Microsoft.AZ-305-KR.v2026-08-14.q177

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NEW QUESTION: 1
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A. Azure Purview
B. Azure □□□
C. □□ □□
D. Azure CycleCloud
Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 2
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A. Azure □□□ □
B. Azure Log Analytics
C. Azure □□ □□
D. Azure Application Insights
Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 3
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A. Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□□□

B. Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□□□

C. Azure SQL Managed Instance □□

D. Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

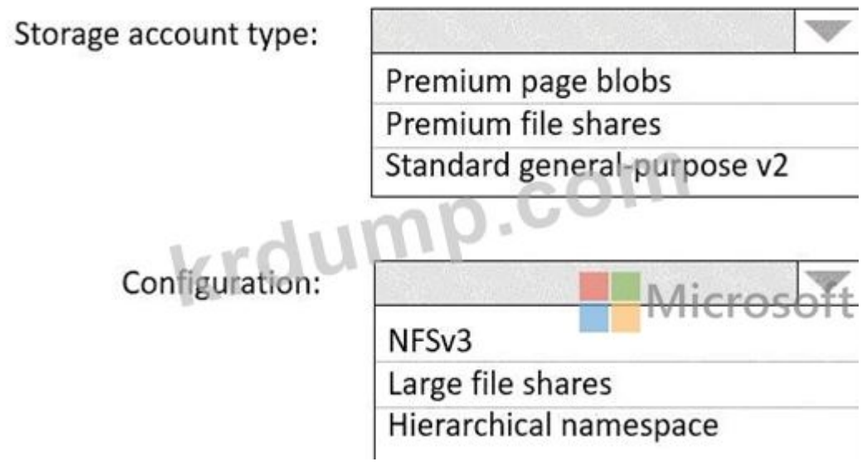
NEW QUESTION: 4

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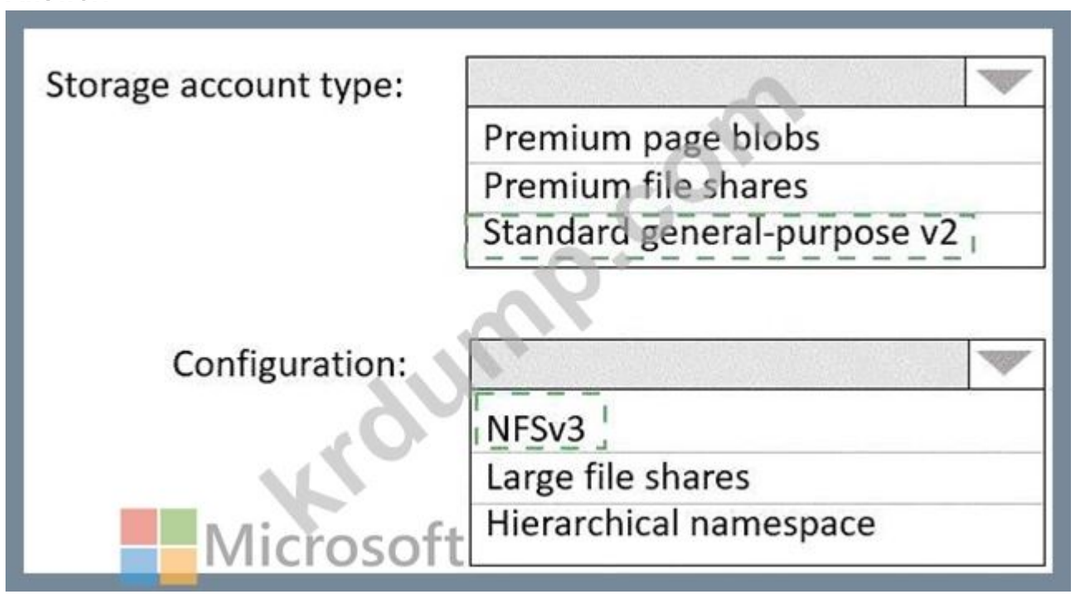
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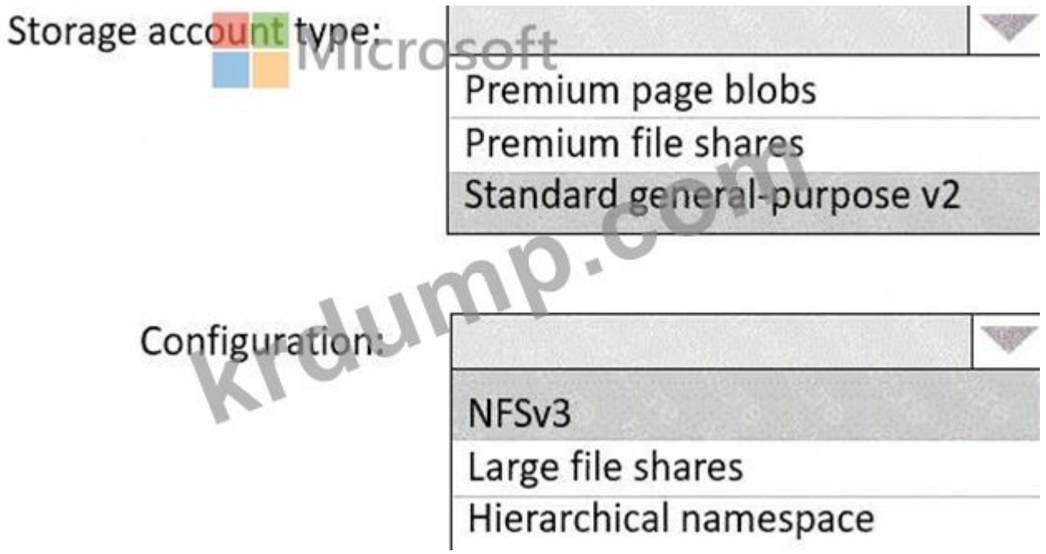
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Answer:



Explanation:



Box 1: Standard general-purpose v2

Standard general-purpose v2 supports Blob Storage.

Azure Storage provides data protection for Blob Storage and Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2.

Scenario:

Litware identifies the following security and compliance requirements:

Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.

On-premises users and services must be able to access the Azure Storage account that will host the data in App1.

Access to the public endpoint of the Azure Storage account that will host the App1 data must be prevented.

All Azure SQL databases in the production environment must have Transparent Data Encryption (TDE) enabled.

App1 must NOT share physical hardware with other workloads.

Box 2: NFSv3

Scenario: Plan: Migrate App1 to Azure virtual machines.

Blob storage now supports the Network File System (NFS) 3.0 protocol. This support provides Linux file system compatibility at object storage scale and prices and enables Linux clients to mount a container in Blob storage from an Azure Virtual Machine (VM) or a computer on-premises.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/data-protection-overview

NEW QUESTION: 5

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A. SQL Server□ □□□□ Azure □□ □□

B. vCore □□ Azure SQL □□□□□□

C. □□ □□ DTU AzureSQL □□□□□□.

D. Azure SQL Database □□□ □

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 6

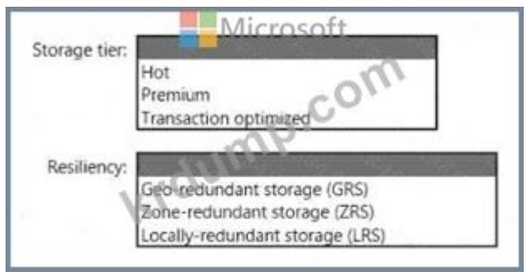
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Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 7
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C. □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□
D. □□□ □□ □□ □□□□(GZRS)□ □□□□ Azure Storage □□
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Scenario: App1 has the following data requirements:
Each instance will write data to a data store in the same availability zone as the instance.
Data written by any App1 instance must be visible to all App1 instances.
Azure Cosmos DB: Each partition across all the regions is replicated. Each region contains all the data partitions of an Azure Cosmos container and can serve reads as well as serve writes when multi-region writes is enabled.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/high-availability

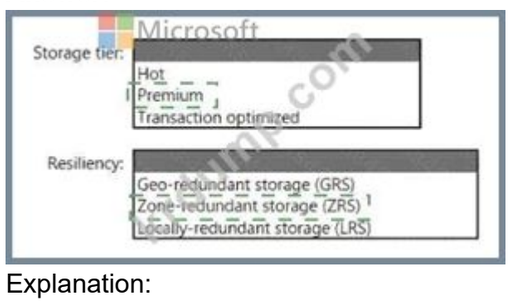
NEW QUESTION: 8
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A. Azure Service Bus □ □□
B. Azure Service Bus □□ 1□
C. □□□ Azure Data Factory □□□□□
D. □□ □□□□ □□ □
Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)
A queue allows processing of a message by a single consumer. In contrast to queues, topics and subscriptions provide a one-to-many form of communication in a publish and subscribe pattern. It ' s useful for scaling to large numbers of recipients. Each published message is made available to each subscription registered with the topic. Publisher sends a message to a topic and one or more subscribers receive a copy of the message, depending on filter rules set on these subscriptions.

Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-queues-topics-subscriptions

NEW QUESTION: 9
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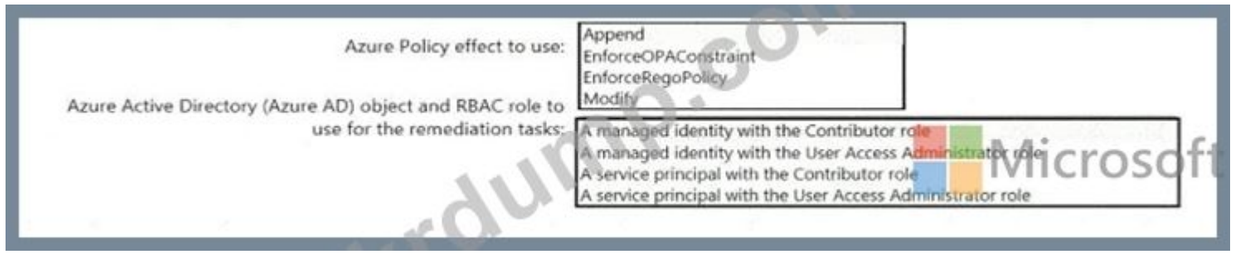


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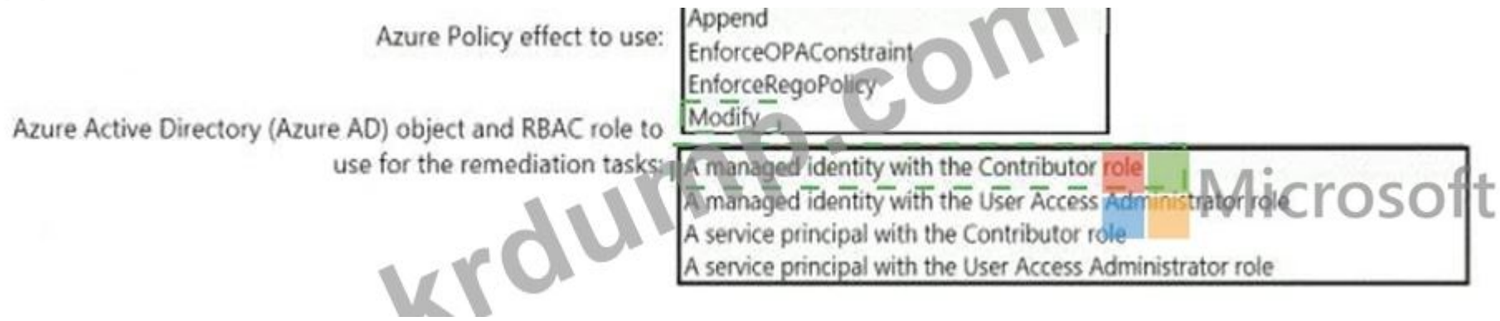


Explanation:
Box 1: Premium
Premium: Premium file shares are backed by solid-state drives (SSDs) and provide consistent high performance and low latency, within single-digit milliseconds for most IO operations, for IO-intensive workloads.
Box 2: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS):
Premium Azure file shares only support LRS and ZRS.
Zone-redundant storage (ZRS): With ZRS, three copies of each file stored, however these copies are physically isolated in three distinct storage clusters in different Azure availability zones.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-files-planning

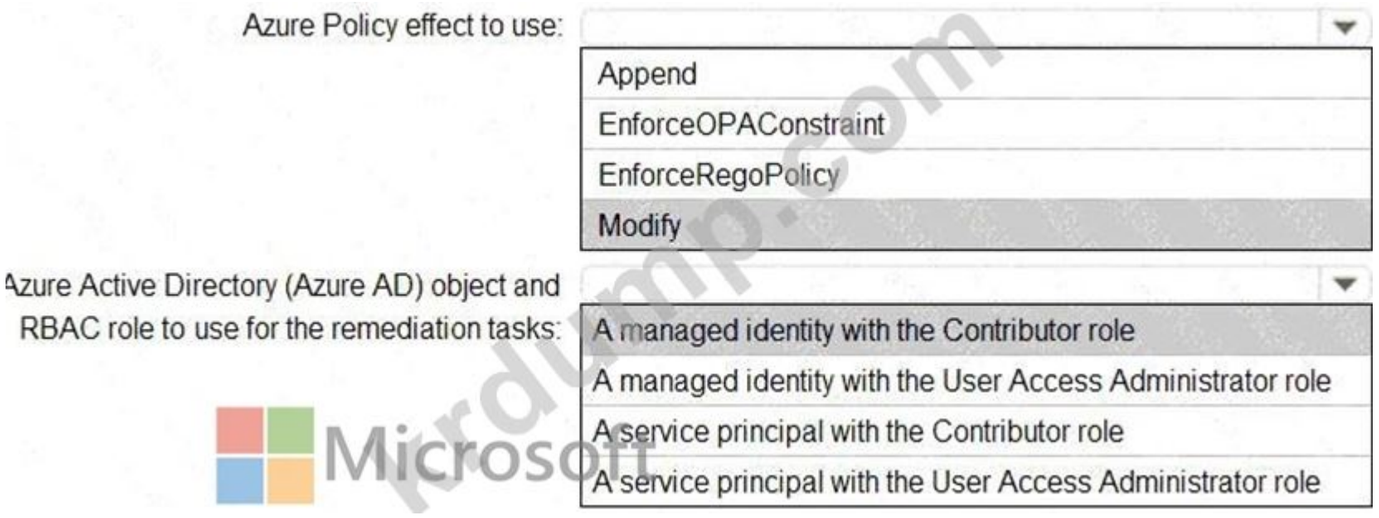
NEW QUESTION: 10
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Answer:



Explanation:



Box 1: Modify

Modify is used to add, update, or remove properties or tags on a resource during creation or update. A common example is updating tags on resources such as costCenter. Existing non-compliant resources can be remediated with a remediation task. A single Modify rule can have any number of operations.

Box 2: A managed identity with the Contributor role

Managed identity

How remediation security works: When Azure Policy runs the template in the deployIfNotExists policy definition, it does so using a managed identity. Azure Policy creates a managed identity for each assignment, but must have details about what roles to grant the managed identity.

Contributor role

The Contributor role grants the required access to apply tags to any entity.

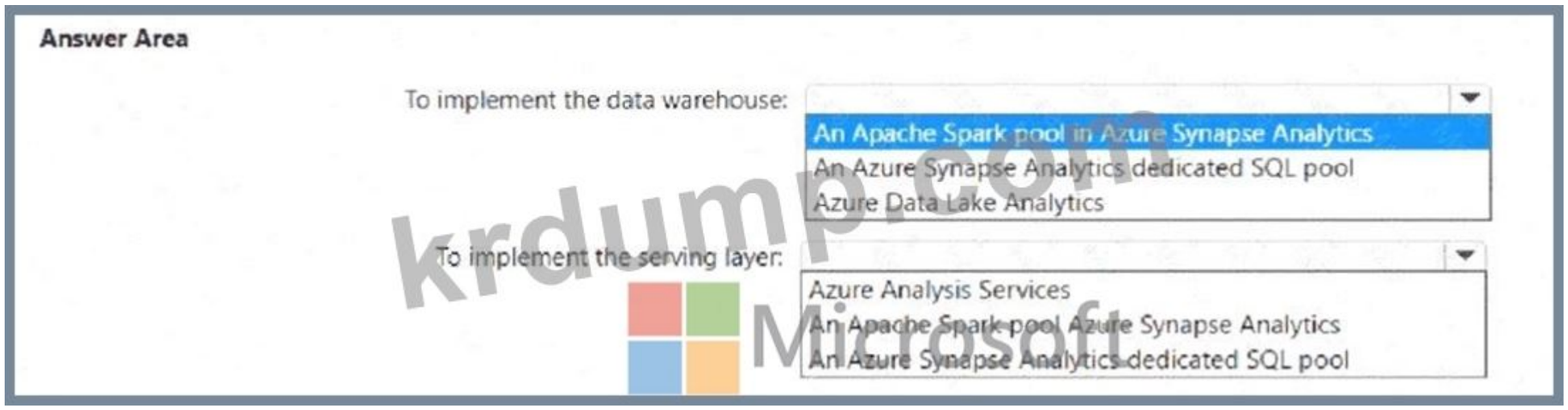
Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/concepts/effects

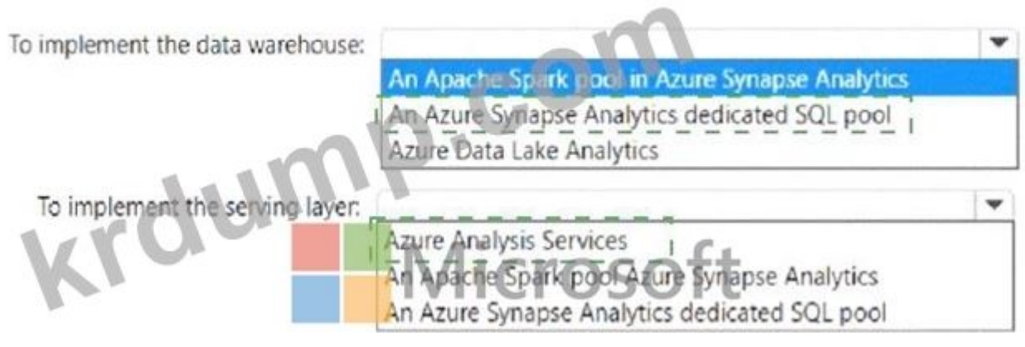
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/how-to/remediate-resources

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/tag-resources
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/concepts/effects#modify

NEW QUESTION: 11
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Answer:
Answer Area



Explanation:
Azure Synapse dedicated SQL pool; Azure Analysis Services
The dedicated SQL pool is the relational warehouse. Azure Analysis Services provides the managed OLAP serving layer.

NEW QUESTION: 12

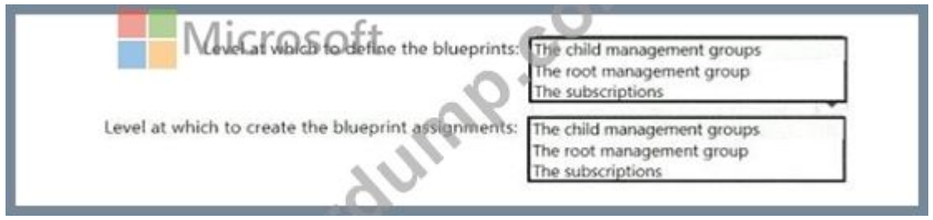
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Answer:



Explanation:

1. Root management group
2. The subscriptions

Reference: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/blueprints/create-blueprint-portal Assign a blueprint After a blueprint has been published, it can be assigned to a subscription. Assign the blueprint that you created to one of the subscriptions under your management group hierarchy. If the blueprint is saved to a subscription, it can only be assigned to that subscription.

NEW QUESTION: 13

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A. Azure Active Directory(AD) □□ □□ ID □□□□ Application1 □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

B. Get-AzureADUserAppRoleAssignment cmdlet□ □□□□ Azure Automation □□□ □□□□□.

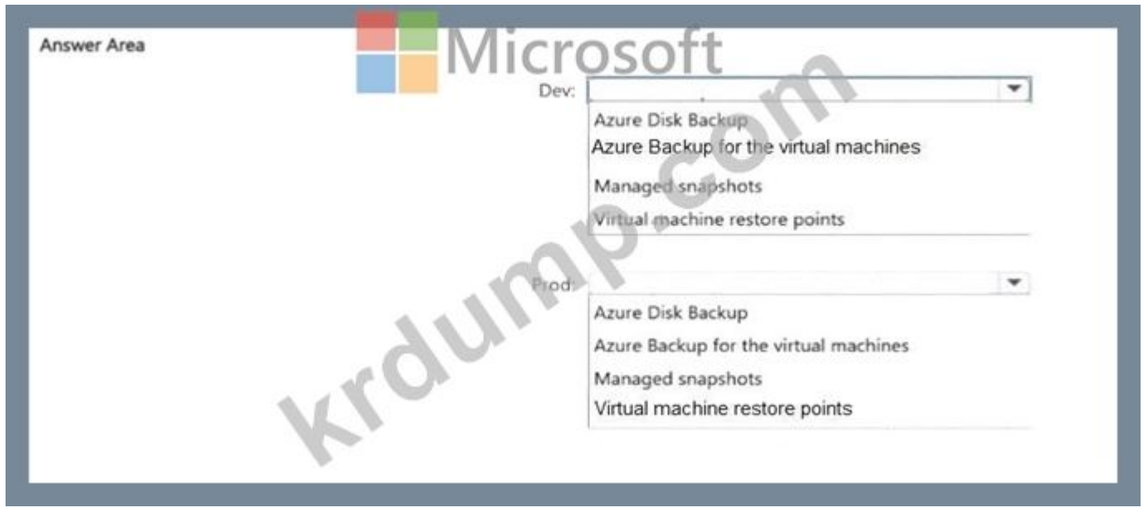
C. Get-AzureRmRoleAssignment cmdlet□ □□□□ Azure Automation □□□ □□□□□.

D. Azure Active Directory(Azure AD)□□ Application1□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

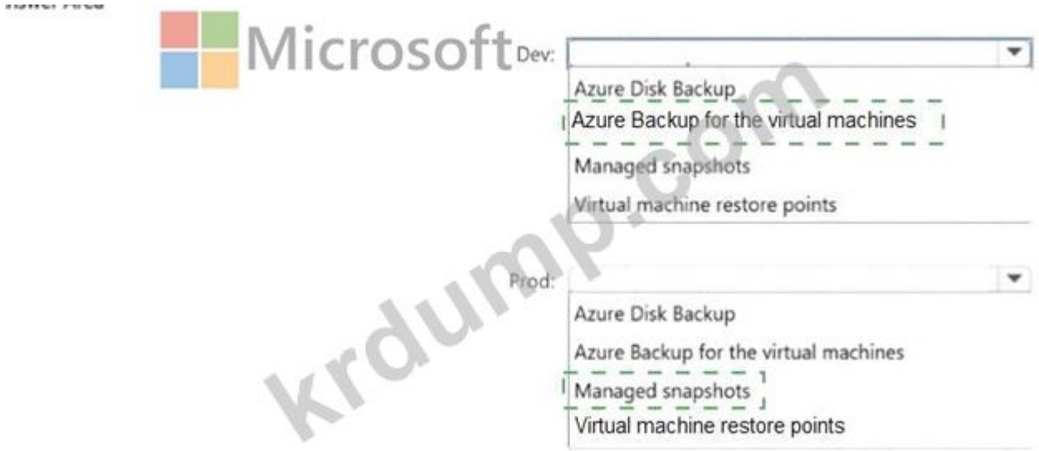
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/manage-user-access-with-access-reviews Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) access reviews enable organizations to efficiently manage group memberships, access to enterprise applications, and role assignments. User ' s access can be reviewed on a regular basis to make sure only the right people have continued access.
Have reviews recur periodically: You can set up recurring access reviews of users at set frequencies such as weekly, monthly, quarterly or annually, and the reviewers will be notified at the start of each review. Reviewers can approve or deny access with a friendly interface and with the help of smart recommendations.
Why are access reviews important?
" Azure AD enables you to collaborate with users from inside your organization and with external users.
Users can join groups, invite guests, connect to cloud apps, and work remotely from their work or personal devices. The convenience of using self-service has led to a need for better access management capabilities. "

NEW QUESTION: 14
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Windows Server □□ □□□□ □□□□ VSS(Volume Shadow Copy Service)□ □□□□ Appl□□□ □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□ □□□ Appl□ □□□ □□ □ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□□ Appl□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.
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Microsoft
krdump.com

Answer:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 15

Azure □□ □□□ SQL Server □□□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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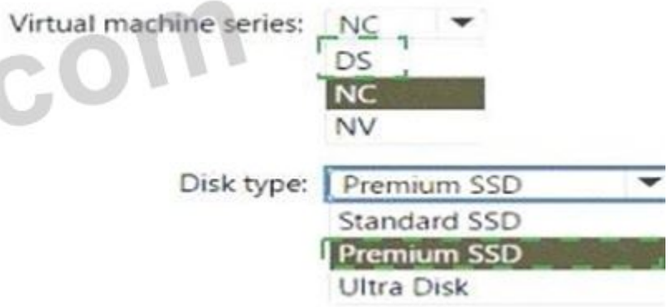
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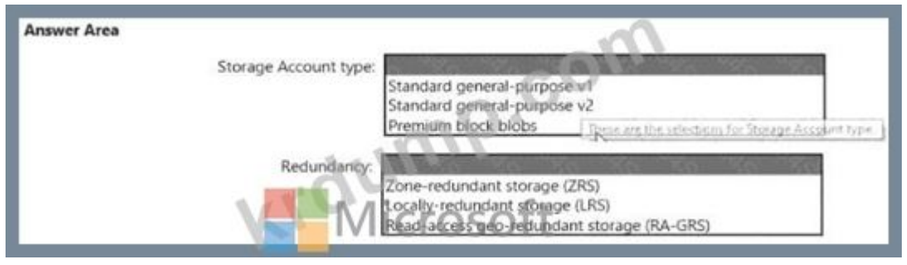
Answer:

Answer Area

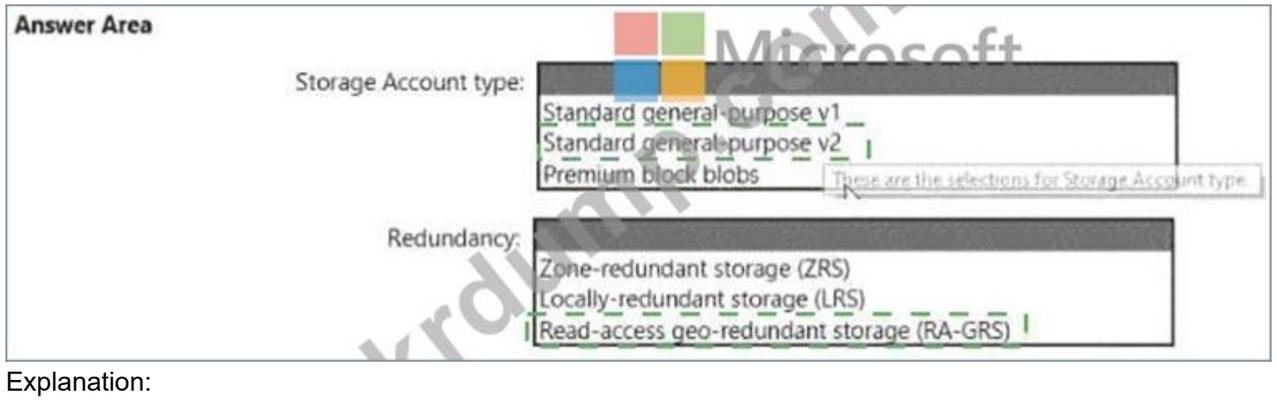


Explanation:
DS-series VM; Premium SSD
DS-series supports accelerated networking and Premium storage without the unnecessary GPU cost of NC- series.

NEW QUESTION: 16
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Answer:



Explanation:



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NEW QUESTION: 17
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A. □□ □□□ □□□
B. Azure Synapse □□
C. Azure Data Lake Gen2 Storage □□
D. Azure Databricks
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 18
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B. Azure Application Insights
C. VM □□□□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 19
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A. Azure □□ □□ □□□ □□
B. Azure □□□ □□
C. Always On □□□ □□
D. Azure □□□ □□
Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)
Replication with Azure Site Recover:
RTO is typically less than 15 minutes.
RPO: One hour for application consistency and five minutes for crash consistency.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/site-recovery/site-recovery-sql

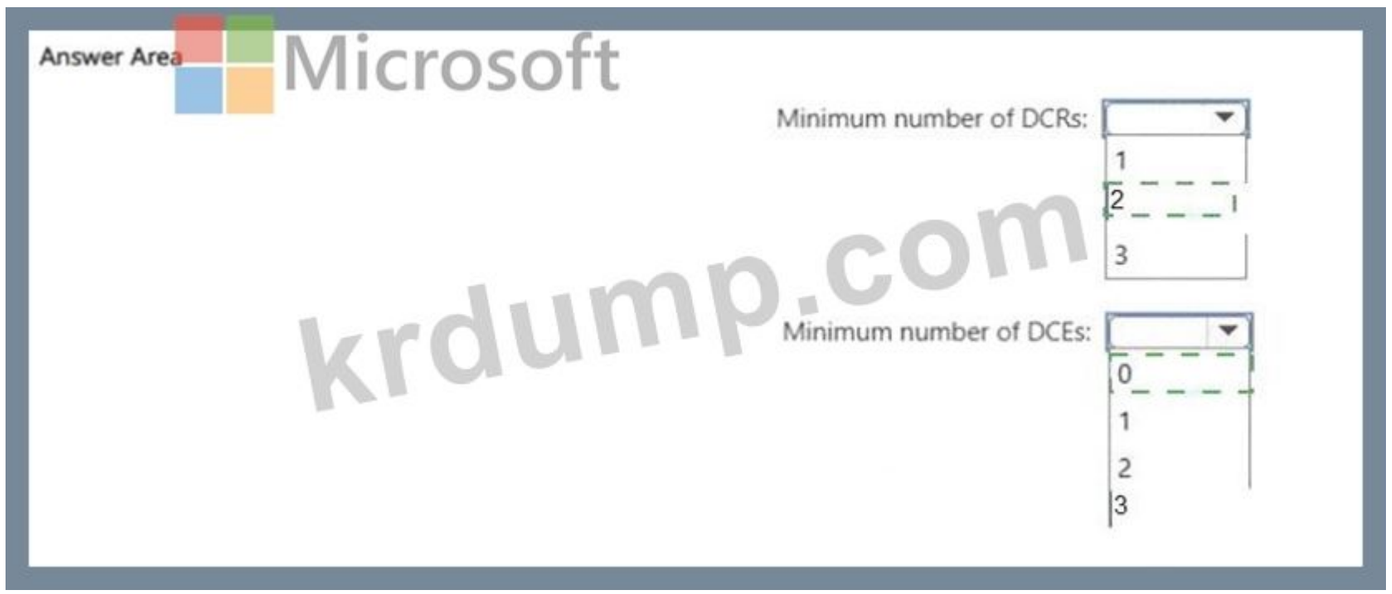
NEW QUESTION: 20
Azure □□□ □□□□. □□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□ □□ □□□□ □ □□ WS1□□□ Log Analytics □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □.

Location	Quantity	Description
Central US	20	Run the Server Core installation of Windows Server
East US	50	Run Windows Server and have IIS-based infrastructure services installed
West US	50	Run Windows Server and have IIS-based application services installed

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Answer:



Explanation:

2 DCRs; 0 DCEs

Separate DCRs allow Windows Event and IIS collection to be scoped independently. A Data Collection Endpoint is unnecessary when agents use the public Azure Monitor ingestion endpoint.

NEW QUESTION: 21

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A. Azure □□□ □□

B. Azure Blob □□□□

C. Azure □□ □□

D. Azure □□□□□□ □□□□□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Service Bus is a transactional message broker and ensures transactional integrity for all internal operations against its message stores. All transfers of messages inside of Service Bus, such as moving messages to a dead-letter queue or automatic forwarding of messages between entities, are transactional.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-transactions
" Service Bus offers a reliable and secure platform for asynchronous transfer of data and state." ... "Service Bus supports standard AMQP 1.0 and HTTP/REST protocols."
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure
/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-messaging-overview

NEW QUESTION: 22
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A. Azure □□ □ □□
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C. □□ □□ □ □□ □□□□□□
D. □□ □□ □ □□□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 23
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Name	Type	Location
Hub1	Azure IoT Hub	West Europe
Hub2	Azure IoT Hub	North Europe
Hub3	Azure IoT Hub	North Europe
Synapse1	Azure Synapse Analytics	North Europe
Synapse2	Azure Synapse Analytics	West Europe

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Azure Stream Analytics □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □ □□□□?
A. 2
B. 3
C. 1
D. 6
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 24
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Answer:



Explanation:

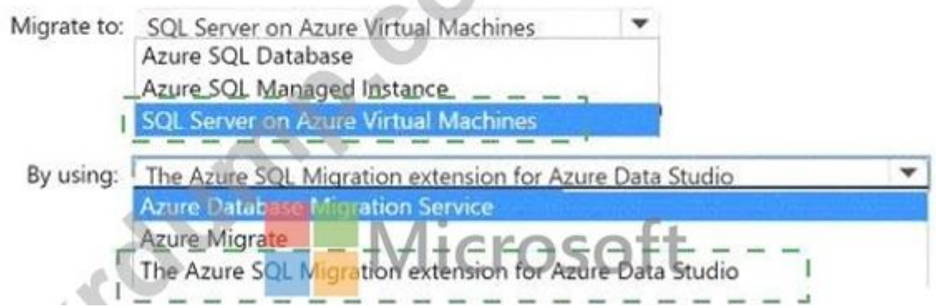


NEW QUESTION: 25
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Answer:

Answer Area



Explanation:

Answer Area



NEW QUESTION: 26

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A. □

B. □□□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 27

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A. Azure □□ □

B. Azure □□

C. Azure □□ □□

D. □ □□□ WebJob

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-reference-powershell?tabs=portal

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-create-scheduled-function#create-a-timer-triggered-function

NEW QUESTION: 28

□+□□□□ Active Directory □□□□ □□□□□ Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) □□□□ □□□□.

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A. Azure AD □□□□□□ □□□
B. Azure AD PIM(Privileged Identity Management)
C. □□□ □□□ □□
D. □□□ □□
E. Azure AD □□□□□□ □□□□□□
F. Azure □□□□□□ □□□□□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Application Proxy applications are configured as enterprise applications. Kerberos constrained delegation provides SSO to an Integrated Windows Authentication application. Application Gateway does not provide this SSO.

NEW QUESTION: 29

□□□ Premium App Service □□□ □□ □□□□ Azure Web App□ □□□□. □□ □□ Azure Web App□ □□□□□. □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□ Azure □ □□ □□□□ □□□.
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B. □□□ □□ □□□ □□
C. □□□ App Service □□ □□
D. Azure □ □ □□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 30

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A. Azure □□□ □□□
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D. Azure □□ □□ □□ □□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-fabric/service-fabric-overview

NEW QUESTION: 31

Azure Active Directory Premium Plan 2 □□□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□. □□ □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□(MFA)□ □□□□□ □□□□.
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Name	IP address range	Trusted
NY	192.168.2.0/27	Yes
DC	192.168.1.0/27	No
LA	192.168.3.0/27	No

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Name	Device operating system	User-risk level	Matching compliance policies
User1	Windows 10	High	**None**
User2	Windows 10	Medium	**None**
User3	macOS	Low	**None**

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Name	Assignment	Conditions: Locations	Conditions: User risk	Conditions: Sign-in risk	Access Control: Grant
CA1	All users	Trusted locations	High, Medium	**None**	Block access
CA2	All users	NY	**None**	High, Medium	Block access
CA3	All users	LA	**None**	**None**	Grant access: Require device to marked as compliant

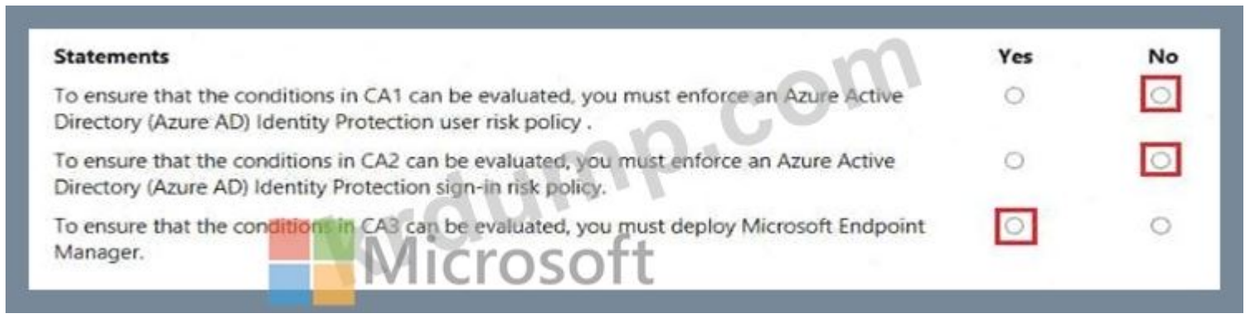
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Statements	Yes	No
To ensure that the conditions in CA1 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection user risk policy .	○	○
To ensure that the conditions in CA2 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection sign-in risk policy.	○	○
To ensure that the conditions in CA3 can be evaluated, you must deploy Microsoft Endpoint Manager.	○	○

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
To ensure that the conditions in CA1 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection user risk policy .	○	○
To ensure that the conditions in CA2 can be evaluated, you must enforce an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection sign-in risk policy.	○	○
To ensure that the conditions in CA3 can be evaluated, you must deploy Microsoft Endpoint Manager.	○	○

Explanation:



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NEW QUESTION: 32
Azure Blob Storage□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□.
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A. □□□
B. □□□□
C. □
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Azure cool tier is equivalent to the Amazon S3 Infrequent Access (S3-IA) storage in AWS that provides a low cost high performance storage for infrequently access data.
Note: Azure's cool storage tier, also known as Azure cool Blob storage, is for infrequently-accessed data that needs to be stored for a minimum of 30 days. Typical use cases include backing up data before tiering to archival systems, legal data, media files, system audit information, datasets used for big data analysis and more.
The storage cost for this Azure cold storage tier is lower than that of hot storage tier. Since it is expected that the data stored in this tier will be accessed less frequently, the data access charges are high when compared to hot tier. There are no additional changes required in your applications as these tiers can be accessed using APIs in the same manner that you access Azure storage.
References:
https://cloud.netapp.com/blog/low-cost-storage-options-on-azure

NEW QUESTION: 33
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C. □ □□ Azure □□□ □□ □□□□ □ □□ □□□□□.

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Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)
(https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service#com-and-com-components) Azure App Service does not allow the registration of COM components on the platform. If your app makes use of any COM components, these need to be rewritten in managed code and deployed with the site or application. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service
" Azure App Service with Windows Containers If your app cannot be migrated directly to App Service, consider App Service using Windows Containers, which enables usage of the GAC, COM components, MSIs, full access to .NET FX APIs, DirectX, and more. "

NEW QUESTION: 34
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Azure Container Registry□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
Azure AD(Azure Active Directory)□ □□□□ □ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
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A. Azure □□□□ □□□□
B. □□□□□ □□□□ Azure App Service □□□□
C. □□ □□□□□ □□□(AKS)
Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)
App Service provides ACR continuous deployment, autoscaling and built-in Entra authentication with substantially less administration than AKS.

NEW QUESTION: 35
□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ Azure Storage □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
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A. Azure NetApp □□
B. Azure Blob Storage
C. Azure Data Lake Storage 2
D. Azure Files
Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 36
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Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
Log Analytics□ □□□□ Azure □ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:

Increase log-query costs; reduce ingestion costs

Basic Logs have lower ingestion prices but queries are charged according to data scanned and have query /alerting limitations.

NEW QUESTION: 37

□□ Azure □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□, □□, □□, □□ □□ □ □□□ □□ □□□.

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A. Azure Queue Storage

B. Azure Service Fabric

C. Azure Notification Hubs

D. Azure □□□ □□□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 38

□□ □□ □□□ Azure □□□□ □□□□.

Name	Type	Location
US-Central-Firewall-policy	Azure Firewall policy	Central US
US-East-Firewall-policy	Azure Firewall policy	East US
EU-Firewall-policy	Azure Firewall policy	West Europe
USEastfirewall	Azure Firewall	Central US
USWestfirewall	Azure Firewall	East US
EUFirewall	Azure Firewall	West Europe

Microsoft
krdump.com

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□□□□ □□ □□ Azure Firewall □□□ □□ □□ □□□□□?

A. 0
B. 1
C. 2
D. 3

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

Firewall policies work across regions and subscriptions.
Place all your global configurations in the parent policy.
Note: Policies can be created in a hierarchy. You can create a parent/global policy that will contain configurations and rules that will apply to all/a number of firewall instances. Then you create a child policy that inherits from the parent; note that rules changes in the parent instantly appear in the child. The child is associated with a firewall and applies configurations/rules from the parent policy and the child policy instantly to the firewall.
Reference:
https://aidanfinn.com/?p=22006

NEW QUESTION: 39

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B. □□□

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

Resource locks are not used for compliance purposes. Resource locks prevent changes from being made to resources.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources

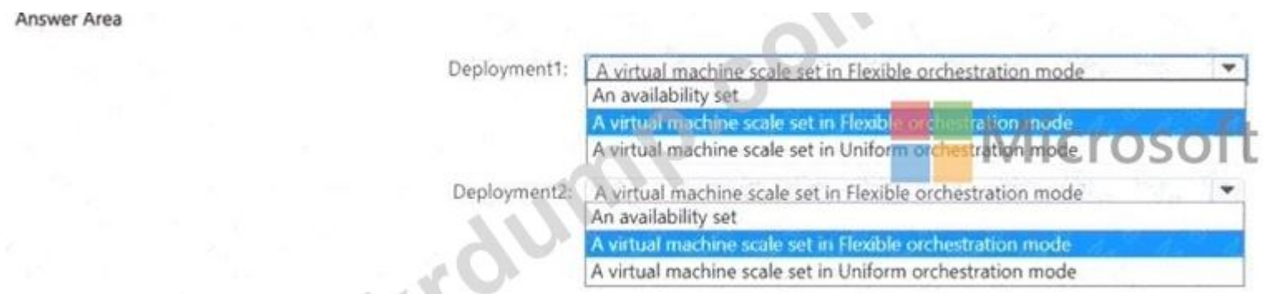
NEW QUESTION: 40
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B. Azure Blob □□□□ □ Azure □□ □□□
C. Azure □□ □□ □ Azure □□ □□□
D. □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □ Azure □□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 41
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D. □□ □□(VM) □□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□.
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Answer: A,E (LEAVE A REPLY)

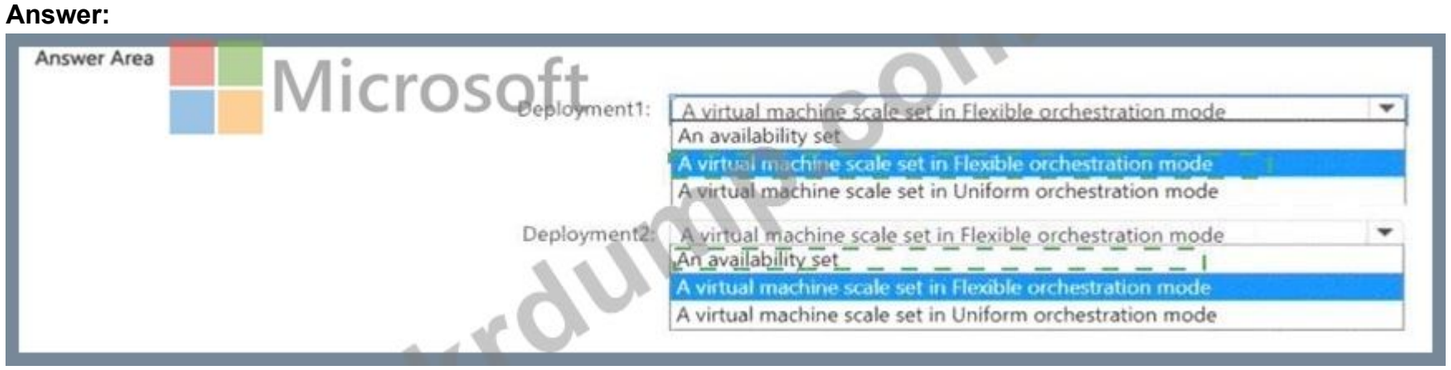
NEW QUESTION: 42
Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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Name	Description
Deployment1	Includes 50 virtual machines that run Windows Server 2022 Includes 50 virtual machines that run Ubuntu Server 22.04 Supports ultra disks Supports deployment to availability zones
Deployment2	Includes 50 virtual machines that run Windows Server 2022 Includes 50 virtual machines that run Windows Server 2019 Supports up to 20 update domains Supports proximity placement groups

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Answer:



Explanation:

Deployment1: Flexible VMSS; Deployment2: availability set

Flexible orchestration fits individually managed VMs. An availability set supports the required 20 update domains and proximity-placement design.

NEW QUESTION: 43

Microsoft SQL Server□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□, □ □□ □□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□. □ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□, □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□. □ □□□ □□ P40 □□□ □□□□□□.

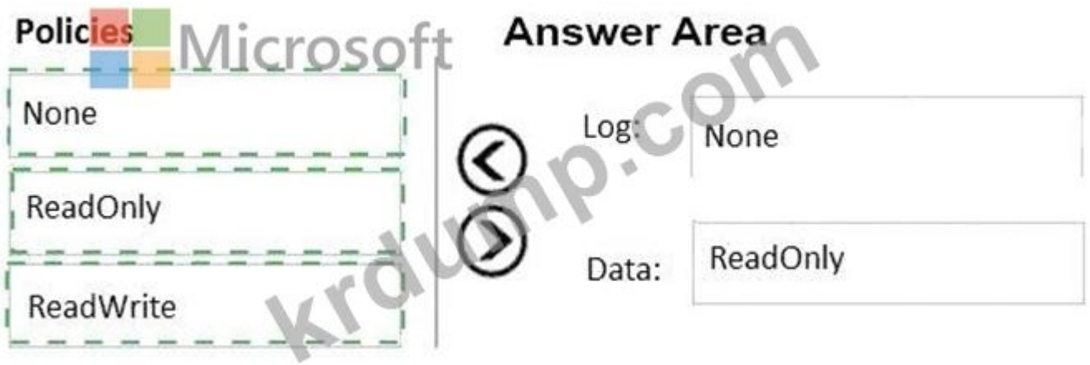
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Answer:



Explanation:



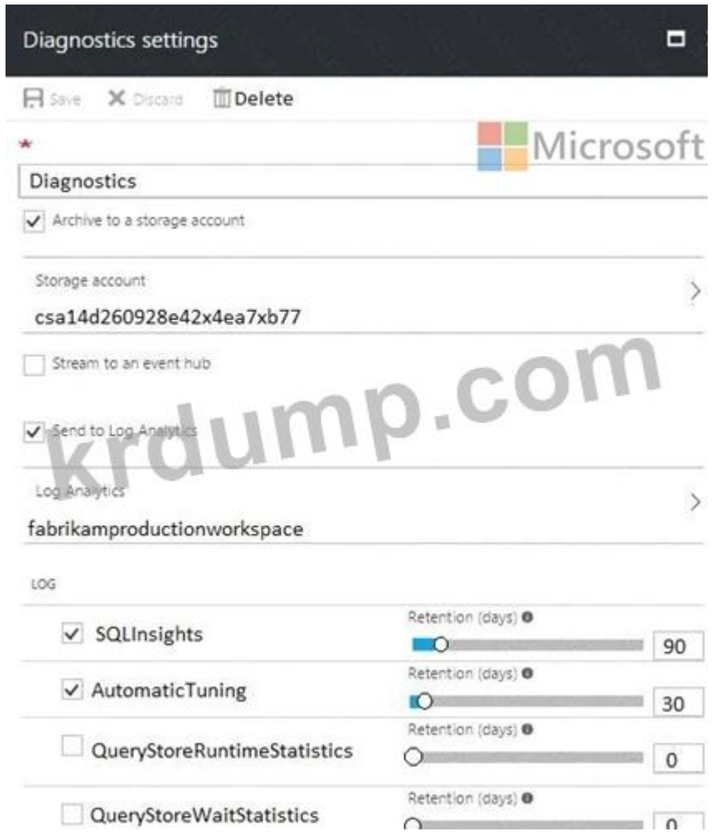
References:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/sql/virtual-machines-windows-sql-performance

NEW QUESTION: 44

Azure SQL Database □□□□□ □□ □ □□□□□.

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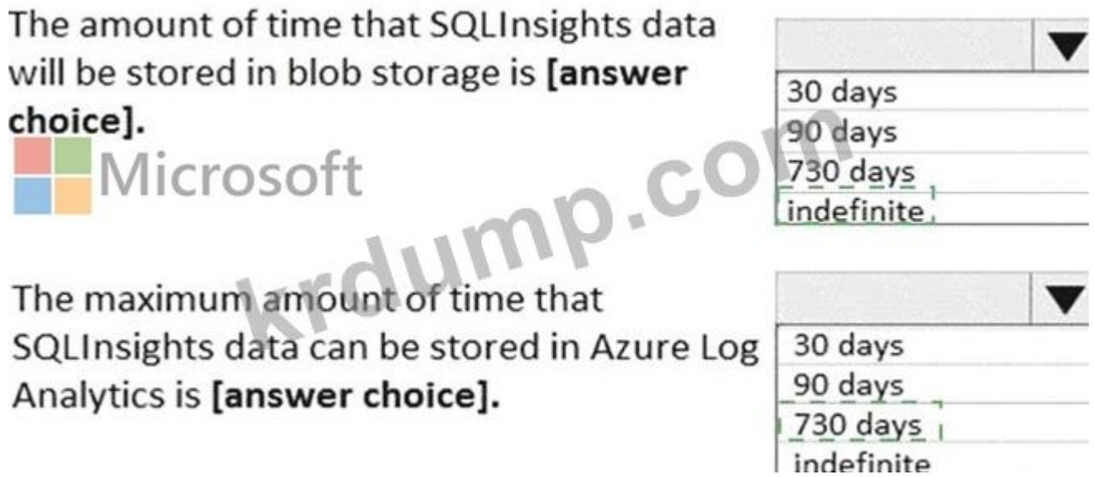
The amount of time that SQLInsights data will be stored in blob storage is **[answer choice].**

- 30 days
- 90 days
- 730 days
- indefinite

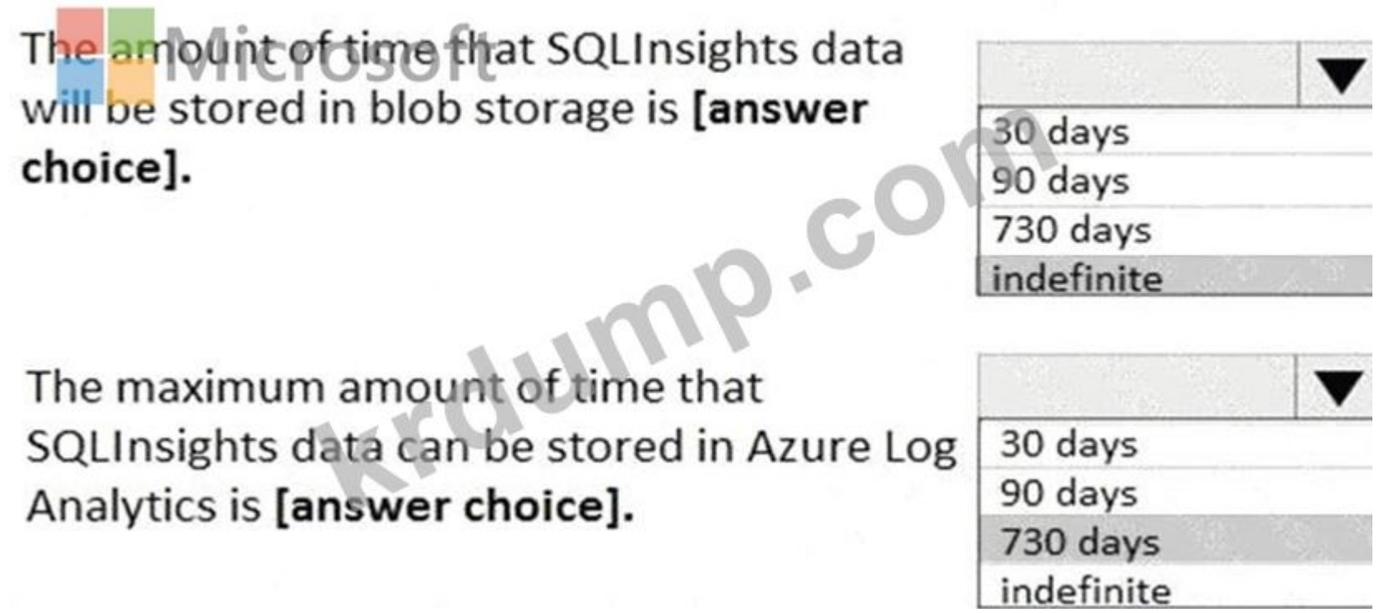
The maximum amount of time that SQLInsights data can be stored in Azure Log Analytics is **[answer choice].**

- 30 days
- 90 days
- 730 days
- indefinite

Answer:



Explanation:



In the exhibit, the SQLInsights data is configured to be stored in Azure Log Analytics for 90 days. However, the question is asking for the "maximum" amount of time that the data can be stored which is 730 days.

NEW QUESTION: 45

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A. □□□

B. □
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 46
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Division	Azure subscription	Azure AD tenant
East	Sub1	Contoso.com
West	Sub2	Fabrikam.com

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Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)
PIM controls privileged role activation; it does not convert a single-tenant application into a multitenant application.

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NEW QUESTION: 47
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Answer Area

Application1:

BlobStorage with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication

General purpose v1 with Premium performance and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

Application2:

BlobStorage with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Geo-redundant storage (GRS) replication

BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication

General purpose v1 with Standard performance and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

Microsoft
Krdump.com

Answer:

Answer Area

Application1:

BlobStorage with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication

General purpose v1 with Premium performance and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Hot access tier, and Locally-redundant storage (LRS) replication

Application2:

BlobStorage with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Geo-redundant storage (GRS) replication

BlockBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication

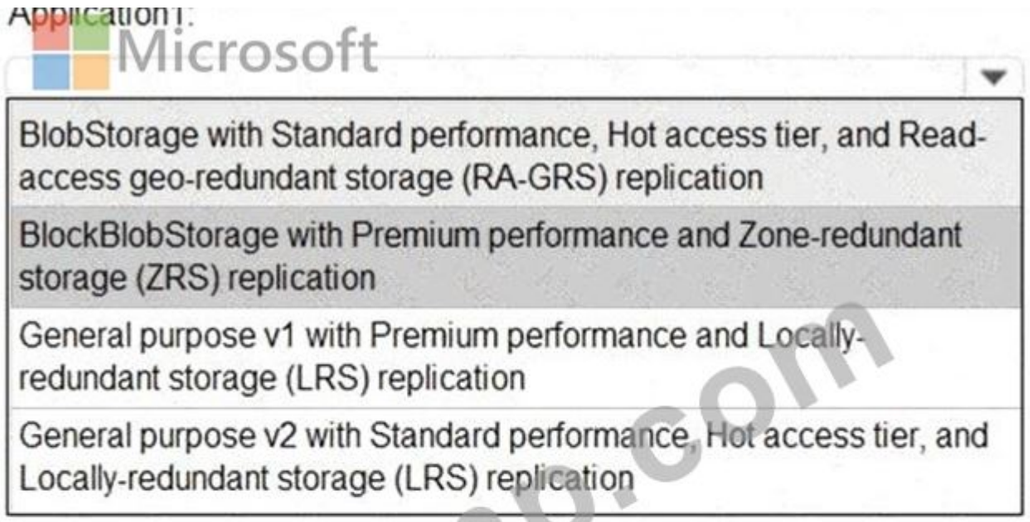
General purpose v1 with Standard performance and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

General purpose v2 with Standard performance, Cool access tier, and Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) replication

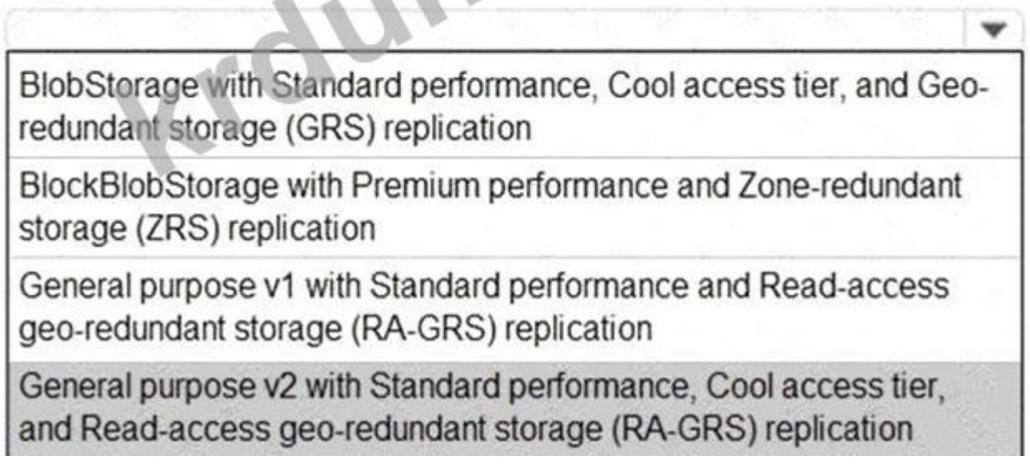
Microsoft
krdump.com

Explanation:

Application1:



Application2:



Box 1: BloblBlobStorage with Premium performance and Zone-redundant storage (ZRS) replication.

BlockBlobStorage accounts: Storage accounts with premium performance characteristics for block blobs and append blobs. Recommended for scenarios with high transactions rates, or scenarios that use smaller objects or require consistently low storage latency.

Premium: optimized for high transaction rates and single-digit consistent storage latency.

Box 2: General purpose v2 with Standard performance..

General-purpose v2 accounts: Basic storage account type for blobs, files, queues, and tables. Recommended for most scenarios using Azure Storage.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-overview

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy

NEW QUESTION: 48

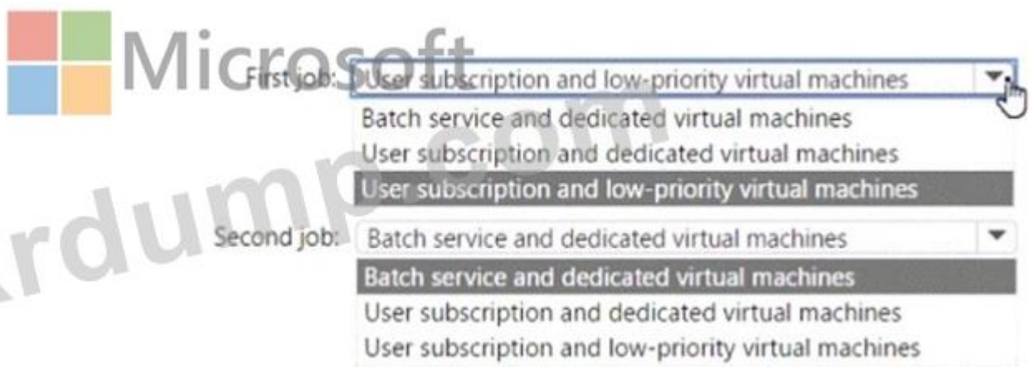
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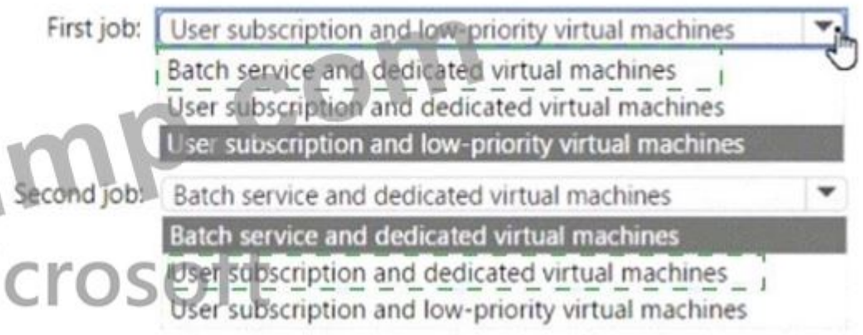
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B. □□□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)
Instead use Azure Network Watcher IP Flow Verify, which allows you to detect traffic filtering issues at a VM level.
Note: IP flow verify checks if a packet is allowed or denied to or from a virtual machine. The information consists of direction, protocol, local IP, remote IP, local port, and remote port. If the packet is denied by a security group, the name of the rule that denied the packet is returned. While any source or destination IP can be chosen, IP flow verify helps administrators quickly diagnose connectivity issues from or to the internet and from or to the on-premises environment.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/traffic-analytics

NEW QUESTION: 49
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Answer Area



Answer:

Answer Area



Explanation:
Development: Batch-service pool with Spot/low-priority nodes; Production: user-subscription pool with dedicated nodes Spot nodes minimize development cost. Dedicated nodes provide predictable MPI completion, and a user- subscription pool permits Azure Hybrid Benefit.

NEW QUESTION: 50
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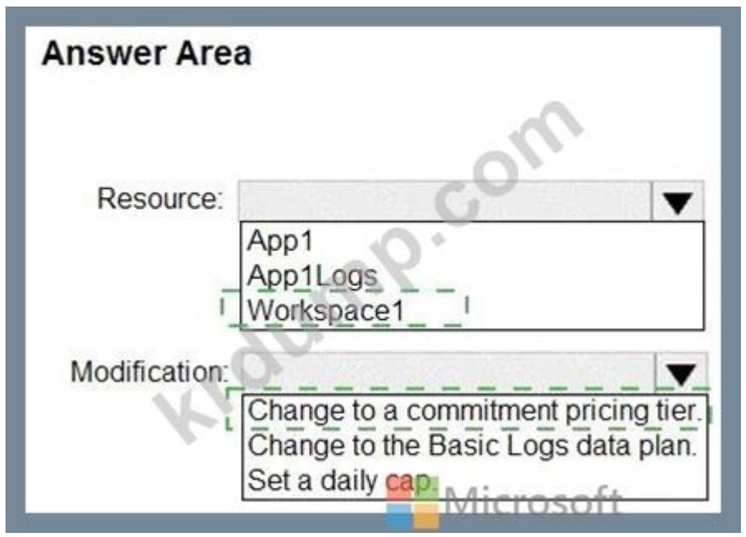
Name	Type	Description
App1	Azure App Service app	*None*
Workspace1	Log Analytics workspace	Configured to use a pay-as-you-go pricing tier
App1Logs	Log Analytics table	Hosted in Workspace1 Configured to use the Analytics Logs data plan

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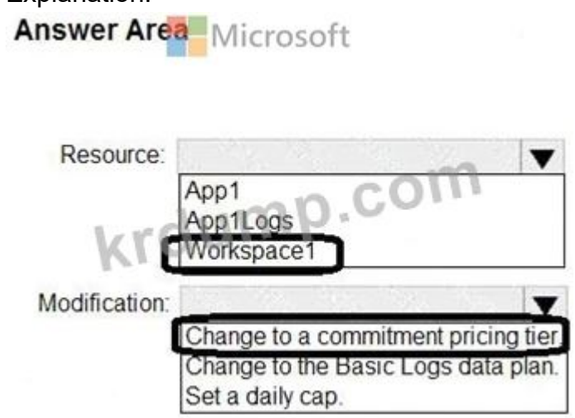
Answer Area



Answer:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 51

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Azure □□□ □□□□.

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B. Azure □□□ □□□

C. Azure □□□ □□

D. Azure □□□ □□□

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 52

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Answer:



Explanation:

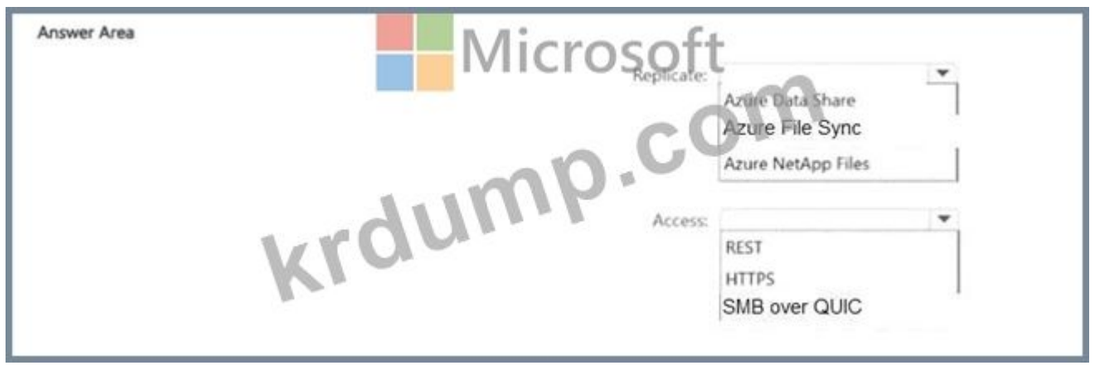


https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/log-analytics-agent Windows Event logs -- > Information sent to the Windows event logging system. Syslog -- > Information sent to the Linux event logging system.

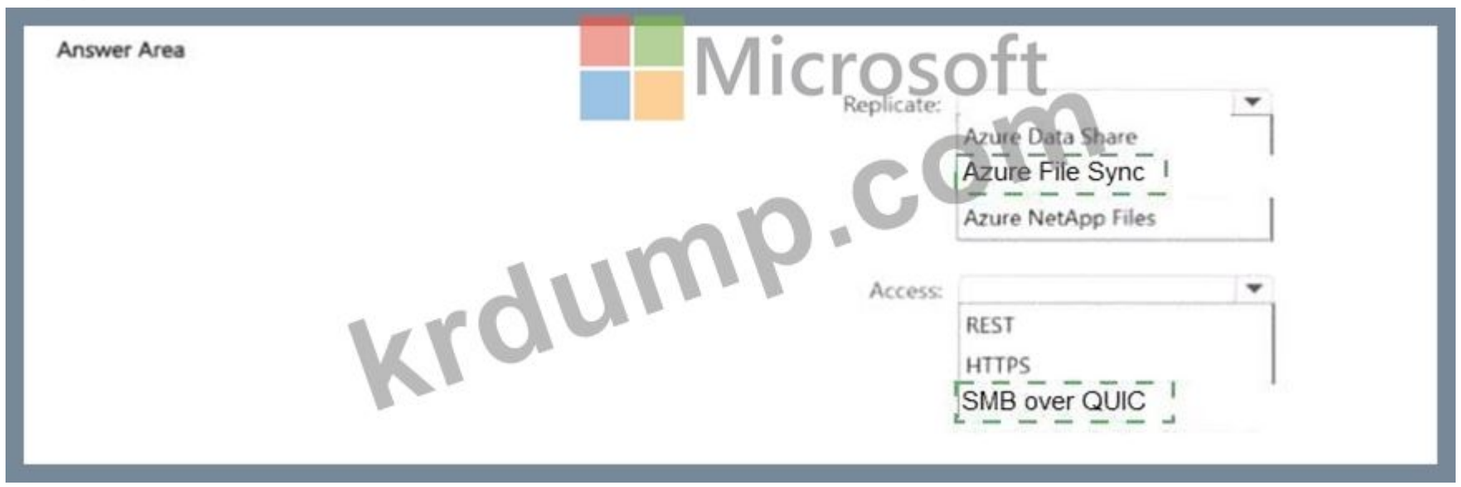
NEW QUESTION: 53
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Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)
App1 needs three instances in each of two regions. A regional App Service plan can host those instances; an ASE is unnecessary and would increase cost.

NEW QUESTION: 54
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Answer:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 55

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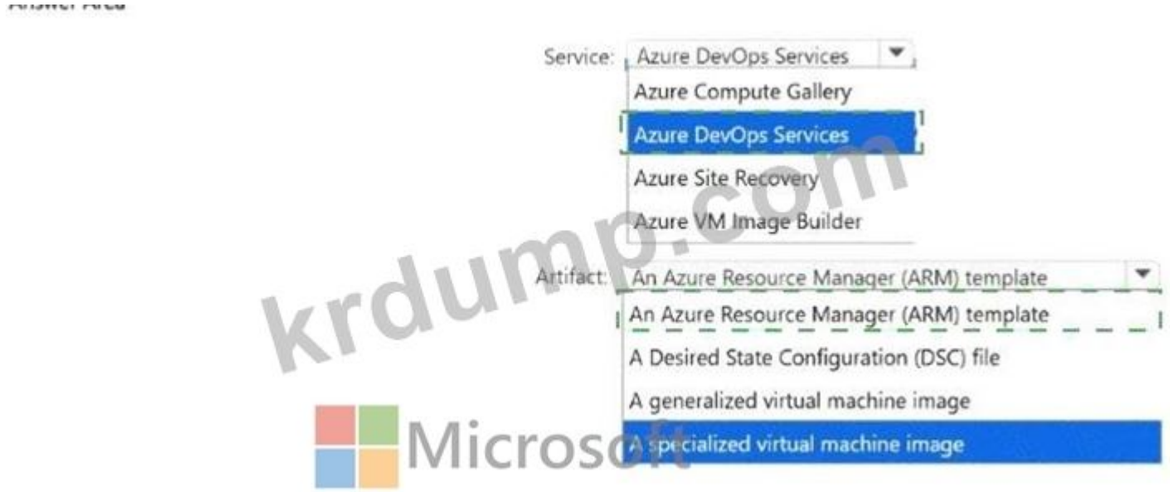
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Answer:



Explanation:



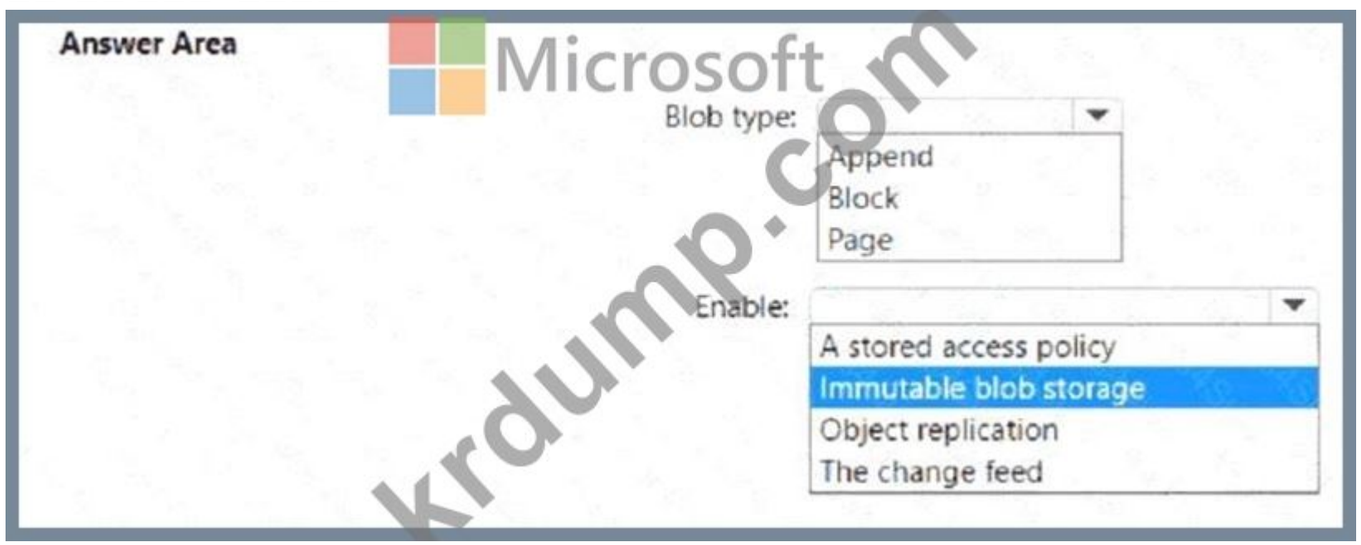
NEW QUESTION: 56

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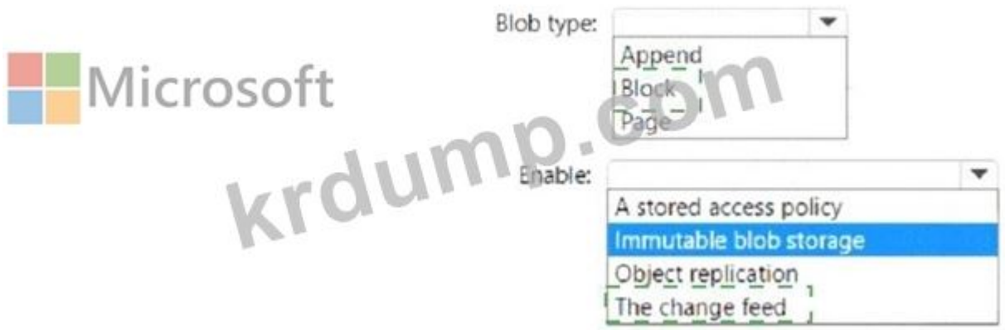
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Answer:

Answer Area



krdump.com

Explanation:
Block blobs; blob change feed
Point-in-time restore applies to block blobs and requires soft delete, versioning and change feed

NEW QUESTION: 57
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A. □
B. □□□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 58
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Authenticate App1 by using:

- A certificate
- A service principal
- A system-assigned managed identity
- A user-assigned managed identity

Authorize App1 to retrieve Key Vault secrets by using:

- An access policy
- A connected service
- A private link
- A role assignment

Answer:

Authenticate App1 by using:

- A certificate
- A service principal
- A system-assigned managed identity
- A user-assigned managed identity

Authorize App1 to retrieve Key Vault secrets by using:

- An access policy
- A connected service
- A private link
- A role assignment

Explanation:

System-assigned managed identity; role assignment

A system-assigned identity is tied to the App1 service instance and avoids stored/shared credentials. Grant that identity the appropriate Key Vault role.

NEW QUESTION: 59

□□□ Azure □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Name	Type	Description
contoso.com	Azure Private DNS zone	*None*
VNet1	Virtual network	Linked to contoso.com Peered with VNet2
VNet2	Virtual network	Linked to contoso.com Peered with VNet1
VNet3	Virtual network	Linked to contoso.com Isolated from VNet1 and VNet2
Workspace1	Log Analytics workspace	Stores logs collected from the virtual machines on all the virtual networks

VNet1, VNet2 □ VNet3□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□. □□□ □□ □□□ Azure DNS □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:
1 Azure Monitor Private Link Scope; 2 private endpoints
The two peered VNets can use one private endpoint. The isolated third VNet requires its own endpoint.

NEW QUESTION: 60
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B. Azure AD □□□□□□ □□□
C. □□□ □□□
D. Azure API □□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

APIM supports OAuth validation, per-consumer throttling/rate limits and fronting Logic Apps without changing their code. Application Proxy does not provide this API-management functionality.

NEW QUESTION: 61

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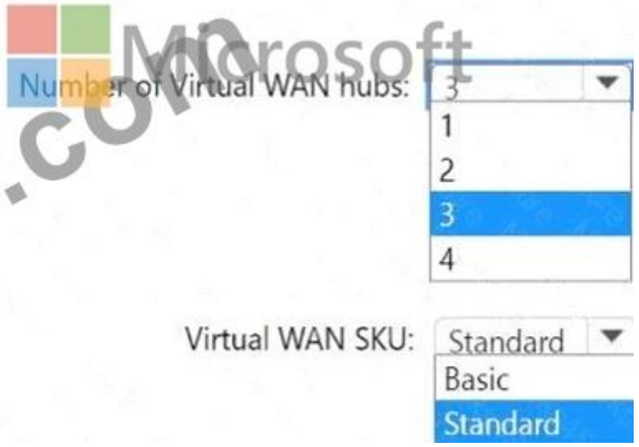
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Answer Area



krdump.com Microsoft

Answer:

Answer Area



Explanation:



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NEW QUESTION: 62

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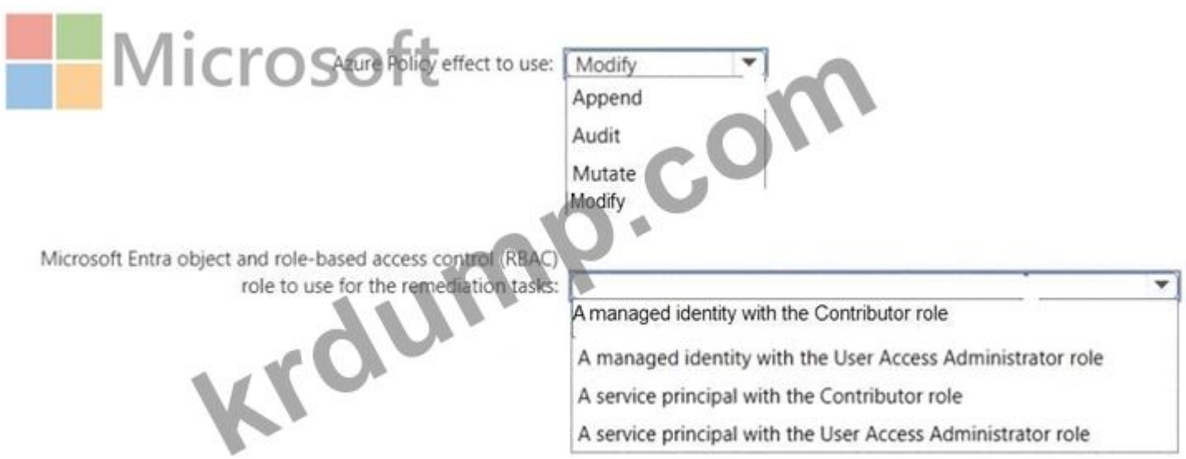
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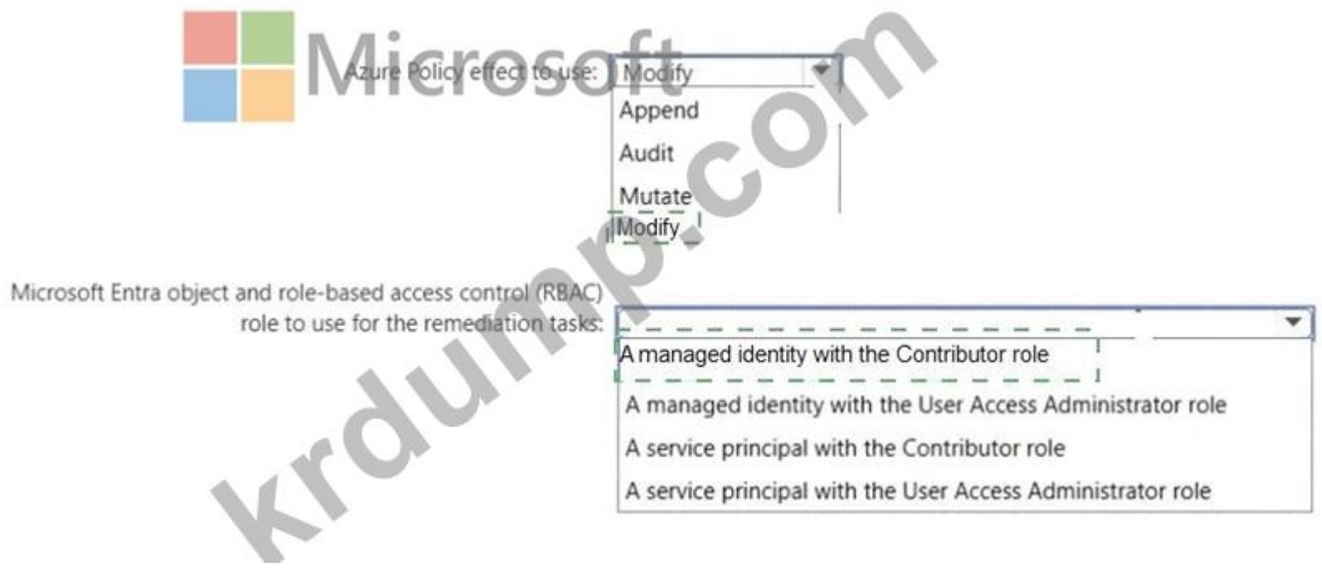
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Answer Area



Answer:

Answer Area



Explanation:

Modify effect; Tag Contributor role

Modify is the policy effect that adds/remediates tags. Tag Contributor provides the least privileges required; Contributor is unnecessarily broad.

NEW QUESTION: 63

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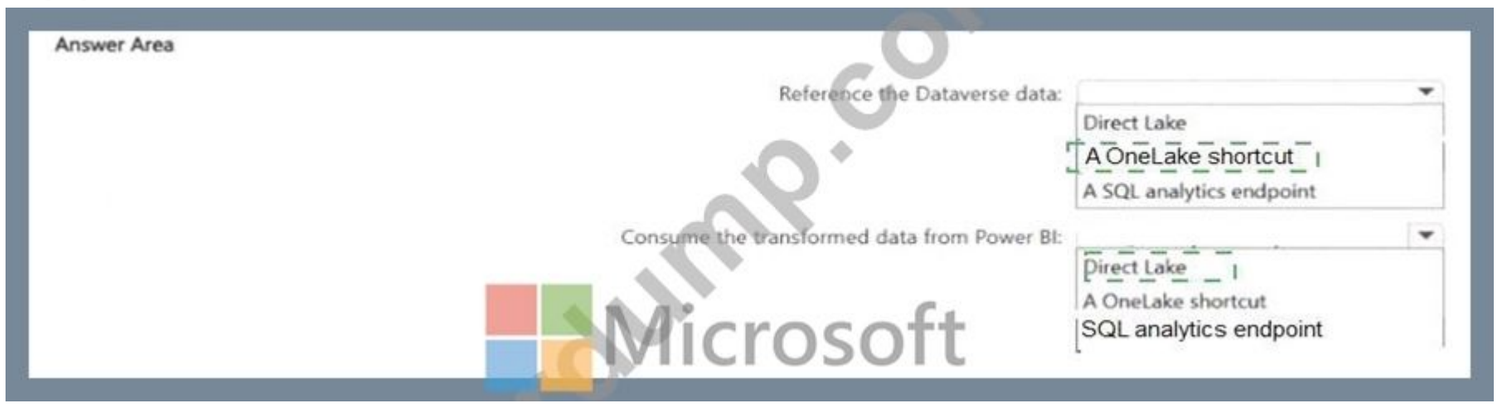
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Answer:



Explanation:

OneLake shortcut; Direct Lake

The shortcut exposes the source without duplicating it. Direct Lake allows Power BI to query OneLake data without a separate import copy, minimizing latency.

NEW QUESTION: 64

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B. □

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 65

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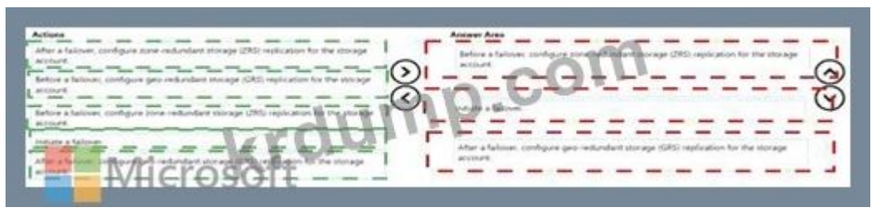
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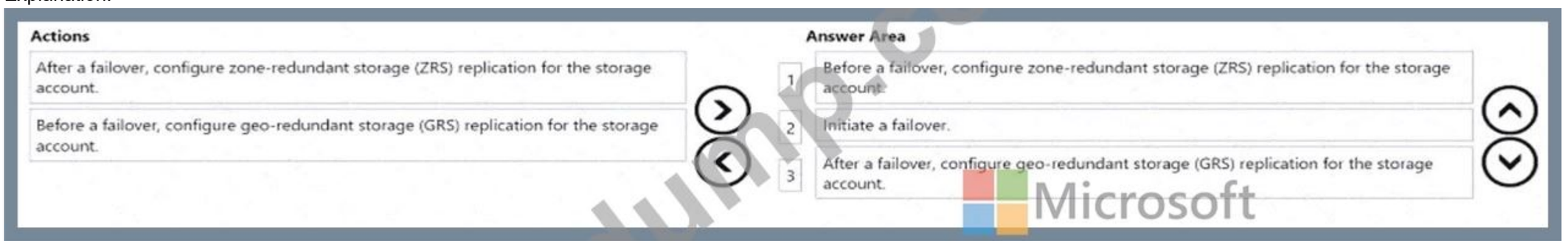
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Answer:



Explanation:



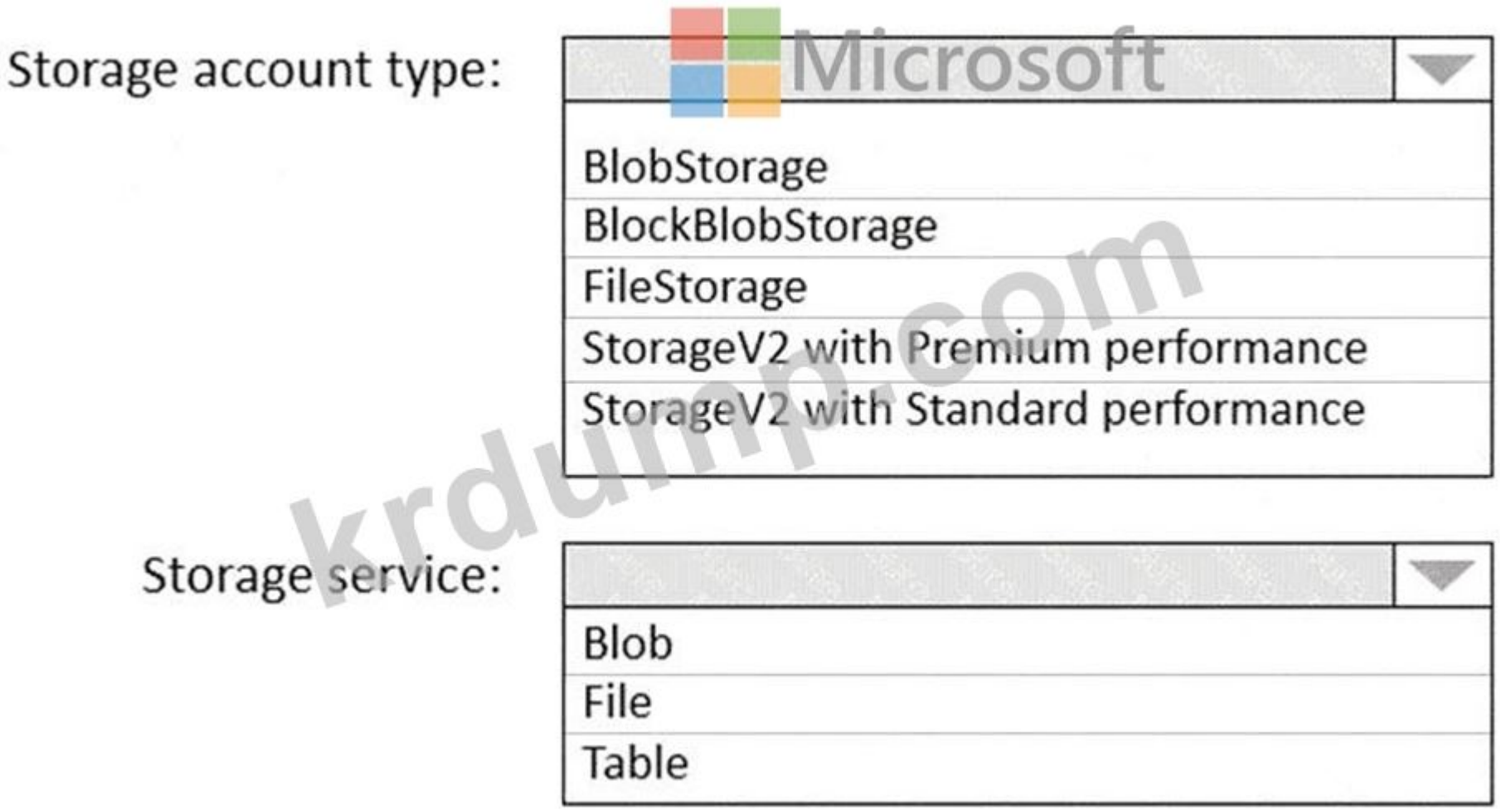
NEW QUESTION: 66
WebApp1□ □□□□□□ □□□□ Azure□ □□□□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?
A. Azure Site Recovery□ □□□□ SQL □□□ Azure□ □□□□□.
B. SQL Server □□□□ □□□ □□□□□.
C. Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□□ □□□ BACPAC □□□ Azure Blob □□□□ □□□□□.
D. Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□□ □□□ VHD□ Azure Blob Storage□ □□□□□.
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)
A BACPAC is the appropriate logical database migration artifact. Copying a VHD containing "Azure SQL database files" is not a valid Azure SQL Database migration method.

NEW QUESTION: 67
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A. Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□□□
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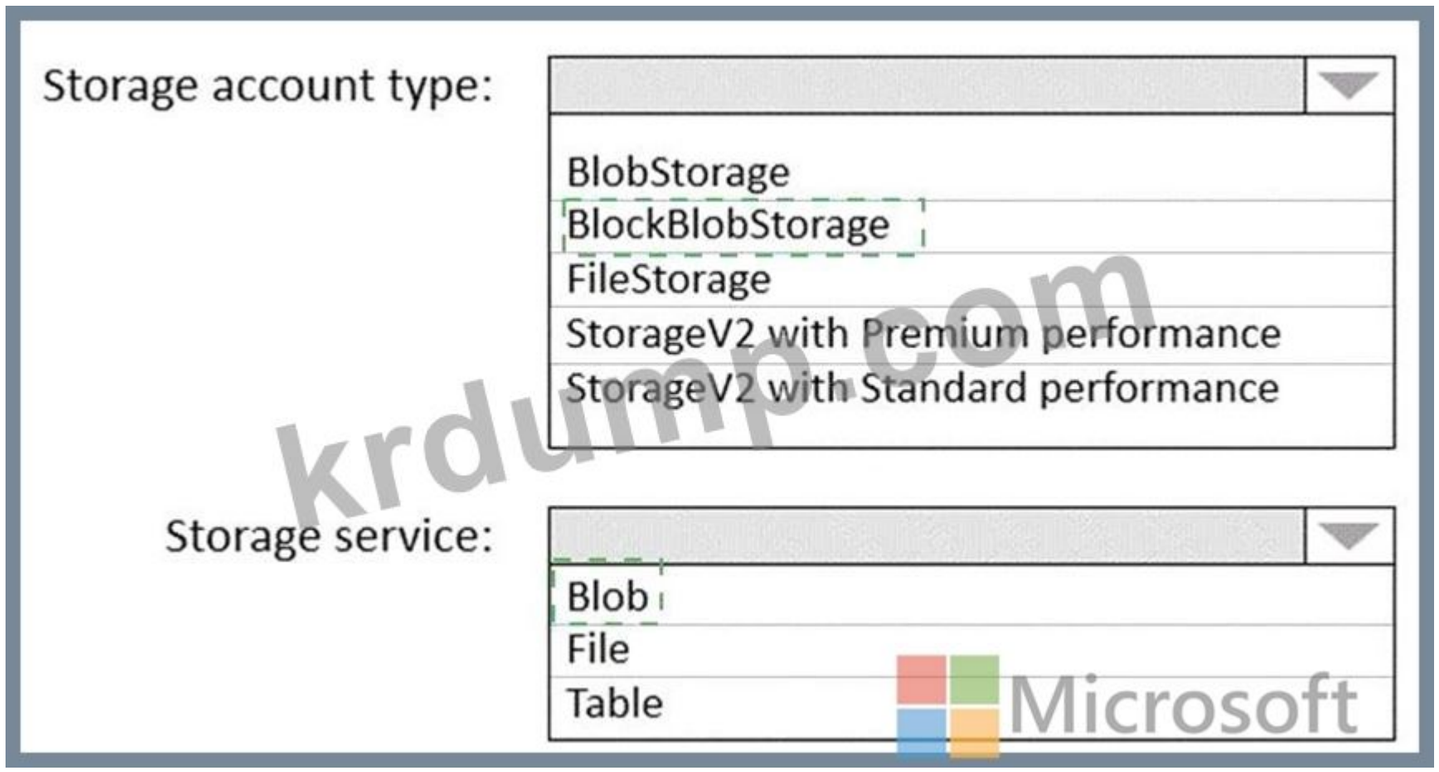
C. Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□
D. Azure SQL □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Zone-redundant Premium provides synchronous replicas and no-data-loss failover for a zone outage at lower cost/administration than Managed Instance Business Critical.

NEW QUESTION: 68
Azure Blob Storage□ □ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
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□□ Azure SQL Database□ □□□□ □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□.
□□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?
A. Azure Data Factory
B. Data Migration Assistant
C. Microsoft SQL Server Migration Assistant (SSMA)
D. AzCopy
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Azure Data Factory is the platform that solves such data scenarios. It is the cloud-based ETL and data integration service that allows you to create data-driven workflows for orchestrating data movement and transforming data at scale. Using Azure Data Factory, you can create and schedule data-driven workflows (called pipelines) that can ingest data from disparate data stores. You can build complex ETL processes that transform data visually with data flows or by using compute services such as Azure HDInsight Hadoop, Azure Databricks, and Azure SQL Database.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-gb/azure/data-factory/introduction

NEW QUESTION: 69
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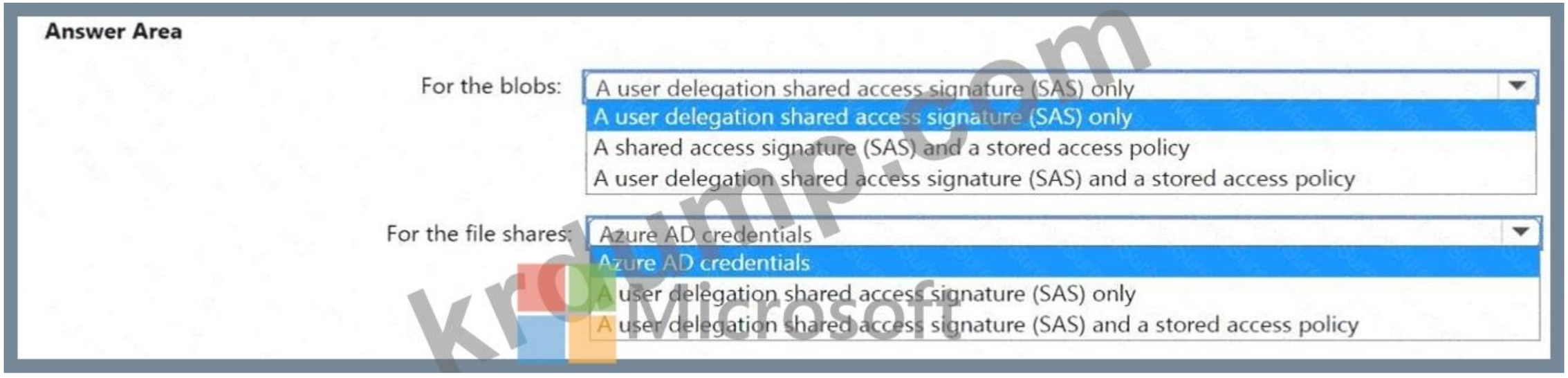

Storage account type:
Microsoft
BlobStorage
BlockBlobStorage
FileStorage
StorageV2 with Premium performance
StorageV2 with Standard performance
Storage service:
Blob
File
Table

Answer:

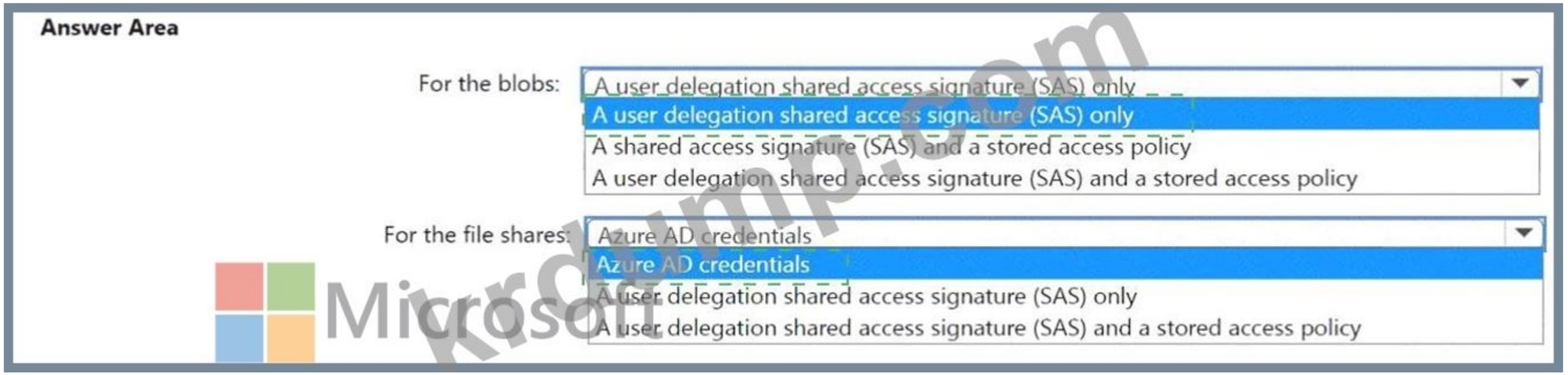

Storage account type:
BlobStorage
BlockBlobStorage
FileStorage
StorageV2 with Premium performance
StorageV2 with Standard performance
Storage service:
Blob
File
Table
Microsoft

Explanation:
Box 1: BlockBlobStorage
Block Blob is a premium storage account type for block blobs and append blobs. Recommended for scenarios with high transactions rates, or scenarios that use smaller objects or require consistently low storage latency.
Box 2: Blob
The Archive tier is an offline tier for storing blob data that is rarely accessed. The Archive tier offers the lowest storage costs, but higher data retrieval costs and latency compared to the online tiers (Hot and Cool).
Data must remain in the Archive tier for at least 180 days or be subject to an early deletion charge.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/archive-blob

NEW QUESTION: 70
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Answer:

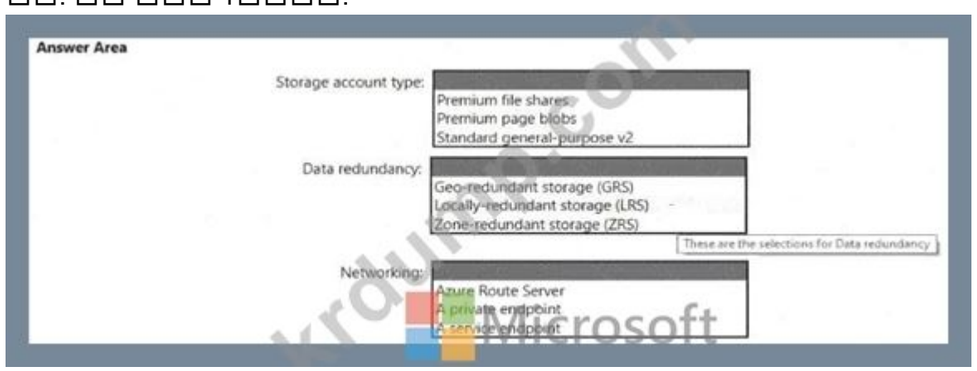


Explanation:

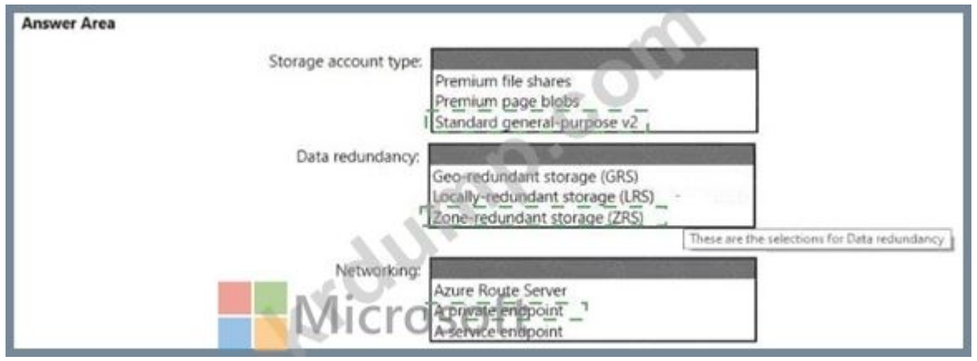


NEW QUESTION: 71

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Answer:



Explanation:

Standard GPv2; ZRS; private endpoint

Block blobs support a 7-TB video file. ZRS provides zone availability, and a private endpoint is reachable through ExpressRoute private peering.

NEW QUESTION: 72

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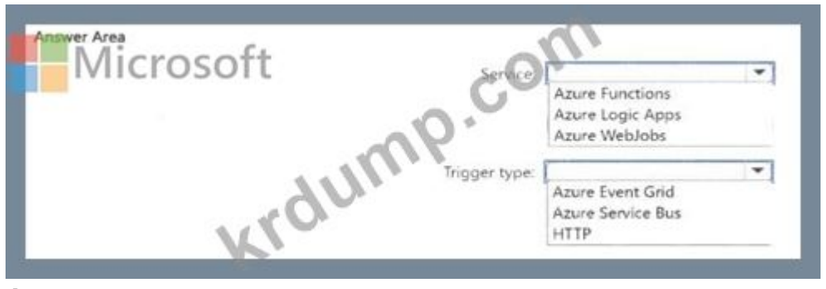
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Answer:

Answer Area



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 73
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Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 74
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Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 75
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A. □
B. □□□

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)
The Regulatory compliance dashboard in Azure Security Center is not used for regional compliance.
Note: Instead Azure Resource Policy Definitions can be used which can be applied to a specific Resource Group with the App Service instances.
Note 2: In the Azure Security Center regulatory compliance blade, you can get an overview of key portions of your compliance posture with respect to a set of supported standards. Currently supported standards are Azure CIS, PCI DSS 3.2, ISO 27001, and SOC TSP.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview
https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/regulatory-compliance-dashboard-in-azure-security-center-now-available/

NEW QUESTION: 76
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Azure Monitor □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□?
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

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NEW QUESTION: 77
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□□ □□: □ □□ Azure □□ □□□ □ □□ Azure □□□ □□□□ Traffic Manager □□□□ □□□□□.
□□□ □□□ □□□□□?
A. □

B. □□□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Azure Traffic Manager is a DNS-based traffic load balancer that enables you to distribute traffic optimally to services across global Azure regions, while providing high availability and responsiveness.
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-overview

NEW QUESTION: 78

PII(□□ □□ □□)□ □□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□ □□ □□□□ PII□ □ □ □□□ □□ □□□.
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A. □□□ □□□ □□□(TDE)

B. □□ □□□ □□□

C. □□□ □□ □ □□

D. □□ □□ □□□ □□(RBAC)

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 79

□□□ Azure □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Name	Type	Kind	Location
storage1	Azure Storage account	Storage	East US
storage2	Azure Storage account	StorageV2	East US
Workspace1	Azure Log Analytics workspace	*Not applicable*	East US
Workspace2	Azure Log Analytics workspace	*Not applicable*	East US
Hub1	Azure event hub	*Not applicable*	East US

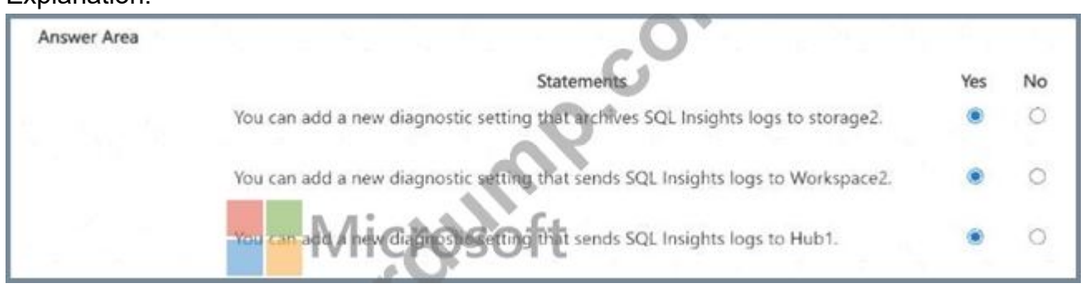
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DB1□ Settings1□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□. Settings1□ SQLInsights□ storage1□ □□□□ Workspace1□ □□□□□.
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Statements	Yes	No
You can add a new diagnostic setting that archives SQLInsights logs to storage2.	○	○
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Workspace2.	○	○
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Hub1.	○	○

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
You can add a new diagnostic setting that archives SQLInsights logs to storage2.	○	○
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Workspace2.	○	○
You can add a new diagnostic setting that sends SQLInsights logs to Hub1.	○	○

Explanation:



Box 1: Yes

Box 2: Yes

Box 3: Yes

For more information on Azure SQL diagnostics , you can visit the below link https://docs.microsoft.com/en- us/azure/azure-sql/database/metrics-diagnostic-telemetry-logging-streaming-export-configure

NEW QUESTION: 80

SQL □□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□. □ □□□□□ □□ 20GB □□□ □□□□□□ 20□□ □□□□, □ □□□□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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A. Azure □□ □□□□ □□□□ Microsoft SQL □□□ □□ 20□□ □□□□□□

B. Azure SQL Database □□□□ □□□□ 20□

C. □□□ □□□ □□ Azure □□ □□□□ □□□□ Microsoft SQL □□□ 20□ □□□□□□

D. 20□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□ □

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

Azure SQL Database elastic pools are a simple, cost-effective solution for managing and scaling multiple databases that have varying and unpredictable usage demands. The databases in an elastic pool are on a single server and share a set number of resources at a set price. Elastic pools in Azure SQL Database enable SaaS developers to optimize the price performance for a group of databases within a prescribed budget while delivering performance elasticity for each database.
Guaranteed 99.995 percent uptime for SQL Database
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/elastic-pool-overview
https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/sql-database/elastic/
https://www.azure.cn/en-us/support/sla/virtual-machines/
https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql/optimize-price-performance-with-compute-auto-scaling-in-azure/ba-p/966149

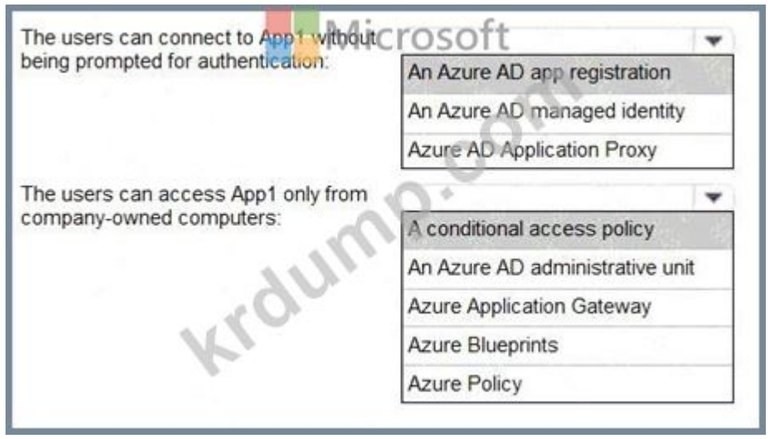
NEW QUESTION: 81
Azure Active Directory(Azure AD) □□□ □□□□ Appl□□□ □□□ Azure □ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
App1□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□. □□ □□□□ Windows 10□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ Azure AD□ □□□□ □□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:



Box 1: An Azure AD app registration

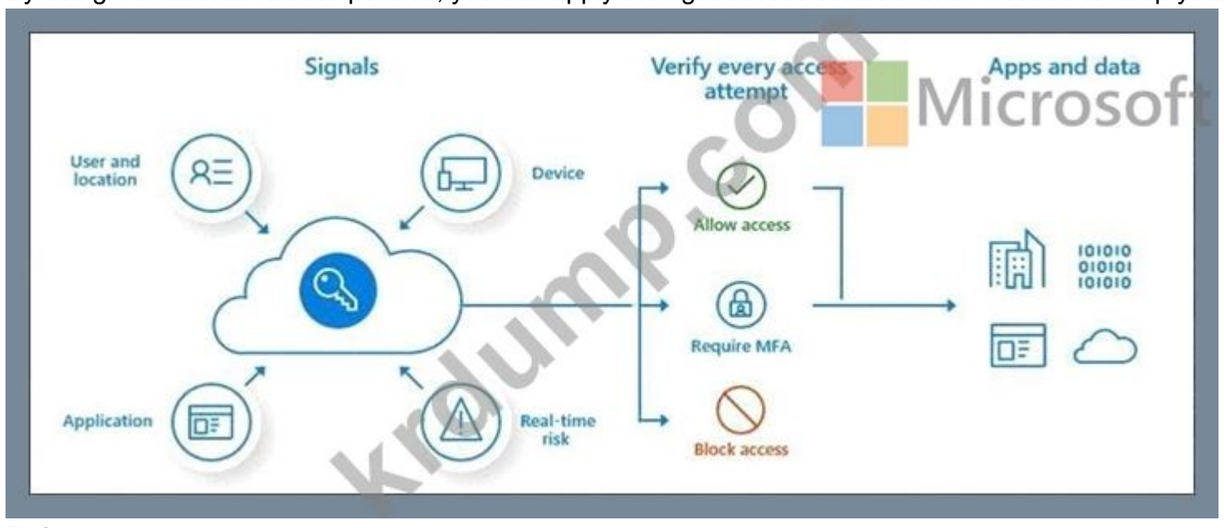
Azure active directory (AD) provides cloud based directory and identity management services.You can use azure AD to manage users of your application and authenticate access to your applications using azure active directory.

You register your application with Azure active directory tenant.

Box 2: A conditional access policy

Conditional Access policies at their simplest are if-then statements, if a user wants to access a resource, then they must complete an action.

By using Conditional Access policies, you can apply the right access controls when needed to keep your organization secure and stay out of your user ' s way when not needed.



Reference:

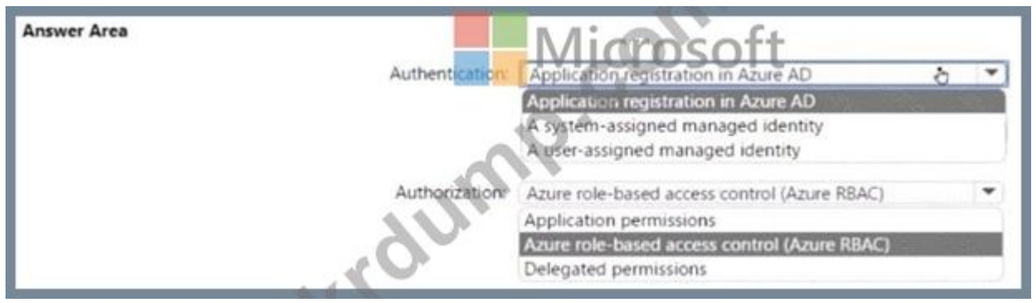
https://codingcanvas.com/using-azure-active-directory-authentication-in-your-web-application/

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/overview

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powerapps/developer/data-platform/walkthrough-register-app-azure-active-directory#:~:text=Create%20an%20application%20registration%201%20Create%20an%20application,the%20options%20and%20click%20on%20Add%20permissions.%20

" After consenting to use their Dataverse account with the ISV ' s application, end users can connect to Dataverse environment from external application. The consent form is not displayed again to other users after the first user who has already consented to use the ISV ' s app. Apps registered in Azure Active Directory are multi-tenant, which implies that other Dataverse users from other tenant can connect to their environment using the ISV ' s app. "

NEW QUESTION: 82
□□□ contoso.com□□□ Azure AD □□□□ □□□ Sub1□□□ Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
Sub1□ □□ 100□□ □□ □□□ □□□ App1□ App2□□ □ □□ ASP.NET Core □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□□ contoso.com □□ □□□ □□□□ App1□ App2□ □□□□□□.
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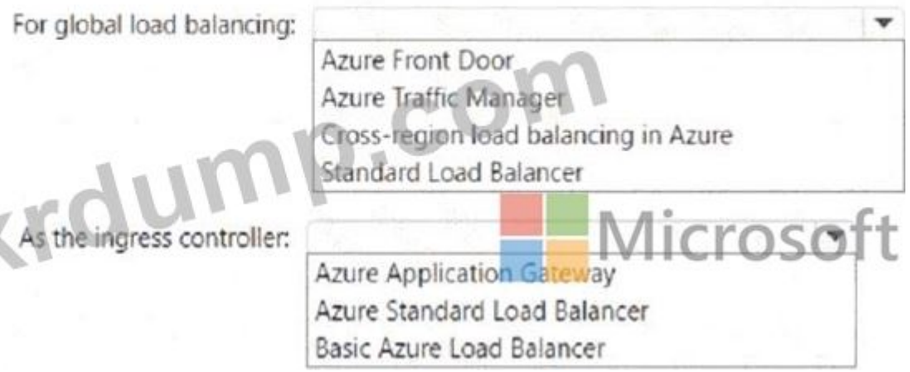
Answer:



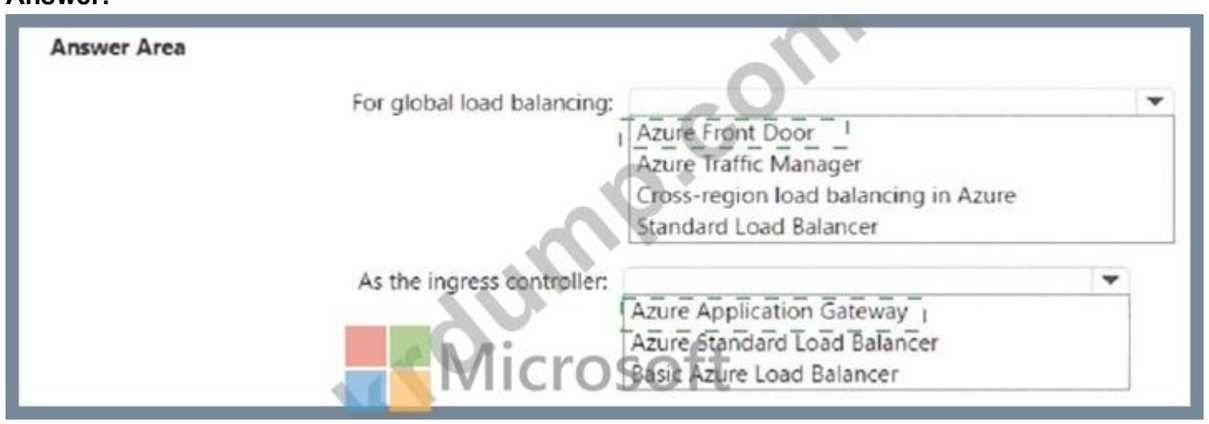
Explanation:
Application registration; delegated Microsoft Graph permissions
Use delegated Calendars.Read for App1 and Calendars.ReadWrite for App2. Azure RBAC does not authorize access to users' Microsoft 365 calendars.

NEW QUESTION: 83
□□□□□□ □ □□ □□□□ 5□□ Azure Kubernetes Service(AKS) □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□. □ □□□□□ □□ □□ Azure □□□ □□□□□□.
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* AKS □□□□ □□ □□ □, □□□□ □□□ □□□□□□ □□□.
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Answer Area



Answer:



Explanation:

Front Door provides latency-based global routing and fast regional failover. AGIC routes HTTPS traffic from Application Gateway to AKS workloads.

NEW QUESTION: 84

App2□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□□□□□?

A. VM □□□□

B. □□□□ □□□□

C. □□□□□□□ □□□

D. Azure Application Insights

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 85

□□□ □□ □□□ □□ Azure Resource Manager □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?

A. Azure Analysis Services

B. □□□□□□ □□□□

C. Azure Monitor □□ □□

D. Azure Log Analytics

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

Activity logs are kept for 90 days. You can query for any range of dates, as long as the starting date isn ' t more than 90 days in the past.

Through activity logs, you can determine:
what operations were taken on the resources in your subscription
who started the operation
when the operation occurred
the status of the operation
the values of other properties that might help you research the operation Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/view-activity-logs
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/change-tracking

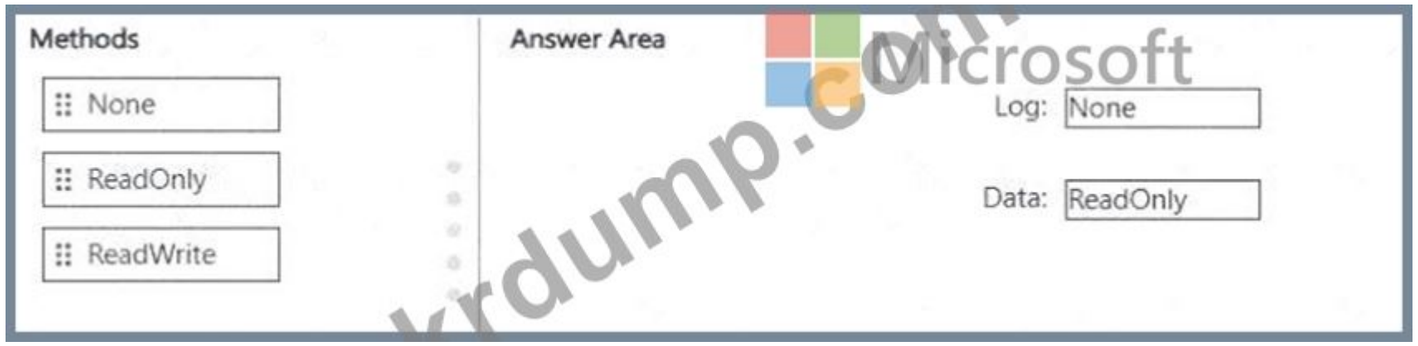
NEW QUESTION: 86
Microsoft SQL Server□ □□□□ □ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□. □ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□, □ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □. □ □□□ □□ P40 □□□ □□□□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 87
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Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?
A. Azure Virtual WAN
B. □□□□□□□
C. □□□ □□□
D. Azure VPN □□□□□
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Virtual WAN centrally connects branches and VNets and provides centralized route and security-policy management. Front Door only handles application-layer web traffic.

NEW QUESTION: 88
Azure □□□ □□□□. □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ App1□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□.

Type	Function
Azure App Service	Ecommerce app
Azure SQL Database	User profile store
Azure Cosmos DB	Product database

□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ App1□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□.
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A. Azure □□□ □□ □□□□(CDN)
B. □□□ □□□
C. Azure Traffic Manager
D. Azure Queue Storage
E. Redis□ Azure □□
Answer: E (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 89

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Name	Management group	Tag
Subscription1	Marketing	InternalCharge: True
Subscription2	IT	InternalCharge: False
Subscription3	Finance	InternalCharge: False
Subscription4	IT	InternalCharge: True
Subscription5	Marketing	InternalCharge: True

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Name	Subscription
RG1	Subscription2
RG2	Subscription1
RG3	Subscription4
RG4	Subscription3
RG5	Subscription1

□□ □□ □□ □□ Azure □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

Name	Type	Resource group
VM1	Virtual machine	RG1
Storage1	Storage account	RG2
VM2	Virtual machine	RG3
KV1	Azure Key Vault	RG4
SQL1	Azure SQL Database	RG5

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Name	Scope
Resource tagging	Finance
Deny creating virtual machines	Marketing

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Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The resource tagging policy assignment will be applied to KV1.	○	○
Cost management data for the InternalCharge = True tag will include VM1.	○	○
Moving Subscription4 to the Marketing management group will cause VM2 to shut down.	○	○

Answer:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The resource tagging policy assignment will be applied to KV1.	○	○
Cost management data for the `InternalCharge = True` tag will include VM1.	○	○
Moving Subscription4 to the Marketing management group will cause VM2 to shut down.	○	○

Explanation:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The resource tagging policy assignment will be applied to KV1.	●	○
Cost management data for the `InternalCharge = True` tag will include VM1.	○	●
Moving Subscription4 to the Marketing management group will cause VM2 to shut down.	○	●

NEW QUESTION: 90

Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

□□ □□ □□□ Azure App Service □ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.

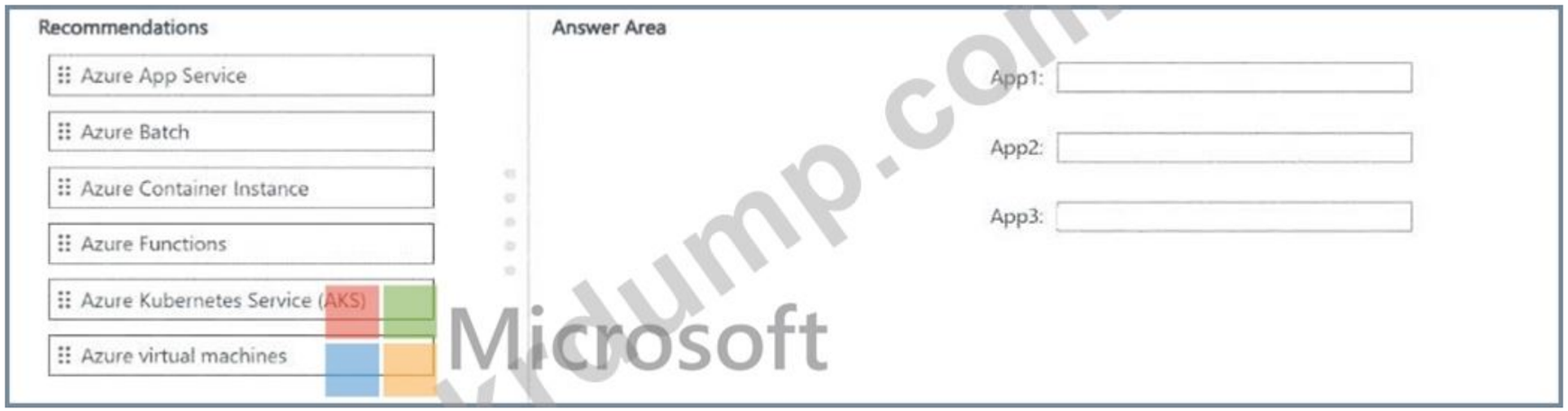
Name	Description
App1	• Will batch process files as they arrive in a storage account • Will process short-lived tasks • Will scale automatically
App2	• Will be based on multiple microservices • Will process long-lived tasks • Will scale automatically
App3	• Will process large datasets overnight by using an existing custom runtime • Will process short-lived tasks.

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Answer:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 91

Azure DevOps □□□□□□ Azure Repos □□□□□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□. □□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

* □□ Docker Hub □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
* □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ Azure Container Registry□ □□□□□.
* □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ Azure Container Apps□ □□□□□.

□ □□□□□□ Azure Repos □□□□□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□□□.
Docker Hub□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □ Azure Container Registry□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□□□ □□ □□□. □□, □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□□□ □□□.
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A. Azure Automation □□
B. ACR □□
C. □□□□ □□□ □□□□□ Azure □□
D. Azure DevOps □□□□□ □□
Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)
A 500-TB transfer without sufficient internet connectivity requires an offline Data Box. Azure Migrate supports VM assessment, test migration and cutover.

AZ-305-KR □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□ DumpTop □□ □□□□ □□□ AZ-305-KR □□! DumpTop □ □□ **AZ-305-KR** □□ □□□ □□□□□□, DumpTop AZ-305-KR □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□. □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ DumpTop AZ-305-KR □□□ □□□□□. https://www.dumptop.com/Microsoft/AZ-305-KR-dump.html (**374** Q&As Dumps, **30%OFF Special Discount: KrDump**)

NEW QUESTION: 92
Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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A. □□□ □□
B. □□ □□
C. Azure □□□ □□
D. □□ □□ □□
Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

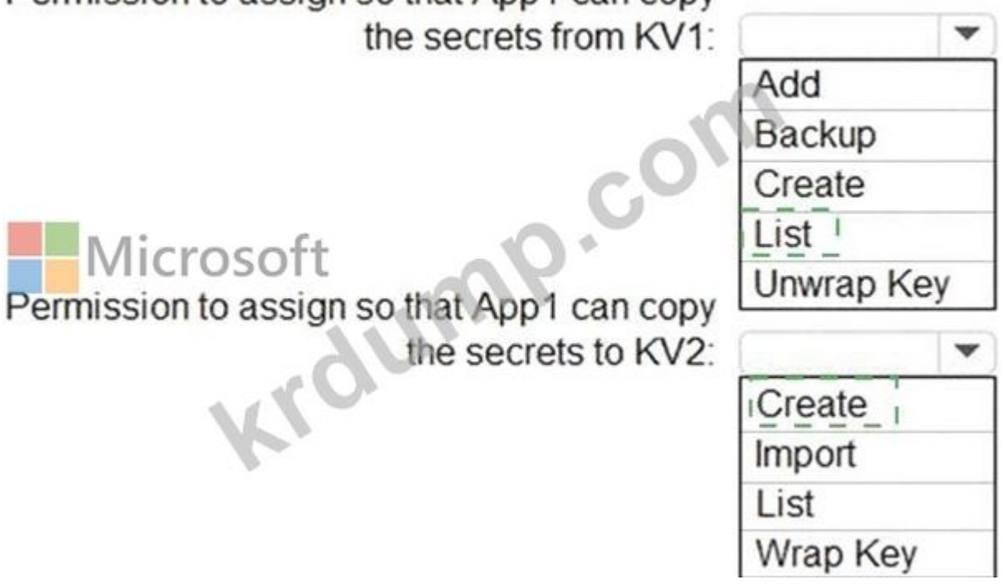
NEW QUESTION: 93
RG1□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□, □ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Name	Type	Location
ASP-RG1	App Service plan	East US
KV1	Azure Key Vault	East US
KV2	Azure Key Vault	West Europe
App1	Azure Logic Apps	West US

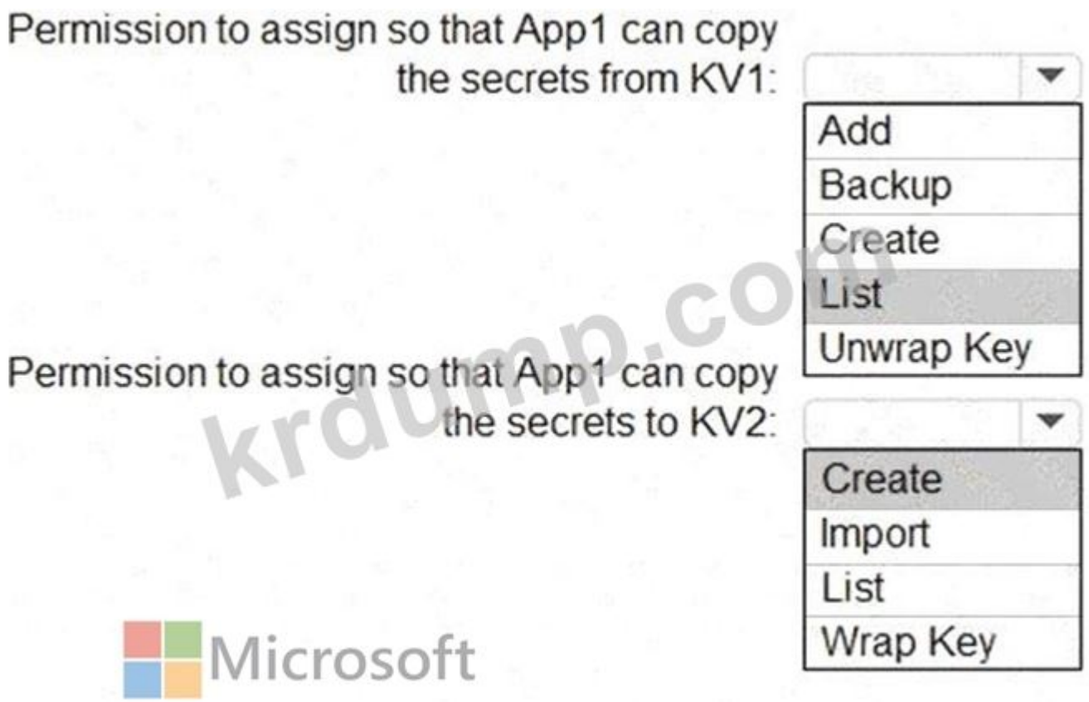
App1□ KV1□ □□ □□ □□□ KV2□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□ App1□ KV1□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□(Get) □□□ □□□ □□□□.
App1□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:



Box 1: List

Get: Gets the specified Azure key vault.

List: The List operation gets information about the vaults associated with the subscription.

Box 2: Create

Create Or Update: Create or update a key vault in the specified subscription.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/rest/api/keyvault/

NEW QUESTION: 94

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App1□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ COM □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Azure□□ App1□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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B. □ Azure □□□□ Traffic Manager □□□□ □□□ □□□□□.

C. □ Azure □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

D. □ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

(https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service#com-and-com-components) Azure App Service does not allow the registration of COM components on the platform. If your app makes use of any COM components, these need to be rewritten in managed code and deployed with the site or application. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service

"Azure App Service with Windows Containers If your app cannot be migrated directly to App Service, consider App Service using Windows Containers, which enables usage of the GAC, COM components, MSIs, full access to .NET FX APIs, DirectX, and more."

NEW QUESTION: 95
□+□□□□ MySQL □□□□□□□ Azure Database for MySQL □□□ □□□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□.
Azure Database for MySQL □□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.
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B. □□
C. □□□ □□□
Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)
Zone-redundant HA for MySQL Flexible Server requires General Purpose or Memory Optimized. General Purpose is the lower-cost qualifying tier.

NEW QUESTION: 96
□□ □□ Azure □□ □□□ □□ □□□□.

Name	Parent
Tenant Root Group	*Not applicable*
MG1	Tenant
MG2	Tenant

□□ □□ □□ □□ Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

Name	Management group
Sub1	Tenant
Sub2	MG1
Sub3	MG2
Sub4	MG1

Microsoft

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Name	Subscription	Location
VM1	Sub1	East US
VM2	Sub2	East US
VM3	Sub3	East US

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Name	Subscription	Location	Resource
RG1	Sub1	East US	VM1
RG2	Sub2	West US	VM2
RG3	Sub3	East US	VM3

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* PA2□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ Azure □□□ Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines□ □□□□□ □□□.

* PA3□ □□□□ Sub1□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
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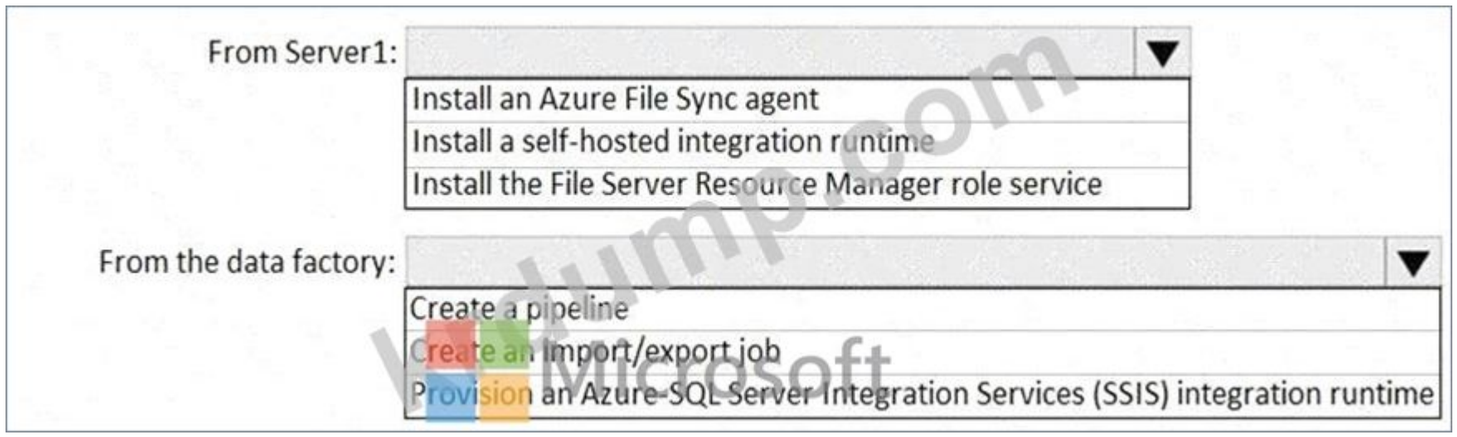
Answer:



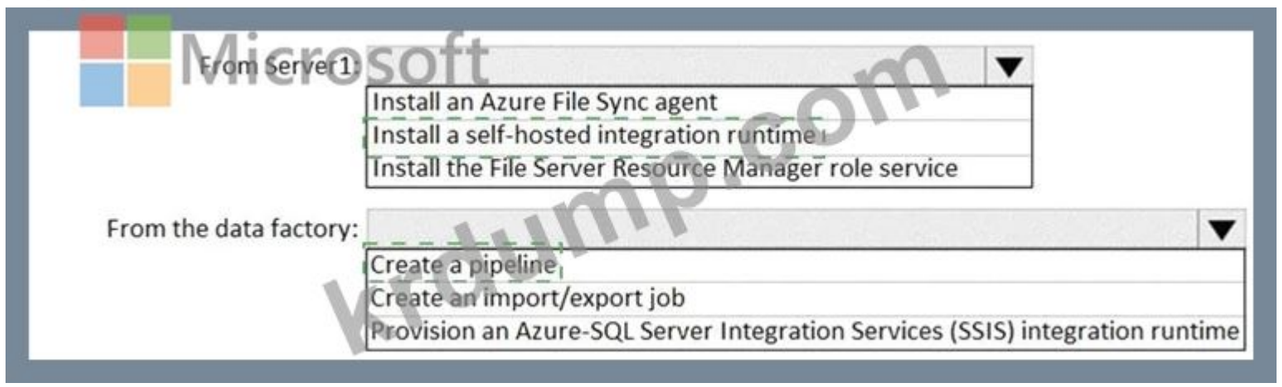
Explanation:



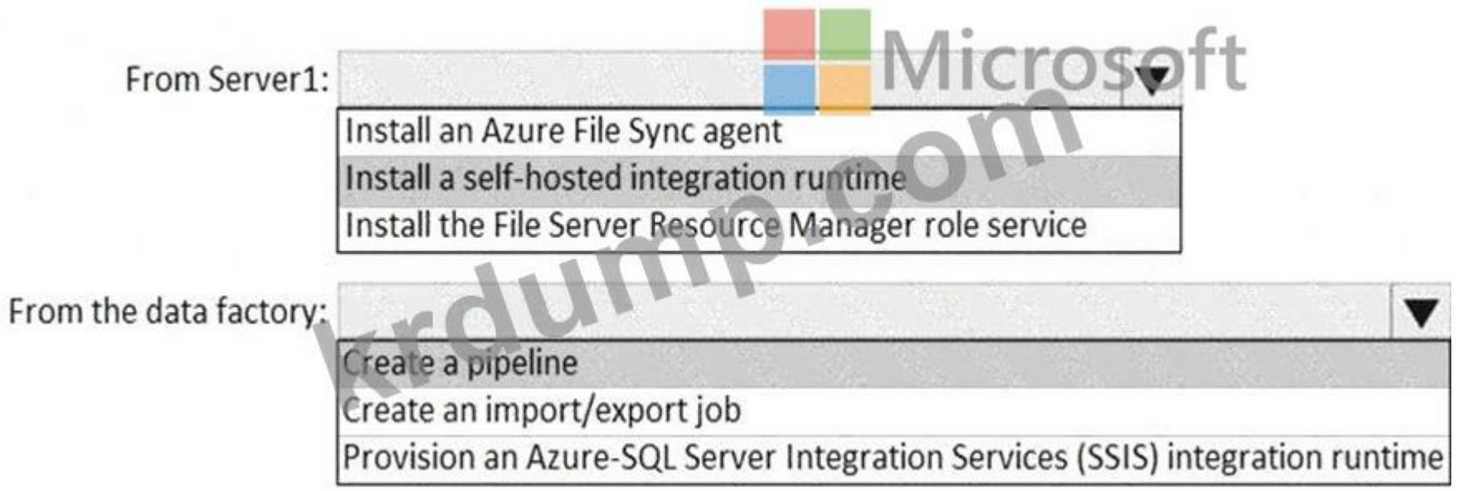
NEW QUESTION: 97
□□ □□□□□□ 500GB□ □□□□ □□□□ Server1□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□.
Server1□ □□□□ Azure Storage□ □□□□□ Azure Data Factory□ □□□□ □□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:



Box 1: Install a self-hosted integration runtime

The Integration Runtime is a customer-managed data integration infrastructure used by Azure Data Factory to provide data integration capabilities across different network environments.

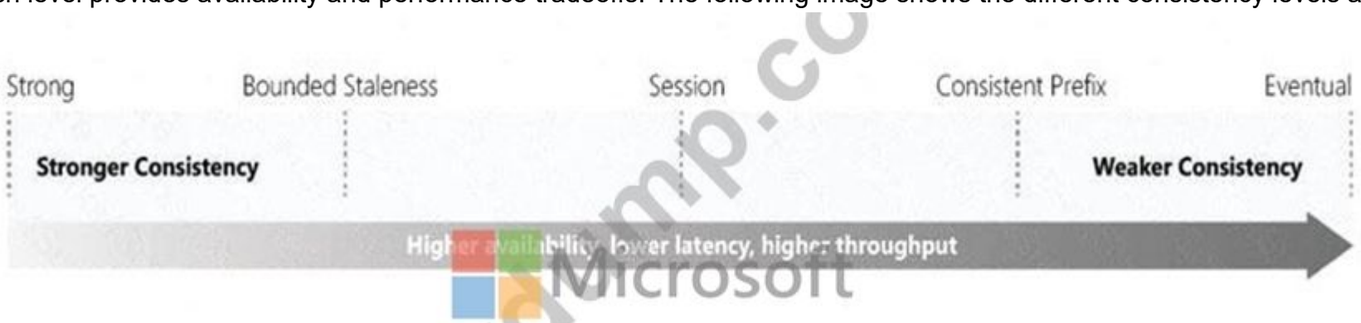
Box 2: Create a pipeline

With ADF, existing data processing services can be composed into data pipelines that are highly available and managed in the cloud. These data pipelines can be scheduled to ingest, prepare, transform, analyze, and publish data, and ADF manages and orchestrates the complex data and processing dependencies References:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-sql-azure-adf

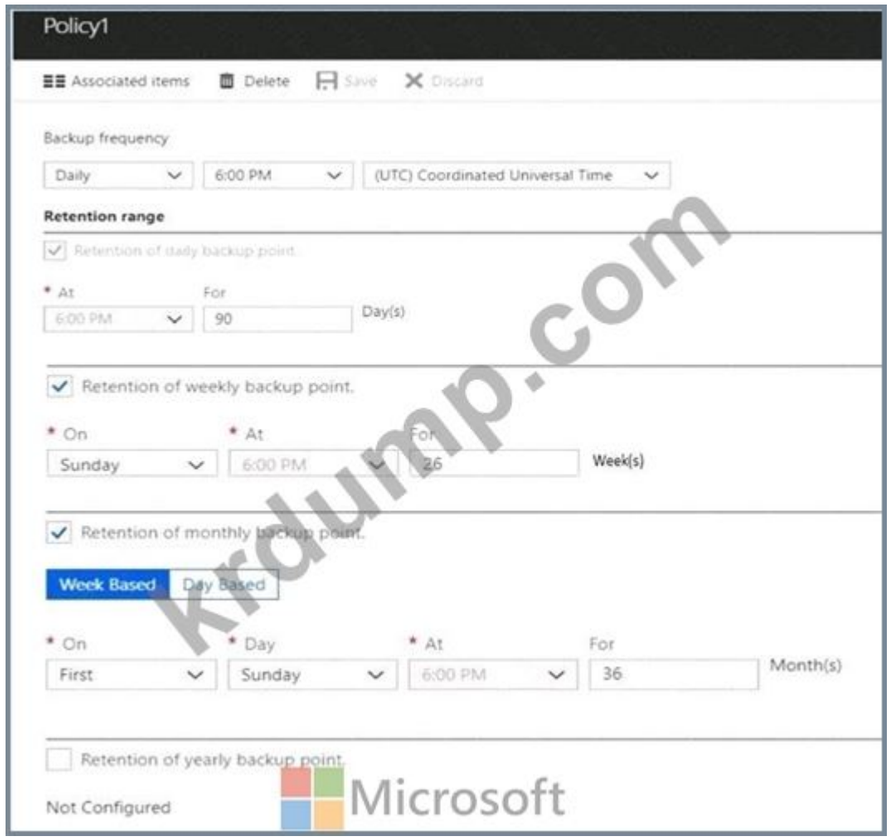
https://docs.microsoft.com/pl-pl/azure/data-factory/tutorial-hybrid-copy-data-tool syu31svc 3 months, 4 weeks ago
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/create-self-hosted-integration-runtime?tabs=data-factory
" A self-hosted integration runtime can run copy activities between a cloud data store and a data store in a private network "
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/introduction
" With Data Factory, you can use the Copy Activity in a data pipeline to move data from both on-premises and cloud source data stores to a centralization data store in the cloud for further analysis "

NEW QUESTION: 98
□□ Azure □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ Azure Cosmos DB □□□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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C. □□
D. □□□ □□□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)
Each level provides availability and performance tradeoffs. The following image shows the different consistency levels as a spectrum.



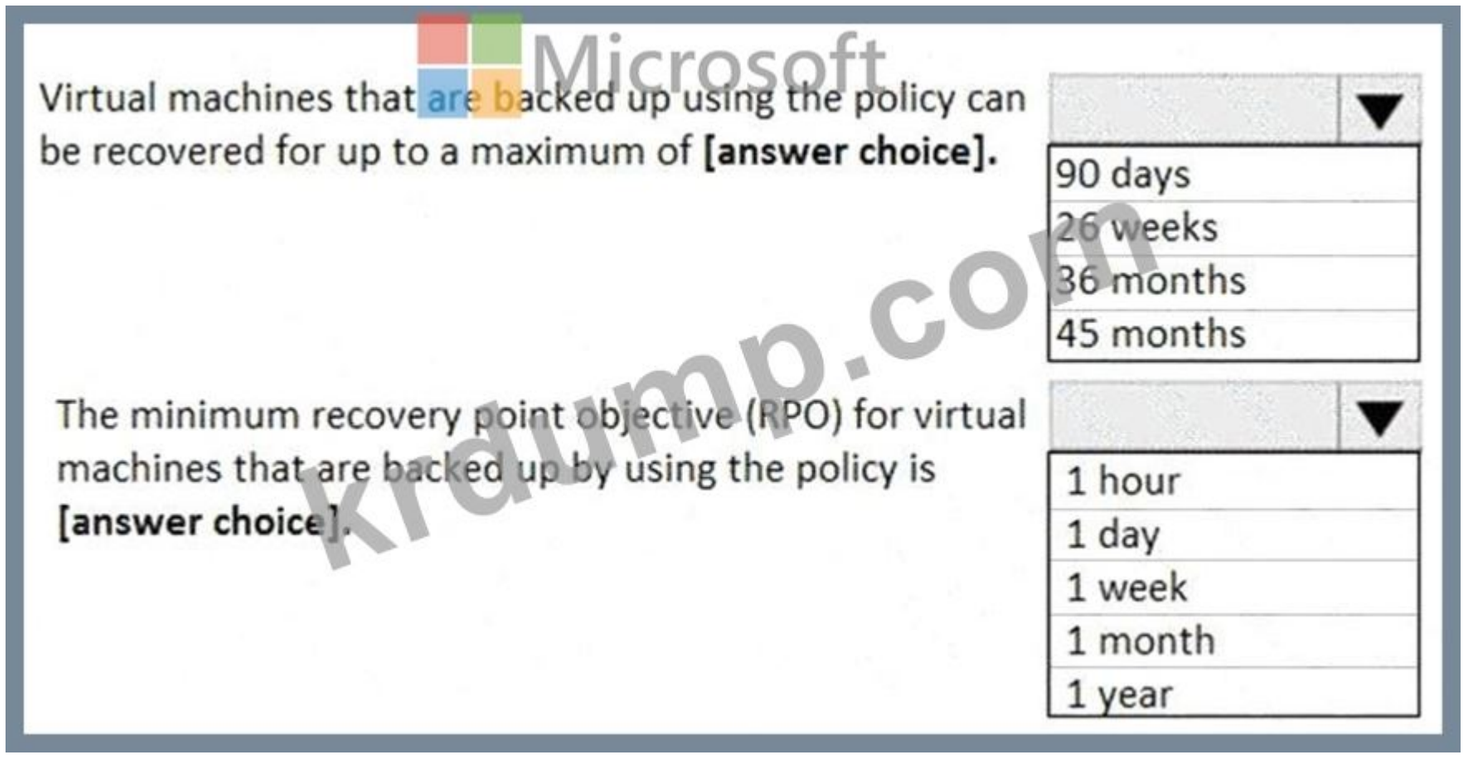
Note: The service offers comprehensive 99.99% SLAs which covers the guarantees for throughput, consistency, availability and latency for the Azure Cosmos DB Database Accounts scoped to a single Azure region configured with any of the five Consistency Levels or Database Accounts spanning multiple Azure regions, configured with any of the four relaxed Consistency Levels.
Reference:
https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/support/legal/sla/cosmos-db/v1_3/
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/consistency-levels#consistency-levels-and-latency

NEW QUESTION: 99
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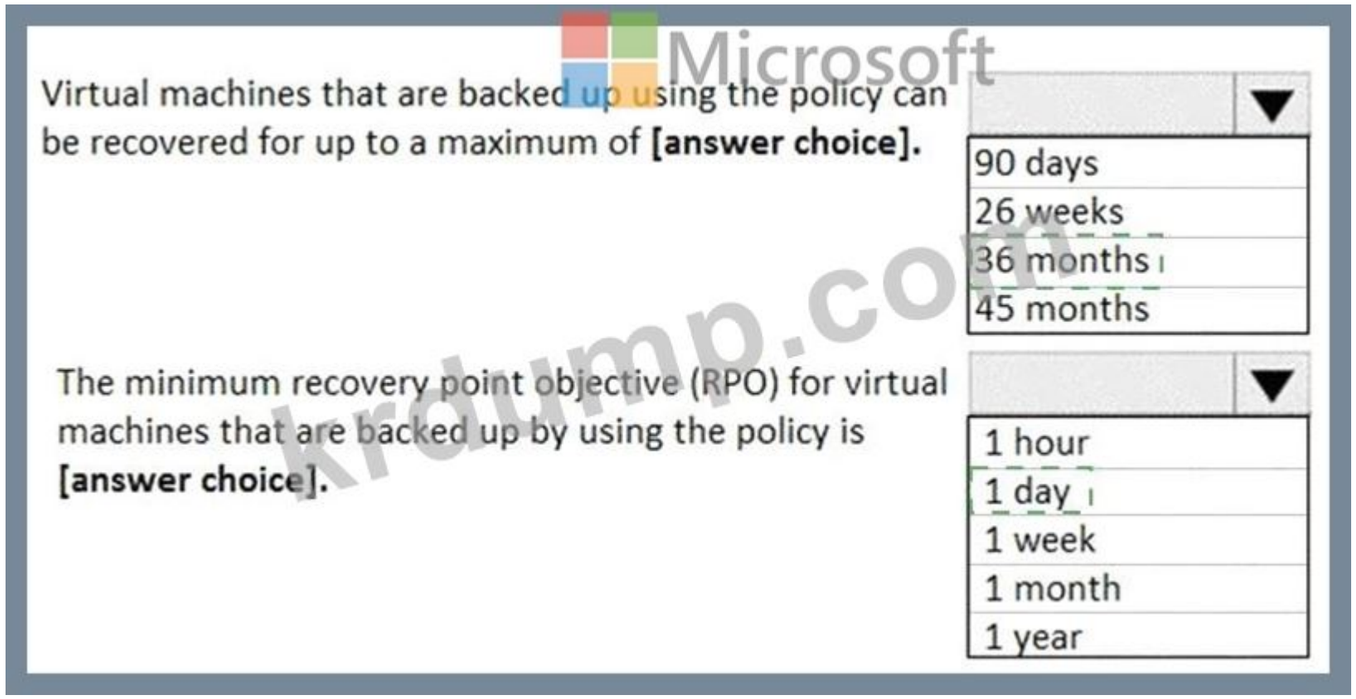

Policy1
Associated items
Delete
Save
Discard
Backup frequency
Daily
6:00 PM
(UTC) Coordinated Universal Time
Retention range
Retention of daily backup point.
* At
For
6:00 PM
90
Day(s)
Retention of weekly backup point.
* On
* At
For
Sunday
6:00 PM
26
Week(s)
Retention of monthly backup point.
Week Based
Day Based
* On
* Day
* At
For
First
Sunday
6:00 PM
36
Month(s)
Retention of yearly backup point.
Not Configured
Microsoft

krdump.com

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Answer:



Explanation:

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of **[answer choice]**.

- 90 days
- 26 weeks
- 36 months
- 45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is **[answer choice]**.

- 1 hour
- 1 day
- 1 week
- 1 month
- 1 year

krdump.com



https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/backup/backup-azure-vm-backup-faq#what-s-the-minimum-rpo-and-rto-for-vm-backups-in-azure-backup

NEW QUESTION: 100

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□□□: Azure Application Gateway□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.

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A. □

B. □□□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 101

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A. Azure □□

B. □□ □□
C. □□□ □□
D. □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□(RBAQ □□)
E. □□
Answer: B,C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 102
Windows Server□ □□□□ Server1□□□ □□□□□ □□□ DB1□□□ Microsoft SQL Server □□□□□□□ □□□□.
Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
D81□ Azure□ □□□□□□□ □□□□□□.
Azure Database Migration Service□ □□□□ DB1□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□.

Migration target	Number of issues that must be remediated before the migration
SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines	3
Azure SQL Database	51
Azure SQL Managed Instance	27

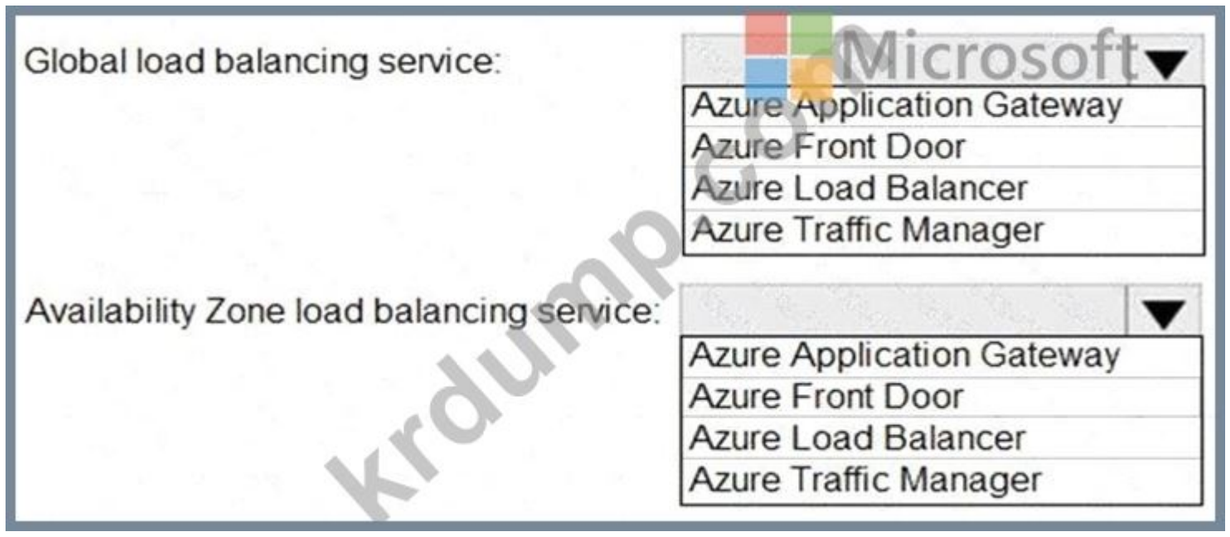
DB1□ □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□□□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.
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A. PostgreSQL□ Azure Cosmos DB
B. Azure Cosmos DB for NoSQL
C. Azure □□ □□□ SQL Server
D. Azure SQL □□□□□□
E. Azure SQL □□□ □□□□
Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 103
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Host virtual machine	Azure Availability Zone	Azure region
USDB1	1	US East
USDB2	2	US East
USDB3	3	US East
EUDB1	1	West Europe
EUDB2	2	West Europe
EUDB3	3	West Europe

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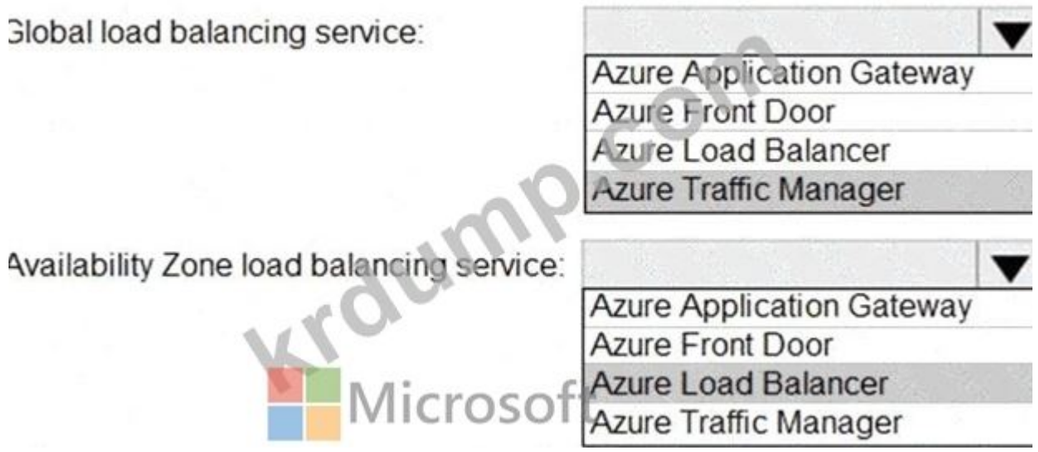
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Answer:



Explanation:



Box 1: Azure Traffic Manager

Traffic Manager is a DNS-based traffic load balancer that enables you to distribute traffic optimally to services across global Azure regions, while providing high availability and responsiveness.

Because Traffic Manager is a DNS-based load-balancing service, it load balances only at the domain level. For that reason, it can ' t fail over as quickly as Front Door, because of common challenges around DNS caching and systems not honoring DNS TTLs.

Service	Global/regional	Recommended traffic
Azure Front Door	Global	HTTP(S)
Traffic Manager	Global	non-HTTP(S)
Application Gateway	Regional	HTTP(S)
Azure Load Balancer	Regional	non-HTTP(S)

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/guide/technology-choices/load-balancing-overview

NEW QUESTION: 104

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B. □□□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

The data in the cool tier is "considered / intended to be stored for 30 days". But this is not a must. You can store data indefinitely in the cool tier. The mentioned reference (see below) even gives an example of large scientific or otherwise large data which is stored for long duration in the cool tier.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers?tabs=azure-portal

NEW QUESTION: 105
DB1□□□ □□□□□ Microsoft SQL Server 2016 □□□□□□□ □□□□.
Azure □□□ □□□□.
Azure Data Studio□ Azure SQL □□□□□□ □□□ □□□□ DB1□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□□□□□□ □□□.
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A. □□□□ □□□ □□ ID□ □□□□.
B. □□□ □(S2S) VPN □□□ □□□□□.
C. DB1□ □□□□□□□□.
D. Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 106
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A. □
B. □□□
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Separate resource groups per department provide a consolidated Cost Management view that can be grouped by resource group/department. Tags could also work, but they are not required for this proposed solution to meet the goal.

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NEW QUESTION: 107
Azure □□□ ASP1□□□ Azure App Service □□□ □□□□. ASP1□ Basic B1 □□□ □□□□ App1□□□ □ □□ □□□□□□.
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Answer Area



Answer:

Answer Area



Explanation:

Answer Area

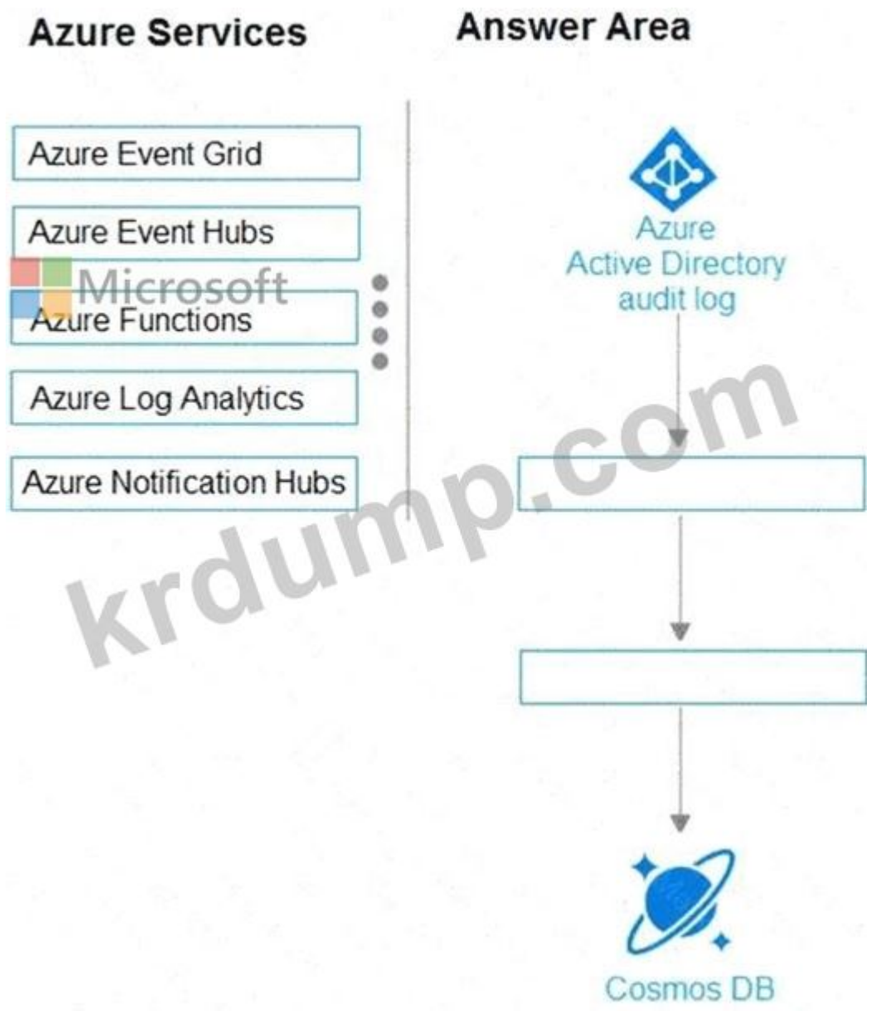


NEW QUESTION: 108

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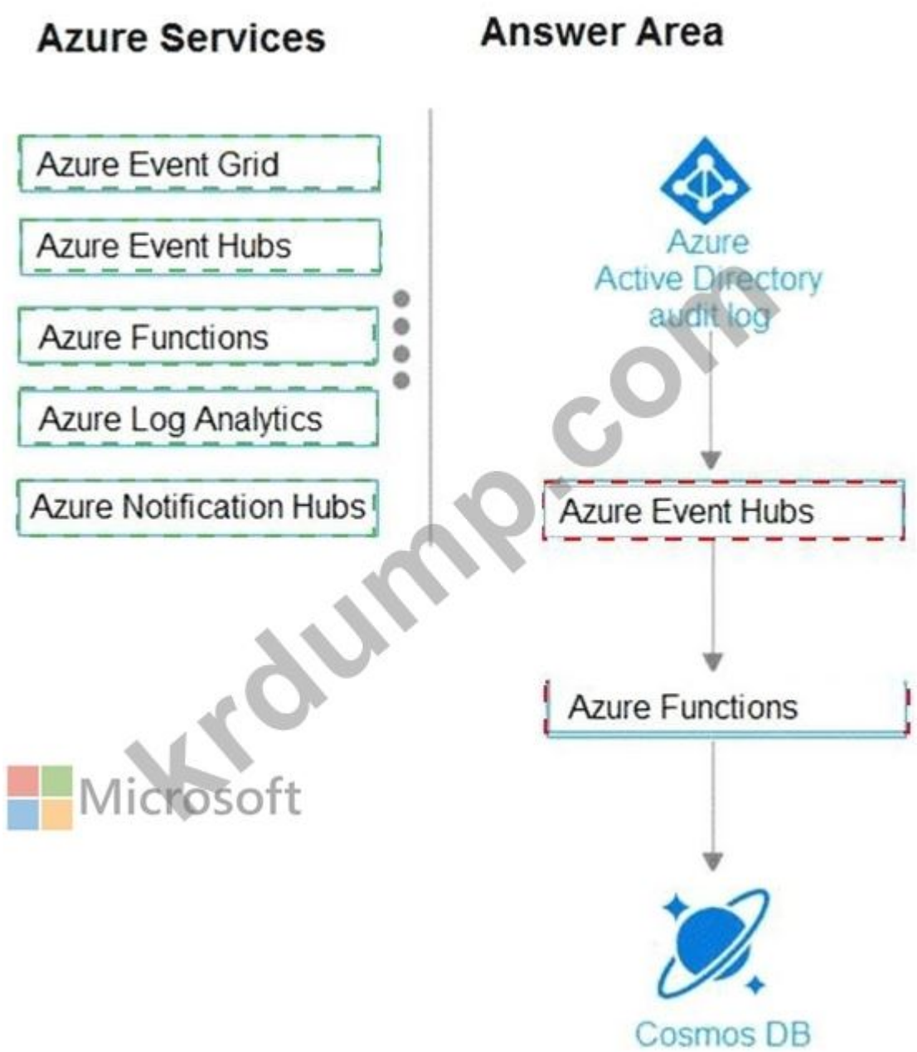
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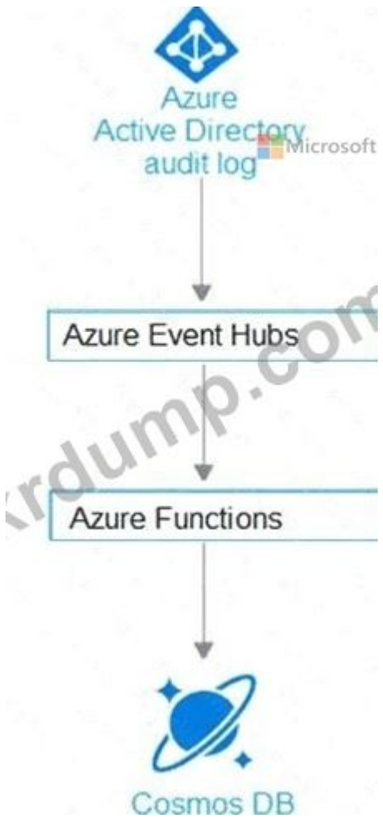
Microsoft
krdump.com

Answer:



Microsoft
Krdump.com

Explanation:

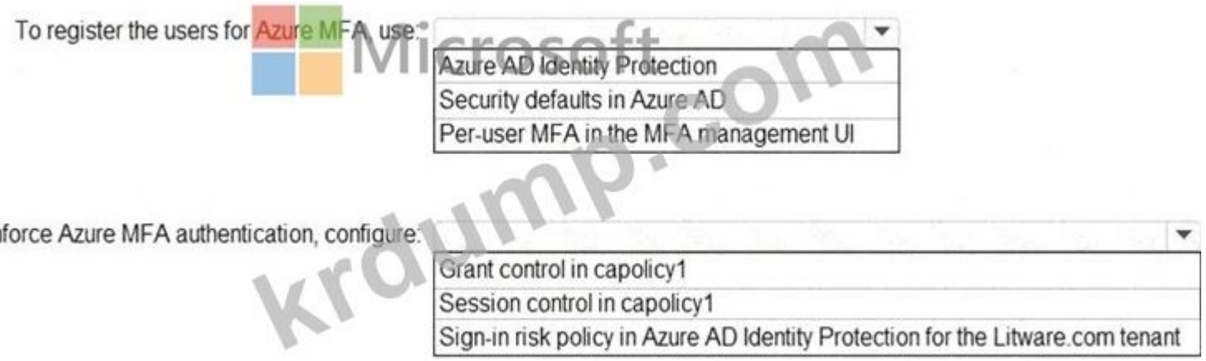


1. AAD audit log - > Event Hub (other two choices, LAW, storage, but not available in this question)
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/reports-monitoring/tutorial-azure-monitor-stream-logs-to-event-hub
2. Azure function has the Event hub trigger and Cosmos output binding
a. Event Hub trigger for function
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-bindings-event-hubs-trigger?tabs=csharp

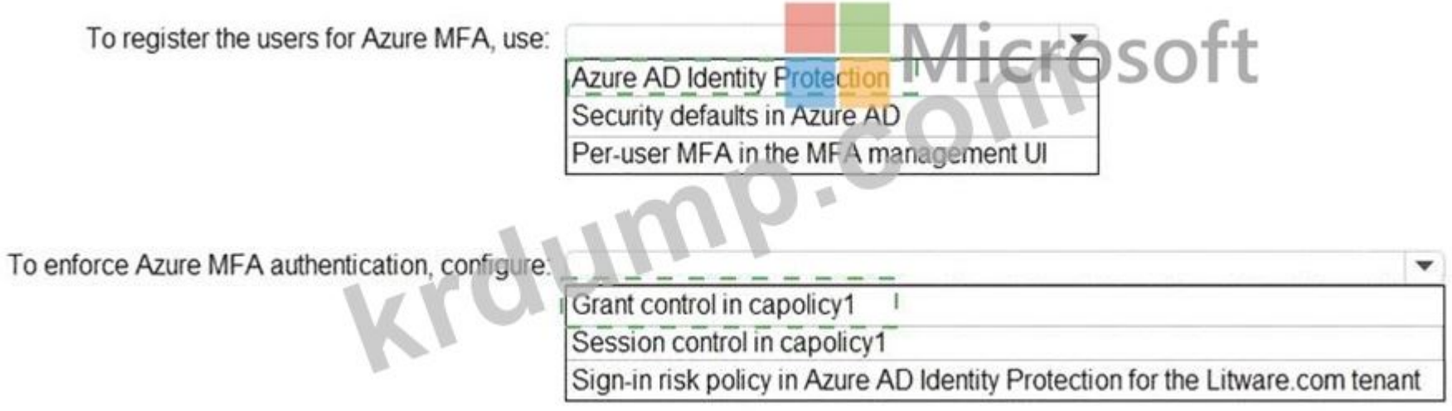
NEW QUESTION: 109
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A. Azure Kubernetes Service(AKS)
B. Azure □□ □□ □□ □□

C. Azure □□
D. Azure □ □□□
Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 110
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Answer:



Explanation:
Azure AD Identity Protection; Grant control in capolicy1
Identity Protection can manage MFA registration. To require MFA on every relevant portal sign-in, add Require MFA to the existing Conditional Access grant controls-not a sign-in risk policy.

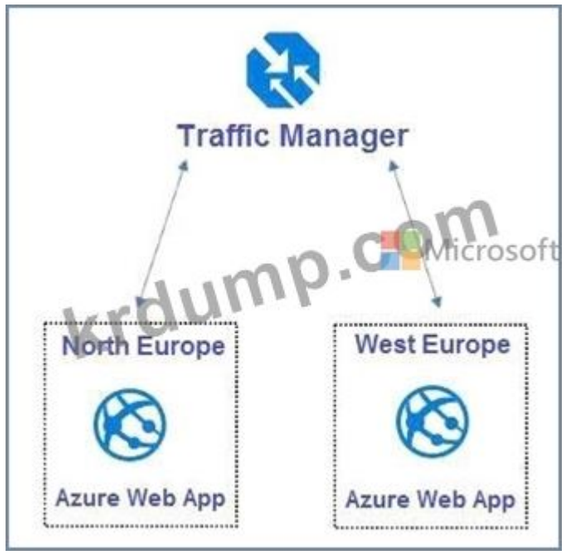
NEW QUESTION: 111
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Azure Blueprints□ ARM(Azure Resource Manager) □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□?
A. ARM □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
B. ARM □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
C. Blueprint□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
D. Blueprint□ □□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□□.
Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

With Azure Blueprints, the relationship between the blueprint definition (what should be deployed) and the blueprint assignment (what was deployed) is preserved. This connection supports improved tracking and auditing of deployments. Azure Blueprints can also upgrade several subscriptions at once that are governed by the same blueprint.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/26851/how-is-azure-blue-prints-different-from-resource-m.html

NEW QUESTION: 112
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A. Azure Route Server □ Azure Network Function Manager
B. □□ □□ □□□ □□□ Azure Virtual WAN
C. □□ □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□□□ □□ □□
D. □□ □□□□ □□□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□(NSG)
Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 113
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A. □□
B. □□□
C. □□
D. □□□□□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 114
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Statements	Yes	No
The design supports the technical requirements for redundancy.	○	○
The design supports autoscaling.	○	○
The design requires a manual configuration if an Azure region fails.	○	○

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
The design supports the technical requirements for redundancy.	○	○
The design supports autoscaling.	○	○
The design requires a manual configuration if an Azure region fails.	○	○

Explanation:



Box 1: Yes

Any new deployments to Azure must be redundant in case an Azure region fails.

Traffic Manager uses DNS to direct client requests to the most appropriate service endpoint based on a traffic- routing method and the health of the endpoints. An endpoint is any Internet-facing service hosted inside or outside of Azure. Traffic Manager provides a range of traffic-routing methods and endpoint monitoring options to suit different application needs and automatic failover models. Traffic Manager is resilient to failure, including the failure of an entire Azure region.

Box 2: Yes

Recent changes in Azure brought some significant changes in autoscaling options for Azure Web Apps (i.e.

Azure App Service to be precise as scaling happens on App Service plan level and has effect on all Web Apps running in that App Service plan).

Box 3: No

Traffic Manager provides a range of traffic-routing methods and endpoint monitoring options to suit different application needs and automatic failover models. Traffic Manager is resilient to failure, including the failure of an entire Azure region.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-overview

https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/hsirtl/2017/07/03/autoscaling-azure-web-apps/

NEW QUESTION: 115

Azure □□□ VNET1□□□ □□ □□□□□ 10□□ □□ □□□ □□□□. □□ □□□ VNET1□ □□□□ □□□□.

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Answer Area

To provide access to virtual machines on VNET1, use:
- Azure Bastion
- Just-in-time (JIT) VM access
- Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) in Azure Front Door

To enforce Azure MFA, use:
- An Azure Identity Governance access package
- A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Azure Windows VM Sign-In
- A Conditional Access policy that has the Cloud apps assignment set to Microsoft Azure Management

Answer:



Explanation:

Azure Bastion; Conditional Access policy

Bastion provides RDP/SSH through TLS/443 without exposing VM public IPs. Entra authentication and Conditional Access can enforce MFA. Microsoft Learn

NEW QUESTION: 116

□□□□ □□□□ Microsoft SQL Server □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□ □□(LOB) □□□□□□□ □□□□.

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A. □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□(DNN)□ □□ Always On □□□ □□

B. □□ □□□□ □□(VNN)□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ Always On □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□

C. □□ □□□□ □□(VNN)□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□

D. □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□(VNN)□ □□ Always On □□□ □□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 117

Azure Storage □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.

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A. □□ v2 □□□□ □□□ blob

B. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

C. Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 □□□ blob□□□.

D. □□ v2 □□□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 118

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A. Azure □□ □□

B. Azure □□ □□□

C. Azure Migrate

D. Azure Advisor

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/migrate/migrate-appliance#collected-data---vmware

" Metadata discovered by the Azure Migrate appliance helps you to figure out whether servers are ready for migration to Azure, right-size servers, plans costs, and analyze application dependencies " .

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/learn/modules/design-your-migration-to-azure/2-plan-your-azure-migration

NEW QUESTION: 119

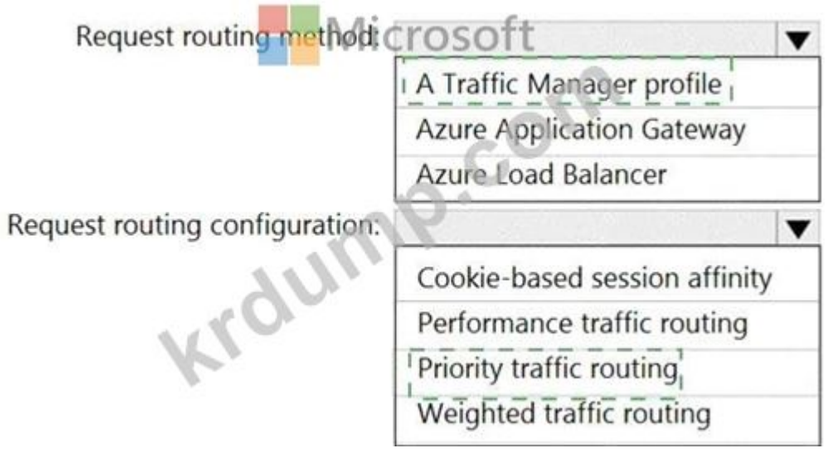
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Request routing method:
- A Traffic Manager profile
- Azure Application Gateway
- Azure Load Balancer

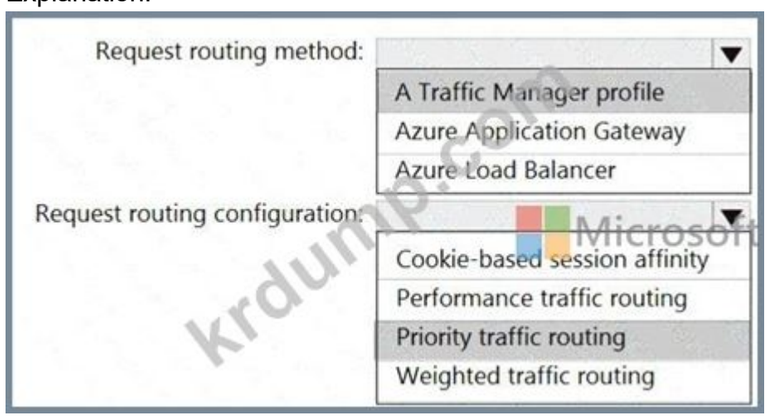
Request routing configuration:
- Cookie-based session affinity
- Performance traffic routing
- Priority traffic routing
- Weighted traffic routing

krdump.com Microsoft

Answer:



Explanation:



https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-routing-methods#priority-traffic-routing-method

NEW QUESTION: 120

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A. Azure Traffic Manager□ □□□□□.

B. Azure □□ □□□□□ □□□□□.

C. Azure ExpressRoute□ □□□□□.

D. □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.

Answer: B,D (LEAVE A REPLY)

The planned site-to-site VPN terminates in a VNet. A user-defined route sends the required traffic through the NVA. ExpressRoute is unnecessary.

NEW QUESTION: 121

Azure □□□ □□□□.

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A. □□ v1 □□□□ □□□ □□□□□. Blob □□□□□ □□□ □□□ Blob □□□□□ □□□□□.
B. □ □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□ v2 □□□□ □□□ □□□□. Blob □□□□□ □□□ □□□ Blob □□□□□ □□□□ □ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
C. □□ v1 □□□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
D. Cool □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□ v2 □□□□ □□□ □□□□. □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
E. Cool □□ □□□ □□□ □□ □□□ Azure Blob Storage □□□ □□□□. Blob □□□□□ □□□ □□□ Blob □□□□□ □□□□ □ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
Answer: (**SHOW ANSWER**)
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/manage-access-tier?tabs=portal

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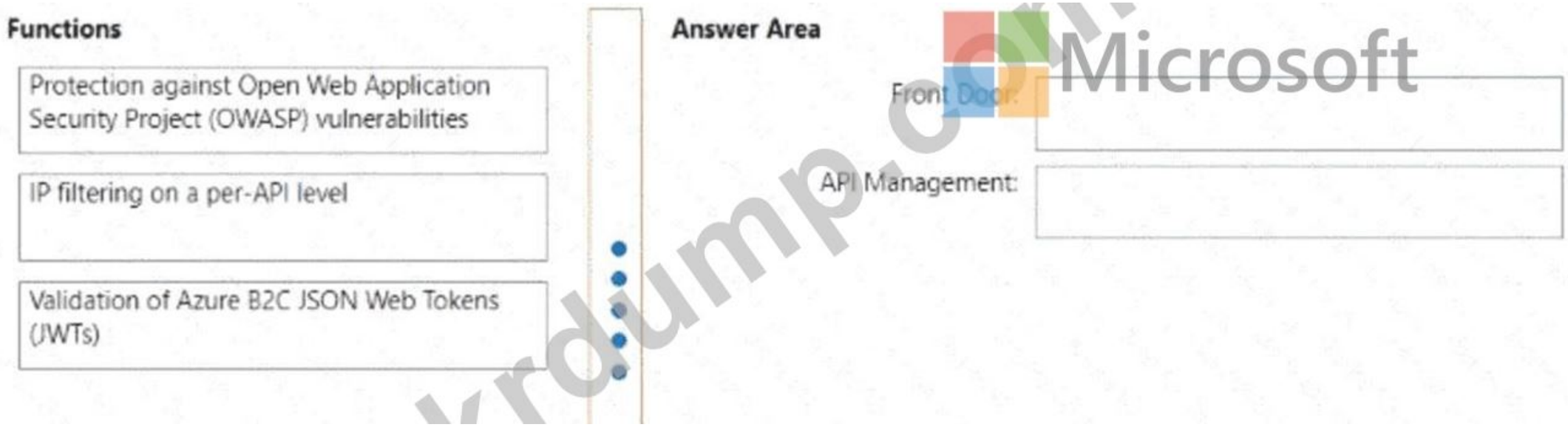
NEW QUESTION: 122
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A. Standard StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
B. Standard Storage (general purpose v1)
C. Premium StorageV2 (general purpose v2)
D. Premium Storage (general purpose v1)
Answer: A (**LEAVE A REPLY**)
Standard StorageV2 supports the Archive access tier, which would be the cheapest solution.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-introduction

NEW QUESTION: 123
□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□ Azure RBAC □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.
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A. 1
B. 2
C. 5
D. 10
E. 15
Answer: B (**LEAVE A REPLY**)

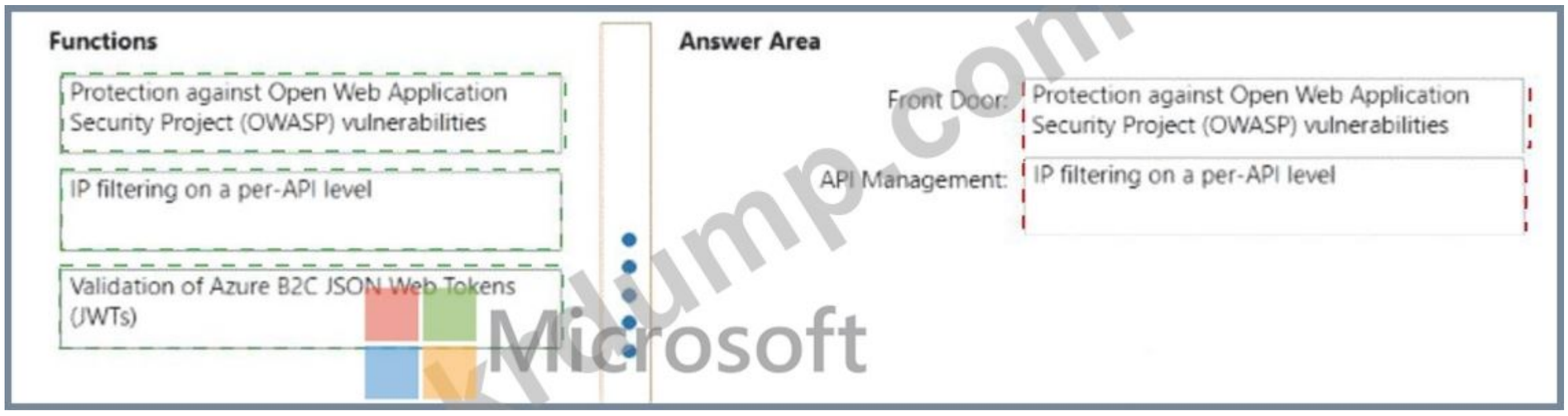
Scenario: The Network Contributor built-in RBAC role must be used to grant permissions to the network administrators for all the virtual networks in all the Azure subscriptions.
RBAC roles must be applied at the highest level possible.

NEW QUESTION: 124
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AKS □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□. □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.
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A. Cilium □□ Azure CNI
B. □
C. Azure CNI □□□□
D. Azure CNI
Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 125
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* Azure Kubernetes Service(AKS)□□ □□□□□ □□□ API□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ Azure API Management□ □□□□ □□□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:

Front Door: Protection against Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP) vulnerabilities1 API Management: IP filtering on a per-API level2 and validation of Azure B2C JSON Web Tokens (JWTs)3 References:

1: Azure Front Door - Web Application Firewall 2: Azure API Management policy reference - ip- filter 3: How to validate an Azure B2C JWT token in a web API?

NEW QUESTION: 126

Azure □□ □□□□ □□□□ App1□□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□. App1□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□ □□ 8□□□ 9□, □□□ □□ 4□□□ 5□□□□.

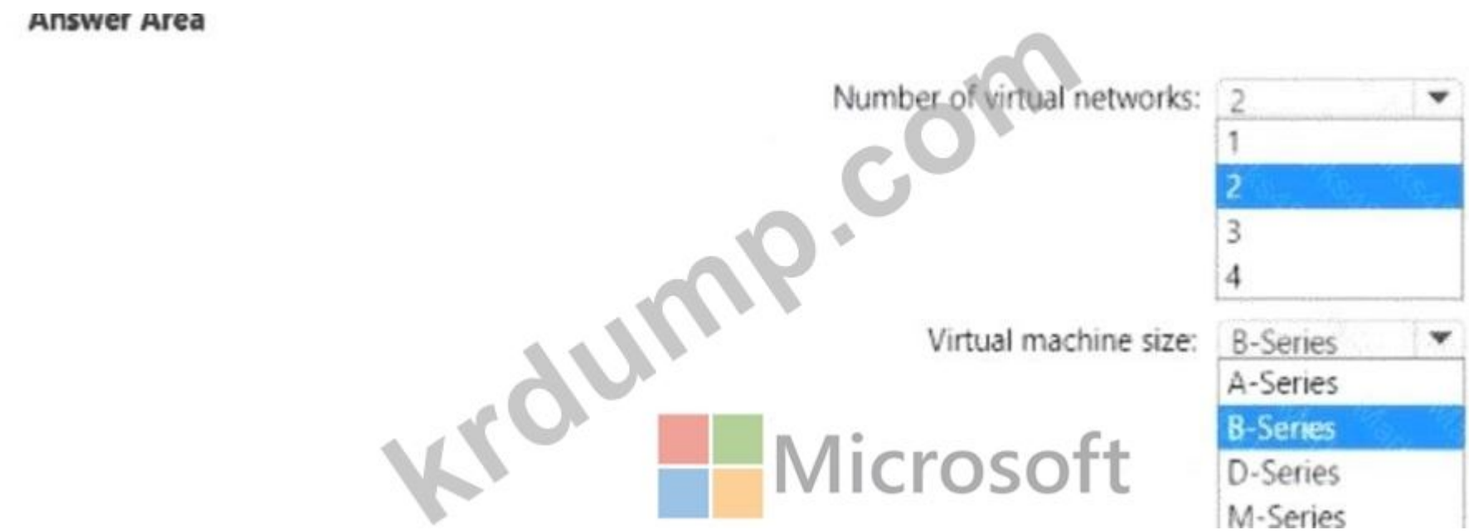
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Answer:



Explanation:



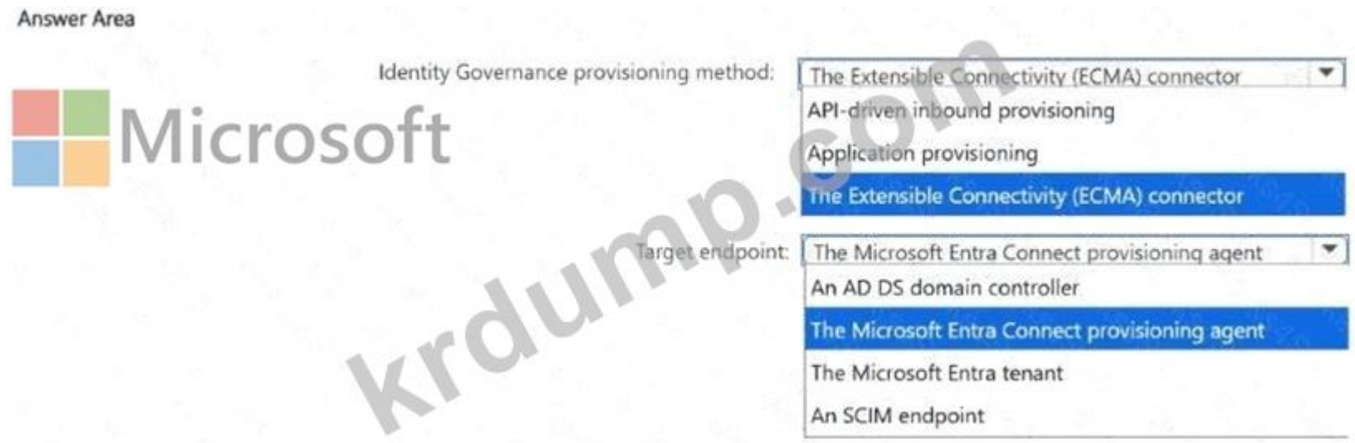
NEW QUESTION: 127

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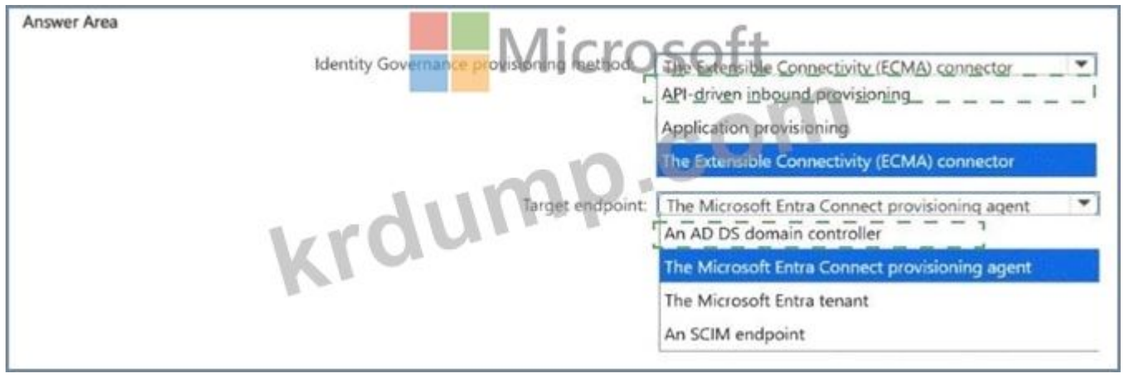
Name	Size
DB1	450 GB
DB2	250 GB
DB3	300 GB
DB4	50 GB

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A. vCore □□ □□□□ □□□□
B. vCore □□ □□
C. DTU □□ □□
D. DTU □□ □□
Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)
DTU-based Standard supports databases up to 1 TB in size.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/service-tiers-dtu

NEW QUESTION: 128
Microsoft Entra □□□□ Microsoft Entra Connect Sync□ □□□□ □□□□□ Active Directory Domain Services(AD DS) □□□□ □□□□□ □□□□. □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:

API-driven inbound provisioning; an AD DS domain controller

The /bulkUpload provisioning API supports CSV-derived identity data. The target where accounts are created is on-premises AD DS; the provisioning agent is an intermediary, not the target directory.

NEW QUESTION: 129

App1□□□ Azure App Service □□ □□□□.

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A. Azure Network Watcher □□ □□□

B. □□ □□

C. □ □□□□ □□ □□

D. □□□□□□ □□□□

Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 130

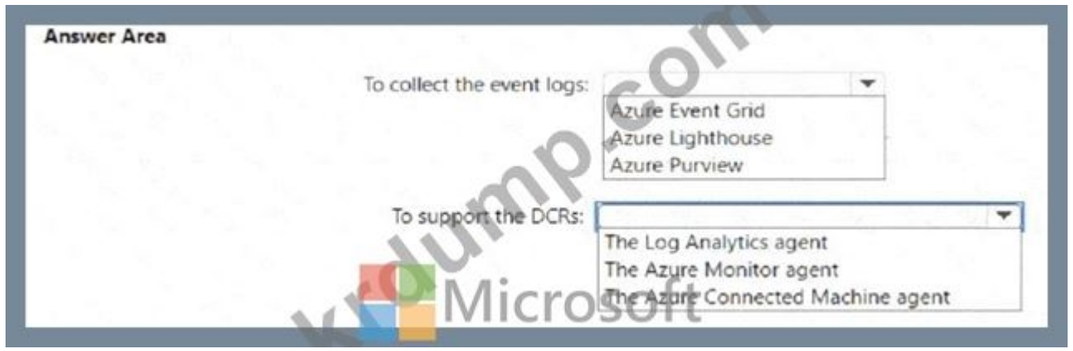
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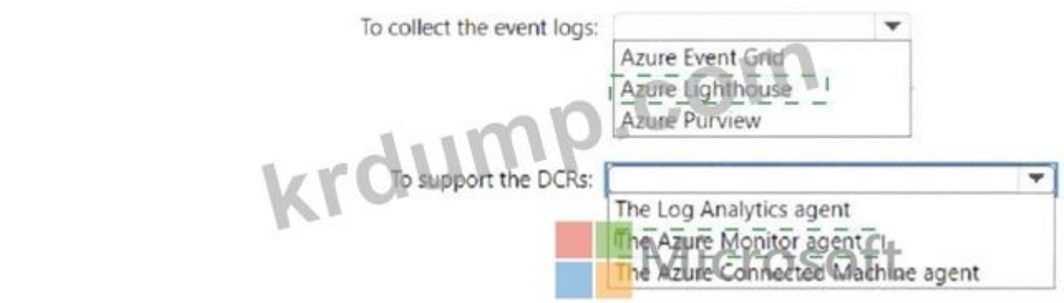
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Answer:



Explanation:

Azure Lighthouse; Azure Monitor Agent

Lighthouse provides cross-tenant/subscription delegated management. AMA collects data according to data collection rules. Microsoft Purview is a data-governance service, not a cross-tenant operations solution.

NEW QUESTION: 131

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A. Azure App Service □ □

B. Azure □□ □□ □□ □□

C. □ □□□ □□(ASE)

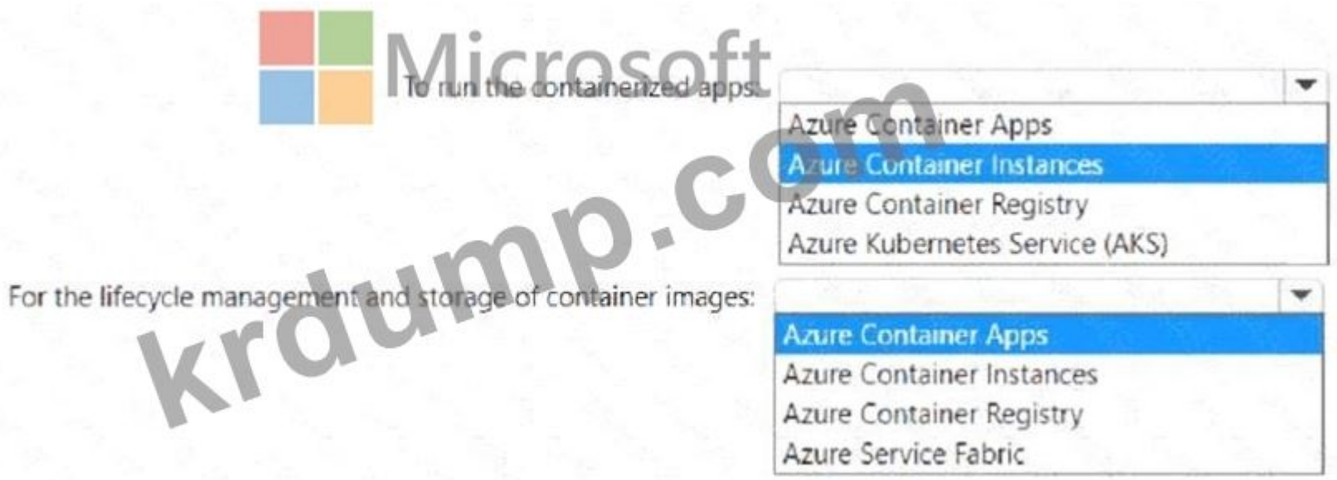
D. Azure Functions □

Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

App Service sandbox restrictions prevent applications from writing to the normal Windows Application event log. A VM-based host is required.

NEW QUESTION: 132
Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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Answer Area



Answer:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 133

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Microsoft Entra Connect□ □□□□ AD DS □□□□ □□□□□ Microsoft Entra □□□□ □□□□.

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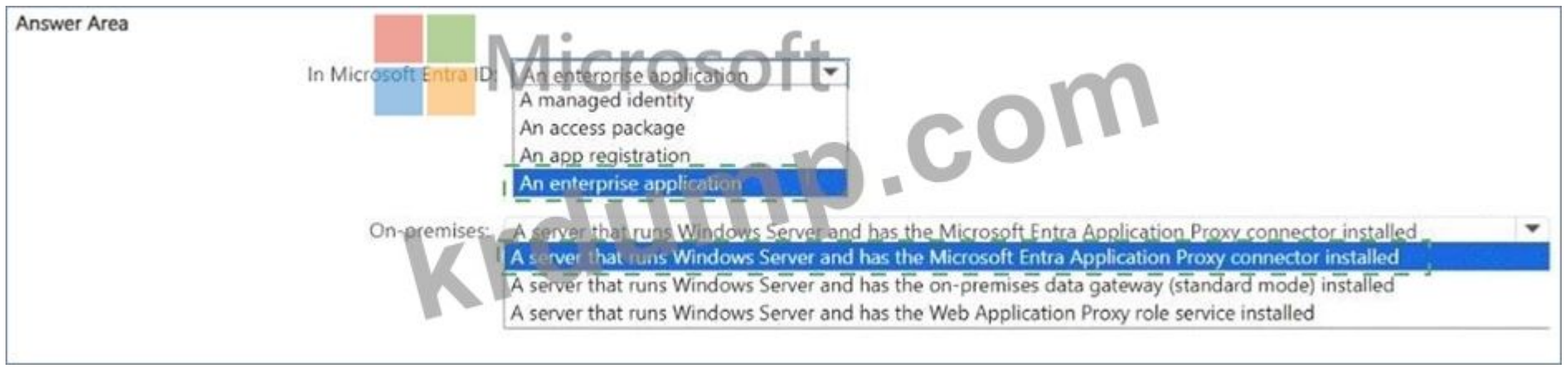
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Answer:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 134

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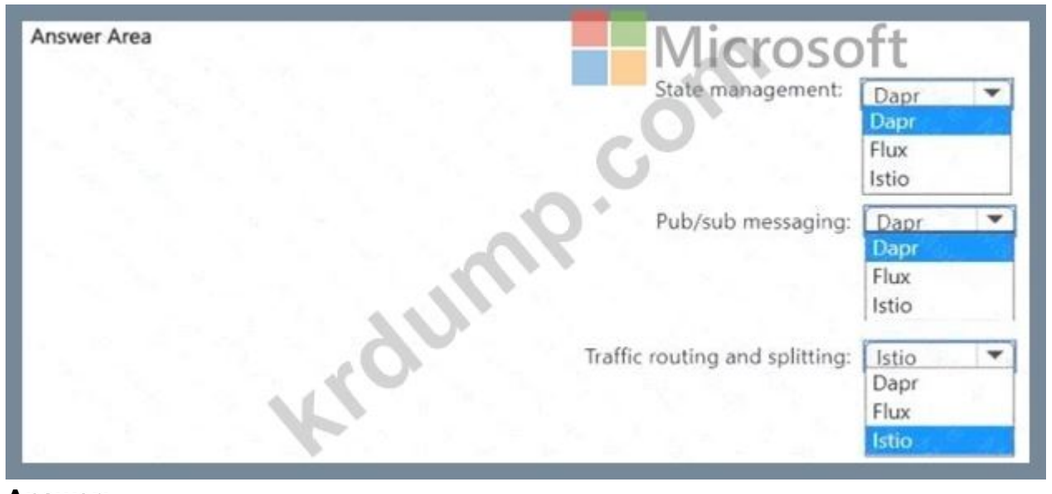
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Answer:



Explanation:
Answer Area



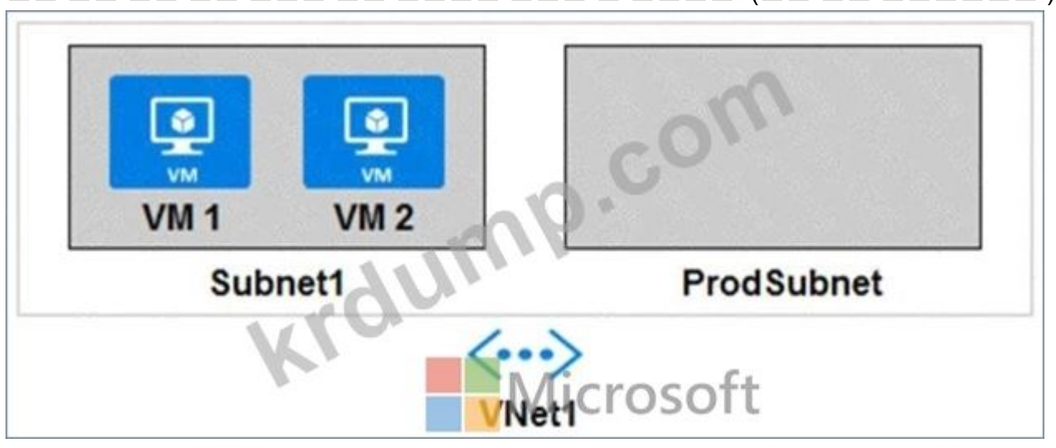
NEW QUESTION: 135
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KV1□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □ □□□ □□□. □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□?
A. KV1□ □□ □□
B. □□□□□□□ □□□
C. Azure □□□
D. Microsoft Purview
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)
The Activity Log contains control-plane operations. Key Vault data-plane access must be collected through Azure Monitor diagnostic settings/resource logs.

NEW QUESTION: 136
Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
Windows Server 2019 □□□ □□□□ Azure Kubernetes Service(AKS) □□□□ □□□□ □□□.
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B. Kubernetes □□ 1.20.2 □□
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D. □□ □□
E. □□ Kubelet ACI □□
Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/cluster-autoscaler#about-the-cluster-autoscaler

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NEW QUESTION: 137
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Statements	Yes	No
The API is available to partners over the Internet.	○	○
The APIM instance can access real-time data from VM1.	○	○
A VPN gateway is required for partner access.	○	○

Answer:

Statements	Yes	No
The API is available to partners over the Internet.	○	○
The APIM instance can access real-time data from VM1.	○	○
A VPN gateway is required for partner access.	○	○

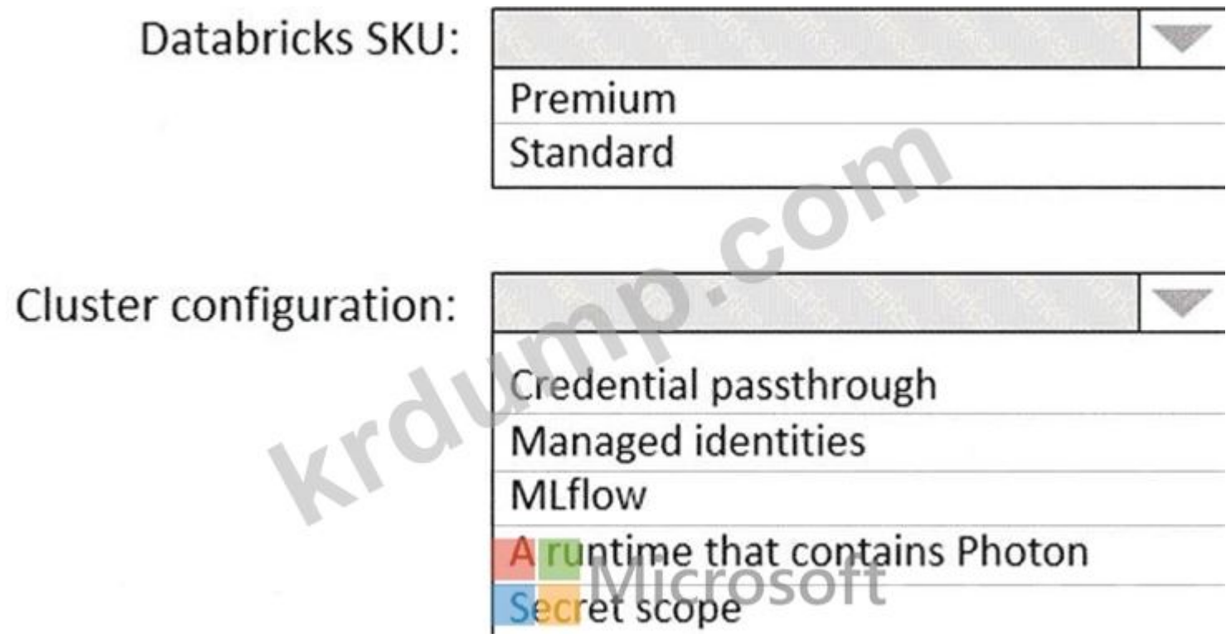
Explanation:

Statements	Yes	No
The API is available to partners over the Internet.	○	○
The APIM instance can access real-time data from VM1.	○	○
A VPN gateway is required for partner access.	○	○

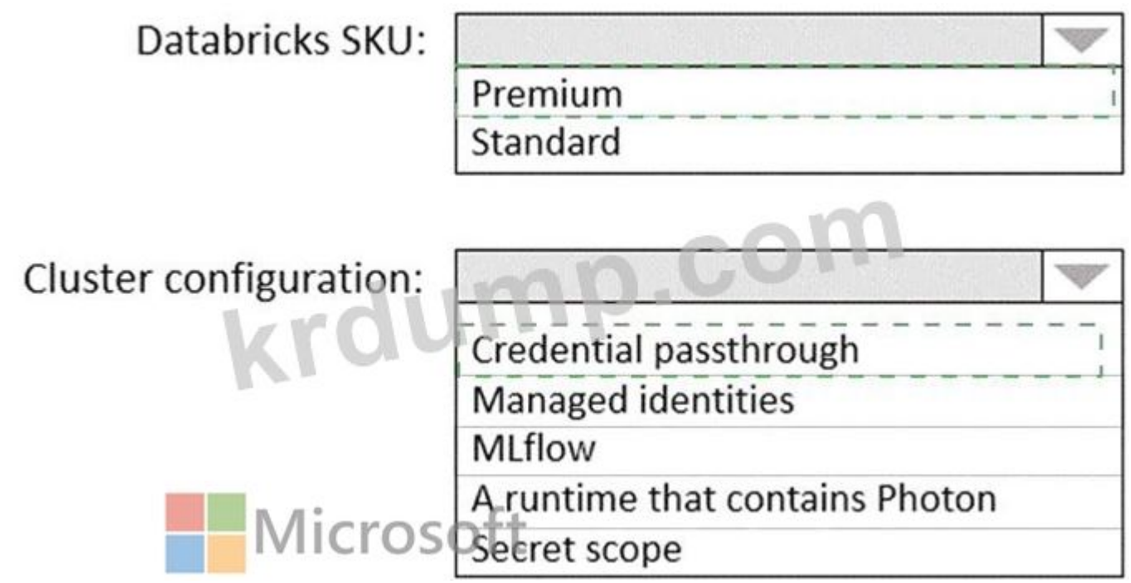
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-using-with-vnet

NEW QUESTION: 138

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Answer:



Explanation:

Premium; credential passthrough

NEW QUESTION: 139
Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
Windows Server 2019 □□□ □□□□ Azure Kubernetes Service(AKS) □□□□ □□□□ □□□.
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A. □□□□ □□ □□□
B. □□□ □□ □□ □□□□
C. Kubernetes □□ 1.20.2 □□
D. Virtual Kubelet ACI□ □□□□ □□ □□
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
AKS virtual nodes support Linux pods only, not Windows Server containers. The cluster autoscaler is the valid node-scaling option.

NEW QUESTION: 140
Windows Server 2019□ □□□□ 500GB□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ VM1□□□ Azure □□ □□□ □□□□.
Azure Data Factory□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□ Azure Data Lake Storage□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□. □ □□□ □□□□ □□ VM1□ □□□ □□□□ □□□?
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B. Azure Pipelines □□□□
C. □□□□□ □□□ □□□□□
D. Azure □□ □□□ □□□□
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 141
□□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□.

Name	Type	Description
VNet1	Virtual network	None
LB1	Public load balancer	Includes a backend pool name BP1
VMSS1	Azure Virtual Machine Scale Sets	Included in BP1 Connected to VNet1
NVA1	Network Virtual Appliance (NVA)	Connected to VNet1 Performs security filtering of traffic for VMSS1
NVA2	Network Virtual Appliance (NVA)	Connected to VNet1 Performs security filtering of traffic for VMSS1

Microsoft
krdumps.com

VMSS1□ □□ □□ □□□□ NVA1 □ NVA2□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□ □□□.
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A. □□□□□ □□ □□□

B. Azure □□

C. Azure □□□□□□ □□□□□

D. Azure □□□ □□□

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

Gateway Load Balancer is designed to chain and distribute traffic through scalable network virtual appliances.

NEW QUESTION: 142

Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

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Name	Logging requirement
App1	• Logs must be routed to an external security information and event management (SIEM) solution. • Logs must be in the JSON format.
App2	• Logs must be stored for five years. • Logs must be in the JSON format.

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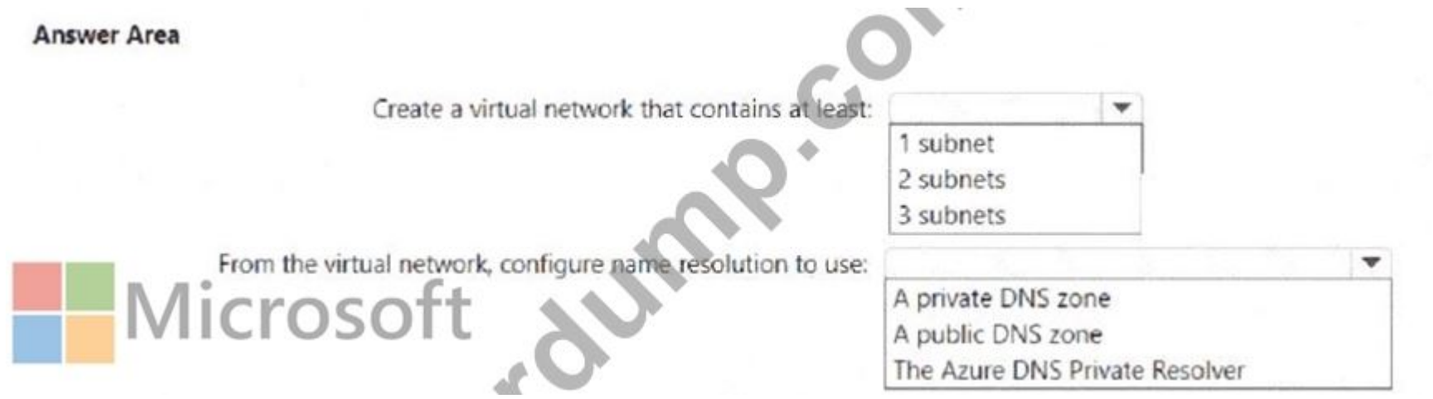
Answer:



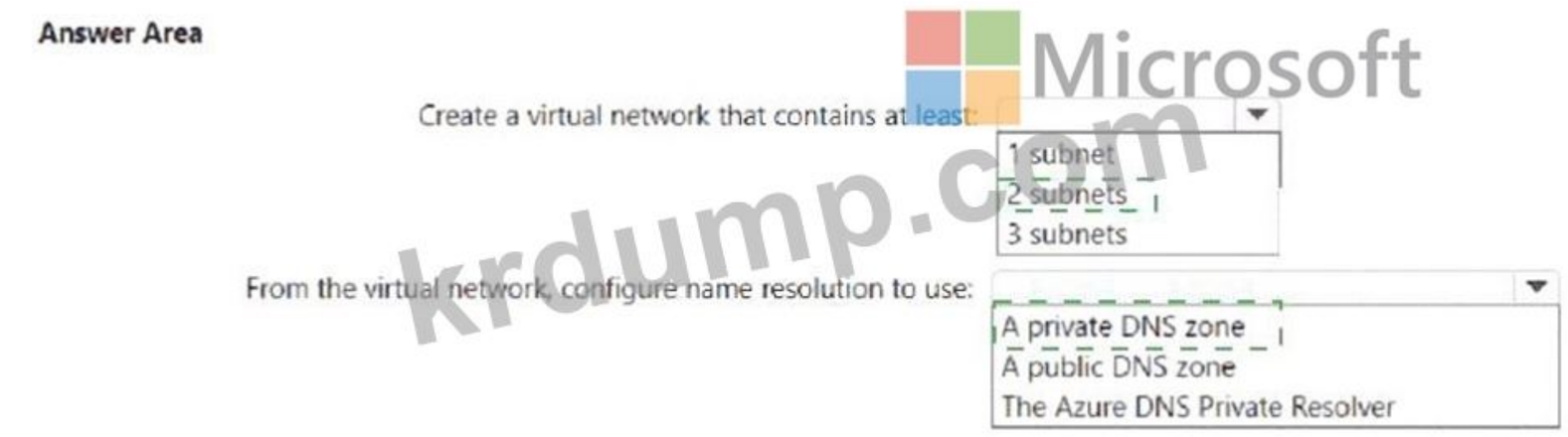
Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 143
Azure App Service □ □□ Webapp1□ DB1□□□ Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□□ □□□□. Webapp1□ DB1□ □□ □□ Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:
2 subnets; private DNS zone
App Service VNet integration and the SQL private endpoint require separate subnets. A private DNS zone resolves the SQL hostname to the private-endpoint address.

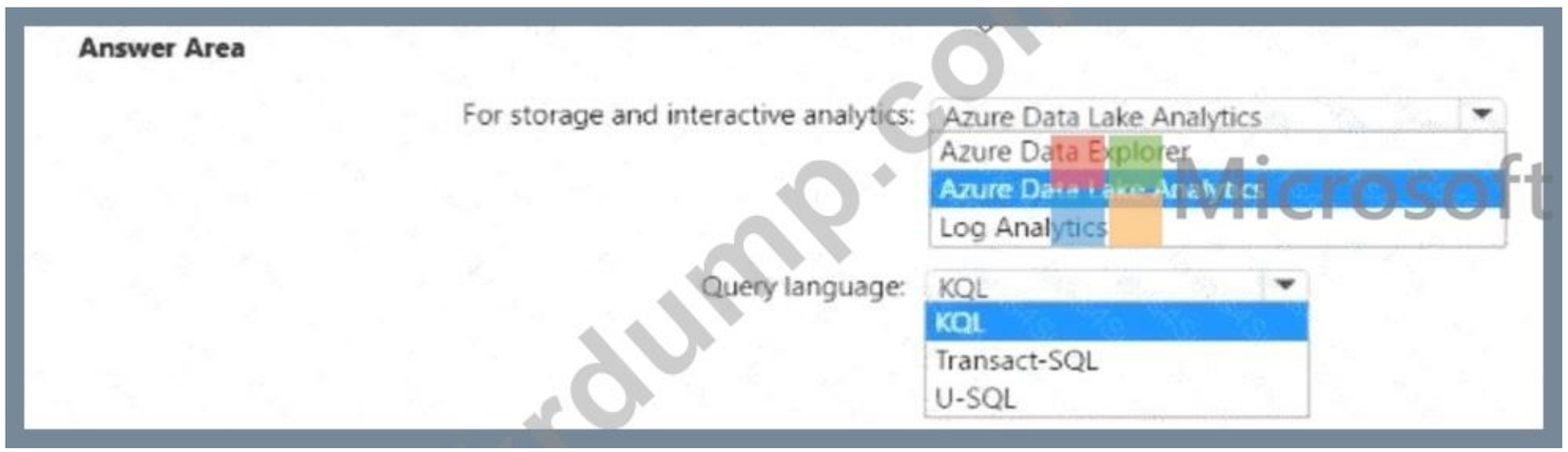
NEW QUESTION: 144

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Answer:



Explanation:

Azure Data Explorer; KQL

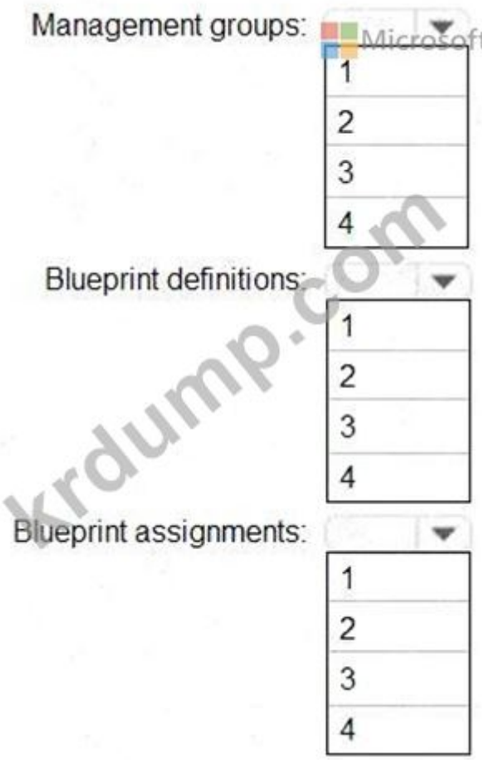
Azure Data Explorer is intended for large telemetry/log datasets and uses Kusto Query Language.

NEW QUESTION: 145

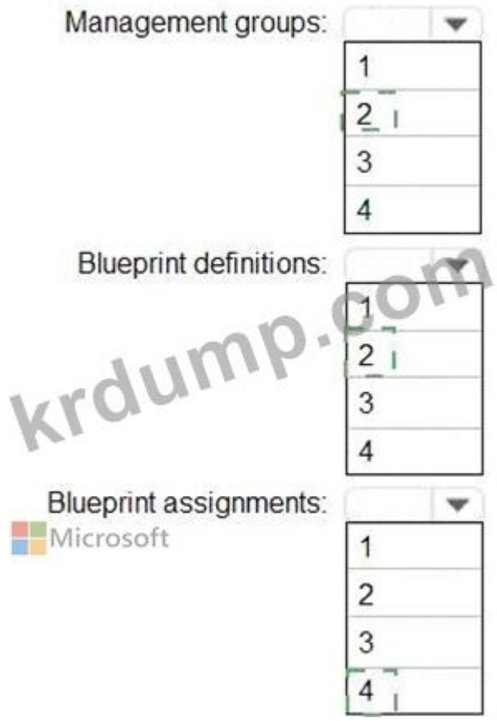
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Division	Azure subscription	Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant
East	Sub1, Sub2	East.contoso.com
West	Sub3, Sub4	West.contoso.com

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Answer:



krdump.com
Microsoft

Explanation:

Box 1: 2

One management group for East, and one for West.

When creating a blueprint definition, you ' ll define where the blueprint is saved. Blueprints can be saved to a management group or subscription that you have Contributor access to. If the location is a management group, the blueprint is available to assign to any child subscription of that management group.

Box 2: 2

Box 3: 4

One assignment for each subscription.

" Assigning a blueprint definition to a management group means the assignment object exists at the management group. The deployment of artifacts still targets a subscription. To perform a management group assignment, the Create Or Update REST API must be used and the request body must include a value for properties.scope to define the target subscription. "

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance

/blueprints/overview#blueprint-assignment

NEW QUESTION: 146

Azure □□□ □□□□. □□ □□□□ Windows Server□ □□□□ Azure □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

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Answer:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 147

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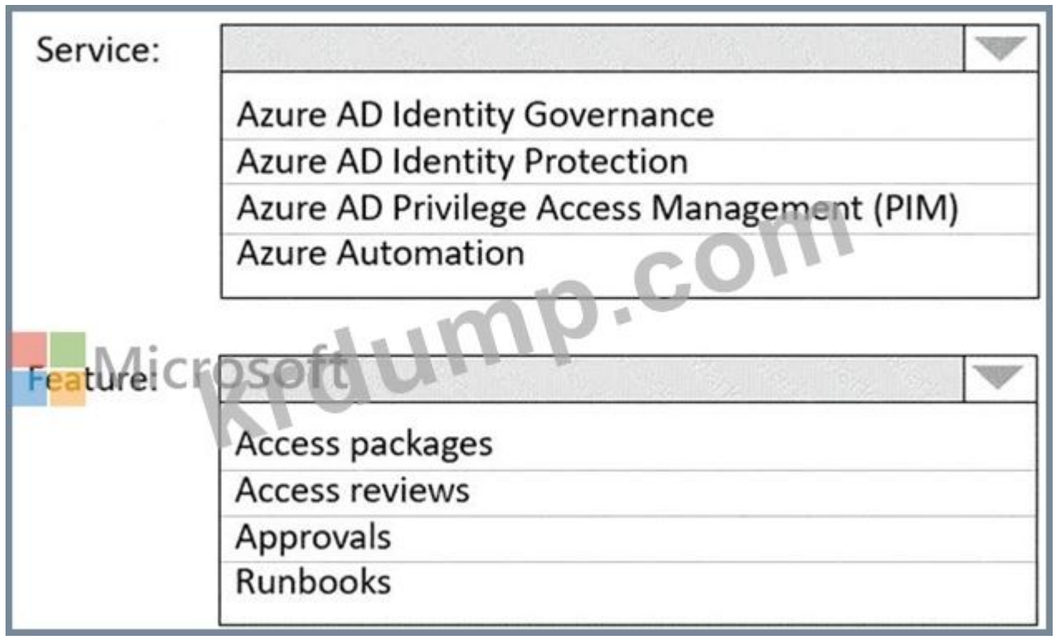
D. Microsoft Entra □□ □□ ID □□(PIM)□ □□□□□.

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

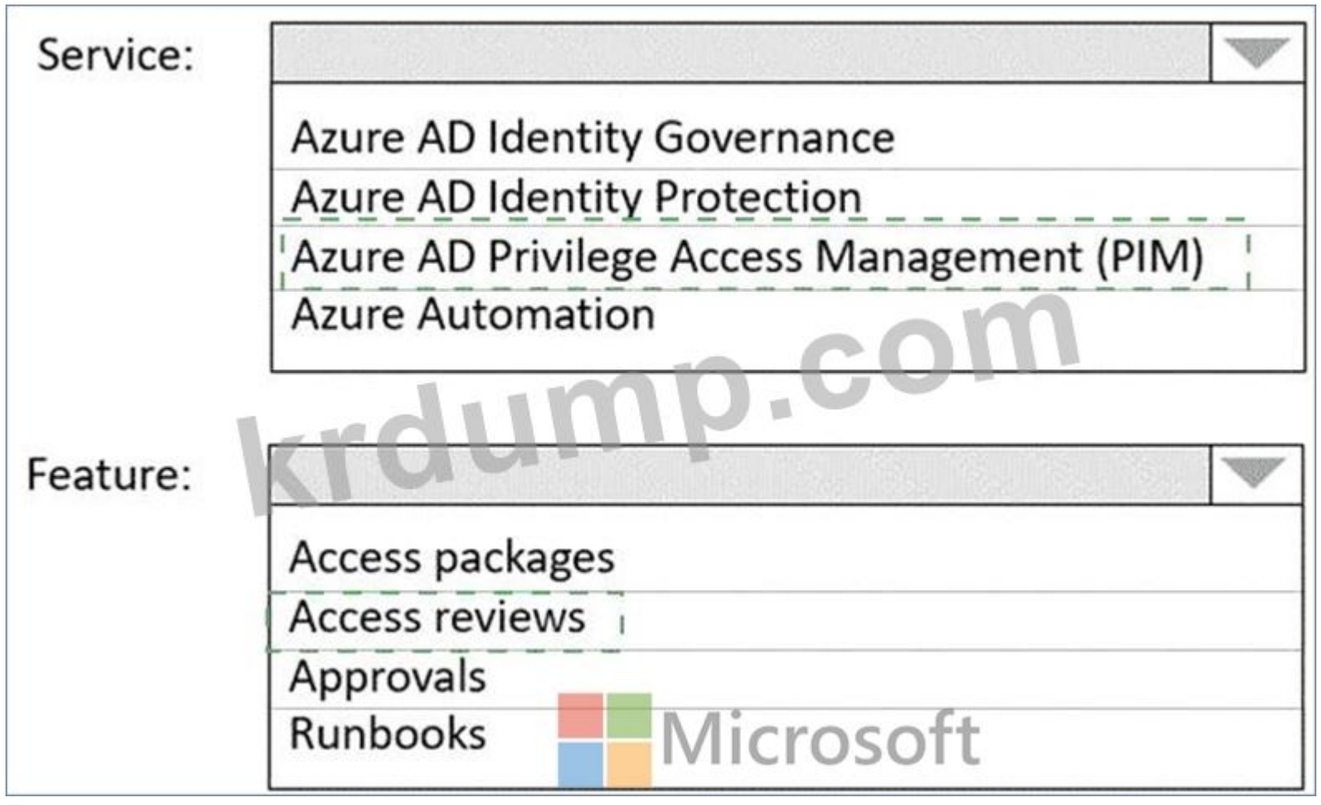
NEW QUESTION: 148

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Answer:



krdump.com
Microsoft

Explanation:

Requirements: Identity Requirements

Contoso identifies the following requirements for managing Fabrikam access to resources:

Every month, an account manager at Fabrikam must review which Fabrikam users have access permissions to App1. Accounts that no longer need permissions must be removed as guests.

The solution must minimize development effort.

Box 1: The Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)

When should you use access reviews?

Too many users in privileged roles: It ' s a good idea to check how many users have administrative access, how many of them are Global Administrators, and if there are any invited guests or partners that have not been removed after being assigned to do an administrative task. You can recertify the role assignment users in Azure AD roles such as Global Administrators, or Azure resources roles such as User Access Administrator in the Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) experience.

Box 2: Access reviews

Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) access reviews enable organizations to efficiently manage group memberships, access to enterprise applications, and role assignments. User ' s access can be reviewed on a regular basis to make sure only the right people have continued access.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview

Topic 4, HABInsurance

Case Study

An insurance company, HABInsurance, operates in three states and provides home, auto, and boat insurance.

Besides the head office, HABInsurance has three regional offices.

Current environment

General

An insurance company, HABInsurance, operates in three states and provides home, auto, and boat insurance.
Besides the head office, HABInsurance has three regional offices.
Technology assessment
The company has two Active Directory forests: main.habinsurance.com and region.habinsurance.com.
HABInsurance ' s primary internal system is Insurance Processing System (IPS). It is an ASP.Net/C# application running on IIS/Windows Servers hosted in a data center. IPS has three tiers: web, business logic API, and a datastore on a back end. The company uses Microsoft SQL Server and MongoDB for the backend.
The system has two parts: Customer data and Insurance forms and documents. Customer data is stored in Microsoft SQL Server and Insurance forms and documents - in MongoDB. The company also has 10 TB of Human Resources (HR) data stored on NAS at the head office location. Requirements General HABInsurance plans to migrate its workloads to Azure. They purchased an Azure subscription. Changes During a transition period, HABInsurance wants to create a hybrid identity model along with a Microsoft Office 365 deployment. The company intends to sync its AD forests to Azure AD and benefit from Azure AD administrative units functionality.
HABInsurance needs to migrate the current IPSCustomers SQL database to a new fully managed SQL database in Azure that would be budget-oriented, balanced with scalable compute and storage options. The management team expects the Azure database service to scale the database resources dynamically with minimal downtime. The technical team proposes implementing a DTU-based purchasing model for the new database.
HABInsurance wants to migrate Insurance forms and documents to Azure database service. HABInsurance plans to move IPS first two tiers to Azure without any modifications. The technology team discusses the possibility of running IPS tiers on a set of virtual machines instances. The number of instances should be adjusted automatically based on the CPU utilization. An SLA of 99.95% must be guaranteed for the compute infrastructure.
The company needs to move HR data to Azure File shares.

NEW QUESTION: 149
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B. DTU □□
C. □□
D. □□□□
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Quantity: The amount of compute resources being purchased within the capacity reservation. The quantity is a number of vCores in the selected Azure region and Performance tier that are being reserved and will get the billing discount. For example, if you run or plan to run multiple databases with the total compute capacity of Gen5 16 vCores in the East US region, then you would specify the quantity as 16 to maximize the benefit for all the databases.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/reserved-capacity-overview

NEW QUESTION: 150
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Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

You use Azure Policy to enforce tagging rules and conventions. By creating a policy, you avoid the scenario of resources being deployed to your subscription that don't have the expected tags for your organization.

Instead of manually applying tags or searching for resources that aren't compliant, you create a policy that automatically applies the needed tags during deployment.

Note: Organizing cloud-based resources is a crucial task for IT, unless you only have simple deployments.

Use naming and tagging standards to organize your resources for these reasons:

Resource management: Your IT teams will need to quickly locate resources associated with specific workloads, environments, ownership groups, or other important information. Organizing resources is critical to assigning organizational roles and access permissions for resource management.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cloud-adoption-framework/decision-guides/resource-tagging

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/tag-policies

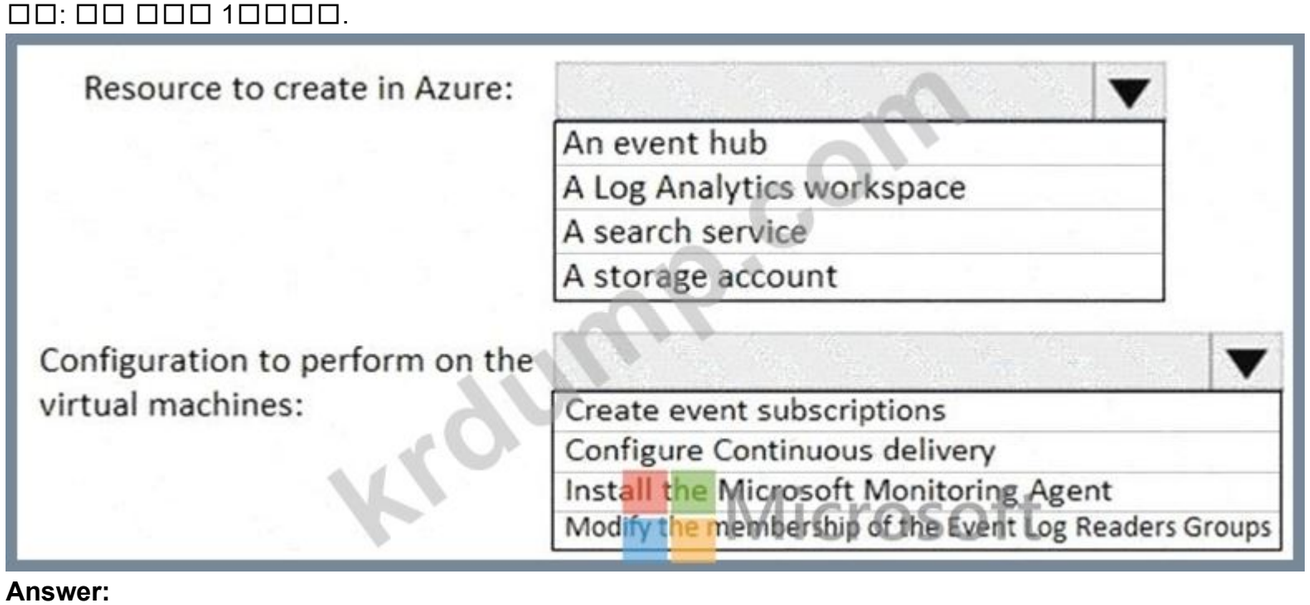
NEW QUESTION: 151

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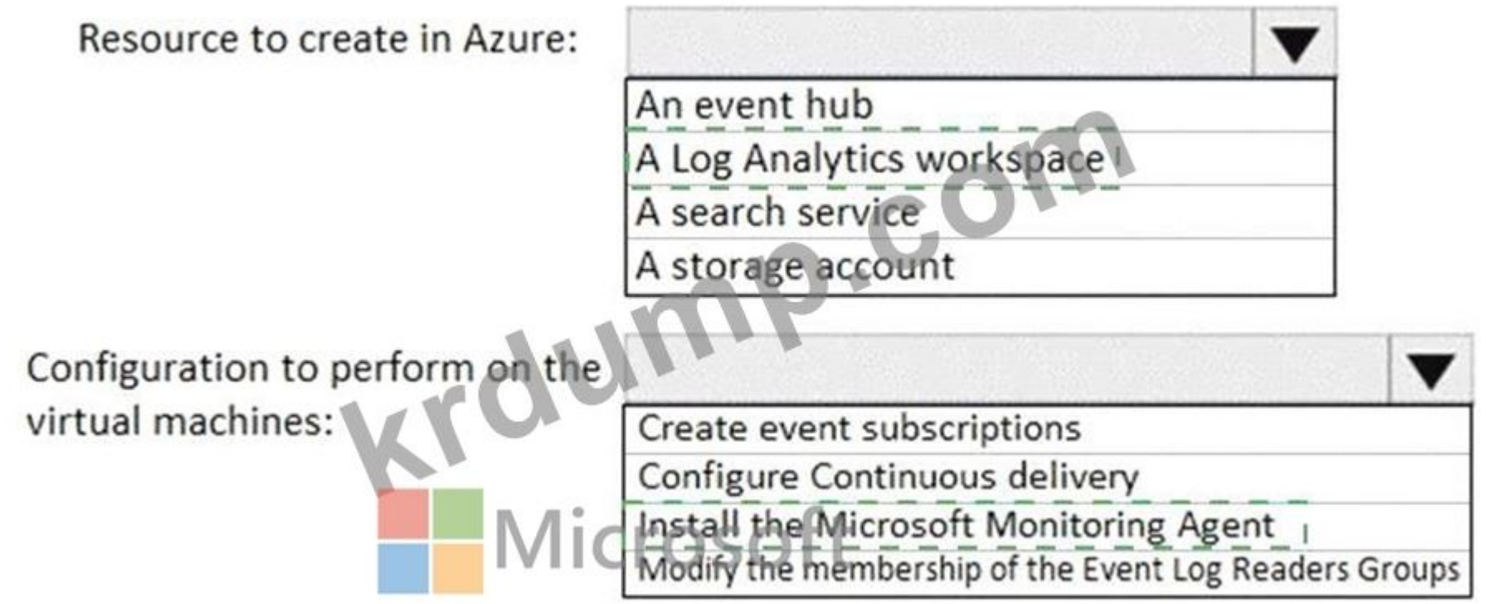
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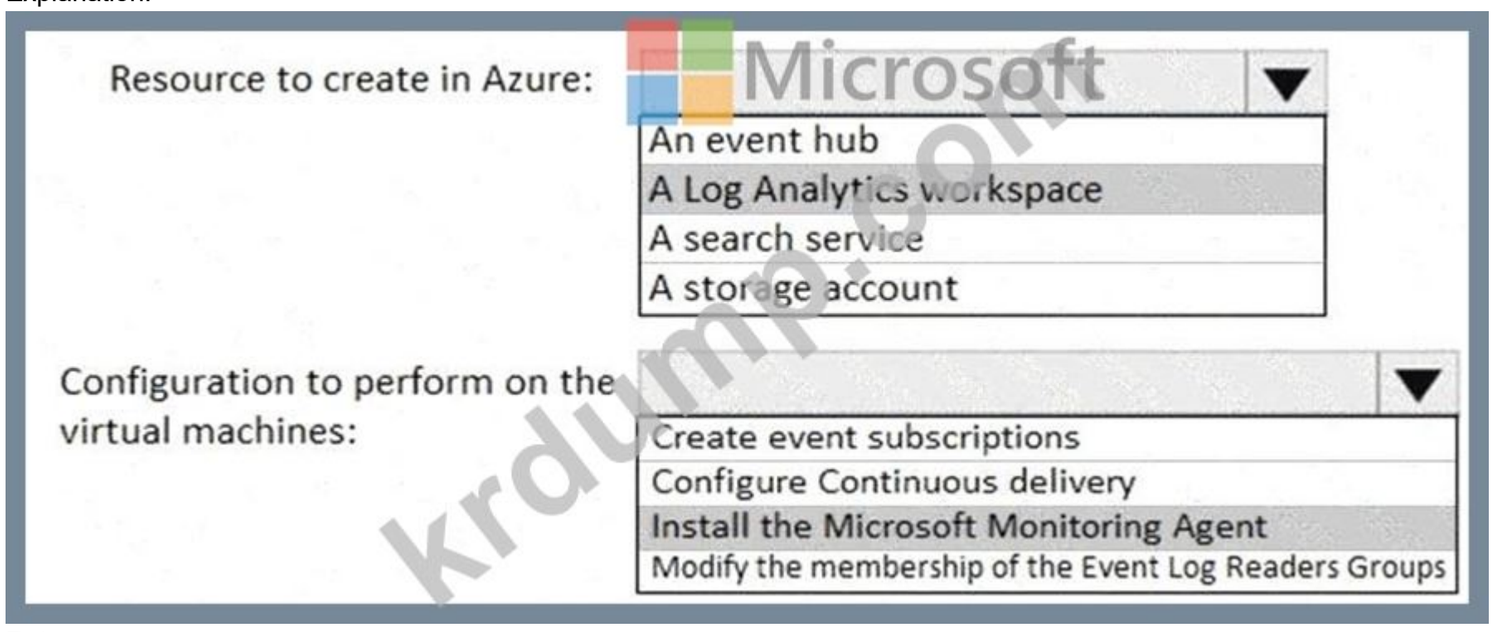
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Answer:



Explanation:



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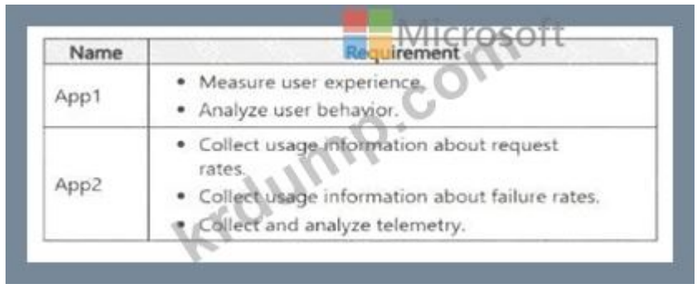
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/data-sources-windows-events

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/agent-windows

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NEW QUESTION: 152

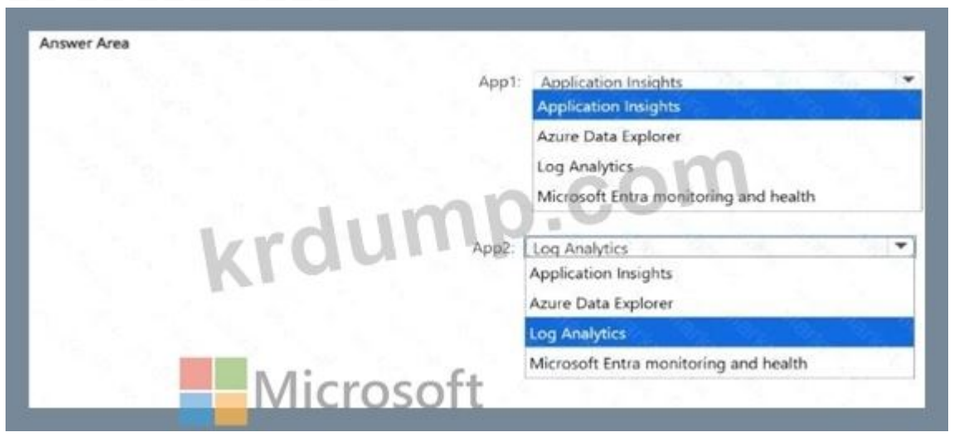
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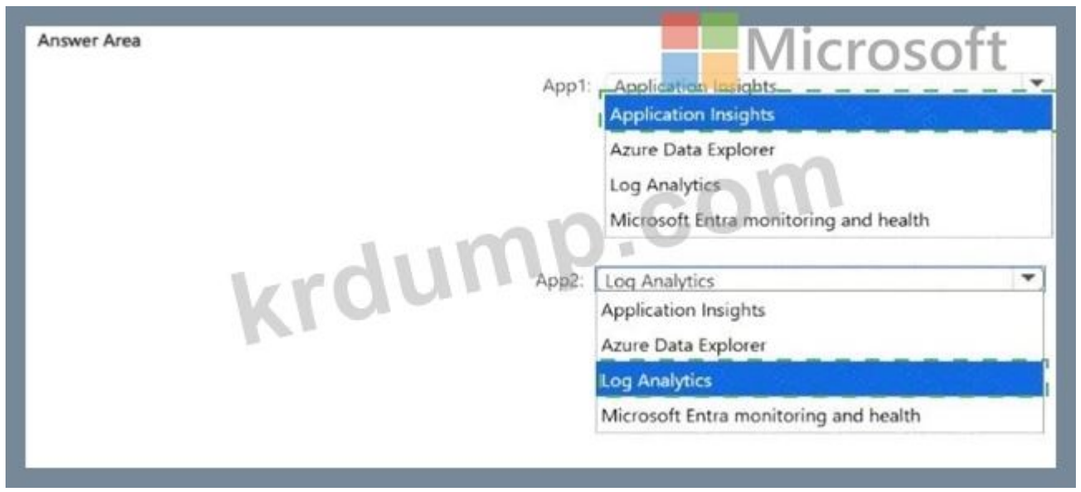
Name	Requirement
App1	• Measure user experience. • Analyze user behavior.
App2	• Collect usage information about request rates. • Collect usage information about failure rates. • Collect and analyze telemetry.

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Answer:



Explanation:

Answer Area

App1: Application Insights

App2: Log Analytics

NEW QUESTION: 153

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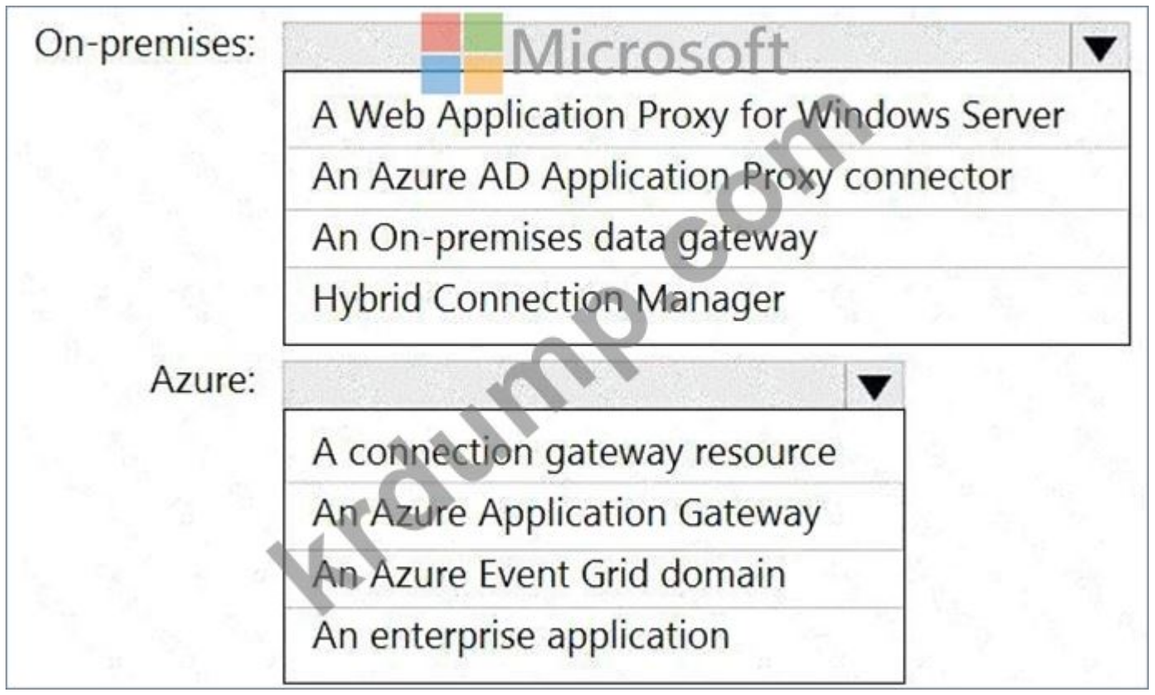
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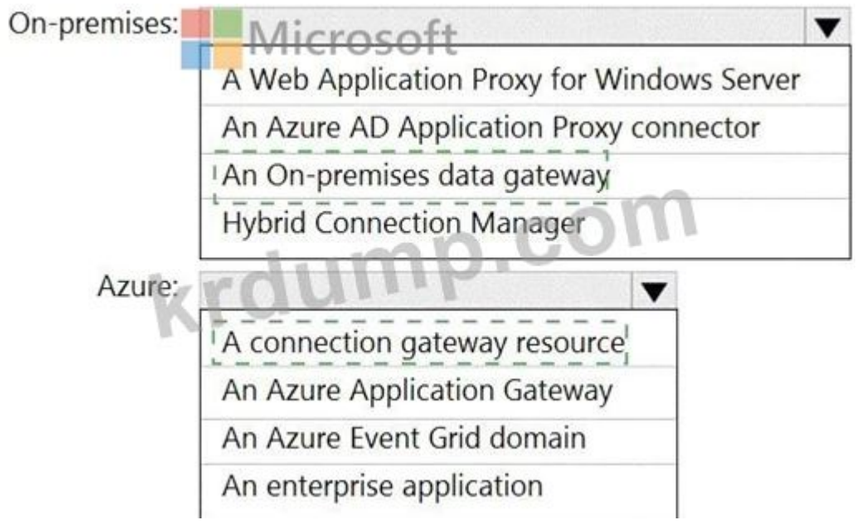
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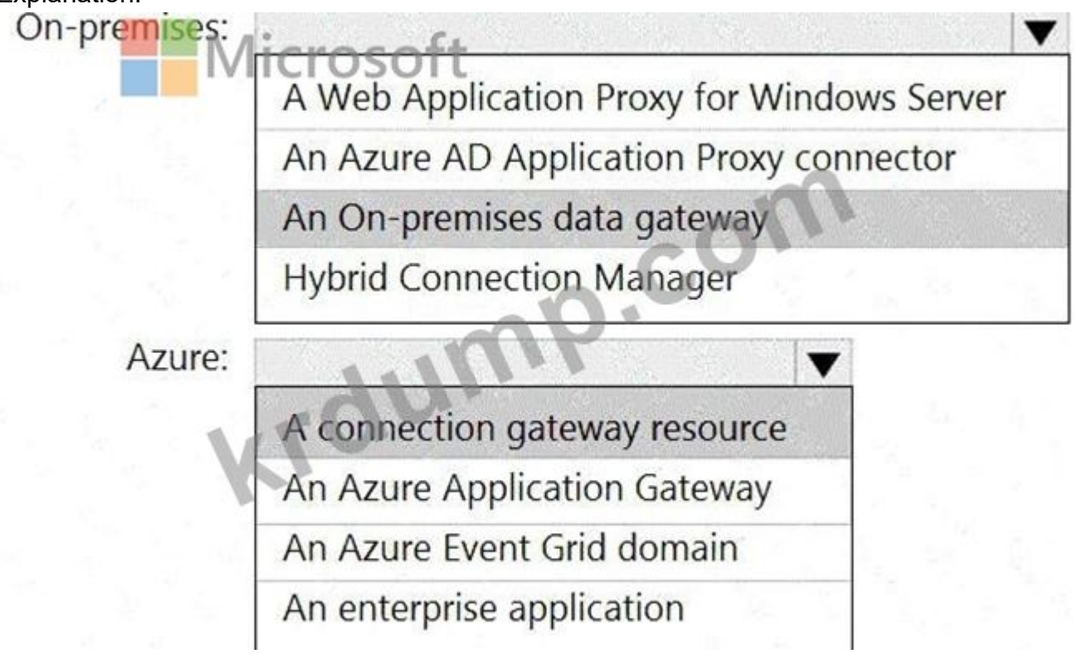
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Answer:



Explanation:



Box 1: An on-premises data gateway

For logic apps in global, multi-tenant Azure that connect to on-premises SQL Server, you need to have the on- premises data gateway installed on a local computer and a data gateway resource that ' s already created in Azure.

Box 2: A connection gateway resource

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/connectors/connectors-create-api-sqlazure

NEW QUESTION: 154

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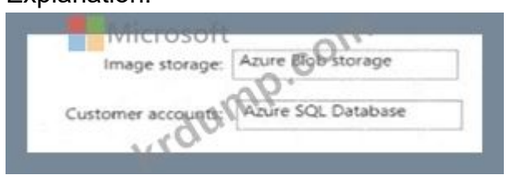
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Answer:



Explanation:



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C. □□ □□ □□□ □□ SendGrid □□
D. Azure AD Connect □□
Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)
References:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/hybrid/how-to-connect-health-operations
Topic 3, Contoso
Case Study

This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other questions in this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next section of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question in this case study, click the Next button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirements, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an All Information tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the Question button to return to the question.

Existing Environment: Technical Environment

The on-premises network contains a single Active Directory domain named contoso.com.

Contoso has a single Azure subscription.

Existing Environment: Business Partnerships

Contoso has a business partnership with Fabrikam, Inc. Fabrikam users access some Contoso applications over the internet by using Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) guest accounts.

Requirements: Planned Changes

Contoso plans to deploy two applications named App1 and App2 to Azure.

Requirements: App1

App1 will be a Python web app hosted in Azure App Service that requires a Linux runtime. Users from Contoso and Fabrikam will access App1.

App1 will access several services that require third-party credentials and access strings. The credentials and access strings are stored in Azure Key Vault.

App1 will have six instances: three in the East US Azure region and three in the West Europe Azure region.

App1 has the following data requirements:

Each instance will write data to a data store in the same availability zone as the instance.

Data written by any App1 instance must be visible to all App1 instances.

App1 will only be accessible from the internet. App1 has the following connection requirements:

Connections to App1 must pass through a web application firewall (WAF).

Connections to App1 must be active-active load balanced between instances.

All connections to App1 from North America must be directed to the East US region. All other connections must be directed to the West Europe region.

Every hour, you will run a maintenance task by invoking a PowerShell script that copies files from all the App1 instances. The PowerShell script will run from a central location.

Requirements: App2

App2 will be a NET app hosted in App Service that requires a Windows runtime. App2 has the following file storage requirements:

Save files to an Azure Storage account.

Replicate files to an on-premises location.

Ensure that on-premises clients can read the files over the LAN by using the SMB protocol.

You need to monitor App2 to analyze how long it takes to perform different transactions within the application. The solution must not require changes to the application code.

Application Development Requirements

Application developers will constantly develop new versions of App1 and App2. The development process must meet the following requirements:

A staging instance of a new application version must be deployed to the application host before the new version is used in production.

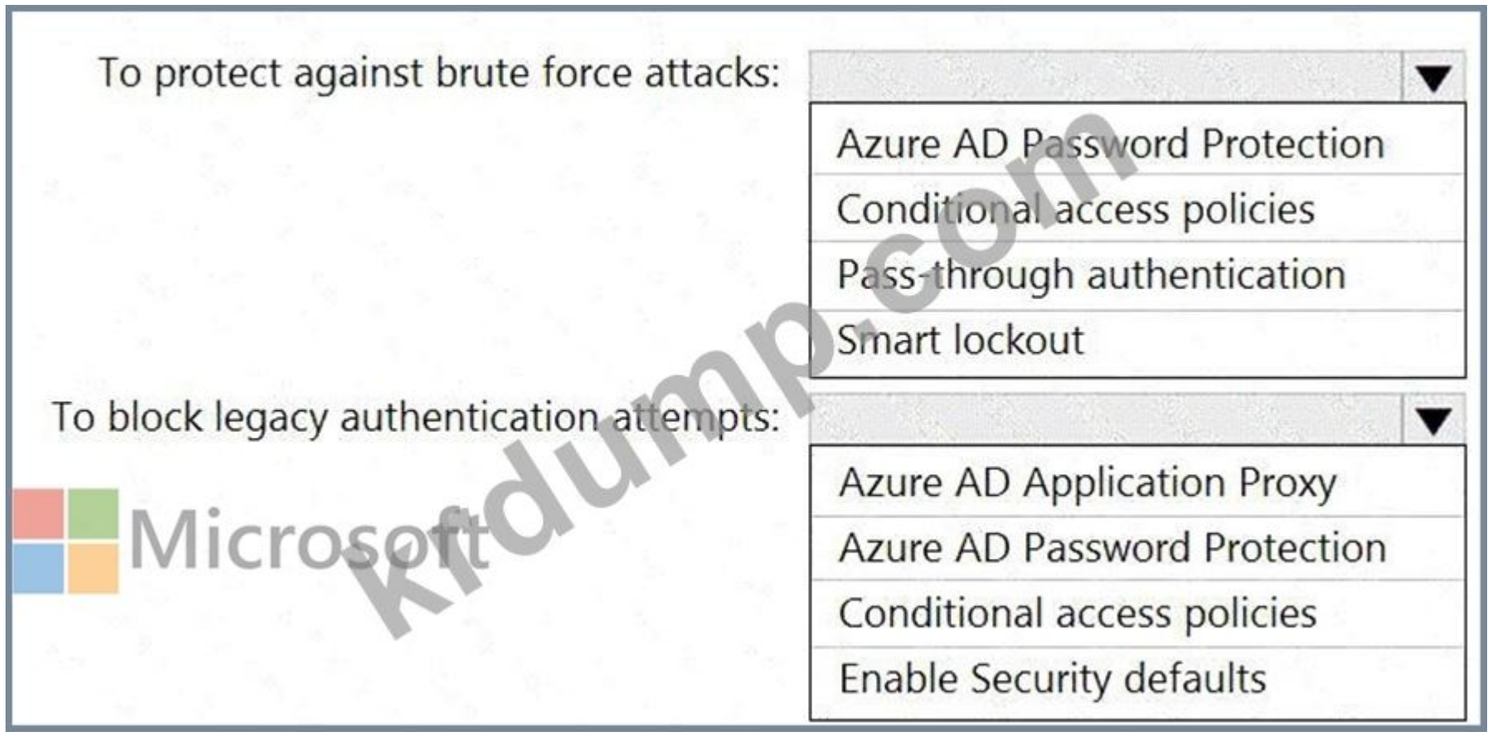
After testing the new version, the staging version of the application will replace the production version.

The switch to the new application version from staging to production must occur without any downtime of the application.

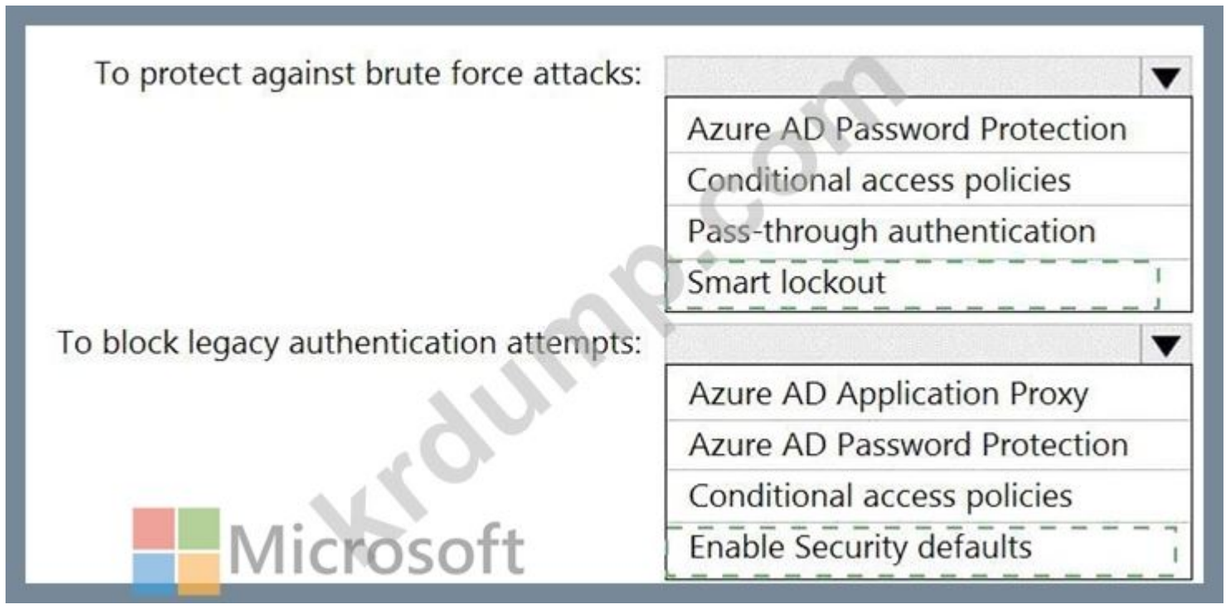
Identity Requirements

Contoso identifies the following requirements for managing Fabrikam access to resources:
Every month, an account manager at Fabrikam must review which Fabrikam users have access permissions to App1. Accounts that no longer need permissions must be removed as guests.
The solution must minimize development effort.
Security Requirement
All secrets used by Azure services must be stored in Azure Key Vault.
Services that require credentials must have the credentials tied to the service instance. The credentials must NOT be shared between services.

NEW QUESTION: 156
□□ □□□□□ Azure Active Directory(Azure AD) □□□□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□□. □□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.
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Answer:



Explanation:

Smart lockout; Enable security defaults

Smart lockout mitigates password attacks. Because the tenant is Free, security defaults are the cost-free option for blocking legacy authentication.

NEW QUESTION: 157

Virtual/WAN1□□□ □□□ □□ Azure □□ WAN□ □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□.

Name	Azure region
Hub1	US East
Hub2	US West

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VirtualWAN1□ □□ ExpressRoute □□□ □□□□ □□□.

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A. VirtualWAN1□ Standard□ □□□□□□□□.

B. Hub1□ □□□□□□ □□□□□.

C. □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□□□□.

D. ExpressRoute □□□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□□.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

US East and US West are in the same geopolitical region so there is no need for enabling ExpressRoute premium add-on https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about#basicstandard The current config of virtual WAN is only Basic as given, so it can connect to only site to site VPN, to connect to express route it needs to be upgraded from basic to standard.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure

/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-wan/virtual-wan-about

NEW QUESTION: 158

Contoso, Ltd□□ □□□ HTTP □□□□ □□ □□ Azure □□ □□ □□□□□. □□ □□ □+□□□□ □ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□□□.

Contoso□ Fabrikam, Inc.□□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.

Fabrikam□□ □□ Azure AD(Azure Active Directory) □□□□ □□□ □□ OAuth 2.0 ID □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□.
Fabrikam□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ Contoso□ □+□□□□ □ □□□□ □□□ □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□□□.
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A. Azure AD B2B(□□ □)
B. □□□ □□
C. Azure API □□
D. Azure AD □□□□□□ □□□

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

API Management helps organizations publish APIs to external, partner, and internal developers to unlock the potential of their data and services.
You can secure API Management using the OAuth 2.0 client credentials flow.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-key-concepts
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-features
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-howto-protect-backend-with-aad#enable-oauth-20-user-authorization-in-the-developer-console

NEW QUESTION: 159

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Azure Site Recovery□ □□□□ □□□ Azure □□ □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
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B. □□ □□ □□□(LRS)
C. □□ □□ □□(ZRS)
D. □□□ □□ □□ □□□(GZRSJ)

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 160

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A. □□□□□□□ □□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□□.
B. Azure □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
C. □□□□□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□.
D. Azure SQL Database □□ □□□ □□□□□.

Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/long-term-retention-overview In Azure SQL Database, you can configure a database with a long-term backup retention policy (LTR) to automatically retain the database backups in separate Azure Blob storage containers for up to 10 years

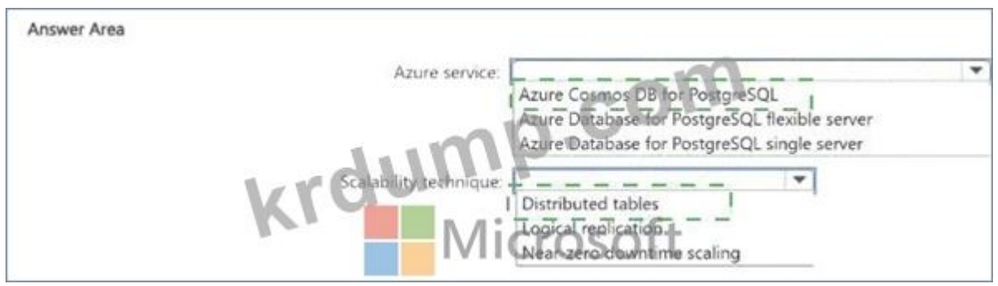
NEW QUESTION: 161

Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
PostgreSQL□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□□ □□□ □□□□□.
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Answer Area



Answer:

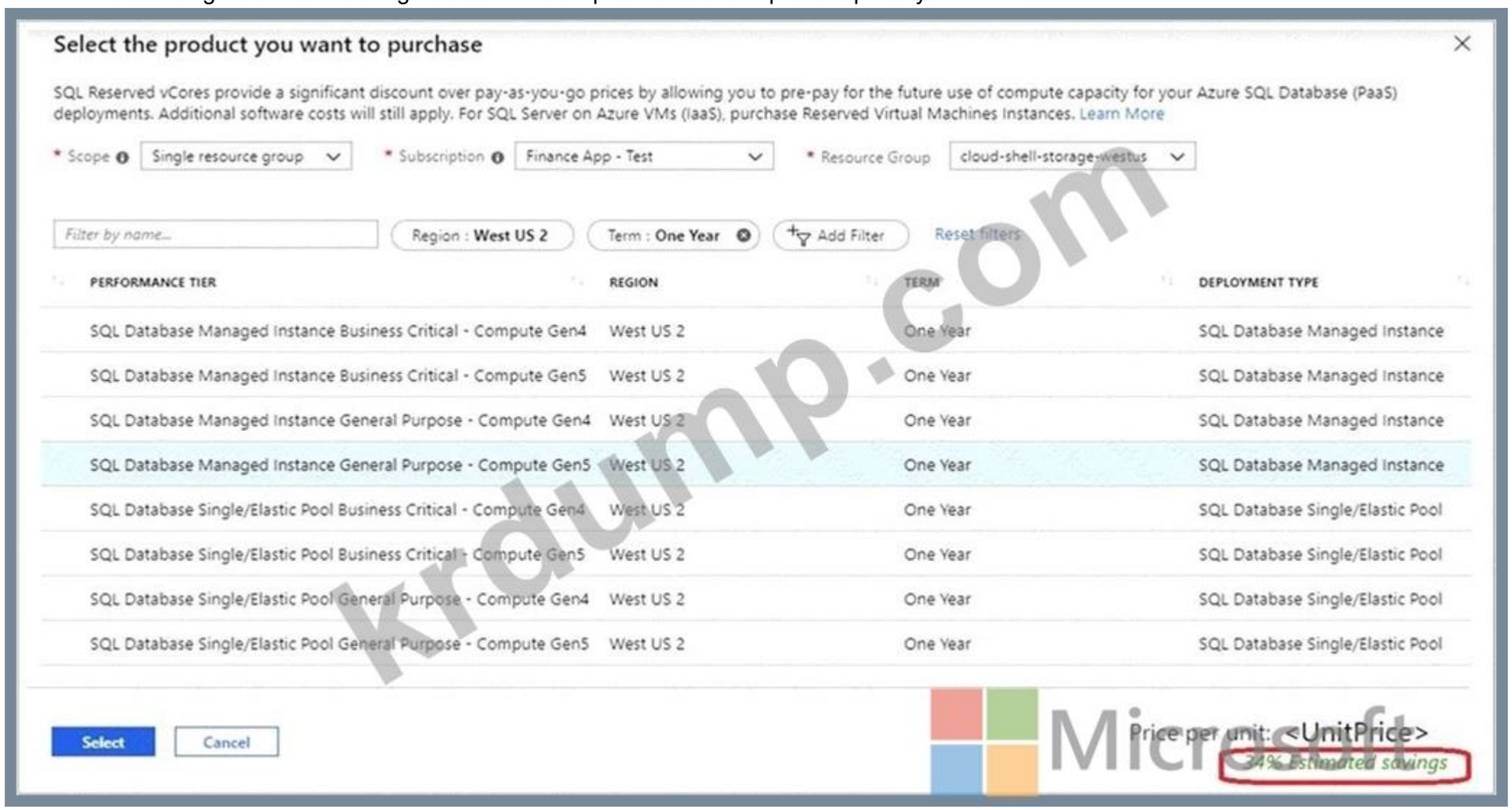


Explanation:



NEW QUESTION: 162
Azure SQL □□□□□□□ □□□ Azure □□□ □□□□.
Azure SQL □□□□□□□□ Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□.
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A. Azure Portal□ □□ □□ □□□□
B. Azure Portal□ Advisor □□□□
C. Azure Portal□ SQL □□□□□□ □□□□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)
Buy reserved capacity
Sign in to the Azure portal.
Select All services > Reservations.
Select Add and then in the Purchase Reservations pane, select SQL Database to purchase a new reservation for SQL Database.

Fill in the required fields. Existing databases in SQL Database and SQL Managed Instance that match the attributes you select qualify to get the reserved capacity discount. The actual number of databases or managed instances that get the discount depends on the scope and quantity selected.



Review the cost of the capacity reservation in the Costs section.
Select Purchase.
Select View this Reservation to see the status of your purchase.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/reserved-capacity-overview

NEW QUESTION: 163
□□ □□ □□ □□ Azure □□□□ □□□ □ □□□□.

Name	Type	Description
VNET1	Virtual network	Connected to an on-premises network by using ExpressRoute
VM1	Virtual machine	Configured as a DNS server
SQLDB1	Azure SQL Database	Single instance
PE1	Private endpoint	Provides connectivity to SQLDB1
contoso.com	Private DNS zone	Linked to VNET1 and contains an A record for PE1
contoso.com	Public DNS zone	Contains a CNAME record for SQLDB1

□□□□□ □□□□□□□ PE1□ □□ SQLDB1□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□? □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□.

Azure configuration:

- Configure VM1 to forward contoso.com to the public DNS zone.
- Configure VM1 to forward contoso.com to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.
- In VNet1, configure a custom DNS server set to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.

On-premises DNS configuration:

- Forward contoso.com to VM1.
- Forward contoso.com to the public DNS zone.
- Forward contoso.com to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.

Answer:

Azure configuration:

- Configure VM1 to forward contoso.com to the public DNS zone.
- Configure VM1 to forward contoso.com to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.
- In VNet1, configure a custom DNS server set to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.

On-premises DNS configuration:

- Forward contoso.com to VM1.
- Forward contoso.com to the public DNS zone.
- Forward contoso.com to the Azure-provided DNS at 168.63.129.16.

NEW QUESTION: 164

Azure Event Grid□ □□□□□ □□□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□ C# □□□ □□□ □□□□ □□□□ □□□. □□□□ □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□.
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A. Azure Logic Apps in the integrated service environment

B. Azure Functions in the Dedicated plan and the Basic Azure App Service plan

C. Azure Logic Apps in the Consumption plan
D. Azure Functions in the Consumption plan
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)
When you create a function app in Azure, you must choose a hosting plan for your app. There are three basic hosting plans available for Azure Functions: Consumption plan, Premium plan, and Dedicated (App Service) plan.
For the Consumption plan, you don ' t have to pay for idle VMs or reserve capacity in advance.
Connect to private endpoints with Azure Functions
As enterprises continue to adopt serverless (and Platform-as-a-Service, or PaaS) solutions, they often need a way to integrate with existing resources on a virtual network. These existing resources could be databases, file storage, message queues or event streams, or REST APIs.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale
https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-functions/connect-to-private-endpoints-with-azure-functions
/ba-p/1426615

NEW QUESTION: 165
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A. □
B. □□□
Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)
Azure Resource Policy Definitions can be used which can be applied to a specific Resource Group with the App Service instances.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview

NEW QUESTION: 166
Azure □□□ □ □□□□□ □□□□□. □ □□□□□ □□ □□ Azure □□□ □□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □□ Azure □□□ □□□□. □□□ Azure Blob Storage□ □□□□ □□ □□□□□ □□ □ □□□ □□□□□.
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A. □□ □□ □□□□(GRS)
B. □□ □□ □□□(DFS)
C. □□ □□□ □□ □□ □□□□(RA-GRS)

D. Azure □□ □□□

Answer: C (LEAVE A REPLY)

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NEW QUESTION: 167

Azure □□□ □□□□ □□□□.

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B. □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□□□

C. □□ □□□ □□ □□□ □□□□□□□

D. □□□ □□□ □□ □□□□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□□□

Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

Flexible orchestration can spread instances so that each VM is isolated across fault domains. Uniform orchestration does not meet the stated per-VM isolation requirement.

NEW QUESTION: 168

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Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Note: Wire Data looks at network data at the application level, not down at the TCP transport layer. The solution doesn't look at individual ACKs and SYNs.

Reference:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview

NEW QUESTION: 169

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Answer: A (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 170
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C. Workspace1□ □□□ □□□□ □□
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Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)

NEW QUESTION: 171
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Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)
Managed identities for Azure resources is a feature of Azure Active Directory.
User-assigned managed identity can be shared. The same user-assigned managed identity can be associated with more than one Azure resource.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview

NEW QUESTION: 172
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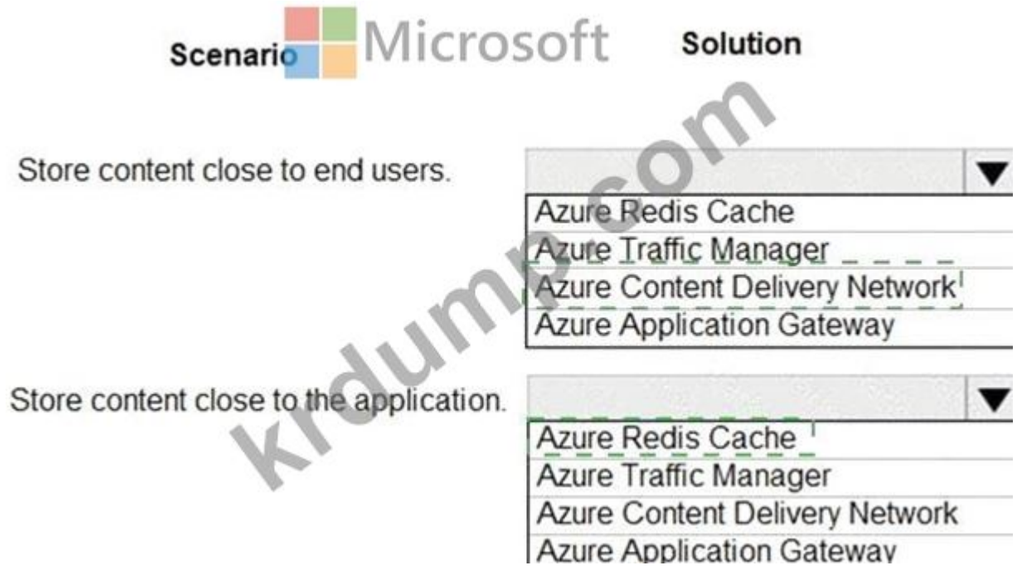
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Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)
Azure Traffic Manager performs the global load balancing of web traffic across Azure regions, which have a regional load balancer based on Azure Application Gateway. This combination gets you the benefits of Traffic Manager many routing rules and Application Gateway's capabilities such as WAF, TLS termination, path-based routing, cookie-based session affinity among others.
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/features

NEW QUESTION: 173
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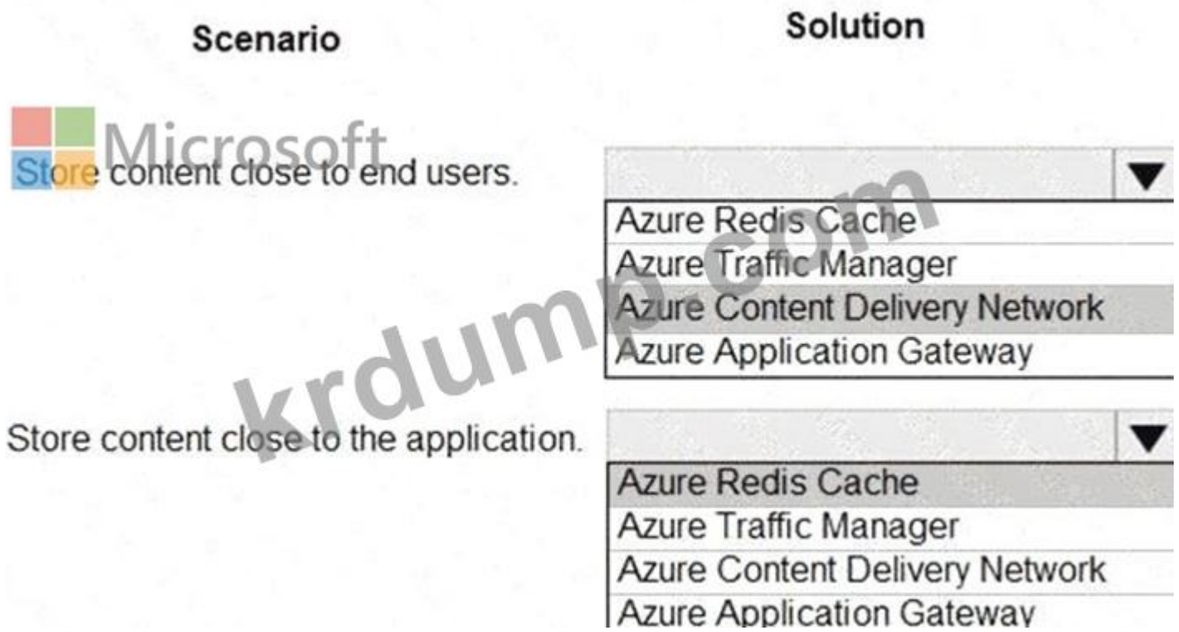
Scenario	Solution
Store content close to end users.	Azure Redis Cache Azure Traffic Manager Azure Content Delivery Network Azure Application Gateway
Store content close to the application.	Azure Redis Cache Azure Traffic Manager Azure Content Delivery Network Azure Application Gateway

krdumps.com Microsoft

Answer:



Explanation:



Box 1: Content Delivery Network

A content delivery network (CDN) is a distributed network of servers that can efficiently deliver web content to users. CDNs store cached content on edge servers in point-of-presence (POP) locations that are close to end users, to minimize latency.

Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) offers developers a global solution for rapidly delivering high- bandwidth content to users by caching their content at strategically placed physical nodes across the world.

Azure CDN can also accelerate dynamic content, which cannot be cached, by leveraging various network optimizations using CDN POPs. For example, route optimization to bypass Border Gateway Protocol (BGP).

Box 2: Azure Redis Cache

Azure Cache for Redis is based on the popular software Redis. It is typically used as a cache to improve the performance and scalability of systems that rely heavily on backend data-stores. Performance is improved by temporarily copying frequently accessed data to fast storage located close to the application. With Azure Cache for Redis, this fast storage is located in-memory with Azure Cache for Redis instead of being loaded from disk by a database.
References:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-cache-for-redis/cache-overview

NEW QUESTION: 174
Azure Functions□ □□□□ Azure Event Hubs □□□□ □□□□ □□ □□ □□□□. □□ □□□□ 5□□□ 20□ □□ □□□ □□□ □□□□□. □□ □□ □□□ □□□□ □□□ □□□□ □□ □ □□□ □□□.
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Answer: B (LEAVE A REPLY)

NEW QUESTION: 175
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D. Azure AD ID □□
Answer: (SHOW ANSWER)
Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview

NEW QUESTION: 176
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C. Azure Synapse Analytics□ □□□ □□
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Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)
ADLS Gen2 regional disaster recovery is provided by storage replication such as GRS/GZRS or object replication-not an Azure Synapse geo-backup.

NEW QUESTION: 177
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A. WANdisco Azure□ LiveData □□□
B. SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)
C. Azure □□□□□□
D. Azure Data Studio
Answer: D (LEAVE A REPLY)

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