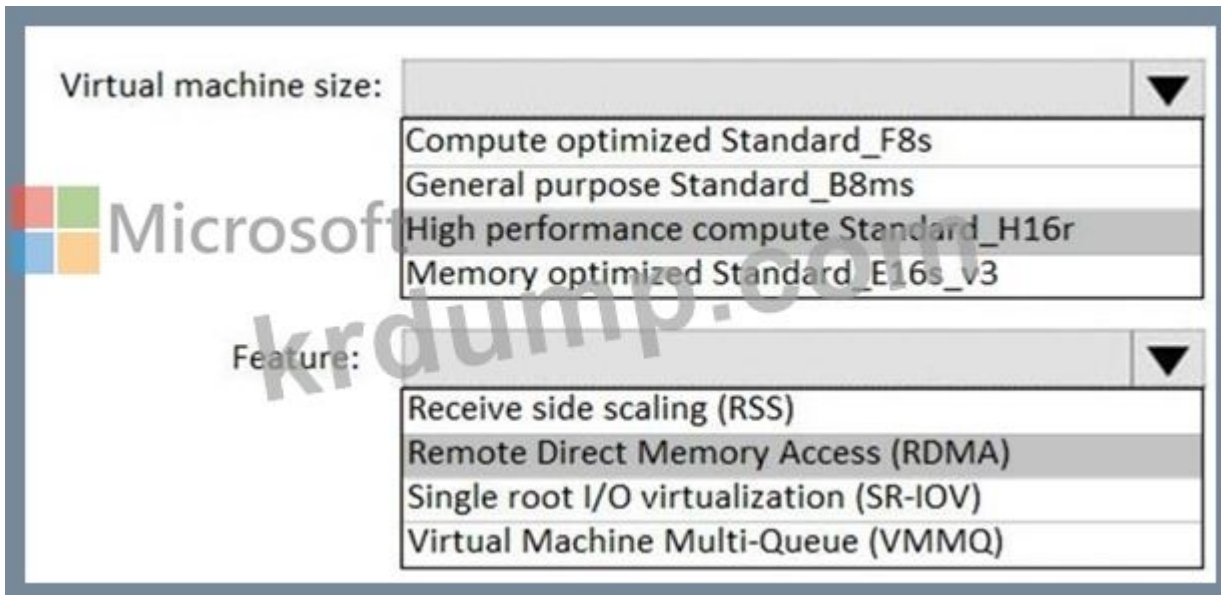
- ▼
- Compute optimized Standard_F8s
- General purpose Standard_B8ms
- High performance compute Standard_H16r
- Memory optimized Standard_E16s_v3

Feature:

- ▼
- Receive side scaling (RSS)
- Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA)
- Single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV)
- Virtual Machine Multi-Queue (VMMQ)

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/sizes-hpc#h-series>

NEW QUESTION: 120

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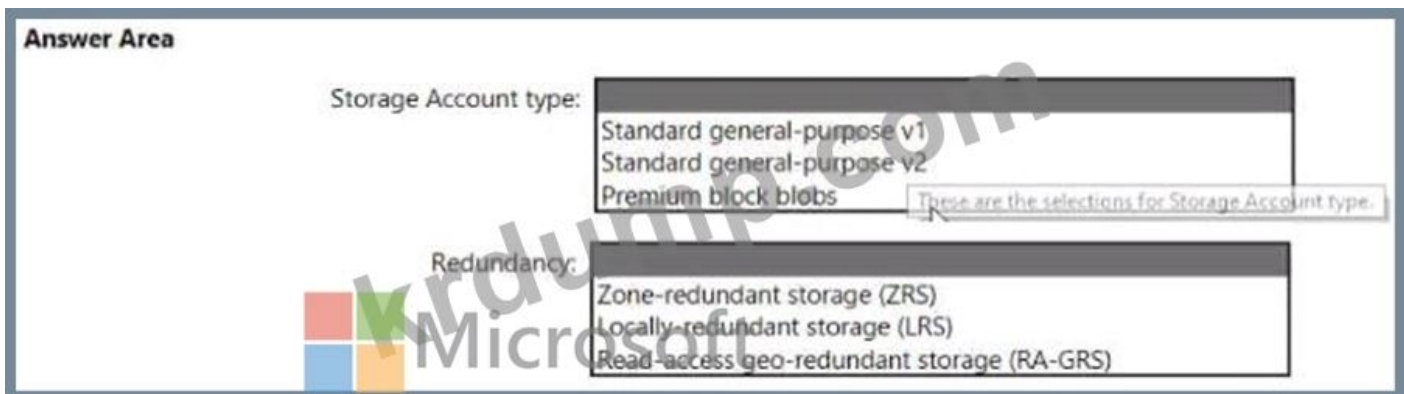
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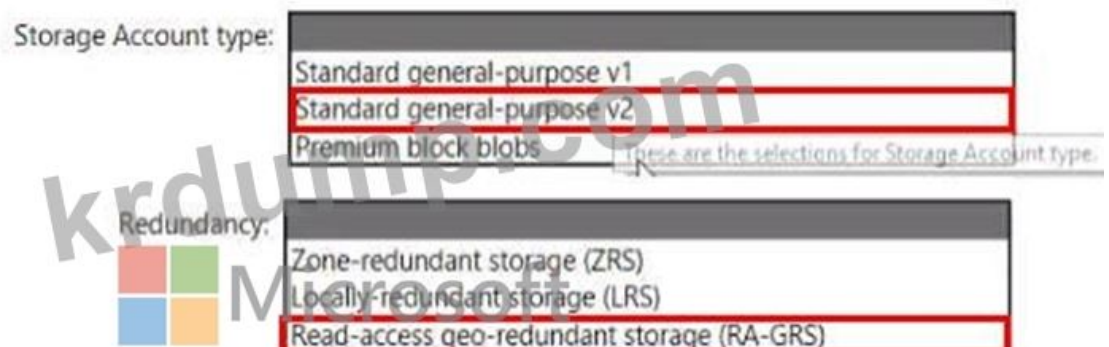
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Answer:
answer Area



NEW QUESTION: 121

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Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

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<https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-dump.html> (316 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF Special**

Discount: KrDump)

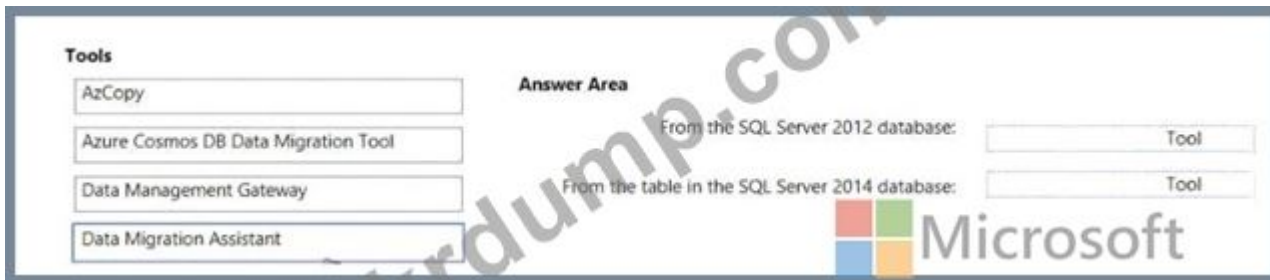
NEW QUESTION: 122

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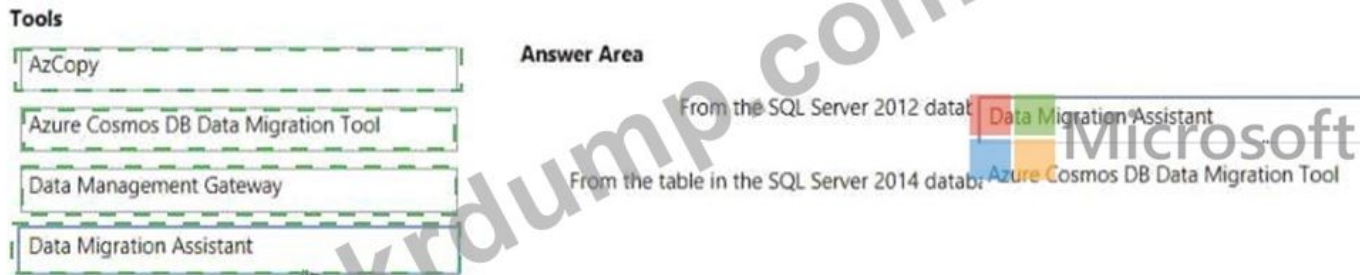
On-premises source	Azure target
A Microsoft SQL Server 2012 database	An Azure SQL database
A table in a Microsoft SQL Server 2014 database	An Azure Cosmos DB account that uses the SQL API

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Answer:



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dms/tutorial-sql-server-to-azure-sql>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/import-data>

NEW QUESTION: 123

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Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

NEW QUESTION: 124

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Microsoft SQL Server 2016 Always On Availability Groups (AGs) on Azure SQL Server. You have an Always On AG with two secondary replicas. You need to ensure that the secondary replicas are available in the event of a disaster. What should you do?

SQL Server IaaS (SQLIaaSExtension) on Azure. You have a SQL Server IaaS VM with a premium managed disk. You need to ensure that the VM is available in the event of a disaster. What should you do?

Data type	Storage priority
Operating system	Speed and availability
Databases and logs	Speed and availability
Backups	Lowest cost

Options: A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account, A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account, A premium managed disk, A standard managed disk. Answer: A premium managed disk, A premium managed disk, A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account.

Storage Types	Answer Area
<input type="checkbox"/> A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account	Operating system: <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account	Databases and logs: <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> A premium managed disk	Backups: <input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> A standard managed disk	

Answer:

Storage Types	Answer Area
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account	Operating system: <input type="text" value="A premium managed disk"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account	Databases and logs: <input type="text" value="A premium managed disk"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A premium managed disk	Backups: <input type="text" value="A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A standard managed disk	

NEW QUESTION: 125

Azure SQL Database TDE. You have an Azure SQL Database with TDE enabled. You need to ensure that the database is available in the event of a disaster. What should you do? Options: A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account, A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account, A premium managed disk, A standard managed disk. Answer: A geo-redundant storage (GRS) account, A premium managed disk, A premium managed disk, A locally-redundant storage (LRS) account.

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- * Azure AD(Azure Active Directory)□ corp.fabhkam.com □□ □□□□ □□□□ Azure□ □□□
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* Azure, Azure Storage Account Name must be unique within the Azure region.

* Azure Storage Account Name must be alphanumeric and must not contain the characters: -, ., @, /, \, !, ~, ' and must be between 3 and 24 characters long. corp.fabrikam.com is not a valid name.

* Azure Storage Account Name must be unique within the Azure region. corp.fabrikam.com is not a valid name.

* Azure Storage Account Name must be unique within the Azure region. corp.fabrikam.com is not a valid name.

* WebApp1 Azure Storage Account Name must be unique within the Azure region.

NEW QUESTION: 126

Scenario: You are planning to migrate data from on-premises storage to Azure Storage. You have the following storage accounts:

Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	StorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

App1 and App2 are running on-premises. App1 requires lifecycle management to migrate app data between storage tiers. App2 requires data to be stored in an Azure file share.

Name	Requirement
App1	Use lifecycle management to migrate app data between storage tiers
App2	Store app data in an Azure file share

You need to recommend a storage account for each app. Which storage account should you recommend for each app?

Options: storage1, storage2, storage3, storage4.

App1:

- Storage1 and storage2 only
- Storage1 and storage3 only
- Storage1, storage2, and storage3 only
- Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

App2:

- Storage4 only
- Storage1 and storage4 only
- Storage1, storage2, and storage4 only
- Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 127

App1 is an Azure application that uses a storage account. The storage account is configured with the following settings:

- Storage account type: Standard general-purpose v2
- Configuration: Hierarchical namespace

The application uses the following storage paths:

- App1: /storage1/storage2
- App1: /storage1/storage3
- App1: /storage1/storage2/storage3
- App1: /storage1/storage2/storage3/storage4
- App2: /storage4
- App2: /storage1/storage4
- App2: /storage1/storage2/storage4
- App2: /storage1/storage2/storage3/storage4

Storage account type:

- Premium page blobs
- Premium file shares
- Standard general-purpose v2

Configuration:

- NFSv3
- Large file shares
- Hierarchical namespace

Answer:

Storage account type:

- Premium page blobs
- Premium file shares
- Standard general-purpose v2

Configuration:

- NFSv3
- Large file shares
- Hierarchical namespace

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/data-protection-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 128

App1 is an Azure application that stores data in a storage account.

The application uses a storage account that is configured with the Standard general-purpose v2 storage type and the Hierarchical namespace configuration.

App1 uses a storage account that is configured with the Standard general-purpose v2 storage type and the Hierarchical namespace configuration.

App1 uses a storage account that is configured with the Standard general-purpose v2 storage type and the Hierarchical namespace configuration.

App1 uses a storage account that is configured with the Standard general-purpose v2 storage type and the Hierarchical namespace configuration.

Storage account type:

- Premium page blobs
- Premium file shares
- Standard general-purpose v2

Configuration:

- NFSv3
- Large file shares
- Hierarchical namespace

Answer:

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App1□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.

KV1□ □□□□□ Azure □□□ □□□ □ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□.

KV1□ □□□ □□ □□□□□?

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To where will KV1 fail over?

- A server in the same Availability Set
- A server in the same fault domain
- A server in the same paired region
- A virtual machine in a scale set

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

- Backup
- Decrypt
- Delete
- Encrypt
- Get
- List
- Unwrap
- Wrap


Answer:

To where will KV1 fail over?

- A server in the same Availability Set
- A server in the same fault domain
- A server in the same paired region
- A virtual machine in a scale set

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

- Backup
- Decrypt
- Delete
- Encrypt
- Get
- List
- Unwrap
- Wrap



□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/disaster-recovery-guidance>

NEW QUESTION: 131

App1 □ Azure □ □□□□□□□ □□□□□.

App1 □□□□ □□□□ Azure Storage □□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □
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- A. □□□□ □□□□□
- B. □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□
- C. ExpressRoute □□□ □□ Azure □□ □□□
- D. ExpressRoute □□□ □□ Microsoft □□□

Answer: ([SHOW ANSWER](#))

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□□□□ □□□□□□ VPN □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ ExpressRoute □ □□□□ VNet □
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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-faqs#microsoft-peering>

NEW QUESTION: 132

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A. □

B. □□□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

App Service □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□ Azure □□□ □□ □□□ □□ □ □ □□□□.

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

NEW QUESTION: 133

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A. □□□□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

B. Azure □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

C. □□□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

D. □□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/long-term-retention-overview> Azure SQL Database□□ □□ □□ □□ □□(LTR)□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□ □ □□□□. □ □ 10□ □□ □□□ Azure Blob □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

NEW QUESTION: 134

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□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ Azure Storage □□ □□□ □□□□□?

A. Standard StorageV2(□□ v2)

B. □□ □□□□(□□ v1)

C. Premium StorageV2(□□ v2)

D. Premium Storage(□□ v1)

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Standard StorageV2□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-introduction>

NEW QUESTION: 135

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Name	Type	Kind	Location
storage1	Azure Storage account	Storage	East US
storage2	Azure Storage account	StorageV2	East US
Workspace1	Azure Log Analytics workspace	Not applicable	East US
Workspace2	Azure Log Analytics workspace	Not applicable	East US
Hub1	Azure event hub	Not applicable	East US

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DB1□ Settings1□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□. Settings1□ SQLInsights□ storage1□ □□□□

SQLInsights□ Workspace1□ □□□□.

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Statements

Yes

No

You can add a new diagnostic setting that archives SQLInsights logs to storage2.

You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Workspace2.

You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Hub1.

Answer:

Statements

Yes

No

You can add a new diagnostic setting that archives SQLInsights logs to storage2.

You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Workspace2.

You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Hub1.

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□□ 1: □

□□ 2: □

Q3: Q

Azure SQL 2019 10 2019 2019 20 2019 201920.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/metrics-diagnostic-telemetry-logging-streaming-expor

NEW QUESTION: 136

Azure Databricks 2019 10 201920 20 2019 201920 20 201920 20 201920 20 201920 20 201920 20 201920.

2019 201920 2019 201920 2019?

- A. Azure 20
- B. Azure 2019 2019
- C. Azure SQL 20192020
- D. Azure Cosmos DB

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Azure Databricks 2019 10 201920 201920 Azure Blob Storage 20 Azure Data Lake Storage20 2019 201920 20192020 20 2019 201920 201920.

Q:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/scenarios/what-is-azure-databricks-ws

AZ-305 20 2019 201920 20 DumpTop 20 201920 2019 AZ-305 20! DumpTop 20 20 **AZ-305** 20 2019 20192020, DumpTop AZ-305 20 2019 2019202020 2019 2019202020. 201920 2019 201920 20 DumpTop AZ-305 2019 20192020.

<https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-dump.html> (316 Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF Special Discount: KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 137

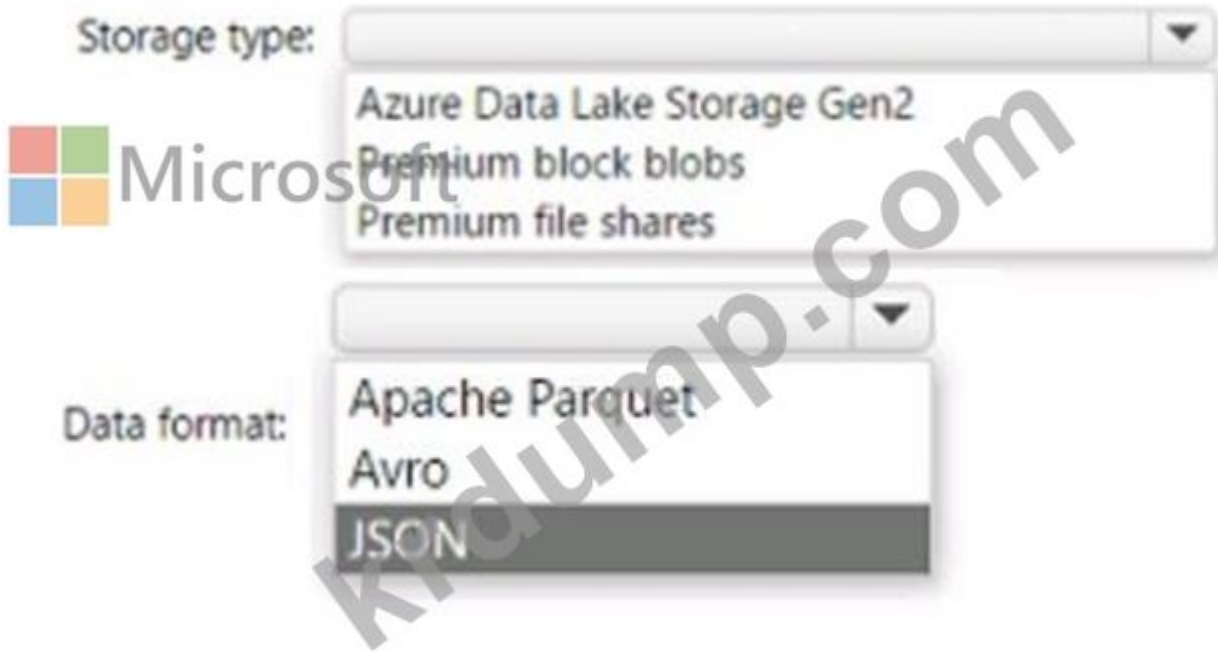
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201920 Azure 2019 2019 2019202020 Event Hubs 2019 201920 201920 20 20 20 20192020. Event Hubs 2019 2019 20 20192020 20192020.

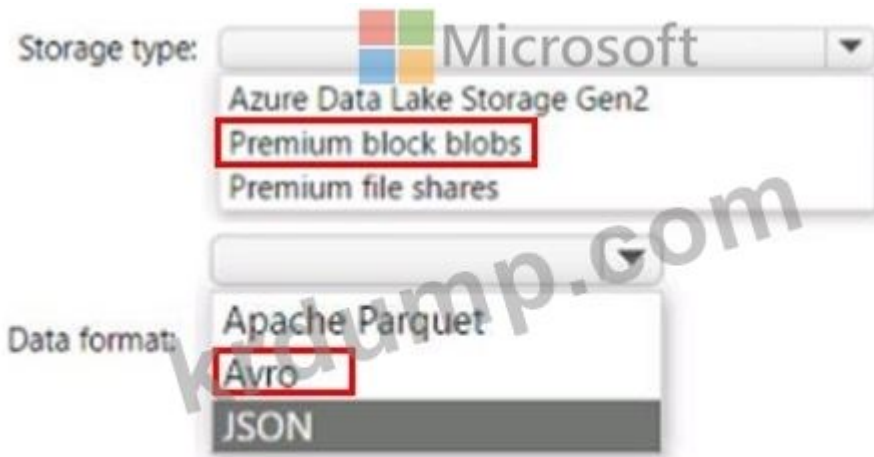
Event Hubs 2019 201920 20 201920202020 20 Azure 201920 2019 20 20192020 2019 20 201920 2019 2019 20192020 2019.

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Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 138

□□□□ Azure App Service □□□ □□□□□.

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Scenario

Solution

Store content close to end users.

- Azure Redis Cache
- Azure Traffic Manager
- Azure Content Delivery Network
- Azure Application Gateway

Store content close to the application.

- Azure Redis Cache
- Azure Traffic Manager
- Azure Content Delivery Network
- Azure Application Gateway

Answer:

Scenario

Solution

Store content close to end users.



Microsoft

- Azure Redis Cache
- Azure Traffic Manager
- Azure Content Delivery Network
- Azure Application Gateway

Store content close to the application.

- Azure Redis Cache
- Azure Traffic Manager
- Azure Content Delivery Network
- Azure Application Gateway

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-cache-for-redis/cache-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 139

□□□□ □□ Linux □ Windows VM(□□ □□)□ Azure□ □□□□□. VM□ Azure VM □□□ □□□□ □□□ Microsoft Dependency Agent □ Log Analytics Agent□ □□ □□□□□. Azure ExpressRoute□ □□□□ □-□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□. VM□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.

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Scenario

Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.

- Azure Traffic Analytics
- Azure ExpressRoute Monitor
- Azure Service Endpoint Monitor
- Azure DNS Analytics


Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.



- Azure Service Map
- Azure Activity Log
- Azure Service Health
- Azure Advisor

Answer:

Scenario	Azure Monitoring Service
Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.	Azure Traffic Analytics Azure ExpressRoute Monitor Azure Service Endpoint Monitor Azure DNS Analytics
Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.	Azure Service Map Azure Activity Log Azure Service Health Azure Advisor



□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

NEW QUESTION: 140

App2□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.

Azure □□ □ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □
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Services	Answer Area
Azure Blob Storage	Azure subscription: Service
Azure Data Box	On-premises network: Service
Azure Data Box Gateway	
Azure Data Lake Storage	
Azure File Sync	
Azure Files	

Answer:

Services	Answer Area
Azure Blob Storage	Azure subscription: Azure Files Service
Azure Data Box	On-premises network: Azure File Sync
Azure Data Box Gateway	
Azure Data Lake Storage	
Azure File Sync	
Azure Files	

☐☐:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/file-sync/file-sync-deployment-guide>

NEW QUESTION: 141

2TB ☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐.

Which Azure Blob storage replication solution should you use to ensure that your data is available in the event of a disaster?

A. Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

B. Locally-redundant storage (LRS)

C. Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

D. Geo-redundant storage (GRS)

Account type:

- Blob storage
- Storage (general purpose v1)
- StorageV2 (general purpose v2)

Replication solution:

- Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
- Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
- Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
- Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

Answer:

Account type:

- Blob storage
- Storage (general purpose v1)
- StorageV2 (general purpose v2)

Replication solution:

- Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
- Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
- Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
- Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

NEW QUESTION: 142

App1 is an Azure application that stores data in Azure Storage. You need to ensure that App1 data is available in the event of a disaster.

Which Azure Storage replication solution should you use?

A. Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

B. Locally-redundant storage (LRS)

C. ExpressRoute peering Azure peering

D. ExpressRoute peering Microsoft peering

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

ExpressRoute peering VPN peering ExpressRoute peering VNet peering

ExpressRoute peering Microsoft peering ExpressRoute peering Microsoft peering

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-faqs#microsoft-peering>

NEW QUESTION: 143

500 Azure peering peering LB1 peering Azure Load Balancer peering

LB1 peering peering peering. peering peering peering peering

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- * peering peering 50,000 peering

peering peering peering? peering peering peering

peering: peering peering 100 peering

The screenshot displays a Microsoft error message with the following text and UI elements:

- Microsoft logo
- Error message: "An unavailable virtual machine:"
- Detail: "More than 50,000 connection attempts per minute:"
- A dropdown menu is open, listing the following metrics:
 - Byte Count
 - Data Path Availability
 - Health Probe Status
 - Packet Count
 - SYN Count

Answer:

An unavailable virtual machine:

- Byte Count
- Data Path Availability
- Health Probe Status
- Packet Count
- SYN Count

More than 50,000 connection attempts per minute:

- Byte Count
- Data Path Availability
- Health Probe Status
- Packet Count
- SYN Count

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An unavailable virtual machine:

- Byte Count
- Data Path Availability
- Health Probe Status
- Packet Count
- SYN Count

More than 50,000 connection attempts per minute:

- Byte Count
- Data Path Availability
- Health Probe Status
- Packet Count
- SYN Count

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□□ Load Balancer □ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□, VM □□□□ SDN □□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □ □□□ □□□□□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□. □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

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□□□ Azure Virtual Machines □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □ □□□□.

□□ 2: SYN □□□

SYN(□□□) □: □□ Load Balancer□ TCP(□□ □□ □□□□) □□□ □□□□□ TCP □□
 UDP □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□. □□□ □□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□ VM □□□□
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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/load-balancer/load-balancer-standard-diagnostics>

NEW QUESTION: 144

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Scenario	Azure Monitoring Service
Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Traffic Analytics Azure ExpressRoute Monitor Azure Service Endpoint Monitor Azure DNS Analytics
Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Service Map Azure Activity Log Azure Service Health Azure Advisor

Answer:

Scenario	Azure Monitoring Service
Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Traffic Analytics Azure ExpressRoute Monitor Azure Service Endpoint Monitor Azure DNS Analytics
Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Service Map Azure Activity Log Azure Service Health Azure Advisor

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

NEW QUESTION: 145

Contoso, Ltd. is a Microsoft customer. Contoso is using Software Assurance.

50 SQL Server instances are running on-premises.

SQL Server is running on-premises.

Microsoft SQL Server is running on-premises.

SQL Server is running on-premises? SQL Server is running on-premises.

SQL: 100 SQL instances.

The screenshot shows a dropdown menu with two sections. The first section is labeled 'Purchase model:' and has a Microsoft logo icon. The dropdown list contains three items: 'DTU', 'vCore', and 'Azure reserved virtual machine instances'. The second section is labeled 'Deployment option:' and has a dropdown arrow. The dropdown list contains three items: 'An Azure SQL managed instance', 'An Azure SQL Database elastic pool', and 'A SQL Server Always On availability group'. A large watermark 'Kwampt.com' is overlaid on the image.

Answer:

This screenshot is identical to the one above, but with two items highlighted with red boxes: 'vCore' in the 'Purchase model' dropdown and 'An Azure SQL Database elastic pool' in the 'Deployment option' dropdown. A large watermark 'Kwampt.com' is overlaid on the image.

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/purchasing-models>

NEW QUESTION: 146

AKS(Azure Kubernetes Service) is a managed Kubernetes environment. It is built on Azure and provides a secure and scalable environment for running containerized applications. AKS is a fully managed service that allows you to run Kubernetes on Azure. It handles the underlying infrastructure, so you can focus on deploying and managing your applications.

* AKS uses a managed control plane and worker nodes. The control plane is managed by Azure, and the worker nodes are managed by the Kubernetes cluster. AKS supports various operating systems, including Linux and Windows.

* AKS provides a secure and scalable environment for running containerized applications.

* AKS is a fully managed service that allows you to run Kubernetes on Azure.

Which of the following is a benefit of AKS?

- A. AKS is a managed service that handles the underlying infrastructure.
- B. Azure WAF (Web Application Firewall) is a managed service that protects your applications from web-based threats.
- C. AKS is a managed service that allows you to run Kubernetes on Azure.
- D. Azure Front Door is a managed service that provides a global, high-performance, and secure edge network.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

AKS

AKS is a managed service that handles the underlying infrastructure. It is built on Azure and provides a secure and scalable environment for running containerized applications.

AKS is a managed service that allows you to run Kubernetes on Azure. It handles the underlying infrastructure, so you can focus on deploying and managing your applications. AKS is a fully managed service that allows you to run Kubernetes on Azure.

AKS is a managed service that handles the underlying infrastructure. It is built on Azure and provides a secure and scalable environment for running containerized applications. AKS is a fully managed service that allows you to run Kubernetes on Azure.

AKS:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-kubernetes>

NEW QUESTION: 147

AKS is a managed service that handles the underlying infrastructure. It is built on Azure and provides a secure and scalable environment for running containerized applications. AKS is a fully managed service that allows you to run Kubernetes on Azure.

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AKS is a managed service that handles the underlying infrastructure. It is built on Azure and provides a secure and scalable environment for running containerized applications. AKS is a fully managed service that allows you to run Kubernetes on Azure.

A. AKS is a managed service that handles the underlying infrastructure.

B. Azure SQL is a managed service that provides a secure and scalable environment for running database applications.

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

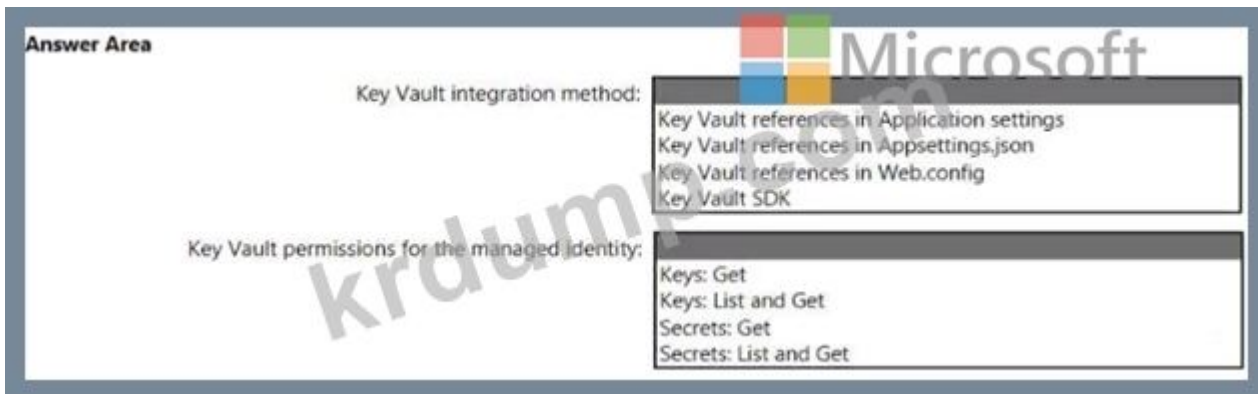
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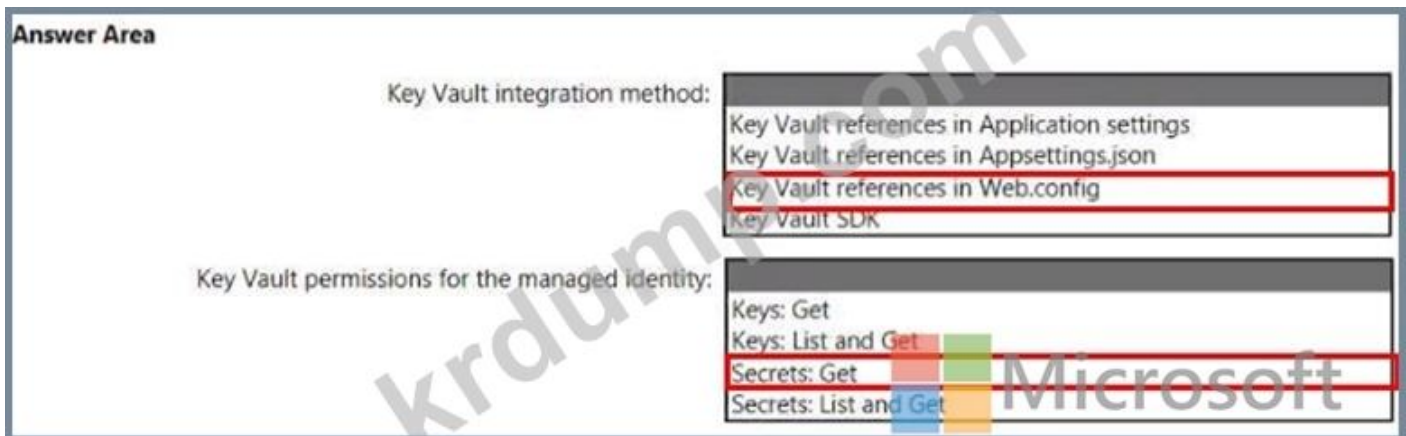
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/resource-group-using-tags>

NEW QUESTION: 148

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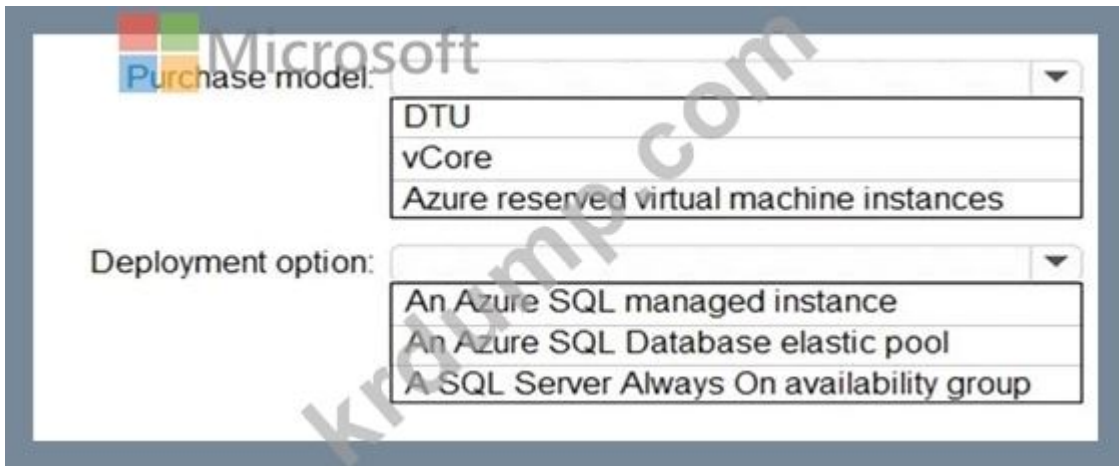


Answer:

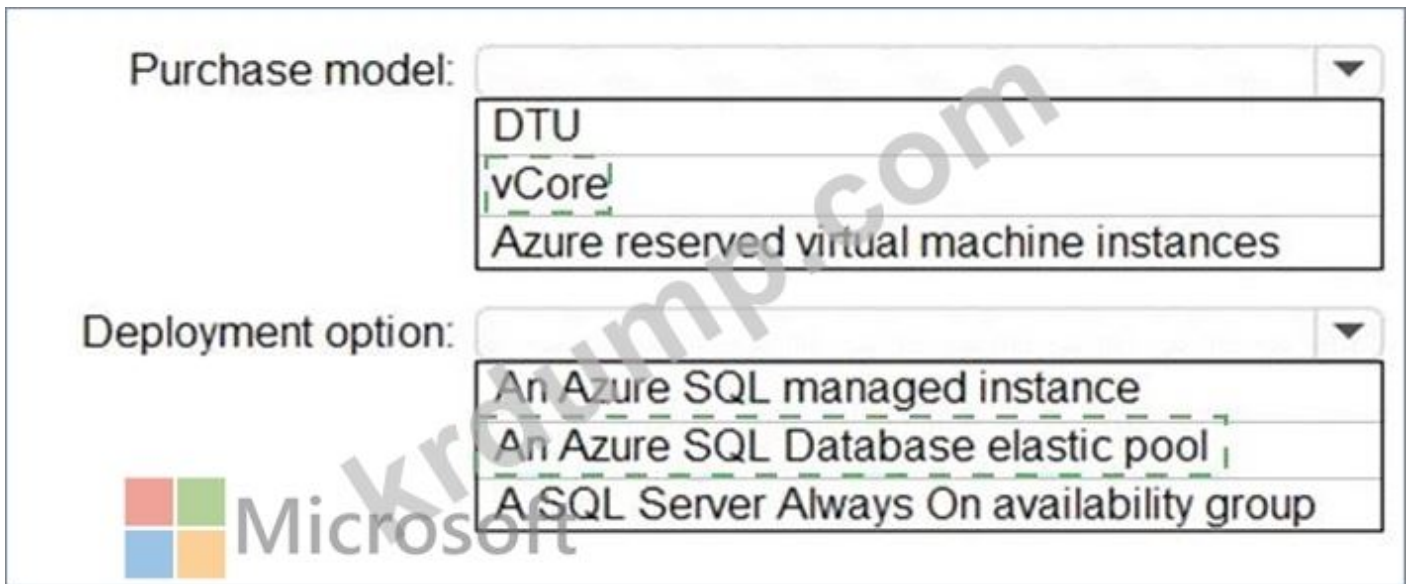


NEW QUESTION: 149

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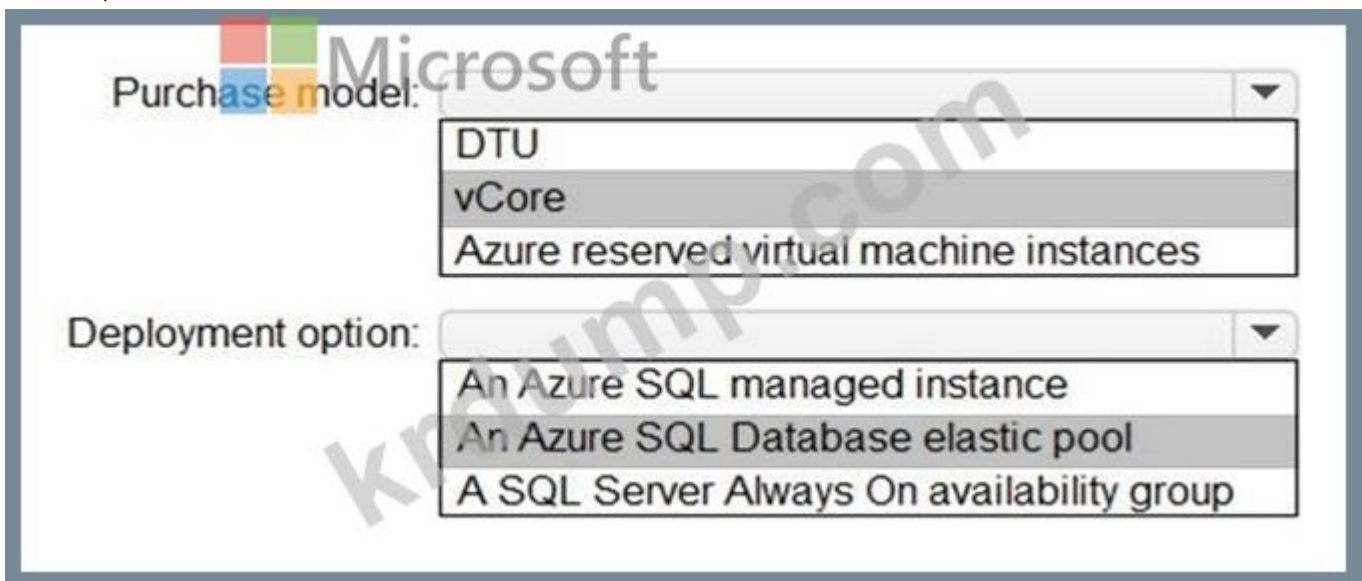


Answer:



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/purchasing-models>

NEW QUESTION: 150

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Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	SrorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

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Name	Microsoft Requirement
App1	Use lifecycle management to migrate app data between storage tiers
App2	Store app data in an Azure file share

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App1:

- Storage1 and storage2 only
- Storage1 and storage3 only
- Storage1, storage2, and storage3 only
- Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

App2:

- Storage4 only
- Storage1 and storage4 only
- Storage1, storage2, and storage4 only
- Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4



Answer:

App1:

- Storage1 and storage2 only
- Storage1 and storage3 only
- Storage1, storage2, and storage3 only
- Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

App2:

- Storage4 only
- Storage1 and storage4 only
- Storage1, storage2, and storage4 only
- Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview>

<https://www.edureka.co/community/40011/different-storage-accounts-there-major-difference-between>

<https://insidemstech.com/tag/general-purpose-v2/>

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Box1 --> Storage1 □ Storage3 □□

Box2 --> Storage1 □ Storage4 □□

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-how-to-create-file-share?tabs=azure-portal#basics

NEW QUESTION: 151

172.16.0.0/16 IP address space is allocated to an Azure virtual network. The virtual network contains two subnets. Subnet1 is a /25 address space.

* Subnet1 is assigned to the virtual network.

* The virtual network is connected to a VPN gateway.

* The VPN gateway is connected to a virtual network. The virtual network is connected to a VPN gateway.

What is the IP address range for Subnet1?
 A. 172.16.0.0/25
 B. 172.16.0.0/24
 C. 192.168.0.0/24
 D. 192.168.1.0/27



Answer:



AZ-305 questions and answers are available at <https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-dump.html> (316 Q&As Dumps, 30%OFF Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 152

An Azure App Service API endpoint is used to call an Azure Key Vault endpoint. The Azure App Service endpoint is configured to use the Azure Key Vault endpoint. The Azure App Service endpoint is configured to use the Azure Key Vault endpoint.

Department	Azure Service
Security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure AD Privileged Identity Management Azure AD Managed Service Identity Azure AD Connect Azure AD Identity Protection
Development	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure AD Privileged Identity Management Azure AD Managed Service Identity Azure AD Connect Azure AD Identity Protection
Quality Assurance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure AD Privileged Identity Management Azure AD Managed Service Identity Azure AD Connect Azure AD Identity Protection

NEW QUESTION: 153

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Azure Services

Answer Area

Azure Event Grid

Azure Event Hubs

Azure Functions

Azure Log Analytics

Azure Notification Hubs



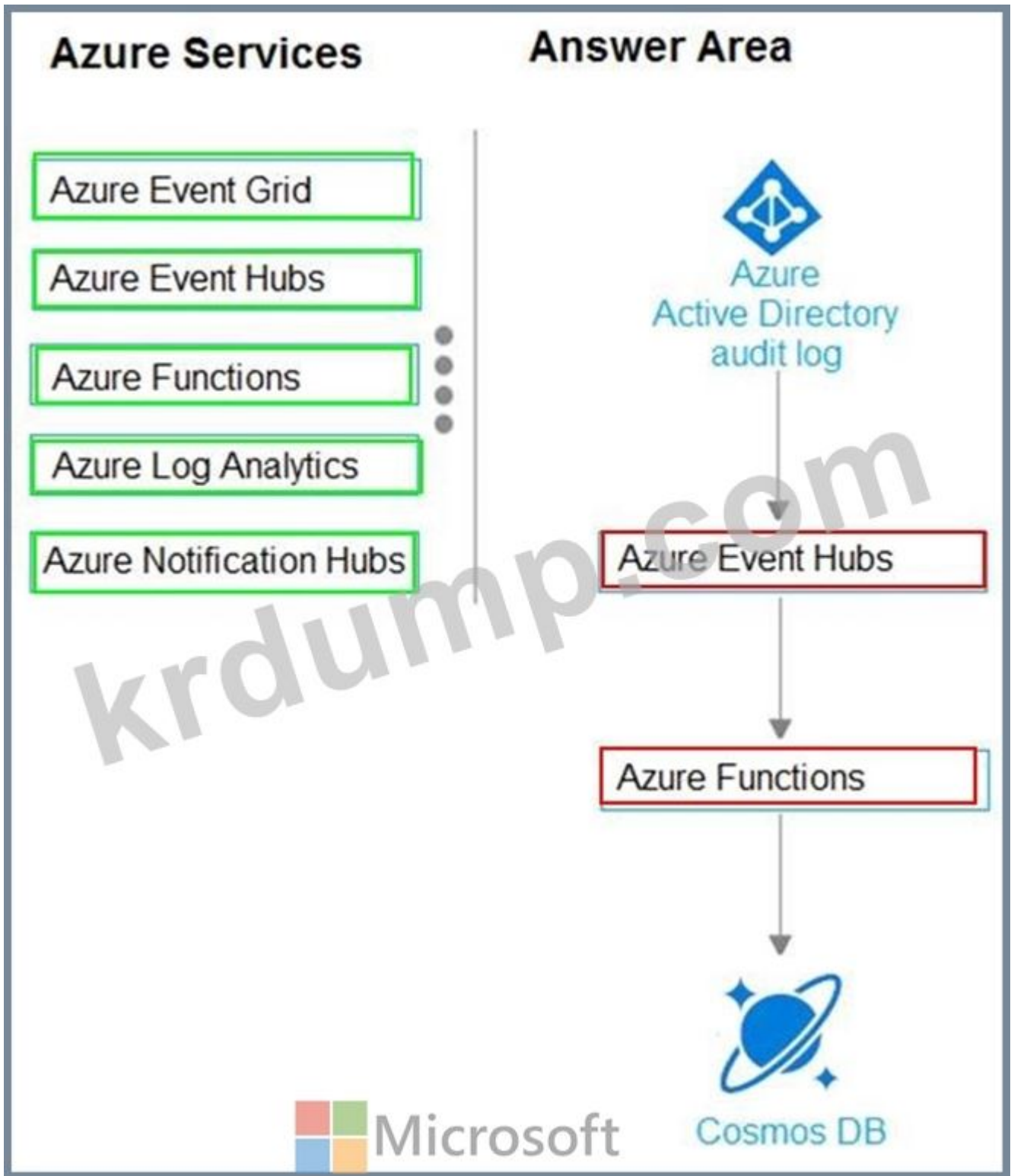
Azure
Active Directory
audit log



Cosmos DB



Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 154

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B. Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/how-to/remediate-resources>

NEW QUESTION: 156

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Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview>

NEW QUESTION: 157

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Scenario

Solution

Store content close to end users.

	▼
Azure Redis Cache	
Azure Traffic Manager	
Azure Content Delivery Network	
Azure Application Gateway	

Store content close to the application.

	▼
Azure Redis Cache	
Azure Traffic Manager	
Azure Content Delivery Network	
Azure Application Gateway	

Answer:

Scenario

Solution

Store content close to end users.



	▼
Azure Redis Cache	
Azure Traffic Manager	
Azure Content Delivery Network	
Azure Application Gateway	

Store content close to the application.

	▼
Azure Redis Cache	
Azure Traffic Manager	
Azure Content Delivery Network	
Azure Application Gateway	

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-cache-for-redis/cache-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 159

172.16.0.0/16 IP □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□□□. □ Azure □□□ 25□ □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

* □□ Azure □□ □□□ Subnet1□□□□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □□□.

Answer Area



Azure Traffic Manager:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 6

Azure Application Gateway:

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 6

krdump.com

NEW QUESTION: 161

Linux Windows VM() Azure . VM Azure VM Microsoft Dependency Agent Log Analytics Agent . Azure ExpressRoute . VM . Azure ? Azure . : 1 .

Scenario	Azure Monitoring Service
Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.	<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px;"> ▼ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Traffic Analytics Azure ExpressRoute Monitor Azure Service Endpoint Monitor Azure DNS Analytics </div>
Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.	<div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px;"> ▼ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Azure Service Map Azure Activity Log Azure Service Health Azure Advisor </div>

Answer:

Scenario

Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.

▼
Azure Traffic Analytics
Azure ExpressRoute Monitor
Azure Service Endpoint Monitor
Azure DNS Analytics

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.

▼
Azure Service Map
Azure Activity Log
Azure Service Health
Azure Advisor



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Scenario

Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting Internet access.

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.



▼
Azure Traffic Analytics
Azure ExpressRoute Monitor
Azure Service Endpoint Monitor
Azure DNS Analytics

▼
Azure Service Map
Azure Activity Log
Azure Service Health
Azure Advisor

□□ 1: Azure □□□ □□

Traffic Analytics □ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□ □ □□□□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□. □□□ □□□ Network Watcher NSG(□□□□ □□ □□) □□ □□□ □□□□ Azure □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□□□. □□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

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□□ 2: Azure □□□ □

□□□ □□ Windows □ Linux □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□□. □□□ □□ □□ □ □□, □□□□, □□□□ □ □

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

NEW QUESTION: 162

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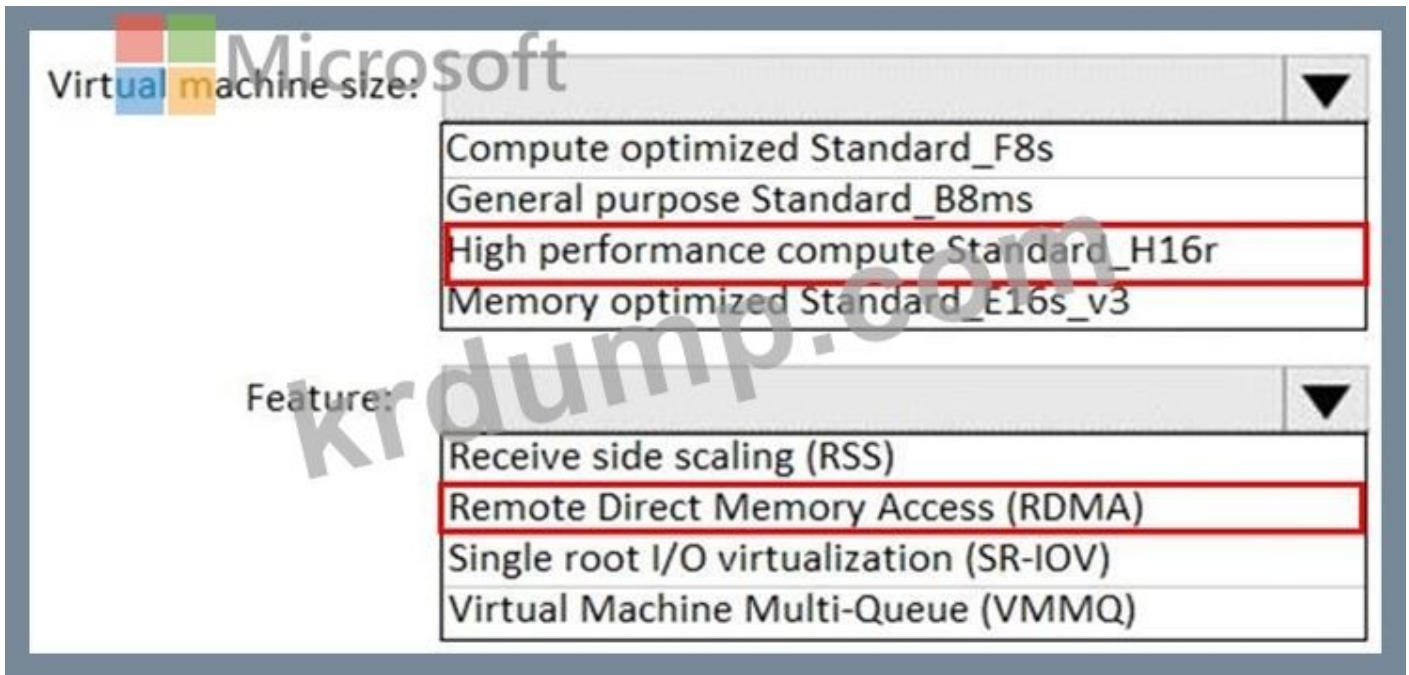
Virtual machine size:  Microsoft

- Compute optimized Standard_F8s
- General purpose Standard_B8ms
- High performance compute Standard_H16r
- Memory optimized Standard_E16s_v3

Feature: 

- Receive side scaling (RSS)
- Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA)
- Single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV)
- Virtual Machine Multi-Queue (VMMQ)

Answer:



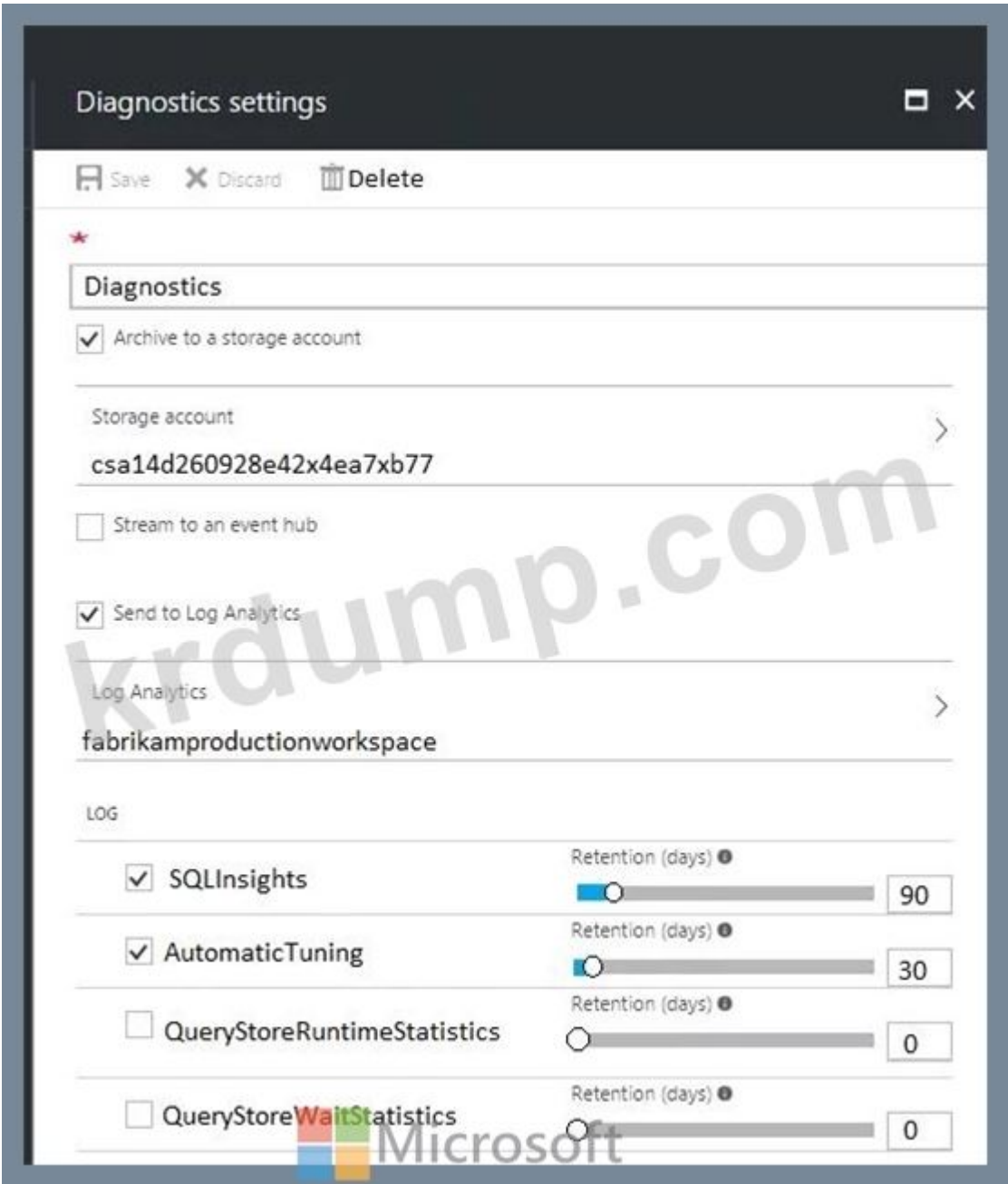
☐☐:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/sizes-hpc#h-series>

NEW QUESTION: 163

☐☐ Azure SQL Database ☐☐☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐☐.

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The amount of time that SQLInsights data will be stored in blob storage is [answer choice].

	▼
30 days	
90 days	
730 days	
indefinite	

The maximum amount of time that SQLInsights data can be stored in Azure Log Analytics is [answer choice].

	▼
30 days	
90 days	
730 days	
indefinite	

Answer:

The amount of time that SQLInsights data will be stored in blob storage is [answer choice].

	▼
30 days	
90 days	
730 days	
indefinite	

The maximum amount of time that SQLInsights data can be stored in Azure Log Analytics is [answer choice].

	▼
30 days	
90 days	
730 days	
indefinite	

NEW QUESTION: 164

Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) is a cloud-based directory service that integrates with Microsoft Office 365, Windows 10, and other Microsoft services. It provides a secure and scalable way to manage user identities and access to resources. Azure AD is a key component of the Microsoft cloud ecosystem and is used by millions of organizations worldwide. It offers a range of features and capabilities, including user management, group management, and conditional access. Azure AD is also integrated with other Microsoft services, such as Microsoft Exchange and Microsoft Teams. This integration allows for a seamless and secure user experience across all Microsoft services. Azure AD is a critical component of any organization's cloud strategy and is essential for ensuring the security and scalability of their IT environment.

The users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication:

- An Azure AD app registration
- An Azure AD managed identity
- Azure AD Application Proxy

The users can access App1 only from company-owned computers:

- A conditional access policy
- An Azure AD administrative unit
- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Blueprints
- Azure Policy

Answer:

The users can connect to App1 without being prompted for authentication:

- An Azure AD app registration
- An Azure AD managed identity
- Azure AD Application Proxy

The users can access App1 only from company-owned computers:

- A conditional access policy
- An Azure AD administrative unit
- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Blueprints
- Azure Policy

□□:

<https://codingcanvas.com/using-azure-active-directory-authentication-in-your-web-application/>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerapps/developer/data-platform/walkthrough-register-app-azure-active-directory#:~:text=Create%20an%20application%20registration%201%20Create%20an%20application,the%20options%20and%20click%20on%20Add%20permissions.%20>

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Answer Area

Storage Account type:

- Premium block blobs
- Standard general-purpose v1
- Standard general-purpose v2

Redundancy:

- Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
- Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
- Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
- Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

Answer:

Answer Area

Storage Account type:

- Premium block blobs
- Standard general-purpose v1
- Standard general-purpose v2

Redundancy:

- Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
- Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
- Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
- Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

NEW QUESTION: 166

□□□□ □□ Linux □ Windows VM(□□ □□)□ Azure□ □□□□□. VM□ Azure VM □□□ □□□□ □□□ Microsoft Dependency Agent □ Microsoft Monitoring Agent□ □□ □□□□□. Azure ExpressRoute□ □□□□ □-□□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□□□. VM□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□ Azure □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□? □□□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □ □□□□ □□□□□□. □□: □ □□□ □□□ 1□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

Scenario

Azure Monitoring Service

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting internet access.

- Azure Network Watcher
- Azure ExpressRoute Monitor
- Azure Service Endpoint Monitor
- Azure DNS Analytics

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies in other computers and external processes.



- Azure Service Map
- Azure Activity Log
- Azure Service Health
- Azure Advisor

Answer:

Analyze Network Security Group (NSG) flow logs for VMs attempting internet access.

▼
Azure Network Watcher
Azure ExpressRoute Monitor
Azure Service Endpoint Monitor
Azure DNS Analytics

Visualize the VMs with their different processes and dependencies on other computers and external processes.

▼
Azure Service Map
Azure Activity Log
Azure Service Health
Azure Advisor

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/insights/service-map>

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NEW QUESTION: 167

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Azure Policy effect to use:	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Append</td> </tr> <tr> <td>EnforceOPAConstraint</td> </tr> <tr> <td>EnforceRegPolicy</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Modify</td> </tr> </table>	Append	EnforceOPAConstraint	EnforceRegPolicy	Modify
Append					
EnforceOPAConstraint					
EnforceRegPolicy					
Modify					
Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) object and RBAC role to use for the remediation tasks:	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>A managed identity with the Contributor role</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A managed identity with the User Access Administrator role</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A service principal with the Contributor role</td> </tr> <tr> <td>A service principal with the User Access Administrator role</td> </tr> </table>	A managed identity with the Contributor role	A managed identity with the User Access Administrator role	A service principal with the Contributor role	A service principal with the User Access Administrator role
A managed identity with the Contributor role					
A managed identity with the User Access Administrator role					
A service principal with the Contributor role					
A service principal with the User Access Administrator role					

Answer:

Azure Policy effect to use:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Append EnforceOPAConstraint EnforceRegoPolicy Modify
Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) object and RBAC role to use for the remediation tasks:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A managed identity with the Contributor role A managed identity with the User Access Administrator role A service principal with the Contributor role A service principal with the User Access Administrator role

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/concepts/effects>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/how-to/remediate-resources>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/tag-resources>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/concepts/effects#modify>

NEW QUESTION: 168

Windows Server 2016 □ □□□□ 300□□ Azure □□ □□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□.
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Resource to create in Azure:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An event hub A Log Analytics workspace A search service A storage account
Configuration to perform on the virtual machines:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Create event subscriptions Configure Continuous delivery Install the Microsoft Monitoring Agent Modify the membership of the Event Log Readers Groups

Answer:

Resource to create in Azure: ▼

- An event hub
- A Log Analytics workspace
- A search service
- A storage account

Configuration to perform on the virtual machines: ▼

- Create event subscriptions
- Configure Continuous delivery
- Install the Microsoft Monitoring Agent
- Modify the membership of the Event Log Readers Groups

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Resource to create in Azure:

▼

- An event hub
- A Log Analytics workspace
- A search service
- A storage account

Configuration to perform on the virtual machines:

▼

- Create event subscriptions
- Configure Continuous delivery
- Install the Microsoft Monitoring Agent
- Modify the membership of the Event Log Readers Groups

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/data-sources-windows-events>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/agent-windows>

NEW QUESTION: 169

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Name	Type	Performance
storage1	StorageV2	Standard
storage2	SrorageV2	Premium
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard
storage4	FileStorage	Premium

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App1:
Storage1 and storage2 only
Storage1 and storage3 only
Storage1, storage2, and storage3 only
Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

App2:
Storage4 only
Storage1 and storage4 only
Storage1, storage2, and storage4 only
Storage1, storage2, storage3, and storage4

NEW QUESTION: 170

172.16.0.0/16 IP address space is configured on a virtual network in Azure. The virtual network has two subnets: Subnet1 (172.16.0.0/24) and Subnet2 (172.16.1.0/24). A virtual machine is deployed in Subnet2. The virtual machine's network interface card (NIC) is configured with a primary IP address of 172.16.1.10 and a secondary IP address of 172.16.0.10. The virtual machine is connected to a storage account. The storage account is configured to use the virtual machine's primary IP address for authentication. Which of the following actions should you perform to ensure that the virtual machine can access the storage account?

- * Configure the storage account to use the virtual machine's secondary IP address for authentication.
- * Configure the storage account to use the virtual network's gateway subnet for authentication.
- * Configure the storage account to use the virtual network's address space for authentication.

Network Addresses

- 172.16.0.0/16
- 172.16.1.0/24
- 192.168.0.0/24
- 192.168.1.0/27

Answer Area

Subnet1: Network address

Gateway subnet: Network address

Answer:

Network Addresses

- 172.16.0.0/16
- 172.16.1.0/27
- 192.168.0.0/24
- 192.168.1.0/27

Answer Area

Microsoft

Subnet1: 192.168.0.0/24

Gateway subnet: 192.168.1.0/27

NEW QUESTION: 171

☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐ SQL ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ Azure ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐.

Name	Resource group	Location
SQLsvr1	RG1	East US
SQLsvr2	RG2	West US

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Name	Resource group	Location	Account kind
storage1	RG1	East US	StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
storage2	RG2	Central US	BlobStorage

☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐ Azure SQL ☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐.

Name	Resource group	Server	Pricing tier
SQLdb1	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb2	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb3	RG2	SQLsvr2	Premium

Answer Area

Microsoft

Statements

	Yes	No
When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Answer Area

Microsoft

Statements

	Yes	No
When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

☐☐:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340\(v=azure.100\)?](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340(v=azure.100)?)

redirectedfrom=MSDN

NEW QUESTION: 172

Which Azure Databricks SKU is the most cost-effective for a workload that requires high performance and low latency?
A. Azure Data Lake Storage
B. Databricks
C. Databricks
D. Databricks
E. Databricks
F. Databricks
G. Databricks
H. Databricks
I. Databricks
J. Databricks

Databricks SKU:

	▼
Premium	
Standard	

 Microsoft
Cluster configuration:

	▼
Credential passthrough	
Managed identities	
MLflow	
A runtime that contains Photon	
Secret scope	

Answer:

Databricks SKU:

Cluster configuration:

Options for Databricks SKU: Premium, Standard

Options for Cluster configuration: Credential passthrough, Managed identities, MLflow, A runtime that contains Photon, Secret scope

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/security/credential-passthrough/adls-passthrough>

NEW QUESTION: 173

App1 is an Azure App Service application. App1 uses a custom authentication provider that requires a connection to an Azure Storage account. App1 must be able to access the storage account. What should you do to ensure that App1 can access the storage account?

- A. Blob storage access policy.
- B. Blob storage shared access signature.
- C. Azure Storage account access policy.
- D. Azure RBAC role assignment.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

App1 is an Azure App Service application. App1 uses a custom authentication provider that requires a connection to an Azure Storage account. App1 must be able to access the storage account. What should you do to ensure that App1 can access the storage account?

App1 must be able to access the storage account. What should you do to ensure that App1 can access the storage account?

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

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Litware.com Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) Litware.com Active Directory . Azure Active Directory Premium P2 .

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Azure

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Litware.com Azure Storage Blob DataActions Role1 Azure RBAC(Azure RBAC) .

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Name	Type	Configuration
SERVER1 SERVER2 SERVER3	Ubuntu 18.04 virtual machines hosted on Hyper-V	The virtual machines host a third-party app named App1. App1 uses an external storage solution that provides Apache Hadoop-compatible data storage. The data storage supports POSIX access control list (ACL) file-level permissions.
SERVER10	Server that runs Windows Server 2016	The server contains a Microsoft SQL Server instance that hosts two databases named DB1 and DB2.

Litware Azure ExpressRoute .

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DB1 DB2 Azure .

App1 Azure .

App1 Azure Azure .

Azure Portal Azure AD .

Azure MFA(Multi-Factor Authentication) .

RBAC Azure .

Azure App1 ID .

Role1 Azure RBAC .

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NEW QUESTION: 174

Azure Active Directory Premium Plan 2 □□□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□. □□□□□ □□

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Name	IP address range	Trusted
NY	192.168.2.0/27	Yes
DC	192.168.1.0/27	No
LA	192.168.3.0/27	No

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Name	Device operating system	User-risk level	Matching compliance policies
User1	Windows 10	High	None
User2	Windows 10	Medium	None
User3	macOS	Low	None

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Name	Assignment	Conditions: Locations	Conditions: User risk	Conditions: Sign-in risk	Access Control: Grant
CA1	All users	Trusted locations	High, Medium	None	Block access
CA2	All users	NY	None	High, Medium	Block access
CA3	All users	LA	None	None	Grant access: Require device to marked as compliant

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Statements	Yes	No
To ensure that the conditions in CA1 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection user risk policy .	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
To ensure that the conditions in CA2 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection sign-in risk policy.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
To ensure that the conditions in CA3 can be evaluated, you must deploy Microsoft Endpoint Manager.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
To ensure that the conditions in CA1 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection user risk policy .	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
To ensure that the conditions in CA2 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection sign-in risk policy.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
To ensure that the conditions in CA3 can be evaluated, you must deploy Microsoft Endpoint Manager.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

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Statements	Yes	No
To ensure that the conditions in CA1 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection user risk policy .	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
To ensure that the conditions in CA2 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection sign-in risk policy.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
To ensure that the conditions in CA3 can be evaluated, you must deploy Microsoft Endpoint Manager.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION: 175

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Name	Type	Purpose
App1	Web app	Processes customer orders
Function1	Function	Check product availability at vendor 1
Function2	Function	Check product availability at vendor 2
storage1	Storage account	Stores order processing logs

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- A. Azure Data Factory □□□□□
- B. Azure Service Bus □
- C. Azure Event Grid □□□
- D. Azure Event Hubs □□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/concepts-pipelines-activities>

NEW QUESTION: 176

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Routing from the virtual networks to the on-premises locations must be configured by using:

- Azure default routes
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
- User-defined routes

The automatic routing configuration following a failover must be handled by using:

- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
- Hot Standby Routing Protocol (HSRP)
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

Answer:

Routing from the virtual networks to the on-premises locations must be configured by using:

- Azure default routes
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)**
- User-defined routes

The automatic routing configuration following a failover must be handled by using:

- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)**
- Hot Standby Routing Protocol (HSRP)
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

NEW QUESTION: 177

VM1 Azure VMs are connected to ProdSubnet. API VM1 is connected to Subnet1. VM1 is connected to ProdSubnet. (VM1 is connected to ProdSubnet).



CTO wants to connect API VM1 to ProdSubnet. API Management (APIM) is connected to ProdSubnet. API Management is connected to API VM1. (API VM1 is connected to ProdSubnet).

Virtual network: Off External Internal

LOCATION	VIRTUAL NETWORK	SUBNET
West Europe	VNet1	ProdSubnet

VM1 is connected to ProdSubnet. (VM1 is connected to ProdSubnet).

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Statements	Yes	No
The API is available to partners over the Internet.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The APIM instance can access real-time data from VM1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
A VPN gateway is required for partner access.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
The API is available to partners over the Internet.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The APIM instance can access real-time data from VM1.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
A VPN gateway is required for partner access.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-using-with-vnet>

NEW QUESTION: 178

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To register the users for Azure MFA, use:

- Azure AD Identity Protection
- Security defaults in Azure AD
- Per-user MFA in the MFA management UI

To enforce Azure MFA authentication, configure:

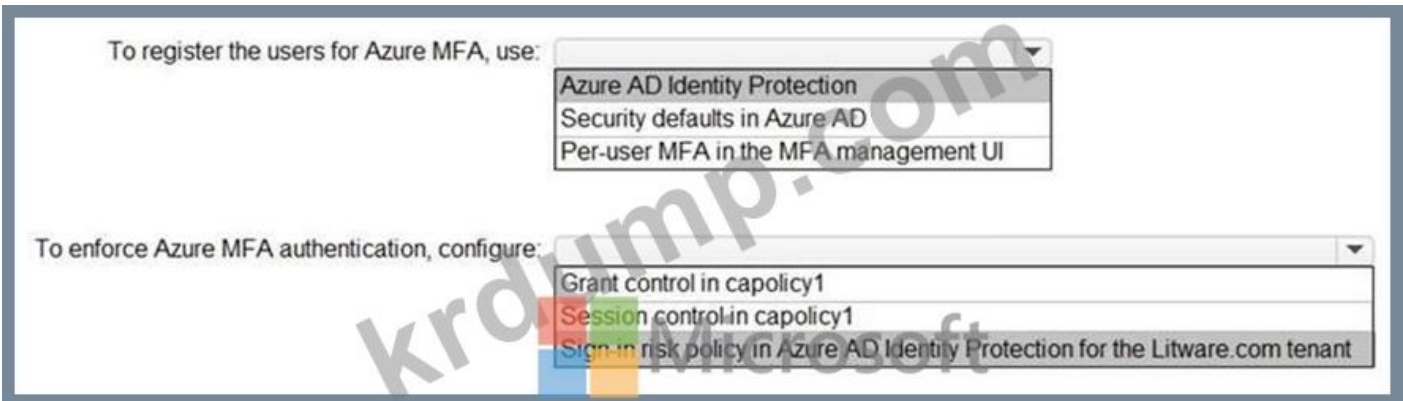
- Grant control in capolicy1
- Session control in capolicy1
- Sign-in risk policy in Azure AD Identity Protection for the Litware.com tenant

Answer:



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Azure AD ID □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ MFA □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ Azure AD MFA(Multi-Factor Authentication) □□ □□□□ □□□□ □ □□□ □□□.

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-m>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-r>

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- * WebApp1 is a web application that is hosted on a virtual machine (VM) in the Azure cloud. The VM is running Windows Server 2016 and has a Microsoft SQL Server instance installed. The SQL Server instance is configured to use the Windows authentication mode. The application is using the SQL Server instance to store and retrieve data. The application is using the SQL Server instance to store and retrieve data.
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NEW QUESTION: 179

Microsoft SQL Server is installed on a virtual machine (VM) in the Azure cloud. The VM is running Windows Server 2016 and has a Microsoft SQL Server instance installed. The SQL Server instance is configured to use the Windows authentication mode. The application is using the SQL Server instance to store and retrieve data. The application is using the SQL Server instance to store and retrieve data.

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Answer:

NEW QUESTION: 181

2TB. You need to ensure that the data is available in the event of a disaster. You plan to use Azure Blob Storage. Which storage account type and redundancy type should you use?

* Standard general-purpose v2
* Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

What is the correct answer?

Answer Area

Storage Account type:
Premium block blobs
Standard general-purpose v1
Standard general-purpose v2

Redundancy:
Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

Answer:
Answer Area

Storage Account type:
Premium block blobs
Standard general-purpose v1
Standard general-purpose v2

Redundancy:
Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

AZ-305 Microsoft AZ-305 DumpTop (316 Q&As Dumps, 30%OFF Special Discount: **KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 182

Windows Server 2019 500GB VM1 Azure

Azure Data Factory Azure Data Lake Storage

- A.
B. Azure
C. Azure Pipelines
D.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 183

App1 App2 Azure Cosmos DB

- A. Azure Cosmos DB
B. GZRS(Azure Storage)
C. GZRS(Azure Data Lake)
D. Azure SQL

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

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HABInsurance 3
Active Directory (main.habinsurance.com region.habinsurance.com)
HABInsurance IPS(Insurance Processing System)
IIS/Windows ASP.Net/C#
API
Microsoft SQL Server MongoDB
Microsoft SQL Server MongoDB
NAS 10TB(HR)
HABInsurance Azure
HABInsurance Microsoft Office 365 ID
AD Azure AD Azure AD

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-mfa-policy>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-risk-policies>

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Litware.com □□□□□ Azure Storage □ Blob □ □□□ □□ DataActions □□ □□□ □□□□ Role1 □□□ □□□ □□ Azure RBAC(Azure □□ □□ □□□ □□) □□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□ □□. □□□□□ □□

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Name	Type	Configuration
SERVER1 SERVER2 SERVER3	Ubuntu 18.04 virtual machines hosted on Hyper-V	The virtual machines host a third-party app named App1. App1 uses an external storage solution that provides Apache Hadoop-compatible data storage. The data storage supports POSIX access control list (ACL) file-level permissions.
SERVER10	Server that runs Windows Server 2016	The server contains a Microsoft SQL Server instance that hosts two databases named DB1 and DB2.

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Litware □□ Azure □ □□ ExpressRoute □□□ □□□□.

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DB1 □ DB2 □ Azure □ □□□□□□□□□.

App1 □ Azure □□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□□.

App1 □ Azure □□ □□□□ □□□□ Azure □□ □□□ □□□□□.

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Azure Portal□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□ Azure AD □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ Azure MFA(Multi-Factor Authentication)□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.

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Azure□ □□□□ □□□□□□□ App1□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ ID□ □□□□ □□□.

Role1□ □□ Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□□□ □□□.

RBAC □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□.

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Azure□ □□□□□□□□ □ DB1 □ DB2□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

- □□ Azure □□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

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App1□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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App1□ Azure□ □□□□□□□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □ □ □□ □ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□.

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App1 □□□□ □□□□ Azure Storage □□□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□.

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App1□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□.

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NEW QUESTION: 185

App1□ Azure□ □□□□□□□□□□. App1□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□ □□ □□□□?

A. Blob□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□.

B. Blob □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

C. Azure RBAC permissions.

D. Azure RBAC permissions.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Question: App1 is an Azure Resource Manager (ARM) template that is used to create a virtual machine (VM) in the Azure cloud. The VM is created in the West US region and is named VM1. The VM is created with the following configuration: 3 cores, 8 GB of memory, and a single disk.

The VM is created with the following configuration: 3 cores, 8 GB of memory, and a single disk. The VM is created with the following configuration: 3 cores, 8 GB of memory, and a single disk.

Answer:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

2, Fabrikam, inc. A

2

Fabrikam, Inc. is a company that has a main office in Seattle, Washington. The company has a branch office in London, England. The company has a branch office in London, England.

Question:

The company has a main office in Seattle, Washington. The company has a branch office in London, England. The company has a branch office in London, England. Corp.fabrikam.com is the main domain. Rd.fabrikam.com is the domain for the R&D department. R&D is the department for research and development.

Answer:

1 corp.fabrikam.com is the main domain. Rd.fabrikam.com is the domain for the R&D department. R&D is the department for research and development.

2 WebApp1 is the name of the application. WebApp1 is the name of the application.

WebApp1 is the name of the application. WebApp1 is the name of the application. WebApp1 is the name of the application. WebApp1 is the name of the application. WebApp1 is the name of the application.

IT is the department for information technology. IT is the department for information technology.

Fabrikam is the company name. Software Assurance is the name of the license. Microsoft Enterprise Agreement is the name of the license. Microsoft is the name of the company.

Answer:

Web App1 is the name of the application. Web App1 is the name of the application. Web App1 is the name of the application. Web App1 is the name of the application.

Question:

Answer:

Fabrikam is the company name. Azure is the name of the cloud provider. Azure is the name of the cloud provider.

Microsoft Office 365 is the name of the software. Microsoft Office 365 is the name of the software. Microsoft Office 365 is the name of the software. Microsoft Office 365 is the name of the software.

Fabrikam is the company name. WebApp1 is the name of the application. Azure is the name of the cloud provider. Azure is the name of the cloud provider.

Answer:

To estimate the costs, use:

- Azure Advisor
- The Azure Cost Management Power BI app
- The Azure Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) calculator

Implement:

- Azure Reservations
- Azure Hybrid Benefit
- Azure Spot Virtual Machine pricing

Answer:

To estimate the costs, use:

- Azure Advisor
- The Azure Cost Management Power BI app
- The Azure Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) calculator

Implement:

- Azure Reservations
- Azure Hybrid Benefit
- Azure Spot Virtual Machine pricing

□□:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/tco/>

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/hybrid-benefit/>

□□ 3, Contoso

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Contoso□□ □□ Azure □□□□ □□□□.

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Contoso□ Fabrikam, Inc.□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□. Fabrikam □□□□ Azure

AD(Azure Active Directory) □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ Contoso □□□□□□□□

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Contoso□ App1 □ App2□□ □ □□ □□□□□□□□ Azure□ □□□□ □□□□□□.

□□ □□: App1

App1□ Linux □□□□ □□□□ Azure App Service□□ □□□□□□ Python □□□□□□. Contoso

□ Fabrikam□ □□□□□ App1□ □□□□□□□□.

App1□ □□ □□ □□ □ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□□□□. □□ □□ □□ □□

□□ □□□□ Azure Key Vault□ □□□□□□.

App1 is a 6-bit application. 3-bit of Azure, 3-bit of Azure.

App1 is a 6-bit application.

App1 is a 6-bit application.

App1 is a 6-bit application.

App1 is a 6-bit application.

App1 is a 6-bit application (WAF).

App1 is a 6-bit application.

App1 is a 6-bit application.

App1 is a 6-bit application PowerShell.

App2

App2 is a Windows application App Service .NET.

Azure Storage.

App2 is a Windows application.

App2 is a Windows application LAN.

App2 is a Windows application.

App2 is a Windows application.

App1 and App2 are Windows applications.

App1 and App2 are Windows applications.

App1 and App2 are Windows applications.

App1 and App2 are Windows applications.

App2

Contoso is a Windows application Fabrikam.

Fabrikam is a Windows application App1.

App1 is a Windows application.

App2

Azure Key Vault.

App1 and App2 are Windows applications.

NEW QUESTION: 187

NEW QUESTION: 188

Fabrikam is a company that has a Microsoft Azure AD tenant. The tenant has a group of users who are members of the group. The group is named Group1. The group is a security group. The group is used to manage permissions for resources in the tenant. The group is used to manage permissions for resources in the tenant. The group is used to manage permissions for resources in the tenant.

Minimum number of Azure AD tenants:

	▼
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	

Minimum number of custom domains to add:

	▼
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	

Minimum number of conditional access policies to create:

	▼
0	
1	
2	
3	
4	

Answer:

Azure Blueprints is a declarative framework for defining and managing Azure resources. It uses ARM (Azure Resource Manager) templates to define the infrastructure. The correct answer is C.

- A. ARM templates are used to define the infrastructure.
- B. ARM templates are used to define the infrastructure and are managed by Azure Resource Manager.
- C. Azure Blueprints is a declarative framework for defining and managing Azure resources. It uses ARM templates to define the infrastructure.
- D. Azure Blueprints is a declarative framework for defining and managing Azure resources. It uses ARM templates to define the infrastructure and is managed by Azure Resource Manager.

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

Azure Blueprints is a declarative framework for defining and managing Azure resources. It uses ARM templates to define the infrastructure. The correct answer is C.

☐☐:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/26851/how-is-azure-blue-prints-different-from-resource-m.html>

NEW QUESTION: 193

☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐ SQL ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐ Azure ☐☐☐ ☐☐☐☐.

Name	Resource group	Location
SQLsvr1	RG1	East US
SQLsvr2	RG2	West US

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Name	Resource group	Location	Account kind
storage1	RG1	East US	StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
storage2	RG2	Central US	BlobStorage

☐☐ ☐☐ ☐☐☐ Azure SQL ☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐.

Name	Resource group	Server	Pricing tier
SQLdb1	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb2	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb3	RG2	SQLsvr2	Premium

Answer Area Microsoft

Statements	Yes	No
When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

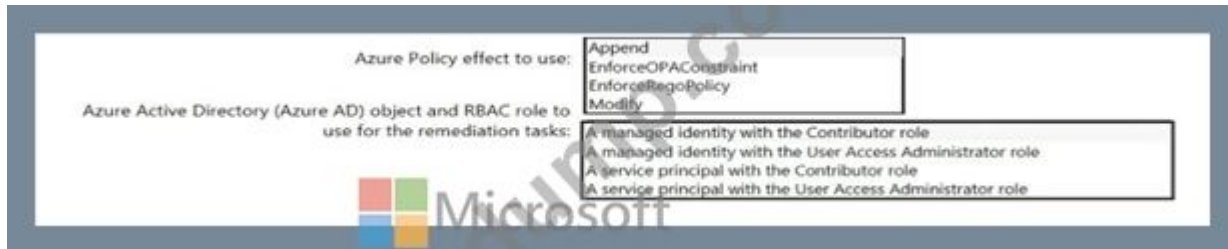
- C. ExpressRoute
- D. ExpressRoute

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

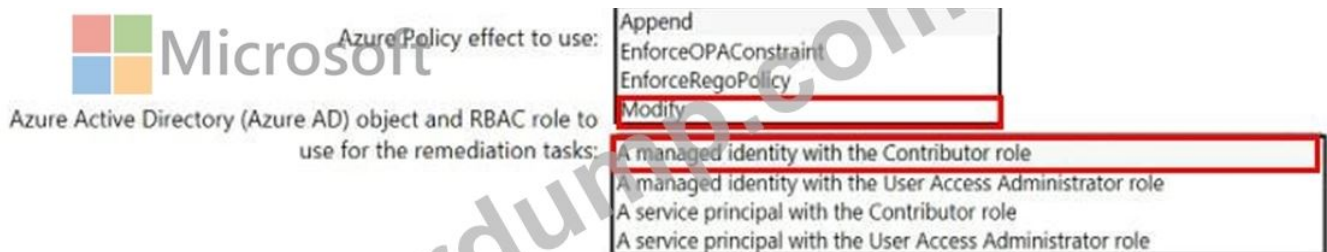
ExpressRoute
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about#basicstandard>
 WAN
 VPN
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about>
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about>

NEW QUESTION: 196

- Azure
- * Azure
- * Azure
- * Azure



Answer:



☐☐:

- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/concepts/effects>
- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/how-to/remediate-resources>
- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/tag-resources>
- <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/concepts/effects#modify>



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Statements	Yes	No
The design supports the technical requirements for redundancy.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design supports autoscaling.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design requires a manual configuration if an Azure region fails.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
The design supports the technical requirements for redundancy.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design supports autoscaling.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The design requires a manual configuration if an Azure region fails.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-overview>

<https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/hsirtl/2017/07/03/autoscaling-azure-web-apps/>

NEW QUESTION: 199

Azure □□□ □□□□.

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Authenticate App1 by using:

- A certificate
- A service principal
- A system-assigned managed identity
- A user-assigned managed identity

Authorize App1 to retrieve Key Vault secrets by using:

- An access policy
- A connected service
- A private link
- A role assignment

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/authentication>

NEW QUESTION: 201

ID □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

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Service:

- Azure AD Identity Governance
- Azure AD Identity Protection
- Azure AD Privilege Access Management (PIM)
- Azure Automation

Feature:

- Access packages
- Access reviews
- Approvals
- Runbooks

Answer:

Service:

	▼
Azure AD Identity Governance	
Azure AD Identity Protection	
Azure AD Privilege Access Management (PIM)	
Azure Automation	

Feature:



	▼
Access packages	
Access reviews	
Approvals	
Runbooks	

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 202

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API□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

Azure □□ □□

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Topic

Value

Allowed authentication methods

▼
All methods
GET only
GET and POST only
GET, POST, and OPTIONS only



Authorization level

▼
Function
Anonymous
Admin

Answer:

Topic

Value

Allowed authentication methods

▼
All methods
GET only
GET and POST only
GET, POST, and OPTIONS only

Authorization level

▼
Function
Anonymous
Admin

□□:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/overview-authentication-authorization>

NEW QUESTION: 203

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□□ VM□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

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□□ □□: □□ VM□ Microsoft Monitoring Agent □ Dependency Agent□ □□□□ □□□□□.

Azure Monitor□ Wire Data □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

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An unavailable virtual machine:

	▼
Byte Count	
Data Path Availability	
Health Probe Status	
Packet Count	
SYN Count	

More than 50,000 connection attempts per minute:

	▼
Byte Count	
Data Path Availability	
Health Probe Status	
Packet Count	
SYN Count	

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An unavailable virtual machine: 

	▼
Byte Count	
Data Path Availability	
Health Probe Status	
Packet Count	
SYN Count	

More than 50,000 connection attempts per minute:

	▼
Byte Count	
Data Path Availability	
Health Probe Status	
Packet Count	
SYN Count	

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□□□ Azure Virtual Machines □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □ □□□□.

□□ 2: SYN □□□

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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/load-balancer/load-balancer-standard-diagnostics>

NEW QUESTION: 205

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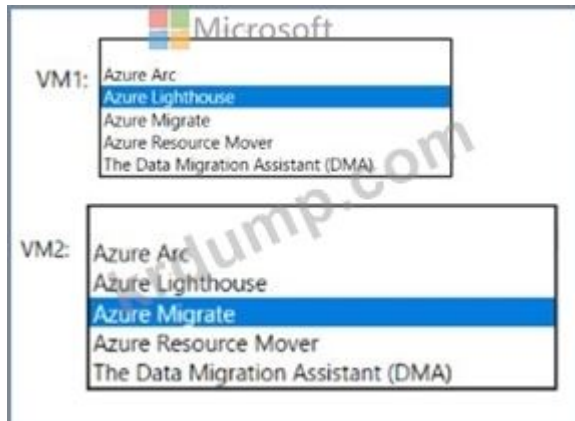
Name	Type	Resource group
VM1	Azure virtual machine	RG1
VM2	On-premises virtual machine	Not applicable

Azure□□ RG2□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□□.

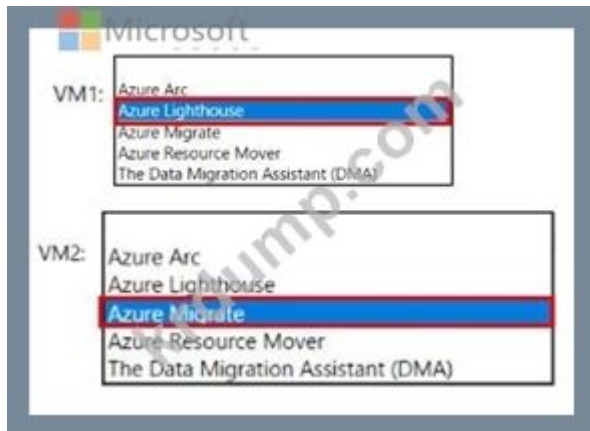
□□ □□□ RG2□ □□□□ □□□.

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Answer:



NEW QUESTION: 206

□□□ □□ □□ ID□ □□□□ Azure App Service □□□ □□□□.

Routing from the virtual networks to the on-premises locations must be configured by using:

- ▼
- Azure default routes
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
- User-defined routes

The automatic routing configuration following a failover must be handled by using:

- ▼
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
- Hot Standby Routing Protocol (HSRP)
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)

Answer:

Routing from the virtual networks to the on-premises locations must be configured by using:

- ▼
- Azure default routes
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)**
- User-defined routes

The automatic routing configuration following a failover must be handled by using:

- ▼
- Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)**
- Hot Standby Routing Protocol (HSRP)
- Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)


<https://docs.microsoft.com/ja-jp/azure/expressroute/designing-for-disaster-recovery-with-expressroute-privatepeering>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-optimize-routing#suboptimal-routing-from-customer-to-microsoft>

NEW QUESTION: 210


Azure VM() SQL 7 . ? . , , .

Values	Answer Area	
Web Application Firewall (WAF)	Item	Value
Azure Application Gateway	Azure service	
Azure Load Balancer	Feature	
Azure Traffic Manager		
SSL offloading		
URL-based content routing		



Answer:

Values	Answer Area	
Web Application Firewall (WAF)	Item	Value
Azure Application Gateway	Azure service	Azure Application Gateway
Azure Load Balancer	Feature	Web Application Firewall (WAF)
Azure Traffic Manager		
SSL offloading		
URL-based content routing		



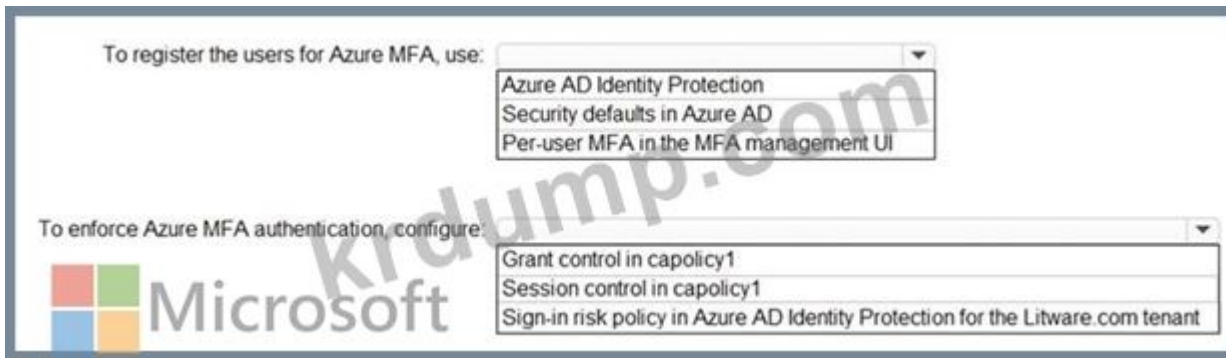
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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/application-gateway-faq>

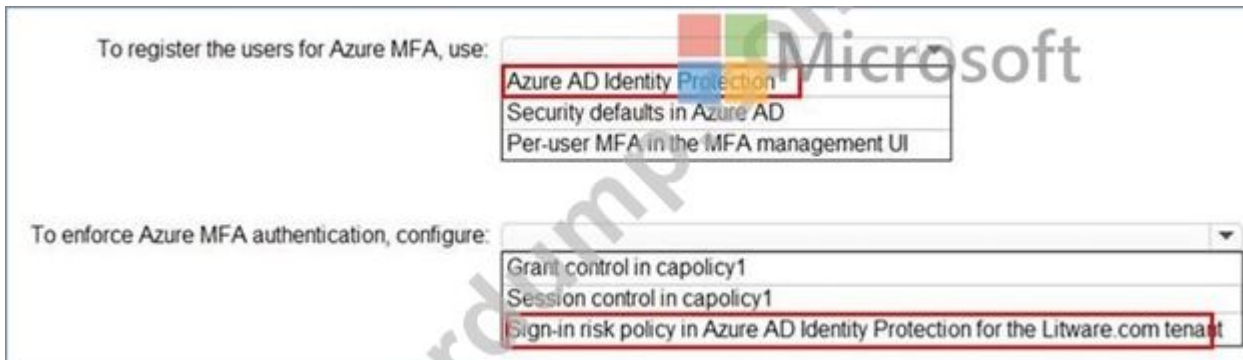
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/waf-overview>

NEW QUESTION: 211

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Answer:



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-mfa-policy>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/identity-protection/howto-identity-protection-configure-risk-policies>

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Name	Type	Configuration
SERVER1 SERVER2 SERVER3	Ubuntu 18.04 virtual machines hosted on Hyper-V	The virtual machines host a third-party app named App1. App1 uses an external storage solution that provides Apache Hadoop-compatible data storage. The data storage supports POSIX access control list (ACL) file-level permissions.
SERVER10	Server that runs Windows Server 2016	The server contains a Microsoft SQL Server instance that hosts two databases named DB1 and DB2.

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Request routing method: ▼

- A Traffic Manager profile
- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Load Balancer

Request routing configuration: ▼

- Cookie-based session affinity
- Performance traffic routing
- Priority traffic routing
- Weighted traffic routing

Answer:

Request routing method: ▼

- A Traffic Manager profile
- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Load Balancer

Request routing configuration: ▼

- Cookie-based session affinity
- Performance traffic routing
- Priority traffic routing
- Weighted traffic routing

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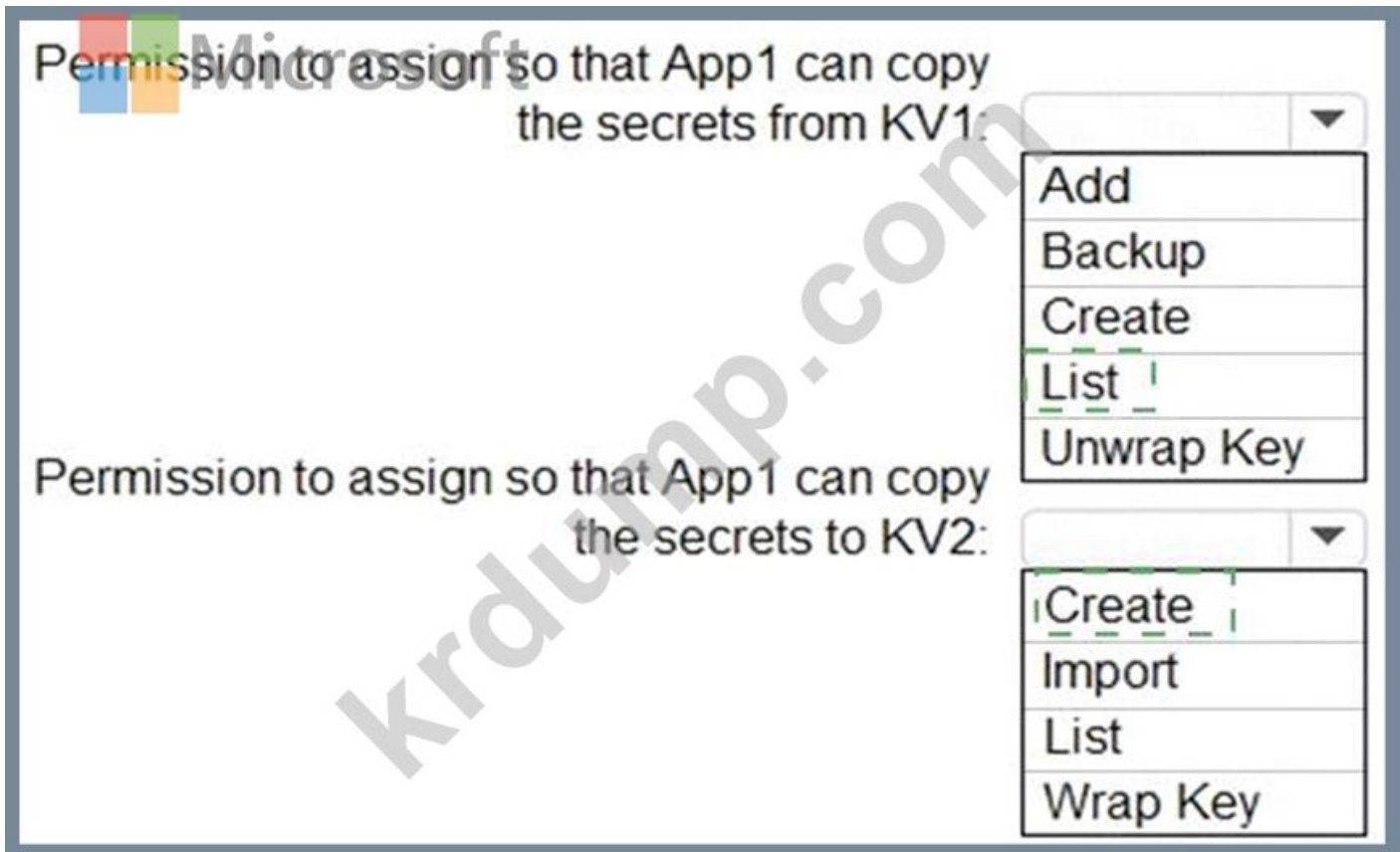
Request routing method: ▼

- A Traffic Manager profile
- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Load Balancer

Request routing configuration: ▼

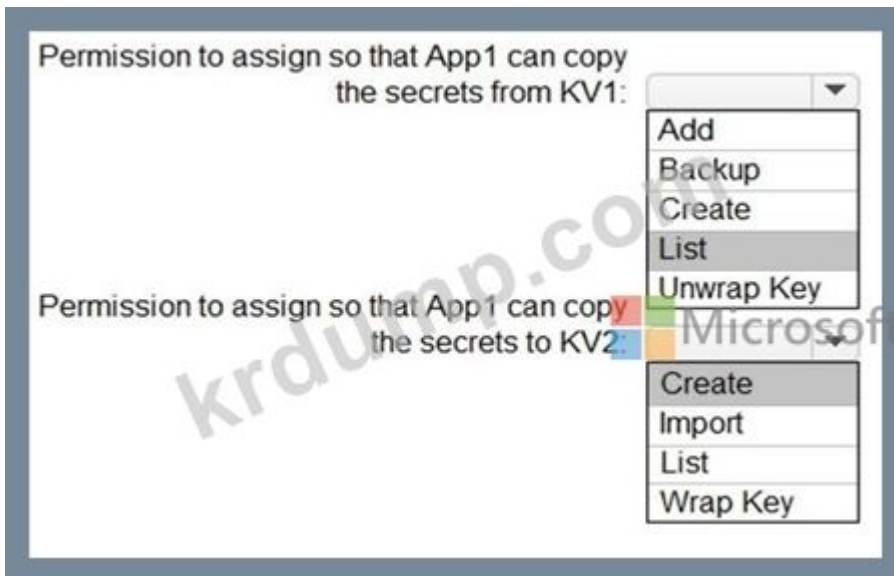
- Cookie-based session affinity
- Performance traffic routing
- Priority traffic routing
- Weighted traffic routing

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-routing-methods#priority-traffic-routing->



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<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/rest/api/keyvault/>

NEW QUESTION: 217

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